



高中英语

老来考去

就考这400组

易混词

高中生一定要掌握的易混词

※ 词语辨析 ※ 典型例句
※ 直击真题 ※ 精讲答案

Analysis of Words
and Expressions of
Senior English

张良◎主编



吉林出版集团有限责任公司



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前言

众所周知,易混词是中学英语词汇教学的一项重要内容。为帮助读者打下良好的英语词汇基础,本书严格依据《英语课程标准》和《考试大纲》,参照现行主流高中英语教材的最新版本,并结合近几年各地高考真题,归纳总结了高中学生在英语学习和高考应试中易混用的常用词汇、短语和各类搭配,这些内容为高考的常见考点。学生接触到易混词,阅读时如何区分这些易混词之间的细微差别,以便正确理解原文;使用时如何正确选用,以便准确表达思想;考试时如何作答,以便取得理想的成绩——这些都是英语学习者急于解决的问题。

市场上辨析易混词的书,其阐释方式多为“纵向”,即以每个词为单位,从其语义、语法、语用、语域诸方面掰开揉碎,条分缕析,再举出若干例句,然后进入下一个词,再解说、再举例,直到把一组词全部讲完,洋洋洒洒,其准确与详细不容置疑,然而读者从头到尾读下来,却往往不得要领,合上书本之后很难说出“一”“二”“三”。究其原因,就是这种“纵向”的方法缺乏“比较”,实际是只有“解”而没有“辨”。为了能真正有效克服“易混”,本书“讲解”则试图另辟蹊径——原则上采用横向辨,即找出每组同义词语的若干不同点,例如含义上、搭配上、句型上、语气上等等,然后针对每个点,横向地解说各个词的表现,这样就简单清晰地指出了这些词的同和异,并对相异处的重点部分重点标注。

本书“典型例句”中的例证符合生活实际和逻辑、浅显地道、短小生动,并尽可能收录能在一个句子中将几个词的词义差异部分同时展示出来的例句,尽可能贴近流行用语或社会热点,目标单词重点标出,既便于读者记忆,又可达到举一反三、指点迷津的目的。

本书“直击真题”中的习题部分选自历届高考真题,尤其是近两年的真题,它是《考试大纲》要求的典型范例,因而具有较强的示范性、指导性、针对性和权威性。

编者建议学生在阅读本书时，先做“直击真题”，找到自己的“盲点”，然后再去看题后面的“解析”，最后再看词条下面讲解和例证，这样有的放矢，定能科学备考、事半功倍。

为扩展学生对知识掌握的深度和广度，也适当选收了少量与词条或解说关系并不十分密切的习题，但每一道题都配有解析，每一个解析都尽可能地化繁为简，它不仅告诉我们“是什么”，还告诉我们“为什么”以及“怎样做”，使我们在积累知识的同时，更明确了答题的技巧，摸清了答题的规律。

本书分为初中和高中两个版本。高中版收的易混词包括单词、短语和搭配共约400组，涉及词近1200个。

本书内容丰富全面，解释准确明晰，检索方便快捷，在知识性、科学性、严谨性、系统性以及难易度等方面都恰到好处，不仅可满足高中学生的需要，在一定程度上也可满足其他不同层次读者的需要，对广大英语学习者以及英语爱好者或从事英语教育工作者也都有重要的参考价值。

本书从构思到成书历时较长，限于编者水平，难免会有疏漏之处，希望读者朋友给予指正，衷心希望本书能成为读者学习英语道路上的好帮手！

编 者

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1	a/an, one	17	according as, according to
2	a/an, the	17	accurate, correct, right
3	a bit, a bit of, a few, few, a little, little	18	achieve, arrive, get, reach
5	a great/good deal, a great/good deal of, a great/good many	19	acquire, gain, get, obtain
5	a lot of, many, much	20	across, along, cross, over, through
6	a number of, the number of	22	act for, act as
7	a second, the second	22	acute, sharp
8	abandon, give up, give in	23	adapt, fit, suit
8	ability, capacity, talent	24	add, add to
9	about, of, on	25	adequate, enough
10	about, on, with	25	admit, allow, let, permit, promise
10	above, beyond, more than, outside, over	27	admit, know
12	above, on, over	28	advise, persuade, suggest
13	academy, college, institute, school, university	29	affair, business, matter
12	accent, noise, sound, voice	30	affect, effect, influence
14	accept, admit, take	31	afford, offer, provide, supply
15	accept, agree, approve	32	afraid, terrified
16	accept, receive	33	after, behind, in
		34	after a time, at a time, at all times, at no time, at one time, at the same time, at this time, at times, for a time, in no time
		35	against, for

