

英语作业本

八年级（下）

（人教版）

江西教育出版社



Unit 1 What's the matter?

Section A(1)

一、选择最佳建议。

- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| () 1. thirsty | A. Go to a doctor. |
| () 2. nervous | B. Drink more water. |
| () 3. cough | C. Don't read in bed. |
| () 4. sore eyes | D. Eat some food. |
| () 5. tired | E. Listen to light music. |
| () 6. hungry | F. Go to bed early. |
| () 7. cut myself | G. Eat less. |
| () 8. junk food | H. Put some medicine on it. |

二、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

- My mother has a t _____, so she wants to see a dentist.
- Mary sang too much at the party yesterday evening and didn't drink enough water.
She has a very sore t _____ now.
- If you don't have breakfast every morning, you will have a s _____.
- My cousin's head hurts badly. I mean, she might have got a bad h _____.
- Please remember to r _____ when you are too tired in study, Jack.
—Thank you, Mum, I will.
- A cold always starts with a high temperature on the body, which we call it a f _____.

三、从方框中选择合适的选项补全对话,其中有两项多余。

- A. I usually play computer games late at night.
B. I want to buy some music CDs.
C. What's wrong with me?
D. Where do you work?
E. Stand up and do some exercise from time to time.
F. Well, I've got a pain in my back.
G. Do you have breakfast?

- A: Can I help you?
B: 1. _____
A: How long have you been like this?
B: Since two weeks ago.
A: Let me have a look. 2. _____
B: I work in an office.
A: Do you play computer games?
B: Yes, a lot. 3. _____
A: Mm, that's it.
B: 4. _____
A: Nothing serious. You spend too much time in front of the computer.

B: What can I do?

A: 5. _____ Don't play computer games too much.

B: OK, I'll take your advice. Thank you.

Section A(2)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. It's not safe for p_____ to get off the bus when it hasn't stopped yet.
2. The girl helped the old man to move his wife o_____ the bus and sent her to the hospital right away.
3. People in China don't help others because they don't want to get into t_____.
4. A car h_____ a tall tree yesterday. Luckily, no one was hurt.
5. To his s_____, great changes have taken place in his hometown in the last three years.

二、单项选择。

(导学号:07002000)

- () 1. —_____ Lucy's help, our tasks are finished successfully.
—Yeah, she is a really kind-hearted girl.
A. Because B. Thanks for C. Thanks to D. With the help
- () 2. I got up too late this morning so I went to school _____ breakfast.
A. without B. through C. by D. for
- () 3. —It's too hot outside today.
—Yes, why don't you _____ your coat?
A. put on B. put up C. take off D. get off
- () 4. —Mum, _____ I play computer games?
—Yes, you can. But you have to finish your homework first.
A. must B. may C. should D. need
- () 5. When Paul saw the accident, he got off his car, _____ help.
A. shout for B. shouting for C. shout at D. to shout at

Section B(1)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. The little boy tried to run to his parents, but he fell down and broke his k_____.
2. In the P. E. class today, I was h_____ on the head by a basketball.
3. The boy hurt h_____ playing soccer yesterday.
4. If you want to get to the third floor, you can p_____ No. 3.
5. —What's her job?
—Her job is to look after the s_____ people in hospital.

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Doctors often tell us _____ (drink) more water every day.
2. He is getting better after taking some _____ (medicine).
3. —My English is very poor. Could you give me some _____ (advice) about it?
—No problem.
4. She had a headache and _____ (feel) sick.

5. He _____ (cut) himself yesterday and the _____ (cut) was serious.

三、从方框中选择合适的选项补全对话，其中有两项多余。

- A: 1. _____
 B: I'm not feeling well.
 A: 2. _____
 B: No, I don't have a fever. But I have a headache.
 A: 3. _____
 B: About ten hours ago.
 A: 4. _____
 B: No, I couldn't sleep all night yesterday.
 A: 5. _____
 B: No, I ate nothing this morning.
 A: Maybe you have a cold. You should see a doctor.
 B: I think so. I'll do it right now. Thank you.
 A: You're welcome.

