2019

上海中考试题

分类汇编

・英语

专项突破必刷

研习模拟题,掌握中考命题规律 分类汇编,吃透题目变换类型

主编◎刘燕燕

权威



精准



2019 上海中考试题分类汇编

英语

主编: 刘燕燕



图书在版编目(CIP)数据

2019 上海中考试题分类汇编. 英语 / 刘燕燕主编. — 上海: 同济大学出版社,2018.9 ISBN 978-7-5608-8173-7

I. ①2... Ⅱ. ①刘... Ⅲ. ①英语课-初中-习题集 -升学参考资料 Ⅳ. ①G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2018)第 223470 号

2019 上海中考试题分类汇编・英语

主编 刘燕燕

出 品 人 华春荣 策 划 赵俊丽 责任编辑 赵俊丽 特约编辑 穆莉萍 责任校对 徐春莲 封面设计 渲彩轩

出版发行 同济大学出版社 www. tongjipress. com. cn

(地址:上海市四平路 1239 号 邮编: 200092 电话:021-65985622)

经 销 全国各地新华书店

排版制作 南京展望文化发展有限公司

印 刷 浙江广育爱多印务有限公司

开 本 787mm×1092mm 1/16

印 张 17.75

字 数 443 000

版 次 2018年9月第1版 2018年9月第1次印刷

书 号 ISBN 978-7-5608-8173-7

定 价 48.00元

致 2019 年中考考生

"'一模'是金,'二模'是银,'三模'不如铁。"关于上海中考模拟考试,在坊间流传着这样一句名言。上海市所有的区教育局都会在中考前进行"一模""二模"这样的模拟考试,其目的是考查本区的真实教学水平和各学校的教学差异。学生、家长和老师对这两次考试的重视程度非同一般。

首先,"一模""二模"是中考方向的"风向标"。"一模""二模"均为各区教研员独立命题, 而参与中考命题的一部分人员就是这些区教研员。其命题形式和特点很大程度反映了中考 趋势,对于即将到来的中考有很大的指导意义。简言之,模拟考卷既包含了往年中考的热点, 又反映了当年中考的方向。学生可以通过这两次模拟考试查漏补缺,也可提前熟悉中考考试 风格,在考前做好充分准备。

其次,"一模""二模"是考生水平的"试金石"。"一模"考查初三年级所学的内容,也是初三年级的期末考试,在所有模拟考试中难度最大。而"二模"考的是整个初中所学的知识,难度次之。通过这两次模拟考试,能够较为真实地反映学生在中考前掌握的知识水平,一定程度上预测了学生的中考成绩。因此,模拟考试的区排名成为了考生在填报志愿中最具参考价值的定位标准之一。

再次,"一模""二模"是复习备考的"晴雨表"。模拟考试的作用主要有两个:一是诊断与发现,二是模拟与适应。由于模拟考题与中考真题的高度相似性,通过模拟考试可以发现知识漏洞,有针对性地查漏补缺,梳理重难点和易错点,加强解题方法与技巧的训练。学生和家长也可以根据排名做一个合理的定位,科学地调整复习内容与进度。同时,学生可以通过模拟考试,及时调整备考心态,适应考试节奏。

最后,"一模""二模"是迈进重点高中的"敲门砖"。重点高中会根据"一模"成绩排名向在校初中学生发出"校园开放日"(或其他名称)的邀请,对学生进行一些能力测试。如果学生在测试中表现优秀,可以提前签约。此外,提前批录取的另一途径是推优和自荐,学生要想取得推优和自荐的资格,"一模"和"二模"的考试成绩至关重要。这便是坊间那句名言的根源。

有人会问,做历年的中考真题不是比做模拟考卷更高效吗?答案是否定的。毕竟历年真题不会在中考中再次出现。在中考时,考生很容易遇到考风变化的题目,一旦紧张,实力就难以正常发挥。只有平时训练的题目难度稍高于中考难度,才能轻松应对中考。上海中考考题中的易、中、难比例约为8:1:1,所以也不用钻研太多难题、偏题、怪题,模拟考题就是最好的

2019 上海中考试题分类汇编·英语

材料。

市面上的模拟考试材料大多是各区考试原卷,不利于学生进行专项复习。为了更好地发挥模拟考卷对中考的指导性作用,配合学生的复习需求与学校的复习进度,特推出《2019上海中考试题分类汇编》丛书。本册图书与教材内容相对应,学生可以结合自身学习情况,有针对性地选择不同的模块加强训练,并及时反思、总结,以达到事半功倍的学习效果。