36	ago, before, from, since	58	anywhere, everywhere
37	agree on, agree to, agree with	58	appear, look, seem
38	agreeable, pleasant	59	apply for, apply to
39	aid, assist, help	60	appreciate, thank, Thank you for, Thank you to do sth, thanks
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41	all, both	61	arise, rise
42	All right, That's all right, That's right	62	as, for
43	almost, nearly	63	as, so
43	along with, together with	64	as, when, while
44	already, all ready	66	as...as..., so...as...
44	also, either, too	67	as if, even if, even though
45	although, in spite of, though	68	as soon as, hardly...when, no sooner...than
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47	among, between, in	71	ask, demand, question
48	amount, number, quantity	72	ask, invite
49	amuse, entertain	72	at, by, for
49	ancient, elder, old, older	73	at last, at least
50	and, or	74	at last, finally, in the end
51	another, one another, other, others, the other, the others, each ther	74	at once, immediately, right away
52	answer, reply, respond	75	attempt, try
53	anxiety, care, worry	76	attend, go in for, join, join in, take part in
54	anxious, eager	78	attend, mind, take care of
54	any, each, every	78	avenue, course, path, pavement, road, street, way
55	any, either	79	average, mean, means
56	any, some	80	award, prize, reward
57	any one, anyone		

81	away, distant, far, far away from, far from	104	both, either, neither, nor
82	bad, badly	106	both...and, either...or, neither...nor
83	base, basis	106	bother, disturb, interrupt
84	bath, bathe	107	brain, head, mind
84	be, exist, live, survive	108	break, damage, destroy, ruin
85	be able to, can, may	109	break, pause, rest
87	be about to, be going to, be to	110	breath, breathe
88	be covered by, be covered with	110	brief, short
88	be fond of, delight in, enjoy, like, love	111	bring, fetch, take
89	be married, get married, marry	112	build, construct, found, put up, set up
90	bear, stand	113	busy, busy in, busy with
90	beat, earn, win	114	but, but for, except, except for
91	beat, hit, knock, strike	114	but, though
92	beautiful, fair, handsome, pretty	115	buy, purchase
93	because, since	116	by, in, on
94	because of, thanks to	117	by, through
95	become, come, get, go, turn	118	by, till, until
96	before, in front of, in the front of	119	by, with
96	before, till	119	by oneself, for oneself, of oneself, to oneself
97	begin, start	120	by the way, in a way, in the way, on the way
98	believe, believe in, trust	120	by turns, in turn
99	belong in, belong to	121	call at, call on, drop in, visit, pay a visit
100	beside, besides, except	122	calm, peaceful, quiet, silent, still
100	better, improve	123	can not, cannot, can't
101	big, large, great		
102	blame, scold		
103	borrow, lend		

124	cannot...too, only/but too...to, too...to, too...not to, not too...to	141	common, ordinary, usual
124	care about, care for, take care of, take after	142	compare, compare to, compare with
125	carry, carry on, carry out, carry through	143	complete, end, finish
126	catch up with, keep up with	144	cottage, house
126	cause, do, force, make	145	condition, situation, state
129	cause, excuse, reason	146	conduct, guide, lead
129	ceiling, roof, top	147	consequence, importance
130	celebrate, congratulate	147	consider, regard
131	centre, middle	149	contain, hold, keep
131	character, nature	150	continent, land
132	check, examine, inspect	151	continue, last
133	choose, elect, select	152	contrary, opposite
133	circle, globe	152	control, govern, rule
134	city, town	153	convince, persuade
134	civil, polite	154	cost, expense
135	class, lesson	154	cost, pay, spend, take
135	clean, clear, pure	156	cost, price
136	clean, sweep, wipe	156	could, may, might
137	climate, weather	158	country, countryside, village
137	open/close, switch on/off, turn, turn on/off	158	country, nation, state
138	cold, cool	159	cover, hide
139	collect, gather	159	create, discover, find, invent
140	combine, connect, join, unite	161	crowd, pack
141	command, order	161	cry, scream, shout
		162	cure, treat
		163	curious, strange
		163	custom, habit
		164	danger, risk