- A. When did it start?
 B. Do you like sweet food?
 C. What's the matter, young man?
 D. Did you take your temperature?
 E. Did you sleep well last night?
 F. Do you do sports every day?
 G. Did you eat anything this morning?

Section B(2)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. —What are you going to be when you grow up, Lily?
 —I want to be a c_____. I love climbing the mountains very much.
 2. As students, we should do our homework by o_____ instead of copying others'.
 3. —Do you know what this word m_____?
 —I'm sorry, I don't. Maybe you can look it up in a dictionary.
 4. The b_____ in a normal human's body is often 7% to 8% to his weight(体重).
 5. Her mother works in the People's Hospital as a n_____.

二、单项选择。

(导学号:07002001)

- () 1. Mrs. Green made a _____ to lose weight, but now she is getting fatter and fatter.
 A. decision B. blood C. breath D. break
 () 2. Teenagers should learn how to protect(保护) themselves in dangerous _____.
 A. time B. space C. situations D. rooms
 () 3. Liu Huan, a famous singer, has long hair, because he _____ long hair.
 A. used to have B. is used to have
 C. used to having D. is used to having

- () 4. My little cousin always _____ when he meets any problem.
A. gives up B. takes off C. gets off D. puts up
- () 5. —Excuse me. Would you mind my opening the windows?
—_____. It's cold outside now.
A. You'd better not B. Do it if you like
C. It doesn't matter D. Of course you can

单元检测

一、单项选择。

- () 1. If you have a _____, you should see a dentist.
A. stomachache B. headache C. toothache D. sore throat
- () 2. —What's the matter with you?
—I caught _____ bad cold and had to stay in _____ bed.
A. a, / B. a, the C. a, a D. the, the
- () 3. My old grandfather can't see anything clearly. Something is wrong with his _____.
A. legs B. eyes C. ears D. stomach
- () 4. _____ our surprise, my friend, Andy, passed the math exam.
A. On B. To C. At D. With
- () 5. —Does the old man need to go to a doctor?
—Yes. His arm _____ badly.
A. cuts B. moves C. fights D. hurts
- () 6. —Why did you get up so early this morning?
—I got up at six o'clock _____ I could catch the first bus.
A. as soon as B. because C. so that D. if
- () 7. —Why didn't Maria come to the party last night?
—Because she hurt _____ cutting tomatoes.
A. myself B. himself C. herself D. ourselves
- () 8. —I have got a bad cold. I feel terrible.
—_____
A. Really? I can't believe my ears. B. Is that so?
C. Sorry to hear that. D. I'm afraid so.
- () 9. —I cut myself just now. _____?
—You should put some medicine on it.
A. What's wrong B. How are you feeling
C. What should I do D. How do you deal with it

二、补全对话。

- A: Jack, you look pale. 1. _____
B: I feel terrible. I have a stomachache. I ate too much yesterday.
- A: 2. _____
B: It was my cousin's birthday yesterday. So we went to the KFC to eat many fried

chicken legs.

A: Oh, that's bad for your stomach. It's junk food. 3. _____

B: Yes. The doctor gave me some medicine and asked me to take it twice a day.

A: 4. _____

B: I also want to stay at home and rest. But the final exam is coming. I have to study for the exam.

A: 5. _____ You are always good at all the subjects.

B: But I must work hard at it. Dad says if I have good grades, he will take me to Hong Kong for winter vacation.

A: Sounds great. I hope I can go to Hong Kong one day!

三、完形填空。

(导学号:07002002)

Mr. and Mrs. White were very worried about their daughter, Linda. She seemed to be dumb(哑的) 1 she was normal in every other way. Mr. and Mrs. White tried everything to get her to 2, but with no success. When Linda was six years old, the best doctors in the town 3 her carefully, but could find 4 wrong.

