

Democratic South Africa's Foreign Policy

Voting Behaviour in the United Nations



Suzanne Graham Department of Politics and International Relations University of Johannesburg South Africa

ISBN 978-1-137-59380-1 ISBN 978-1-137-59381-8 (eBook) DOI 10.1057/978-1-137-59381-8

Library of Congress Control Number: 2016940602

© The Editor(s) (if applicable) and The Author(s) 2016

The author(s) has/have asserted their right(s) to be identified as the author(s) of this work

in accordance with the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988.

This work is subject to copyright. All rights are solely and exclusively licensed by the Publisher, whether the whole or part of the material is concerned, specifically the rights of translation, reprinting, reuse of illustrations, recitation, broadcasting, reproduction on microfilms or in any other physical way, and transmission or information storage and retrieval, electronic adaptation, computer software, or by similar or dissimilar methodology now known or hereafter developed.

The use of general descriptive names, registered names, trademarks, service marks, etc. in this publication does not imply, even in the absence of a specific statement, that such names are exempt from the relevant protective laws and regulations and therefore free for general use. The publisher, the authors and the editors are safe to assume that the advice and information in this book are believed to be true and accurate at the date of publication. Neither the publisher nor the authors or the editors give a warranty, express or implied, with respect to the material contained herein or for any errors or omissions that may have been made.

Cover illustration: © World History Archive / Alamy Stock Photo

Printed on acid-free paper

This Palgrave Macmillan imprint is published by Springer Nature The registered company is Macmillan Publishers Ltd. London

Democratic South Africa's Foreign Policy

FOREWORD

The Republic of South Africa's international relations continue to intrigue scholars and foreign policy practitioners 20 years into the existence of the not so 'new' South Africa. This is entirely understandable considering that the country has since its democratic rebirth in 1994 aspired to international leadership. Whether this role is attributable to a self-assigned status of a good international citizen or to duties associated with a middle power or regional hegemon or emerging power, the fact is that South Africa's foreign relations matter to a host of other international actors and this has in turn spawned a steady stream of academic publications on the subject.

The United Nations is the principal multilateral forum in which South Africa pursues its grand international agenda. Yet, remarkably, South Africa's conduct in the various organs of the world body has not attracted the scholarly scrutiny it deserves. With her seminal study of South Africa's voting behaviour in the UN, Dr Suzanne Graham is plugging this gap. What she offers is far more than a ream of voting statistics à la Nations on Record.

The scope of Dr Graham's inquiry is singularly impressive. It covers a period of 20 years, from South Africa's return to the UN in 1994 to the end of 2014. No fewer than 1700 UN votes cast by South Africa in the Security Council, General Assembly, committees of the Assembly, and the Human Rights Commission/Council are analysed. In addition to hundreds of resolutions, she also consulted over 120 other UN documents and reports and nearly 130 speeches made by South African delegates to the UN. This wealth of material is grouped into four categories representing the main issue areas on which South Africa has voted in the UN over

the past two decades: human rights; disarmament and non-proliferation; the 'African agenda'; and reform of the UN. In providing a compendium of South Africa's position on these major global issues and its UN votes thereon, this book is already making a ground-breaking contribution to the study of South African foreign policy. Policymakers, diplomats, and academic researchers will find this an invaluable source book on contemporary South African foreign policy.

There is, however, even more to this work. Dr Graham has also developed an original 'three-step' model to analyse voting behaviour at the UN. First, South Africa's declared foreign policy on each of the four key issues is set out. The second step involves capturing each of the Republic's actual votes on these issues. Finally, the voting actions are measured against South Africa's publicly stated positions to determine whether the votes were consistent with its declaratory foreign policy. The model is strikingly simple, logical, and user-friendly. Having proven its utility in the South African case, the model may well be applied to other UN member states individually or comparatively.