164	dead, death, die, dying	186	early, soon
165	dear, expensive	186	earth, world
166	decide, determine, settle	187	easy, simple
167	decline, refuse, reject	188	educate, instruct, teach, train
168	decrease, reduce	189	effect, result
168	defend, guard, protect	190	encourage, excite
169	delay, postpone, put off	191	equal, same, similar
170	depend on, live by, live on	191	escape, flee, run away
170	design, plan, project	192	especially, specially
171	desire, hope, want, wish	193	evening, night
173	desk, table	193	every one, everyone
173	die, hang, kill, murder, shoot	194	every thing, everything
174	die by, die from, die of, die with	195	evidence, witness
175	diet, food, table	195	examination, quiz, test
176	different, various	196	excuse me, (I'm) sorry, (I beg your) pardon
176	difficulty, trouble	197	exhausted, tired
177	dinner, lunch, meal, supper	197	expect, wait
178	disease, illness, sickness	198	explore, search, search for, seek
178	dislike, hate	199	extra, spare
179	divide, separate	200	factory, plant, works
179	door, gate	200	fail, failure
180	double, times, twice	201	fail, lose, miss
181	dozen, dozens of	202	family, home, house
181	dream, dream of	202	famous, well-known
182	dress, put on, wear	203	fancy, like, would like
182	drink, eat, have, take	204	fear, fear for, frighten
184	drive, ride	205	feel, feel for, feel with
184	during, for, in	206	feeling, sense
185	each time, every time, whenever		

206	festival, holiday, leave, vacation	228	harm, hurt, injure, wound
207	fight, struggle	229	have, there be
208	find, find out, look for	230	have sth done, have sth to do, have sb do
209	fire, flame, light	231	have to, must
209	first, firstly	233	hear, hear from, hear of, hear about
210	folk, people, population	234	hear, listen, listen to, listen for, sound
210	forbid, prohibit	235	heaven, sky, space, universe
211	forest, jungle, wood	236	here, in here, in there, there
212	form, shape	236	Here it is, Here they are, Here you are, Here we are
213	fresh, new	237	high, tall
214	fun, joke	237	hill, mountain
214	game, match, sport	238	hotel, inn, restaurant
215	get into, get through, get to	239	how long, how often, how soon
216	gift, present	239	however, no matter how
216	give off, give out, send out	241	hundred, hundreds of
217	glad, happy, pleased	241	hurry, rush
218	go, leave	242	I do so, so do I, so I do
219	go to bed, go to sleep	243	idea, thought
220	good, well	243	if, whether
220	grade, mark	245	if...not, unless
221	graduate, graduation	246	impossible, unable
222	grasp, hold, seize	247	in, into, within
223	grow, increase	248	in case, in case of, in the case of
224	guess, imagine, suppose	249	in time, on time
225	had better, would rather	249	indeed, really, truly
225	hanged, hung		
226	happen, occur, take place		
227	hard, hardly		
228	hard work, work hard		

250	indicate, point out, show	273	meaning, sense
251	information, news	274	means, manner, method, way
252	insist, stick to	274	meet, meet with
253	instant, minute, moment	275	mend, repair
253	instead, instead of	276	most, the most
254	instrument, tool, means	276	move, remove
255	interested, interesting	277	much too, too much, very much, too many
255	it, one	278	much, quite, so, very
257	job, labour, work	279	name, subject, title, topic
258	journey, tour, trip, travel, voyage	279	need, want
259	know, know about, learn	281	no, not
260	language, tongue	282	no more, no longer, not...any longer, not...any more
261	last, late, later, latter	283	no one, none
262	last, past	284	nobody, none, nothing
262	late, lately	285	not a bit, not a little
263	lay, lie, place, put, set	285	not at all, not...at all
264	learn, study	286	not only...but also..., not...but, as well as, as well
266	let's, let us	287	not...before, not...until, not until
266	lift, raise, rise	288	notice, take notice of, observe, remark
267	likely, possible, subject	289	occupation, profession
268	little, small, tiny	290	on, upon
269	look, see, watch	291	one, that, the one
270	man, mankind	292	only, only doing, only to do
271	many more...than, much more...than, much more than, more than, more...than	293	ought to, should
272	may be, maybe	295	part, section
272	mean, indicate		

