

英语

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Unit 1 Where did you go on vacation?

Section A(1)

一、单项选择。

(导学号:09454000)

- () 1. Is there _____ in the office?
A. someone B. some one C. anyone D. any one
- () 2. —Look! There is a soccer game on TV.
—Hmm... It _____ exciting.
A. seems B. looks C. sounds D. tastes
- () 3. The new work is _____. I'm really _____ with it.
A. boring, boring B. bored, bored
C. boring, bored D. bored, boring
- () 4. You read the newspaper just now. Did you find _____ in it?
A. interesting anything B. anything interesting
C. interesting something D. something interesting
- () 5. I went out to have a picnic _____ my friends last week.
A. for B. to C. with D. of

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

- We decided _____ (go) to the beach near our hotel.
- I really enjoy _____ (walk) around the town.
- Did you have a great time _____ (talk) in groups?
- Where did you _____ (study) last night?
—No, I _____ (help) my mother _____ (clean) the room.
- We _____ (not go) to the cinema last Sunday.
- It's very interesting _____ (feed) the pets.

三、根据汉语意思完成句子,每空一词。

- 汤姆去夏令营了。
Tom _____ to _____.
- 他昨天去看望了他叔叔。
He went to _____ yesterday.
- 你去了什么有趣的地方吗?
_____ you go _____?
- 我大部分时间都在读书。
I spent _____ books.
- 好久不见。
_____ no _____.



Section A(2)

一、单项选择。

(导学号:09454001)

- () 1. This question is a little difficult. Who wants to have a(an) _____?
A. answer B. try C. idea D. question
- () 2. She wondered _____ the children are doing.
A. that B. what C. where D. if
- () 3. —I didn't bring back anything from Malaysia.
—_____ at all.
A. Something B. Anything C. Nothing D. Everything
- () 4. He seemed _____ the bad news.
A. knowing B. know C. knows D. to know
- () 5. —Oh, dear, we have _____ food left.
—Don't worry. I'll go and buy some.
A. a few B. a little C. few D. little

二、从方框中选择合适的选项补全对话。

(导学号:09454002)

A: Hi, Vera. How was your vacation?

B: It was great!

A: Where did you go?

B: 1. _____

A: Really? Wow! What did you do there?

B: Well, we went to a lot of museums.

A: Oh, how were they?

B: They were really interesting. 2. _____

A: Did you go shopping?

B: Yeah, I did.

A: 3. _____

B: Oh, they were very expensive.

A: And how were the people? 4. _____

B: Yeah, the people were really friendly. My parents have some Japanese friends,
and we had dinner at their house.

A: 5. _____

B: It was great. I love Japanese food.

- A. Did you meet any Japanese people?
B. How were the clothes?
C. I went to Tokyo with my family.
D. How was the food?
E. But they were also very crowded.

Section B(1)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. The meat goes bad. It smells t_____.
2. I don't like the new movie. It is b_____.
3. The sweater is too e_____, so I can't buy it.
4. My mother is good at cooking. She often makes d_____ food for us.

5. Li Ming had an e_____ trip last week and he was happy.

二、根据汉语意思完成句子,每空一词。

1. 我们又走了两个小时。

We walked _____.

2. 上星期我们决定去公园。

We _____ last week.

3. 它是如此的美丽,以至于我们忘了过去的五个小时。

It was _____ we forgot about the last five hours.

4. 我们最终到达了山顶。

We got to _____ in the end.

5. 我经常参加各种课外活动。

I often _____ all kinds of after-class activities.

6. 你觉得什么活动让人愉快?

_____ do you find enjoyable?

三、阅读短文,判断句子的正(T)误(F)。

(导学号:09454003)

Last week, the teacher told us that there were many old things in the museum. So we decided to go and see them. Yesterday we went there on foot because the museum was not far from our school, and the weather was warm. The sun was shining. We walked down Zhongshan Road and turned left at the second crossing. We found it on the left. It was between a bookshop and a library.

Many people were there, but most of them were students. When the guide explained(讲解), we listened carefully. There we learned a lot.

() 1. The teacher told them about the museum yesterday.

() 2. It was a sunny day when they went to visit the museum.

() 3. They went to the museum on foot.

() 4. The museum was far from their school.

() 5. Most of the visitors were students.

Section B(2)

一、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. The food is terrible. No one _____ (want) to eat it.