注:本书中加"*"的题目表示在"一模""二模"中重复出现。

编 者 2018年8月

↓目 录

第一部分 听力

第二部分 拼读、词汇和语法

- 2.1 语法
 - 2.1.1 语音
 - 2.1.2 冠词
 - 2.1.3 名词
 - 2.1.4 数词
 - 2.1.5 介词
 - 2.1.6 情态动词
 - 2.1.7 形容词和副词
 - 2.1.8 比较级
 - 2.1.9 词组搭配
 - 2.1.10 代词
 - 2.1.11 连词(从句)
 - 2.1.12 特殊疑问词
 - 2.1.13 非谓语动词
 - 2.1.14 谓语动词(时态)
 - 2.1.15 被动语态
 - 2.1.16 感叹句
 - 2.1.17 宾语从句
 - 2.1.18 反义疑问句
 - 2.1.19 情景交际
- 2.2 五选四
- 2.3 转换单词的形式
 - 2.3.1 改为名词复数或改为名词
 - 2.3.2 改为形容词

2019 上海中考试题分类汇编・英语

- 2.3.3 改为副词
- 2.3.4 数词形式转换
- 2.3.5 代词形式转换
- 2.3.6 改为动词

2.4 改写句子

- 2.4.1 改为否定句
- 2.4.2 改为一般疑问句
- 2.4.3 对划线部分提问
- 2.4.4 保持句意基本不变
- 2.4.5 改为被动语态
- 2.4.6 改为反义疑问句
- 2.4.7 改为感叹句
- 2.4.8 改为宾语从句
- 2.4.9 改为简单句
- 2.4.10 合并为一句
- 2.4.11 连词成句

第三部分 阅读理解

- 3.1 阅读四选一
- 3.2 完形填空
- 3.3 首字母填空
- 3.4 回答问题型阅读

第四部分 写作

附录 考点雷同的题目汇总

参考答案

◆第一部分 听力

略

第二部分 拼读、词汇和语法

2.1 语 法

【题型介绍】Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案)

2.1.1 语音

【应试要点】

1. 掌握一般单词的发音。

2. 掌握单词形式变化后的发音规则。

【试题汇编】

-		· ·			
() 1.	(2018・虹口・二模)	My dream is to be a	a host in the future. W	hich of the following
		is correct for the under	rlined part?		
		A. /host/	B. /hoist/	C. /həust/	D. /haust/
() 2.	(2018・崇明・二	模) Which of the	following underlined	parts is different in
		pronunciation?			
		A. wisdom	B. blind	C. trip	D. simple
() 3.	(2018・杨浦・二模)	Which of the follow	ring words is pronounce	ed as /fens/?
		A. fans	B. fence	C. face	D. fax
() 4.	(2018・杨浦・二	模) Which of the	following underlined	parts is different in
		pronunciation?			
		A. horrible	B. lose	C. fond	D. lock
() 5.	(2018・徐汇・二	模) Which of the	following underlined	parts is different in
		pronunciation?			
		A. abroad	B. coat	C. goal	D. road
() 6	. (2018・奉贤・二	- 模) Which of the	following underlined	parts is different in
		pronunciation from the	ne others?		
		A. Have you read the	e headline of China	Daily today?	
		B. Robert was really	eager to talk about	his life in the army.	
		C. His friendship me	eant a great deal for	her, especially when s	she was in trouble.
		D. Susan had a plea	sant night on her bir	thday with her friends.	
(7.	(2018・长宁・二模)	Which of the follow	ving words is pronounce	ed as /praiz/?