296	pause, stop	317	short, shortly
296	personal, private	318	sight, at sight, in sight, on sight
297	place, room	319	slow, slowly
297	play, at play, at the play	319	so as to, so...as to
298	powerful, stout, strong	320	so that, so...that, such...that
299	pretty, quite, rather	321	some one, someone
299	prevent, stop	322	some time, sometime, sometimes
300	problem, question	322	special, specific
301	produce, product, production	323	still, yet
302	race, run	324	surprised, surprising
302	rational, reasonable	324	take place, take sb's place, take the place of
303	realize, understand	325	tell sb sth, tell sb of sth
304	recover, restore	326	that, what, which
305	refer to, refer...to	327	think, think about, think of, think over
306	relation, relationship, relative	328	this, that
307	remain, stay	329	used to, would
308	remember, remind	330	value, worth, worthwhile, worthy
310	rescue, save	331	warn sb against, warn sb of
311	rob, steal	332	what...for, why
312	run out, run out of	333	where, wherever, no matter where
312	say, speak, talk, tell	334	who, whom, whose, whoever
314	seat, sit	336	work, works
315	set about, set to, set out		
315	settle, solve		
316	shall, will		

a/an, one

这两个词都有“一”的意思。

- 01** 不定冠词a用在以辅音音素开始的单数名词前；an用在以元音音素开始的单数名词前；one既可在以元音音素开始的单数名词前，也可用在以辅音音素开始的单数名词前。
- 02** a/an作为冠词，主要强调事物所属类别；one作为数词则强调数量“一”。
- 03** a/an偶尔可用在不可数名词前面，表示程度、数量或种类等意义；而one不可。
- 04** one还可用作代词，复数形式是ones；a/an只用作冠词，也没有复数形式。

典型例句

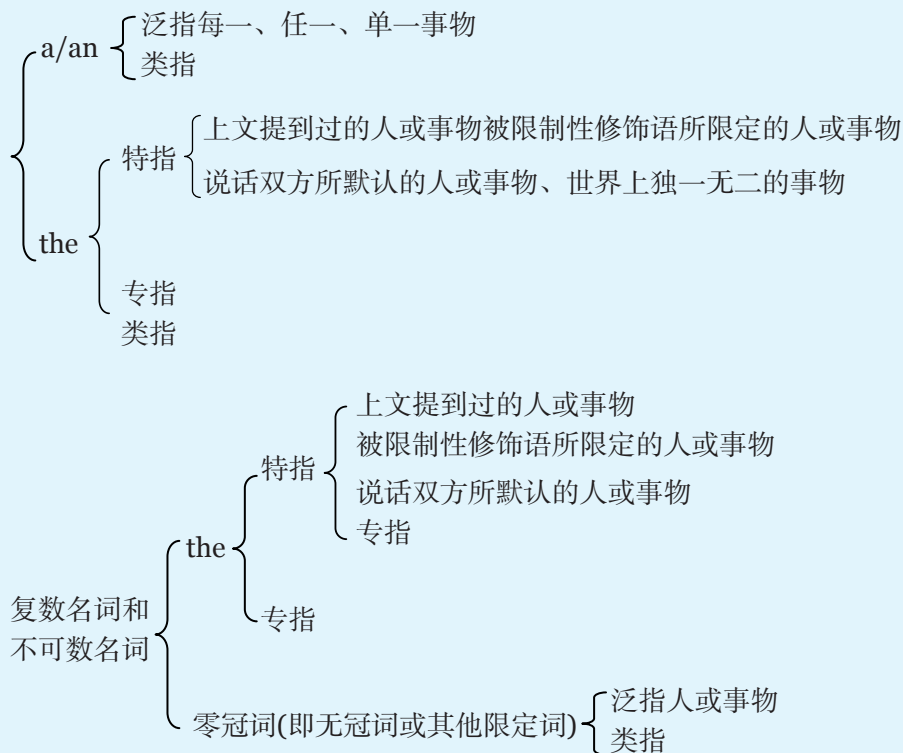
- 01** The metre is **a** unit of length.
an(×)
米是长度单位。(辅音音素开始)
Please boil **an** egg for me.
a(×)
请给我煮一个鸡蛋。(元音音素开始)
I have two coats but only **one** pair of trousers. 我有两件上衣，但只有一条裤子。
- 02** Have you **a** bike? 你有自行车吗？(所属类别，不是别的东西)
I have **one** English dictionary.
我有一本英语词典。(强调数量，不是两本)
- 03** She was **a** great comfort to her father in his illness.
one(×)
父亲患病期间，她给他很大的安慰。(不可数名词前，表程度)
Let's stop and take **a** rest.
one(×)
我们停下来歇会儿吧。(不可数名词前或表动作的名词前)
- 04** I want some large **ones**, not small **ones**. 我想要些大的，不是小的。(代词，复数形式)