2. We must try our best _____ (finish) the work.

3. Do you feel like _____ (drink) some orange?

4. Zhang Xueyou's concerts are really _____ (wonder).

5. They didn't buy _____ (something) because everything was very expensive.

二、根据汉语意思完成句子,每空一词。

1. 昨天你吃什么食物了?

_____ you _____ yesterday?

2. 我们参观了长城,玩得很开心。

We _____ visiting the Great Wall.

3. 似乎没有人感到无聊。

No one _____.

4. 我感觉我是一只鸟。

I _____ I was a bird.

5. 我和家人一起去了乡下一个朋友的农场。

I went to a friend's farm _____ with my family.

三、先阅读短文,掌握其大意,然后从方框内所给的七个选项中选择五个还原到文中,使短文意思通顺、结构完整。 (导学号:09454004)

Mark Twain, the famous American writer, liked to play jokes(戏弄) on others.

1. _____ One day Mark Twain was invited(被邀请) to give a talk in a small town. At lunch he met a young man, one of his friends. 2. _____ He told Mark Twain that his uncle never laughed or smiled, and that nobody and nothing was able to make his uncle smile or laugh.

“You bring your uncle to my talk tonight,” said Mark Twain. “3. _____” That evening the young man and his uncle sat in the front. Mark Twain began to speak. 4. _____ This made everyone in the room laugh. But the man never even smiled. Mark Twain told more funny stories, but the old man still kept quiet. Mark Twain told his funny stories. Finally he stopped. 5. _____

Some days later, Mark Twain told another friend of his about what had happened. “Oh,” said his friend. “I know that old man. He’s been deaf for years.”

- A. He told several funny stories.
B. I’m sure I can make him laugh.
C. I didn’t know why he kept silent.
D. The stories are really interesting.
E. But once a joke was played on him.
F. He was tired and quite disappointed.
G. The young man said that he had an uncle with him.

单元检测

一、单项选择。

(导学号:09454005)

() 1. —Who taught you to play the guitar?

—No one. I learned it by _____.

A. me B. my C. mine D. myself

() 2. The two books are not the same. There are many _____ between them.

A. lessons B. languages C. differences D. diaries

() 3. The fifth lesson has _____ new words, but it is very difficult for me.

A. few B. little C. much D. many

- () 4. The boy is _____, so he can go to school now.
 A. enough old B. too old
 C. old enough D. young enough
- () 5. The story is long and boring. I _____ it.
 A. start B. finish C. dislike D. like

二、完形填空。

(导学号:09454006)

Hi, Kevin. Long time no see.

Last Saturday, our class had a trip. We wanted to do 1 exciting. So we decided to go to the 2 near our city.

That day, the weather was great, 3 but not hot. We started at eight. On the way, we talked and sang. Soon we 4 . Wow! It was a really wonderful mountain. I couldn't wait to 5 to the top. I wondered what the top was like. About an hour later, I 6 to have a rest. I looked back. Oh, my friend Alice was about 100 meters 7 me. She seemed to be very tired. I waited for her and asked her to follow me. At about eleven, we got to the 8 . On it, we ate some food and drank some water. I felt the food was never 9 like that.

There I bought something for my sister but nothing for 10 in the gift shop. In the evening I wrote a diary about the trip.

Mike

- () 1. A. nothing B. anything C. something D. everything
 () 2. A. mountain B. museum C. park D. village
 () 3. A. windy B. sunny C. rainy D. cloudy
 () 4. A. left B. lost C. arrived D. followed
 () 5. A. drive B. jump C. ride D. climb
 () 6. A. stopped B. learned C. thought D. finished
 () 7. A. near B. before C. behind D. between
 () 8. A. tree B. building C. top D. shop
 () 9. A. delicious B. terrible C. cheap D. expensive
 () 10. A. herself B. myself C. himself D. ourselves

三、从方框中选择合适的单词,并用其适当形式填空。

help, happy, friend, know, water, leave, when, another, ask, need

A little bird lived in a beautiful fruit tree. He lived there for a long time. He and the tree were good 1. _____. One year, the rainy season did not bring enough water to the fruit tree. 2. _____ the dry season came, the fruit tree began to die(枯萎).

One day, an old bird came and sat on the tree. He saw the little bird was not 3. _____ and asked him why. After hearing the little bird's story, he 4. _____, "Why don't you find 5. _____ tree to live in?"

"I do not want to 6. _____ my friend," the little bird said. The old bird said, "Well then, are you just going to sit there and do nothing to 7. _____ your friend? What does your friend 8. _____?"