The core finding of the study will surprise many observers of South Africa's foreign relations: the country's voting in UN organs on the four selected issues—including human rights—over a period of 20 years has been remarkably consistent with its stated foreign policy. This flies in the face of a widely held perception that the Republic's lofty foreign policy pronouncements are often contradicted by its voting in the UN, especially with regard to human rights issues. The author bases her conclusions on meticulous and empirically solid research.

This exemplary piece of qualitative research deserves a place of honour among the books on democratic South Africa's foreign policy.

Department of Politics and International Relations
University of Johannesburg

Deon C

Deon Geldenhuys

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank the following people for their support, encouragement, and friendship:

Chris Alden, Jim Chadwick, Claudia Forster-Towne, Pieter Fourie, Deon Geldenhuys, Zelda Geldenhuys, Rae Israel, Chris Landsberg, Ronel Johl, Craig Mackenzie, Auriel Niemack, Lionel Posthumus, Yolanda Spies, Justin van der Merwe, Jack Spence, the University of Johannesburg's Faculty of Humanities, Antony and Ilonka Graham, Richard and Robyn Graham, and Lucian, Miska, Isadora, Rachel, and Michael Graham. I would also like to thank the United Nations Bibliographic Information System and online library, and the dedicated and wonderful editorial team at Palgrave Macmillan, especially Sarah and Hannah.

A special thank you goes to Carole, my mom, and my twin sister, Victoria Graham, who keep me sane.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

ABM Treaty Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty

ACABQ Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary

Questions

ACHPR African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights

AEC Atomic Energy Corporation

AIDS Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

AMIS African Mission in Sudan ANC African National Congress

ANWFZ African Nuclear-Weapon-Free Zone APRM African Peer Review Mechanism

Armscor Armaments Corporation of South Africa

AU African Union

AUPSC AU Peace and Security Council
Awav Adopted without a vote
BAPA Buenos Aires Plan of Action

BASIC Brazil, South Africa, India, and China

BRIC Brazil, Russia, India, China

BTWC Biological and Toxin Weapons Convention (Full Title:

Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological)

and Toxin Weapons and on their Destruction)

BWI Bretton Woods Institution(s)
CAB Conventional Arms Branch
CBW Chemical and Biological Weapons

CCW Convention on Certain Conventional Weapons (Full Title:

Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects) CD Conference on Disarmament

CMP Capital Master Plan

COPUOS Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (UN)

CPA Comprehensive Peace Agreement

CPC Committee for Programme and Coordination (UN)

CSD Commission on Sustainable Development CTBT Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

CTBTO PrepCom Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-

Test-Ban Treaty Organization

CWC Chemical Weapons Convention (Full Title: Convention on

the Prohibition of the Development, Production,

Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on their

Destruction)

DFA Department of Foreign Affairs

DIRCO Department of International Relations and Cooperation

DPI Department of Public Information (UN)
DPKO Department of Peacekeeping Operations (UN)
DPRK Democratic People's Republic of Korea

DRC Democratic Republic of Congo
DTI Department of Trade and Industry

ECESA Executive Committee on Economic and Social Affairs

ECOSOC Economic and Social Council
EMG Environmental Monitoring Group

EPTA Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance

EU European Union FMT Fissile Material Treaty

G-4 Group of 4
G-5 Group of 5
G-7 Group of 7
G-8 Group of 8
G-20 Group of 20
G-77 Group of 77

HCOC Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile

Proliferation

HLPTCC High-Level Panel on Threats, Challenges and Change

HRC Human Rights Council

IAEA International Atomic Energy Agency

IBRD International Bank for Reconstruction and Development

IBSA India-Brazil-South Africa ICC International Criminal Court

ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
ICESCR International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural

Rights

ICJ International Court of Justice IGO Intergovernmental Organisation IMF International Monetary Fund

INPRO International Project on Innovative Nuclear Reactors and

Fuel Cycles

INVO Iraq Nuclear Verification Office
JIU Joint Inspection Unit (UN)
LDC Least Developed Country