		A. praise	B. prize	C. price	D. prison	
() 8.	(2018・长宁	・二模) Which of the	he following underline	ed parts is different in	
		pronunciation fro	om the others?			
		A. I felt my hea	ert beating fast.			
		B. For breakfast	I had a slice of bread	ſ.		
		C. Health means	s wealth.			
		D. Go ahead! B	Believe in yourself.			
() 9.	(2018·松江	·二模) Which of t	he following underline	ed parts is different in	
	pronunciation from the others?					
		A. Sorry to take	up too much time of	yours.		
		B. I left my poo	eket money on my scho	ool desk.		
		C. My father is	also interested in footh	oall.		
		D. Green tea is	very common in China	a.		
() 10.	(2018・青浦・	二模) When it rains,	it pours. Which is co	rrect for the underlined	
		part?				
		A. /e/	B. /iː/	C. /aɪ/	D. /ei/	
()11.	(2018・普陀・	二模) Which of th	ne following underline	d parts is different in	
pronunciation from the others?						
		A. This tea table	is for sale.			
		B. Mark will pla	n for a trip to Hong K	ong.		
		C. Where's my s	chool bag?			
		D. We usually ha	ave some noodles for l	unch.		
()12.	(2018・闵行・	二模) Which of th	ne following underline	d parts is different in	
		pronunciation from	m the others?			
		A. I need double	milk for my coffee.			
		B. We are proud	to be Chinese.			
		C. The women sl	nouted loudly for help.			
			g to buy a new house.			
() 13.	(2018・静安・ニ	上模) Which of the foll	owing words is pronou	nced as /'bɔɪrɪŋ/?	
		A. bring	B. boring	C. brown	D. borrow	
() 14.	(2018・静安・	二模) Which of th	ne following underline	d parts is different in	
		pronunciation from	n the others?			
		A. How do you j	oronounce this word?			
		B. This fountain	welcomes all visitors.			
		C. Which country	y would you most like	to visit?		
			o climb the mountain.			
() 15.			ne following underline	d parts is different in	
		pronunciation from	n the others?			
		A. cotton	B. wonder	C. stomach	D. onion	

() 16.	(2018·宝山、嘉定·二模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation?
		A. How will you deal with the problem?
		B. We reached Sydney very late last night.
		C. Could I have fish instead of chicken?
		D. What's the meaning of this phrase?
() 17.	(2018·宝山、嘉定·二模) New York is famous for its skyscrapers. Which of the
	,	following is correct for the underlined part?
		A. /ˈfeməs/ B. /ˈfeɪməs/ C. /ˈfæməs/ D. /ˈfeɪmes/
() 18.	(2018・黄浦・二模) Which of the following underlined parts matches the sound /1/?
Χ.	,	A. wine B. fight C. high D. habit
() 19.	(2018·黄浦·一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
~		pronunciation?
		A. meat B. cheap C. reach D. steak
() 20.	- (2018・静安・一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
~		pronunciation from the others?
		A. We have a training program.
		B. The way you speak is very common.
		C. The doctor operated on him immediately.
		D. I have been in contact with him.
()21.	- (2018・静安・一模) Which of the following words is pronounced as /ga:d/?
		A. garden B. gold C. guide D. guard
()22.	(2018・青浦・一模) Which of the following words matches the sound /ful/?
		A. fill B. fool C. full D. fall
() 23.	(2018·青浦·一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation from the others?
		A. What kind of food would you like?
		B. Please tell me the whole story.
		C. The flower is small and white.
		D. Where there is a will, there is a way.
()24.	(2018・闵行・一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation from the others?
		A. admit B. familiar C. apologize D. program
() 25.	(2018・长宁・一模)Which of the following words is pronounced as /maːk/?
		A. match B. March C. mark D. math
() 26.	(2018·金山·一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation from the others?
		A. contact B. manage C. captain D. escape
()27.	(2018·虹口·一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in

		pronunciation?
		A. method B. schedule C. text D. serious
() 28.	(2018·嘉定·一模) We <u>chose</u> to do cross-country running. Which of the following
		is correct for the underlined part?
		A. $/t \int u z /$ B. $/t \int \partial z /$ C. $/t \int \partial z /$ D. $/t \int u \partial z /$
() 29.	(2018 · 嘉定 · 一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation from the others?
		A. Linda helps do the housework at home.
		B. Speak louder, please?
		C. I would like to be a pilot.
		D. Could you please give me a discount?
() 30.	(2018·奉贤·一模) Which of the following word matches the sound /θru:/?
		A. though B. through C. thought D. thorough
()31.	(2018·宝山·一模) Mother told Tom to <u>behave</u> himself. Which of the following i
		correct for the underlined word in the sentence?
		A. /bi'hev/ B. /be'heiv/ C. /bi'heiv/ D. /bi'hiiv/
() 32.	(2018·宝山·一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation from the others?
		A. Do you know the gentleman in black?
		B. Tom and Jack are in different regions.
		C. Mike is asked to go and fetch the box.
		D. I expect you will win the match.
() 33.	(2018·崇明·一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation?
	**	A. medicine B. list C. bright D. city
() 34.	(2018・徐 χ ・一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation?
j.	X	A. rest B. mention C. result D. mess
() 35.	(2018・普陀・一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation from the others?
		A. Don't put your feet on my seat!
		B. We will reach Beijing in 2 hours.
		C. What's the meaning of this word?
/	126	D. Could I have some noodles instead of rice?
() 36.	(2018·杨浦·一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation?
ř) 27	A. method B. enemy C. memory D. recent
()31.	(2018・松江・一模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in
		pronunciation?