The little bird thought about the old bird's words. And he 9. _____ he could do something to help his friend. He flew to the river and brought 10. _____ to the fruit tree day after day. Soon the tree turned green again.

四、补全对话。

A: Hi, Sally. Long time no see. 1. _____

B: I went to Thailand on vacation.

A: 2. _____

B: It was great! And I went there with my family.

A: Did you do anything special there?

B: 3. _____ I went to see my uncle and visited many great places.

A: 4. _____

B: Yes, I did. I bought some interesting things for my best friend and myself.

A: Did you take any photos?

B: Yes. I took many photos there.

A: 5. _____

B: Sure. You can come to my house after school, and I'll show them to you.

A: OK.

五、书面表达。

你为了提高自己的英语写作水平,每天坚持用英语写日记。假如今天是星期天(9月10日),你们全班同学都去了公园。请根据下面表格中的提示,用英语写一则日记。80 个词左右。

天气	晴朗	
活动	上午	爬山,钓鱼,划船
	中午	吃自带食物
	下午	放风筝,打排球,做游戏
感受	虽然很累,但很开心	



Unit 2 How often do you exercise?

Section A(1)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. I can h_____ believe that. The news can't be true.
2. —Betty, what's your favorite TV p_____?
—It's *Happy Camp*.
3. My father likes surfing the I_____ to get some useful information.
4. Bill usually washes his face t_____ a day.
5. —Would you like some more meat?
—No, thanks. I'm f_____.

二、单项选择。

(导学号:09454007)

- () 1. —How _____ do you read English?
—Sometimes.
A. long B. often C. far D. much
- () 2. A lot of vegetables _____ you to keep in good health.
A. make B. want C. try D. help
- () 3. Peter is _____ because he hardly ever exercises.
A. tired B. happy C. healthy D. unhealthy
- () 4. He knows a lot _____ he is still a child.
A. so B. although C. but D. or
- () 5. —_____ do you do on the weekend?
—I do my homework or watch TV.
A. What B. When C. Where D. How

三、根据汉语意思完成句子,每空一词。

1. 张老师两年前教你英语吗?
_____ Mr. Zhang _____ you English two years ago?
2. 你多久去一次超市?
_____ do you go to the supermarket?
3. 我每周购物两次。
I shop _____.
4. 你想和我们一起去看电影吗?
Would you like to _____ with us?
5. 我几乎不玩电脑游戏。
I _____ play computer games.

Section A(2)

一、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Jack and Claire watch TV _____ (two) a week.
2. My mother always goes _____ (shop) on Sundays.
3. Sue usually eats a _____ (health) breakfast.
4. —How many _____ (time) do you visit your grandparents a week?
—Three times.



5. He didn't go to school. He could _____ (hard) read or write.

二、从方框中选择合适的单词,并用其适当形式填空。

well, all, child, also, tell, clever, it, then, head, need

There is an old English saying. It 1. _____ us that we must go to bed early and get up early in the morning. 2. _____ we shall be healthy. We shall also be rich and 3. _____. This is true. The body must have enough sleep to be healthy. 4. _____ of young age should have ten hours' sleep every night. Children who do not have enough sleep cannot do their work 5. _____ and they may not be healthy.

The body also 6. _____ exercise. Walking, running, jumping and playing games are 7. _____ exercise. Exercise keeps the body strong.

Exercise 8. _____ helps the blood to move around inside the body. 9. _____ is very important. Our blood moves to all parts of our body. The 10. _____ also needs blood. Exercise helps us to think better.

三、将下列句子翻译成英语。

1. ——你正在学哪种舞蹈?

——摇摆舞。

2. 我不能再吃了,我相当饱了。

3. 汤姆几乎从不看电视。

4. 他大概每月去看一次电影。

5. 我们学校至少有 1,500 名学生。

Section B(1)

一、单项选择。

(导学号:09454008)

() 1. We should eat a lot of _____ and _____, but little _____ every day.

A. fruit, vegetables, meat

B. fruits, vegetable, meat

C. fruit, vegetable, meat

D. fruit, vegetable, meats

() 2. — _____ does he do on the weekend?

—He often helps his mother with housework.

A. How

B. How often

C. What

D. How soon

() 3. —What _____ you usually _____ on the weekend?

—I usually _____ violin.

A. did, do, play the

B. do, do, play

C. do, did, play

D. do, do, play the

() 4. —Are you late for class?