MAP Millennium Africa Recovery Programme

MDGs Millennium Development Goals

MINURSO United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western

Sahara

MINUSTAH United Nations Stabilisation Mission in Haiti MONUC United Nations Organization Mission in the DRC

MTCR Missile Technology Control Regime

NAC New Agenda Coalition
NAI New African Initiative
NAM Non-Aligned Movement

NAP South Africa's National Action Plan for the Promotion and

Protection of Human Rights

NCACC National Conventional Arms Control Committee NECSA Nuclear Energy Corporation of South Africa NEPAD New Partnership for Africa's Development

NGO Non-Governmental Organisation NIEO New International Economic Order

NNWS Non-Nuclear Weapons States

NPC South African Council for the Non-Proliferation of

Weapons of Mass Destruction

NPT Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty

NSG Nuclear Suppliers Group

NV Non-Voting

NWS Nuclear Weapons States

O5 Outreach-5

OAU Organization of African Unity OEWG Open-Ended Working Group

OFF Oil-For-Food

OHCHR Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (UN)

OIC Organisation of Islamic Cooperation
OIOS Office of Internal Oversight Services (UN)
ONUB United Nations Operation in Burundi

OPCW Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons

OSAA Office of the Special Advisor on Africa

P5 Permanent Five

PAP Pan-African Parliament
PBC Peacebuilding Commission

POCDATARA Protection of Constitutional Democracy Against Terrorist

and Related Activities Act

POLISARIO Front Popular Front for the Liberation of Saguia el-Hamra and

Río de Oro

SACBL South African Campaign to Ban Landmines
SADC Southern African Development Community
SAIIA South African Institute of International Affairs
SANAE South African National Antarctic Expedition
SIPRI Stockholm International Peace Research Institute

SUNFED Special United Nations Fund for Economic Development

SU/SSC Special Unit for South-South Cooperation

TCDC Technical Cooperation among Developing Countries

UDHR Universal Declaration of Human Rights

UFC Uniting for Consensus
UK United Kingdom
UN United Nations

UNAMID AU/UN Hybrid Operation in Darfur UNAT United Nations Appeals Tribunal

UNBISnet United Nations Bibliographic Information System

UNCCD United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or

Desertification Particularly in Africa

UNCED United Nations Conference on Environment and

Development

UNCHR United Nations Commission on Human Rights

UNCTAD United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

UNDC United Nations Disarmament Commission
UNDP United Nations Development Programme

UNDT United Nations Dispute Tribunal

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate

Change

UNICEF United Nations General Assembly
UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

UNIDIR United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research
UNIDO United Nations Industrial Development Organization

UNIFIL United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon UNMIS United Nations Mission in the Sudan

UNMIT United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste
UNMOVIC UN Monitoring, Verification and Inspection Commission
UN-NADAF United Nations New Agenda for the Development of Africa

UNOCI United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire
UNODA United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs
UNPAAERD United Nations Programme of Action for African

Economic Recovery and Development

UNROCA United Nations Register of Conventional Arms

UNSC United Nations Security Council

UPR Universal Periodic Review

US United States

USSR Union of Soviet Socialist Republics

VDPA Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action

WB World Bank

WMD Weapons of Mass Destruction

WSOD World Summit Outcome Document

WSSD World Summit on Sustainable Development

WTO World Trade Organization ZC Zangger Committee

List of Figures

Fig. 7.1	South Africa's UN votes in summary (1994–2014)	290
Fig. 7.2	South Africa's votes on human rights issues	
	(in clustered sub-themes)	293
Fig. 7.3	South Africa's votes on disarmament issues	
	(in clustered sub-themes)	295
Fig. 7.4	South Africa's votes on promoting the interests	
	of Africa and the Global South (in clustered sub-themes)	296
Fig. 7.5	South Africa's votes on UN reform issues	
	(in clustered sub-themes)	297

