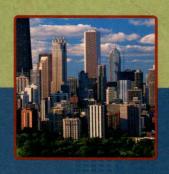
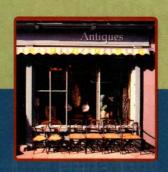
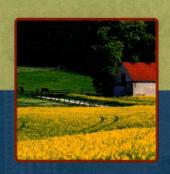
Concise Edition

ECONOMICS









Roger A. Arnold

Concise Edition

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California State University
San Marcos



Economics: Concise Edition Roger A. Arnold

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To Sheila, Daniel, and David

Note to Instructors

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hat do instructors want from an introductory economics textbook? Well, many of them say that they want a solid text that covers all the basics of economics, a text that applies economic thinking to the real world, and a text that gets their students to begin to understand how economists think.

To this list, I would add one more thing. I would say that a good introductory text should also make one's students smarter. What do I mean by this? To explain, let me go back to a time, long ago, when I first studied economics.

I entered my first economics class not knowing much about economics at all. In a matter of weeks, I was learning about opportunity cost, supply and demand, the role prices play in a market economy, and much more. I liked what I was learning, not only because I thought it was relevant to the world I lived in, but because it made me feel smarter.

It seemed (to me) that before I learned economics, I was a person with faulty vision, unable to make sense of much of the world I inhabited. But with economics, things that were once unclear became clear, things that I couldn't understand before I now could, and things that were invisible to me were now visible. Economics opened a new world to me and it gave me the tools to understand it.

If economics is presented the right way, I think it has the power to do for others what it did for me. But what is the right way?

First, I think a first course in economics should focus on the basics—the "meat and potatoes" of economics, the key principles and concepts.

Second, it has to—without a doubt—give students an understanding of what it means to think like an economist.

Third, it has to convince students that the tools they acquire in economics can be used outside the classroom—and for all the days of their lives.

I have organized and written this book with these three objectives in mind. It sticks to the basics, it stresses the key principles, it applies key economic concepts to enough material from the real world to convince students that economics is useful. And finally, it stresses the economic way of thinking.

In short, what I have attempted in *Economics*, *Concise Edition* is to give to students a good, hearty dose of economics—in its purest form—so that they can first understand what it is, and then learn to appreciate what it can do for them.

Preface

PREFACE PREFACE PREFACE

conomists look around at the world and see people buying and selling goods in markets in Tokyo, London, and New York. They notice ships filled with goods from Europe and Asia arriving in Los Angeles. They note that the stock market has just had its worst day in 20 years. They observe a young man graduating college, a couple trading wedding vows, and a small grocery store at the corner of 5th and Main just now being robbed.

Economists scratch their heads and wonder what explains the things they see in the world.

Observations and questions—this is how the science of economics begins. All the rest of economics is simply economists' best attempts at answering their questions.

If you were to ask the man on the street what economics is, he'd probably say it has something to do with money, interest rates, the stock market, and things like that. Many people define economics by listing three or four topics.

But defining economics in terms of the topics that economists study and discuss is a little unsatisfying. It doesn't consider whether or not economists use a common approach to studying and discussing all the topics.

The essence of what economics is and what economists do is really seen most clearly when you understand the *economic approach*. Economics is not so much a course of study or a list of topics, but more a way of looking at the world.

To give you a picture of the way the world looks to an economist, imagine the following cartoon: An economist is standing and looking at a globe. He's wearing an odd pair of glasses, unlike any eyeglasses you've seen. The caption reads: These economic eyeglasses sure let you see things in the world that you couldn't see without them.

What exactly does the economist see? Well, that's largely what this book is about. You're going to have an opportunity to look through those economic eyeglasses.

You'll need to keep in mind that learning a new subject sometimes requires unlearning some things that you previously thought were true. In this regard, physics students are often different than economics students. Few physics students enter a college physics class with an intimate knowledge of protons, electrons, quarks, or black holes. When the professor says that electrons do this or that, the student never thinks to himself that what the professor has just said doesn't correspond with his experience with electrons. He has no experience with electrons. He has no way to judge what the professor says. This situation is similar to an alien from some distant planet coming to Earth and telling you what his planet is like. Are you going to tell the alien that he's wrong because you've been to his planet and you know what it's like?

Students have never been to the planet Physics, and so they are ready and willing to accept what the physics professor tells them about that particular planet.

Not so with economics. Most people believe they are well acquainted with the planet Economics. The words economists use—price, costs, firms, competition, monopoly, interest rates, inflation, unemployment, and so on—are some of the same words non-economists use. People use the language of economics on a daily basis; they live and work in the economic world. So when an economics student hears an economics professor say something about firms, costs, or competition, she compares what the professor has said with her experiences and sometimes thinks to herself that what the professor said seems wrong. In fact, what the professor said may be wrong, but that's not really the point. The point is that no matter what the professor says—right or wrong—when you

have access to the world the professor is discussing, you will judge what the professor says based on what you know or think you know.

So, an economics professor is in a somewhat more difficult position than is a physics professor. Specifically, an economics professor sometimes not only has to teach what he or she thinks is right but also has to prove that many of the things that the student thinks are true are not. In a way, some of things that the student believes are true (but aren't) have to be unlearned.

To illustrate, many people believe that when the government places a tax on a company, the tax will matter very little to the company. It will simply pass along the tax to the consumer. In other words, if the tax is \$1 per unit, and the consumer is currently paying \$4 a unit, the price after the government imposes the tax will be \$5 a unit.