—_____.

A. Yes, never

B. Yes, sometimes

C. No, ever

D. No, usually

() 5. Healthy habits are _____ your health.

A. good for

B. good with

C. good at

D. good to

二、从方框中选择合适的选项补全对话，其中有两项多余。

(导学号:09454009)

A: Do you have breakfast every day before you go to school?

B: 1. _____

A: Why?

B: 2. _____

A: How often do you usually have breakfast?

B: 3. _____ What about you?

A: I have breakfast every day. I hardly ever get up too late.

B: 4. _____

A: I usually get up at 6:30.

B: Wow, it's too early. 5. _____

A: Exercise.

A. What do you do first after getting up?

B. Every day.

C. Twice or three times a week.

D. Because I sometimes get up too late.

E. When do you usually get up?

F. Once a year.

G. No, sometimes I don't have enough time to do that.

三、阅读短文,判断句子的正(T)误(F)。

(导学号:09454010)

Tony wants to share his living habit with us.

Here is what Tony usually does on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. At 6:00 a. m. , he gets up and brushes his teeth. Then at 6:30, he goes running for half an hour. After that, he takes a shower and cleans up for work. He leaves home for work at 7:30. It takes him 20 minutes to drive to his office. He starts to work at 8:00. In the afternoon, he usually arrives home from work at 6:30.

On Tuesdays and Thursdays he gets up at 7:00 a. m. He does some housework and then goes to work. He only has to get up early to exercise 3 days a week.

Tony also has healthy eating habits. On the days he doesn't need to exercise, and he usually goes to the stores to buy food. He buys healthy food such as vegetables and fruit. Sometimes he buys some meat. He likes eating beef. He likes cooking dinner at home.

He likes to relax on the weekend. He often goes to the park with his friends. He also likes to watch movies.

() 1. Tony gets up at 6:00 a. m. every day.

() 2. Tony starts to work at 8:00 a. m.

() 3. Tony doesn't exercise on Tuesdays or Wednesdays.

() 4. Tony never eats meat.

() 5. Tony often goes to the park on the weekend.

Section B(2)

一、单项选择。

(导学号:09454011)

() 1. She always finishes her homework on time. She _____ leaves it for tomorrow.

A. always

B. never

C. usually

D. sometimes

() 2. Tony, pass my glasses to me, please. I can _____ read the words in

the newspapers.

A. clearly

B. rather

C. hardly

D. ever

() 3. We all don't know the answer _____ the question.

A. of

B. in

C. to

D. about

() 4. My father is very tired. _____, he is still working.

A. But

B. However

C. Whatever

D. Wherever

() 5. Eating a lot of vegetables _____ good for your health.

A. was

B. is

C. are

D. were

二、从方框中选择合适的单词,并用其适当形式填空。

habit, unhealthy, surf, never, keep

1. We should do some sports and _____ in good health.

2. Tom's mother is angry with him because he always _____ the Internet.

3. I have a healthy _____. I eat a lot of vegetables and drink milk every day.

4. He is kind of _____, because he often eats junk food.

5. He is an honest boy. He _____ cheats(欺骗) his parents.

三、完形填空。

(导学号:09454012)

Bob wants to get some money. He finds a job at a shop. Every day he 1 some work after school. But 2 Saturday he works 3 day. Every day after school, he takes a bus to the shop. He 4 there at 4:00. At the shop he cleans and washes vegetables, 5, then puts them in bags. 6 he sweeps the floor. Bob likes his work. He works 7 4 p. m. to 6 p. m. Then he goes home. He 8 dinner at half past six. After dinner, he studies. He is usually tired 9, 10 he goes to bed early.

() 1. A. finishes

B. does

C. gets

D. has

() 2. A. on

B. in

C. for

D. at

() 3. A. the

B. other

C. all

D. a

() 4. A. gets

B. gets to

C. comes

D. comes to

() 5. A. eats them

B. puts away them

C. waters them

D. puts them away

() 6. A. Some time

B. Sometime

C. Sometimes

D. /

() 7. A. at

B. on

C. from

D. between

() 8. A. eat

B. has

C. does

D. have

() 9. A. before the night

B. after school

C. before supper

D. at night

() 10. A. so

B. but

C. for

D. and

单元检测

一、单项选择。

(导学号:09454013)

() 1. The old man is well because he often _____.

A. exercises

B. drinks

C. sleeps

D. plays

() 2. Mark is _____ boy.