A. finish B. pilot C. middle D. picnic ()38. (2018 · 浦东 · 一模) Which of the following words matches the sound /frə/?
A. fill B. fear C. fair D. feel ()39. (2018 · 浦东 · 二模) Which of the following underlined parts is different in pronunciation?

A. garage

B. manage

C. lazy

D. carry

2.1.2 冠词

【应试要点】

一、用冠词与不用冠词的情况

类 型	用 法	易 考 例 子
不定冠词 (a, an)	a 用于辅音(注意: 不是辅音字母)开头 的词前	a u (b, c) a university a house a European country a useful book a one-yuan stamp
(a, all)	an 用于元音(注意: 不是元音字母)开 头的词前	an hour, an honor an uncle, an umbrella an f (h, l, m, n, r, s, x, a, e, i, o) an honest man an 8-year-old boy
	表特指加 the	the book on the desk, the girl in red
	乐器前加 the	the piano
	形容词、副词的最高级前加 the	the easiest one
	普通名词构成专有名词要加 the	the Great Wall 长城,the United States 美国
3.73	the+形容词表示一类人	the poor 穷人, the blind 盲人
定冠词 (the)	the+姓氏的复数表示全家人	the Greens
	世上独一无二的事物用 the	the sun, the earth
	序数词前要加 the	the first lesson
	短语	all the same 仍然, all the time 一直, at the moment 此刻, at the same time 同时 the high jump 跳高 go to the cinema/movies 去看电影
	棋类/球类/三餐	play chess play football have supper
零冠词 (不能加冠词)	月份/季节/节日/星期	in July in summer on Monday on Teachers' Day

续表

类 型	用 法	易 考 例 子
	表示官衔、职位的名词前不加冠词	Obama, president of America
	物主代词后不加冠词	my other hand
零冠词 (不能加冠词)	交通工具前不加冠词	by bus
(1,08)3478737	next 不加冠词	next week
	home 前不加冠词	at home

二、对比并区分不同情况下的含义或不同搭配的用法

in hospital 住院	in the hospital 在医院里
in front of 在(外部的)前面	in the front of 在 ·····(内部的)前面
at table 进餐	at the table 在桌子旁
by sea 乘船	by the sea 在海边
go to school (church) 上学(做礼拜)	go to the school (church) 到学校(教堂······)去
two of us 我们当中的两人	the two of us 我们两人(共计两人)
next year 明年	the next year 第二年
by bus 乘公交	on a bus 乘公交
have supper 吃晚餐	have a rich supper 吃一顿丰盛的晚餐
in red 穿红衣服	in a blue coat 穿一件蓝色外套
in space 在天空中	in the sky 在天空中
Lesson One 第一课	the first lesson 第一课
a teacher and writer 一位教师兼作家(同一人)	a teacher and a writer 一位教师和一位作家(两个人)

【试题汇编】

() 1.	(2018・杨浦・	二模) Could you do n	ne favour —	would you feed my dog
		this weekend?			
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
() 2.	(2018・崇明・.	二模)Peter spent	exciting day in M	oCA Shanghai (上海当
		代艺术馆) last	week.		
		A. the	B. a	C. an	D. /
() 3.	(2018・徐汇・	二模) American violir	nist Lindsey doesn't play	violin in the
		traditional way.			
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
() 4.	(2018・长宁・.	二模)His health condi	ition got so bad recently	that he decided to go on
		diet ri	ght now.		
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
() 5.	(2018·松江·	二模) Many children	start to practice playing	g piano at an