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1	South African foreign policy areas of focus in multilateral	
	institutions	35
Table 3.1	UNGA Third Committee: country-specific resolutions	
	on human rights—South Africa's vote	67
Table 3.2	UNCHR/HRC: country-specific resolutions on human	
	rights—South Africa's vote	68
Table 7.1	South Africa's 'consistency' rating between 1994 and 2014	
	expressed as averages	299

Contents

L	Introduction	1
	Background	1
	The Purpose of This Book	3
	Analytical Framework	4
	Step 1: Declared Foreign Policy	6
	Step 2: Voting Action	7
	Step 3: Interpretations of Voting Action:	
	Government Views and Observers' Views	8
	The Organisation of This Book	9
	Conceptualisation for Contextual Relevance	10
	Acting in the UN	12
	State Roles at the UN	12
	Permanent Missions and Delegations	14
	UN Voting	16
	Conclusion	20
	Notes	20
2	Foreign Policy: Pinpointing Principles and Themes	27
	Shining a Light on Foreign Policy	28
	South Africa's Foreign Policy, 1994–2014	30
	Principles	32
	Themes	36

	The Promotion of Human Rights and Democracy	36
	Disarmament and Related Non-Proliferation Issues The Advancement of African Interests Within the	39
	Context of North-South Relations	43
	Reform of the UN and the Promotion of Equitable	
	Global Governance	45
	Conclusion	50
	Notes	50
3	Voting on Human Rights and Democracy Issues	59
	Introduction	59
	Human Rights at the UN: A Background Review	60
	South Africa and Human Rights at the UN	62
	South Africa's Voting Actions	65
	Votes on Country-Specific Situations	66
	Voting at the UNSC	71
	Votes on Thematic Issues in the UNGA and	
	UNCHR/HRC	73
	Resolutions Linked to Civil and Political Rights	73
	Resolutions Falling Under Economic, Social, and	, ,
	Cultural Rights	78
	Resolutions Pertaining to the Rights to Development, Self-	,
	Determination, Peace, and a Protected Environment	81
	Resolutions Related to the Promotion of Democracy and its	01
	Consolidation the World Over	84
	Interpretations of Voting Actions on Human Rights Issues	89
	Explanations of South Africa's Votes on	
	Country-Specific Situations	93
	Libya, Cuba, China, and Indonesia	94
	Belarus, Uzbekistan, and the Middle East	96
	Burma/Myanmar	98
	Nigeria, Sudan, and Zimbabwe	101
	Explanations of South Africa's Votes on	
	Thematic Issues	105
	Conclusion	108
	Note	110

1	Disarmament and Non-Proliferation Issues	121
	Introduction	121
	Disarmament and Non-Proliferation at the UN	123
	South Africa's Disarmament Policy and Voting on	
	Nuclear Controls at the UN	126
	Voting Actions at the UN	130
	Votes on Nuclear Disarmament and	
	Non-Proliferation Issues	131
	Biological and Chemical Weapons	139
	Conventional Weapons Issues	140
	Conventional Arms Transfers	142
	Regional Disarmament and Security	144
	Related Disarmament Measures and	
	International Security	146
	Outer Space	149
	Institutional Aspects of Disarmament	150
	Voting Action at the UNSC	154
	Interpretations of Voting Actions on	
	Disarmament and Non-Proliferation Issues	156
	Nuclear Non-Proliferation	156
	Anti-Personnel Landmines	159
	Arms Sales	161
	The UNSC	163
	Conclusion	168
-		
5	Advancing African Interests	183
	Introduction	183
	The Emergence of a Southern Bloc at the UN	184
	South Africa at the UN: Champion of	
	Africa and the South?	190
	Voting at the UNGA	196
	UNGA Second Committee Votes	196
	Development	197
	New International Economic Order	198
	Environmental Concerns in Africa and	
	the Developing World	199
	UNGA Fourth Committee Votes	201
	UNGA Plenary Votes	203