A. a 8 year old

B. an 8-year-old

C. an 8-years-old

D. a 8 years old

() 3. —Let's go shopping at the new mall.

—Why not go shopping online? It's _____.

A. expensive

B. bad

C. not expensive

D. not good

() 4. —What about going fishing?

—_____.

A. Thank you

B. You are right

C. Not at all

D. That sounds good

() 5. The foreigner spoke so fast that I could _____ follow him.

A. nearly

B. almost

C. hardly

D. easily

二、完形填空。

(导学号:09454014)

Gary is a 17-year-old high school student. He has lots of 1 habits. He likes to use the Internet for fun at night, and he usually 2 late. When he feels sleepy (瞌睡的), he drinks some coffee. 3 he goes to bed late, he usually gets up late the next morning and arrives at school late. For breakfast, he always eats junk food 4 hamburgers. And he 5 exercises. He doesn't like to exercise at all. These of his habits are not good for his body or his mind. He often feels 6 and sometimes he can't think quickly. He is worried about his health and decides to do 7. "I'll try not to spend too much time on the 8," he says. "I'll get up early and 9 in the park at least three times a week. And I'll 10 to eat healthy food. People say 'old habits die hard', but I must make my old habits die."

- () 1. A. big B. small C. good D. bad
 () 2. A. stays up B. goes out C. puts up D. eats out
 () 3. A. Although B. Because C. When D. After
 () 4. A. with B. about C. for D. like
 () 5. A. always B. often C. never D. usually
 () 6. A. tired B. healthy C. lucky D. full
 () 7. A. something B. nothing C. them D. it
 () 8. A. homework B. television C. computer D. housework
 () 9. A. sit B. exercise C. read D. talk
 () 10. A. leave B. seem C. forget D. try

三、阅读理解。

(导学号:09454015)

Betty: Hi, Eric. What do you do in your free time? What's your hobby?

Eric: Well, I have a lot of hobbies. I like to play the piano, I like to listen to music, and I like to go to the movies. But my two favorite hobbies are going to the gym and reading books.

Betty: And what do you enjoy about each activity?

Eric: Well, I usually go to the gym in the morning. When I exercise there, I feel relaxed. And I also have a lot of friends at the gym. I enjoy being with them. Reading books is relaxing, too. It makes me feel good. I usually do it in the evening.

Betty: How long do you spend on each activity?

Eric: I usually exercise for an hour and a half or two hours at the gym. I try to go four times a week. And I try to read books every day. I usually spend half an hour reading.

- () 1. One of Eric's favorite hobbies is _____.
 A. playing the piano B. going to the gym
 C. listening to music D. going to the movies
 () 2. Eric likes to be with his _____ at the gym.
 A. teachers B. classmates C. parents D. friends
 () 3. When does Eric usually read books?
 A. In the morning. B. On rainy days.
 C. In the evening. D. On the weekend.
 () 4. How often does Eric go to the gym?
 A. Every day. B. Twice a week.
 C. Four times a week. D. Five times a month.
 () 5. Eric usually spends _____ reading books.
 A. half an hour B. an hour C. an hour and a half D. two hours

四、先阅读短文,掌握其大意,然后从方框内所给的七个选项中选择五个还原到文中,使短文意思通顺、结构完整。

(导学号:09454016)

Everyone knows that exercise is important. We all need to exercise. Doctors say it is good for us. 1. _____. Children who often exercise are more alert (灵活的).

There are many ways to exercise. 2. _____. Make sure you exercise in the following ways; you have to like what you're doing. Exercise enough but not too much. It's best to exercise twice each week. 3. _____. Try all kinds of things until you find one, two or even three sports that feel right for you.

You can exercise at fitness centers. They have a lot of equipment(器材) there. 4. _____. Some people buy equipment for their homes. But it is very expensive.

Exercising can be fun. 5. _____ or they can play sports together.

- A. Everybody needs exercise
- B. You can walk, run, swim, skate, or play ball games
- C. Thirty minutes each time is enough
- D. The equipment will help exercise your arms, legs and other parts of your body to make you fit
- E. We can exercise three times a week
- F. It makes your heart and body strong
- G. Friends can exercise together at a fitness center

五、补全对话。

A: 1. _____ in your free time?

B: I usually play basketball.

A: 2. _____

B: Three times a week.

A: 3. _____

B: With my classmates.

A: 4. _____

B: Yes. I often do some reading in the library.