		early age.					
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 6.	(2018・青浦・二模	E) The guests are told t	hat the furniture in	the flat is designed by		
		owner him	self.				
		A. the	B. an	C. a	D. /		
() 7.	(2018・普陀・二模) Many schools provide	free lessons for stu	idents to play		
		football in the afterno	oon.				
		A. the	B. /	C. a	D. an		
() 8.	(2018・闵行・二模	Take a look at	booklet on the	shelf. It tells you how		
		to use the new cooke	r.				
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 9.	(2018・金山・二村	莫) Kobe Bryant made	exciting	short film called Dear		
		Basketball.					
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 10.	(2018・黄浦・二杉	(E) As a fan of sports,	Carl always takes	active part in		
		ball games after scho	ool.				
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
()11.	(2018・黄浦・一様	を) Nobody at the party	could recognize _	man in a blue		
		jacket except me.					
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 12.	(2018・静安・一)	模) I can't go to	sleep withou	t doing a few minutes'		
		reading.					
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 13.	13. (2018·青浦·一模) Carl told us that his trip to the United States w					
		wonderful experience	ò.				
		A. a	B. an		D. /		
() 14.	(2018・闵行・一模	(a) It's common sense th	at everyone should	respect and take care of		
		old.					
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 15.	(2018・长宁・一模	The teacher tells us the	hat newspaper read	ing is way to		
		improve our English.					
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 16.	(2018・金山・一模	The government is tr	ying to take action	to help poor		
		all over the country.					
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 17.	(2018・虹ロ・一模	(a) We have to share the	kitchen for	time being.		
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /		
() 18.	(2018・奉贤・一模	Alisa is such	honest student	that she is often praised		
		by her teachers.					

		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
() 19.	(2018・宝山・一模)	There is "h'	' in the word "hour".	
		A. /	B. the	C. a	D. an
() 20.	(2018・崇明・一模)	Many students in my	class have lu	nch at school for
		free.			
		A. the	B. a	C. an	D. /
()21.	(2018・徐汇・一	模) The young engin	neer solved the proble	em in
		unusual way.			
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
() 22.	(2018・普陀・一樽	*) Mike goes for	walk after dinn	er in the garden
		every day.			
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
() 23.	(2018・虹口・二模) The doctor suggested	he should go on	diet and do
		more exercise.			
		A. a	B. an	C. /	D. the
() 24.	(2018・杨浦・一模	The main purpose o	f international laws of	war is to protect
		innocent.			
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
()25.	(2018・浦东・一模)	The students are plant	ning to have	outdoor barbecue
		party next week.			
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
() 26.	(2018・浦东・二模)	Did you notice the bo	y who was talking happ	oily on
		phone over there?			
		A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /

2.1.3 名词

【应试要点】

一、名词的复数

	名词单数变复数						
	在名词后面加 s	map→maps bag→bags					
	以辅音字母+y 结尾的, 先变 y 为 i 再加 es	city→cities family→families					
规则变化	以 s 、x 、sh 、ch 结尾的加 es	bus→buses wish→wishes watch→watches					
	以 o 结尾有生命的加 es	tomato → tomatoes potato → potatoes hero → heroes					
	以 o 结尾无生命的加 s	photo→photos radio→radios					

	名词单数变复数						
	单数和复数形式相同	deer→deer fish→fish sheep→sheep					
不规则变化	某国人的复数	① 中、日不变 Chinese → Chinese Japanese → Japanese ② 英、法变 Englishman→Englishmen Frenchman →Frenchmen ③ 其余 s 加后面 American → Americans German→Germans Australian→Australians					
	特殊	man→men woman→women child→children foot→feet tooth→teeth mouse→mice					

二、名词的所有格

Mary and Lily's bedroom(表示两人共有)		Mary's and Lily's bedrooms(表示两人各自的房间)		
Teachers' Day	Children's Day	Father's Day	Mother's Day	
at the doctor's	at Bob's	an hour's ride	two weeks' time	
somebody else's pencil	the map of China	the door of the room	a friend of my father's	
a friend of mine	a daughter of yours	the Greens' house	the teachers' office	
the students' library				

三、可数名词与不可数名词

可 数 名 词	不可数名词	
coin	money	
job	work	
newspaper	news	
suggestion	advice	

四、区分词组

The/A singer and dancer is 一个歌手兼舞蹈者是	The/A singer and the/a dancer are 一个歌手和一个舞蹈家是
The number of is ······的数量······	A number of are 大量的是

【试题汇编】

() 1.	(2018・虹口・二模)	You can find more	about trave	l around Shanghai or
		the Internet.			
		A. truth	B. information	C. fact	D. opinion
() 2.	(2018・杨浦・二模)) The young couple l	haven't bought any _	for their new