But things don't usually turn out this way. You will see why later in this book.

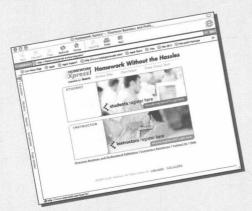
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Loaded with new content, data, and learning opportunities

The groundbreaking new Concise edition of *Economics* will change the way your students think about economics. In addition to completely current examples and exercises, the new edition retains the innovative features you've come to expect in the Arnold product family, while focusing on the basics or "bread and butter" of economics. Extremely student friendly, the book's lively presentation of real-world economic theory and applications doesn't just teach students the definition of economic topics. It equips them with the skills to think like an economist—which gives them a valuable new perspective of the world around them.

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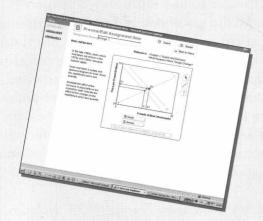
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Organization of the Concise Edition

Section I: An Introduction to Economics

Section I presents the "economic way of thinking." Specifically, it introduces key concepts in economics (opportunity cost, efficiency, costs and benefits, decisions at the margin, unintended effects, and more), explains the uses and abuses of theory and theorizing, focuses on two key economic activities—producing and trading—and develops one of the key economic frameworks of analysis in economics—supply and demand.

Section II: Macroeconomics

This section begins with macroeconomic measurements, then discusses various schools of macroeconomic thought (classical, Keynesian, new classical, monetarist, new Keynesian) within the context of key economic phenomena—business cycles, inflation, deflation, economic growth, and more. Both fiscal and monetary policy are extensively discussed, as well as expectations theory.

Section III: Microeconomics

The consistent theme of the microeconomics section of the book is that microeconomics is about objectives, constraints, and choices. What is the objective of the individual consumer? What constraints does she face? How does she make her choices? What is the objective of the firm? What constraints does it face? How does it make its choices?

Specifically, this section begins with marginal utility analysis and elasticity, proceeds to a discussion of the firm and various market structures, and then turns to a thorough discussion of resource markets and microeconomic policies.

Section IV: The World Economy

This section of the book presents international trade theory and international finance theory. It discusses why countries trade, how exchange rates are established, the effects of tariffs and quotas, and more.

The Structure of Each Chapter

Each chapter contains the following features and strategies to help you understand economics:

- > Setting the Scene
- > Margin Definitions
- > Thinking Like an Economist
- > Applications Features (Economics In Everyday Life, Economics In Popular Culture, Economics In The World, and Economics In Technology)
- > Analyzing the Scene
- > Self-Tests

- > A Reader Asks
- > Chapter Summary
- > Questions and Problems
- > Working With Numbers and Graphs
- > Key Terms and Concepts

Each of these features and learning strategies is described in words and visually in the *Student Learning Guide* that follows this preface.

Economics, Concise Edition offers a powerful collection of innovative instructor and student resources.

...................................

For Students: Learning Resources

Study Guide, by Roger A. Arnold: Helping students gain a solid understanding of chapter material, the Study Guide explains, reviews, and tests for the key facts, concepts, and diagrams in every chapter. Available in micro/macro splits. (0-324-31586-4) (Macroeconomics Study Guide, ISBN 0-324-31594-5), (Microeconomics Study Guide, ISBN 0-324-31590-2)

For Students and Instructors:

Arnold Support Web Site:

http://arnold.swlearning.com

Instructors can access Word files for the Instructor's Manual and Test Bank, as well as PowerPoint slides, from the Instructor's Resource area on the Arnold Support Web Site. Students can access Internet Activities by chapter to encourage interactive learning. Students can also access free quizzes for each chapter to test their understanding of basic concepts.

How to Think Like an Economist (0-324-01575-5)

Most economics instructors believe that a primary goal of this course is to teach you how economists think. There's more to thinking like an economist than knowing the concepts and technical tools of analysis. Pay attention to this feature—it will give you unique insight into the economist's mind, allowing you to see how interesting issues are approached from an economic perspective. This soft-cover guide can be bundled free with new copies of *Economics, Concise Edition*.

InfoTrac College Edition

An InfoTrac College Edition 4-month subscription card is automatically packaged free with new copies of this text. With InfoTrac College Edition, journals like *Business Week*, *Fortune*, and *Forbes* are just a click away! InfoTrac College Edition provides students with anytime, anywhere access to 20 years' worth of full-text articles (more than 10 million!) from nearly 4,000 scholarly and popular sources. Visit http://infotrac. thomsonlearning.com.

The Wall Street Journal Subscription:

Economics, Concise Edition makes it easy for students to apply economic concepts to this authoritative publication, and for you to bring the most up-to-date, real-world events into your classroom. For a nominal additional cost, Economics, Concise Edition can be packaged with a



card entitling students to a 15-week subscription to both the print and online versions of *The Wall Street Journal*.

For a detailed explanation of these supplements, please visit the product snapshot online by going to http://economics.swlearning.com clicking on the author's name, and selecting the Concise edition.

In Appreciation

Economics, Concise Edition could not have been written and published without the generous expert assistance of many people, particularly those who reviewed the first through seventh editions of my comprehensive text. A deep debt of gratitude is owed to these instructors.

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