A: What about surfing the Internet?

B: I don't like it.

A: 5. _____

B: Because I think it's a waste of time. I just like doing sports and reading.

A: Nice talking to you. Thank you.

六、书面表达。

玛丽给琳达写了一封信,向她咨询如何保持身体健康。假如你是琳达,请给玛丽回一封信。80 个词左右。



Unit 3 I'm more outgoing than my sister.

Section A(1)

一、单项选择。

(导学号:09454017)

- () 1. —What do you think of math?
—I think it's _____ than English.
A. much difficult B. more difficult
C. most difficult D. the most difficult
- () 2. That boy is very _____. He is a great basketball _____.
A. tall, play B. taller, player C. tall, player D. taller, play
- () 3. Which season do you like _____, winter _____ summer?
A. better, and B. best, or C. better, or D. best, and
- () 4. She is _____ than any other girl in her class. So she is _____.
A. outgoing, more outgoing B. more outgoing, most outgoing
C. more outgoing, the most outgoing D. most outgoing, more outgoing
- () 5. This T-shirt is not large enough. Please show me a _____ one.
A. large B. small C. larger D. largest

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. My brother is two years _____ (old) than me.
2. —Whose pencil box is _____ (big), yours or hers?
—Hers is.
3. Jim runs _____ (slow). But Ben runs _____ (slow).
4. Fangfang is not as _____ (tall) as the other girls.
5. —_____ the boys study _____ (hard) than the girls?
—No, they don't.
6. Sue is _____ (quiet) than Ann.
7. Smith is clever, to be sure, but not very _____ (hard-working).
8. I have _____ (many) books than you.
9. The story is _____ (interesting) than that one.
10. Do you know any famous Chinese _____ (say)?

三、根据汉语意思完成句子,每空一词。

1. 他的头发比我的长。
His hair is _____.
2. 他比他的哥哥更强壮吗?
_____ he _____ than his brother?
3. 那个男孩比他班上任何一个学生都高。
That boy is _____ in his class.
4. 她比我聪明。
She is _____ me.
5. 他的房间比她的大。
His room is _____.

Section A(2)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. Tina and Gina look the same, but Tina talks more l _____.
2. —Do you know w _____ skirt is cheaper?
—The green one.
3. Jane likes singing and dancing. She is more o _____ than his brother.
4. It's too dark. I can't see who he is c _____.

二、句型转换,每空一词。

1. I am as tall as my teacher. (改为否定句)
I am _____ tall as my teacher.
2. Li Lei is 60 kilograms. Li Hua is 65 kilograms. (合为一句,句意不变)
Li Hua is _____ Li Lei.
3. He likes mutton and she likes mutton, too. (改为同义句)
_____ he _____ she like mutton.
4. Mike is taller than any other boy in his class. (改为同义句)
Mike is _____ boy in his class.
5. She runs fast. He runs fast, too. (改为同义句)
She runs _____ he.

三、根据汉语意思完成句子,每空一词。

1. 我不只有一个弟弟。
I have _____ one brother.
2. 彼得比杰克更幽默。
Peter is _____ Jack.
3. 我妹妹比我外向一点。
My sister is _____ than me.
4. 托尼不像他哥哥一样擅长体育。
Tony is _____ his brother.
5. 他比他的妈妈起得要早。
He _____ his mother.

Section B(1)

一、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. She is _____ (talent) in language. She can speak three kinds of foreign languages.
2. That boss made the workers _____ (work) twelve hours a day.
3. My friend David is a good _____ (listen).
4. Mary _____ (true) loves music. She wants to be a singer.
5. I am good at _____ (play) the piano.

二、根据汉语的提示完成句子。

1. Good study habit makes me get good _____ (成绩).
2. There is some _____ (信息) about our school in today's newspaper.
3. My _____ (心) is always beating fast when I stand in front of the classmates.

4. It's _____ (必要的) to exercise every day.
 5. My father is very kind, but very _____ (严肃的).

三、完形填空。

(导学号:09454018)

It's nice to have friends. Well, how can we have friends?

First, spend 1 time with people. If you want to make friends, you need to meet people. You can go to places 2 coffee shops or clubs to meet people.

Then, 3 your friend. Once(一旦) you 4 to make friends with someone, you must care about him or her. A true friend reaches for your hand and touches your heart. 5 it's not necessary for you and your friend to be the same, you need to know him or her. You should help him or her when he or she has 6 problems.