直击真题

<p>◎ If you're buying today's paper from the stand, could you get _____ for me? A.one B.such C.this D.that</p>	辽宁	答案 A	<p>【解析】题意：如果你去报摊上买今天的报纸，给我捎回一份好吗？考查代词。one作“一个(本、份、件等)”解，用来代替上文提到过的paper，相当于a copy of paper。</p>
<p>◎ Cars do cause us some health problems—in fact far more serious than _____ mobile phones do. A.one B.ones C.it D.those</p>	江西	答案 B	<p>【解析】题意：车的确引起了一些健康问题，事实上，比手机造成的问题更严重。前面说problems，所以后面用ones来指代它，是特指；those一般用于指代不同属性的同一个事物，是泛指。</p>
<p>◎ The CDs are on sale! Buy one and you get _____ completely free. A.other B.others C.one D.ones</p>	全国 II	答案 C	<p>【解析】题意：这些CD唱片减价销售！买一送一。考查不定代词辨析。other不能单独用作宾语，要么前加定冠词the，要么后接复数名词。others与ones表示有其他很多东西都免费赠送，这样不符合语境；选one表示泛指同类某一事物，符合语境需要。</p>

a/an, the

- 01** | a/an与the都是冠词。冠词不能单独使用，也没有词义，只能用在名词之前起限定作用，帮助说明名词的含义。
- 02** | a/an是不定冠词，a用在以辅音音素开始的单数名词前；an用在以元音音素开始的单数名词前。
- 03** | the是定冠词，现将冠词的泛指、特指、类指和专指用法归纳如下：



典型例句

- 01** | He'll be back in **an** hour.
a(×)
他一小时后就回来。(元音音素开始)
She is **a** university student.
an(×)
她是名大学生。(辅音音素开始)
- 02** | She is **a** teacher. 她是一位教师。(类别，泛指，指不是工人或农民，问句应为 What is she?)
She is **the** teacher. 她就是那位教师。

(特指，问句应为 Who is the teacher?)

A cat has nine lives. 猫有九命。(类指，a+单数名词，侧重类别中任何一个的特点)

The car goes faster than **the** bike. 小汽车比自行车跑得快。(类指，the+单数名词，侧重整个类别)

Farmers spend most of their time outdoors. 农民们大部分时间都在户外。(类指，零冠词，侧重类别中的许多个体)

直击真题

<p>◎ Sarah looked at _____ finished painting with _____ satisfaction. A.不填; a B.a; the C.the; 不填 D.the; a</p>	全国 I	答案 C	<p>【解析】 题意：萨拉满意地看着那幅已画完的画。考查冠词。第一空处特指“已经画完的画”；第二空处考查固定搭配，with satisfaction意思是“满意地”，作状语，此处satisfaction为抽象名词，在此搭配中不用冠词。</p>
<p>◎ —It's said John will be in a job paying over \$60, 000 _____ year. —Right, he will also get paid by _____ week. A.the; the B.a; the C.the; a D.a; a</p>	江西	答案 B	<p>【解析】 题意：——据说约翰将获得一个年薪超过六万美元的工作。——是的，他的工资将按周支付。year为单数名词，与不定冠词连用意思是every year; 第二个空处考查搭配“by+the+表单位的名词”，意思是“按/论……”。</p>
<p>◎ Experts think that _____ recently discovered painting may be _____ Picasso. A.the; 不填 B.a; the C.a; 不填 D.the; a</p>	浙江	答案 D	<p>【解析】 题意：专家们认为最近发现的那幅油画可能是毕加索的画。第一空处特指“最近发现的那幅油画”，故用定冠词；第二空处泛指“毕加索的一幅画”，故用不定冠词。</p>
<p>◎ Dr.Peter Spence, _____ headmaster of the school, told us, “_____ fifth of pupils here go on to study at Oxford and Cambridge.” A.不填; A B.不填; The C.the; The D.a; A</p>	四川	答案 A	<p>【解析】 题意：这所学校的校长彼得斯博士告诉我们：“这里的学生五分之一都继续到牛津或者剑桥学习。”第一空处后的名词headmaster是职务的称呼，其前不加冠词；第二空处是分数的表达，用a/one fifth表示“五分之一”。 下列情况都不使用冠词： 在节日名称、星期、月份、季节前；一日三餐、球类棋类等运动的名称前；人名、地名、机构等专有名词前；与by连用表示交通方式的名词前；以and连接的两个相对的名词连用时；系动词turn(变成)后的单数名词作表语；名词前已有this, that, my, your, some, any 等词作定语；复数名词表示一类人或事物时；在某些固定搭配和习惯用语中等。</p>

a bit, a bit of, a few, few, a little, little

这组词语都可表示“很少”“一点儿”。

- 01 few, a few修饰可数名词；little, a little修饰不可数名词；a bit of是表示量的词组，在句中多用作定语，后面只接不可数名词；a bit在句子中常修饰动词、形容词，作状语。
- 02 few和little具有否定意义，表示“量少”“微不足道”；a few和a little具有肯定意义，表示量虽少，但还有一些。
- 03 a bit在句中表程度作状语时，常常与含有否定或不愉快意义的词一起使用。只有当a bit与形容词或副词的比较级连用时才可具有肯定和好的意义，而a little和a few则没有这一限制。

典型例句

01 Few students attended the meeting.

little(×)

没几个学生出席会议。(修饰可数名词)

She stayed here only **a little** while.

a few(×)

她在这里只停留了很短的时间。(修饰不可数名词)

I know **a bit of** French.

a few(×)

我懂一点法语。(作定语, 只接不可数名词)

They planted **a few** trees, but **few** of them are alive. 他们种了几棵树, 但没几棵成活的。

Please wait **a bit**. 请等一下。(修饰动词, 作状语)

The weather is **a bit** cold. 天气有点冷。(修饰形容词)

02 He is a man of **few** words.

a little(×)

他是个话不多的人。(否定意义, 表示“量少”)

She has lived in Beijing for quite **a few** years.

a little(×)

她已在北京生活了好多年。(肯定意义, 表虽少, 但有)

I have **little** time; I must hurry.

a few(×)

我没有多少时间了, 得赶快。(否定意义, 表示“量少”)

She slept **a little** and felt better. 她睡了一会儿, 觉得好一些。(肯定意义, 表虽少, 但有)

03 I am **a bit** fogged by these instructions.

这些说明把我搞得有些糊涂了。(与含有否定或不愉快意义的词一起使用)

Can you contrive to be here **a little** earlier? 你能不能早一点来?

直击真题

<p>① When Mom looked back on the early days of their marriage, she wondered how they had managed with _____ money.</p> <p>A.so few B.such few C.so little D.such little</p>	上海	答案 C	<p>【解析】题意: 当母亲回顾他们结婚的那些日子时, 她不知道他们是怎样设法用那么点钱过日子的。考查限定词。few和little前面不用such修饰; money是不可数名词, 而few修饰可数名词。</p>
<p>② I hear _____ boys in your school like playing football in their spare time, though others prefer basketball.</p> <p>A.quite a lot B.quite a few C.quite a bit D.quite a little</p>	辽宁	答案 B	<p>【解析】题意: 我听说在你的学校很多男孩在业余时间都喜欢踢足球, 尽管有些人更喜欢篮球。few后接可数名词复数, quite a few的意思是“很多”。little后接不可数名词。因为boys是可数名词复数, 所以quite a few是正确答案。a lot和a bit后接名词时必须用a lot of和a bit of的形式。</p>
<p>③ He has made a lot of films, but _____ good ones.</p> <p>A.any B.some C.few D.many</p>	北京	答案 C	<p>【解析】题意: 他出品了许多影片, 但几乎没有好的影片。few的意思是“少数的, 很少, 几乎没有”。根据并列连词but可判断出正确选项。any用于疑问句、否定句、条件句中, 或用于肯定句, 但与含有疑问、否定意义的词连用时, 意思是“什么, 一些, 一点”, 用于肯定句时, 意思是“任何, 随便哪一个, 每一个”; some用于复数名词或物质、抽象名词前, 表示数量, 意思是“若干(的), 多少(的), 一些(的)”; many的意思是“许多的, 多数的, 很多的”。</p>