Next, be a good listener. It's important to show that you're interested in others. Listen 7 to what people say and take time to learn more about 8.

At last, encourage(鼓励) your friends. Good friends will 9 both good and bad times. Never laugh at(嘲笑) your 10 in front of others. If someone is laughing at your friend, you should stop him or her.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| () 1. A. less | B. more | C. good | D. bad |
| () 2. A. to | B. with | C. like | D. between |
| () 3. A. care about | B. look at | C. worry about | D. ask for |
| () 4. A. stop | B. forget | C. ask | D. decide |
| () 5. A. Or | B. Because | C. Although | D. If |
| () 6. A. no | B. some | C. few | D. other |
| () 7. A. clearly | B. quickly | C. truly | D. carefully |
| () 8. A. you | B. him | C. her | D. them |
| () 9. A. have | B. try | C. share | D. break |
| () 10. A. friend | B. classmate | C. parent | D. teacher |

Section B(2)

一、根据汉语意思完成句子,每空一词。

1. 虽然他比我高,但是我比他健康。
 Though he is _____ than me, I'm _____ than him.
2. 玛丽在课堂上总是表现最好。
 Mary always _____ best in class.
3. 健康的生活方式会使她更加幸福。
 The _____ lifestyle can make her _____.
4. 我的确在意这个班上的学生。
 I really _____ the students in the class.
5. 我们村跟从前不太一样了。
 Our village is very _____ what it was before.

二、从方框中选择合适的单词,并用其适当形式填空。

happy, tired, few, ask, because, angry, child, coffee, read, usual

Mr. Green is quiet and does not like talking with people. He likes
 1. _____ newspapers and using the Internet. He hardly ever exercises.
 Sometimes he watches soccer or basketball games on TV. He likes 2. _____
 very much and drinks it three times a day.

Mr. Green is a bank clerk(职员). It's a busy but boring job. He works with
 people and money every day. So he always feels 3. _____ after work. He likes
 to get enough rest and goes to bed early after dinner. 4. _____ he goes to bed

at 8:30 in the evening and gets up at 6:30 in the morning. Mr. Green is very 5. _____ with that. But Mrs. Green isn't, 6. _____ Mr. Green always talks in his sleep.

One morning, Mr. Green sat at table and had breakfast. Mrs. Green 7. _____ him, "Why do you always talk in your sleep?" Mr. Green said, "Because I have 8. _____ chances to talk in the day time."

The next morning after their 9. _____ all went to school, Mrs. Green asked Mr. Green 10. _____, "Why did you scold(责备) me in your sleep last night?" "Because I don't have the courage to do it when I'm awake(醒着的)."

三、阅读理解。

(导学号:09454019)

If you go to Beijing and Shanghai, you can see the same and the different points between them. In some ways they look the same, in some ways they look different. Both of them have tall buildings and wide streets, although some buildings in Shanghai are taller than those in Beijing. They are both important in China. Beijing is the capital of China, there are more places of interest there, but Shanghai is the biggest city in China. Now they are becoming more and more important in China.

- () 1. Some buildings in _____ are taller than those in Beijing.
A. Shanghai B. Xi'an C. Tianjin D. Chongqing
- () 2. Shanghai is the _____ city in China.
A. cleanest B. biggest C. smallest D. busiest
- () 3. The underlined word "points" means "_____" in Chinese.
A. 想法 B. 点 C. 内容 D. 主意
- () 4. Beijing has more _____ than Shanghai.
A. places of interest B. buildings
C. wide streets D. people
- () 5. Which of the following statements is right according to the passage?
A. Shanghai is the capital of China.
B. The buildings in Beijing are taller than those in Shanghai.
C. Shanghai is the largest city in China.
D. Shanghai has more places of interest.

单元检测

一、单项选择。

(导学号:09454020)

- () 1. Lily isn't so _____ as Peter. She often makes mistakes in her composition.
A. careless B. careful C. carelessly D. carefully
- () 2. —Time is money.
—But I think it is _____ money.
A. the same as B. as important as
C. more important than D. so important
- () 3. He always _____ me at chess.
A. wins B. beats C. won D. win
- () 4. Don't believe the advertisement(广告). That medicine is _____ it says.
A. as good as B. not as good as C. as well as D. not as well as
- () 5. —Bill, will you get me the book on the shelf, please?
—I'm afraid I can't _____ it. It's too high.
A. find B. reach C. sell D. read