"And she seemed to be smart. There might be something wrong with her 5 and she doesn't know she's able to speak," one doctor said. "But she can read and write," said Mr. White. "We've written her notes, telling her that she can speak." "It's certainly very 6," another doctor said. "Perhaps she'll be able to speak some day."

7 passed. Linda went to university. But she did not say a 8. One day, Linda was having a meal with her parents. She looked up from her 9 and said, "Pass me the salt, please."

Mr. and Mrs. White were 10. "You spoke! You spoke!" they cried. "Why have you so long to speak?" "I didn't have anything to say," she said. "Until now everything has been perfect. But you forgot to put salt in potatoes."

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| () 1. A. because | B. when | C. though | D. before |
| () 2. A. speak | B. walk | C. play | D. laugh |
| () 3. A. taught | B. found | C. examined | D. asked |
| () 4. A. something | B. anything | C. everything | D. nothing |
| () 5. A. back | B. hair | C. face | D. mind |
| () 6. A. unfair | B. strange | C. quiet | D. common |
| () 7. A. Hours | B. Weeks | C. Months | D. Years |
| () 8. A. word | B. article | C. sentence | D. message |
| () 9. A. chair | B. meal | C. hands | D. books |
| () 10. A. sad | B. nervous | C. bored | D. excited |

四、阅读理解。

(导学号:07002003)

Everyone wants to be healthy. Then do you know how to keep in good health? You may say, "Having a balanced diet and doing exercise can help us." I agree with you. In fact, good sleep is also very important.

Lots of people in the world have sleep problems. They can't sleep well at night. The next day they are too tired to work well. They are unhappy and stressed out. Then they

may have some other health problems, such as heart diseases and headaches and so on.

How can people sleep well at night? Here are some good ideas.

- Sleep in a quiet room.
- Do some exercise before going to bed. It'll make you sleepy.
- Wash your feet in warm water before you go to bed.
- Have a glass of milk. It's pretty good for sleeping.
- Don't think about boring things. Try to be relaxed.

- () 1. The writer thinks people should _____ to stay healthy.
A. eat well and do exercise B. sleep well
C. have more vegetables D. eat and sleep well, and do exercise
- () 2. How many pieces of advice does the writer give us to sleep well?
A. Three. B. Four. C. Five. D. Six.
- () 3. What does the underlined sentence mean?
A. Although they are very tired the next day, they can work well.
B. They are too tired and can't work well the next day.
C. They don't go to work the next day because they're too tired.
D. They are very tired the next day, but they try to work hard.
- () 4. Which of the following can not help people sleep well?
A. Doing exercise. B. Drinking milk.
C. Thinking about boring things. D. Putting the feet in warm water.
- () 5. What's the best title of the passage?
A. *Do You Have a Good Sleep at Night?*
B. *Bad Sleeping Brings Some Health Problems.*
C. *A Balanced Diet Is Important to Your Health.*
D. *The Importance of Milk*

五、书面表达。

请以 *How to Keep Healthy* 为题写一篇短文。从良好的生活习惯、适当的体育锻炼、健康的饮食习惯等方面提出良好的建议。

要求:

1. 表达清楚,语句通顺,意思连贯。
2. 不得使用真实的地名、校名和姓名等。
3. 80 个词左右。文章的开头与结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

参考词汇:熬夜 stay up, 垃圾食品 junk food, 均衡饮食 keep a balanced diet, 按时饮食 have meals regularly

How to Keep Healthy

Nowadays, more and more people know the importance of keeping healthy... _____

_____. *In this way, we can enjoy a happy life.*

Unit 2 I'll help to clean up the city parks.

Section A(1)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. My uncle u_____ to like dogs, but now he doesn't.
2. Many foreign teenagers want to work in different fields as v_____.
3. —Don't you see the s_____? It says "No parking".
—Oh, I'm sorry I didn't see it.
4. We can know much school information through the n_____ on the wall.
5. There is only one old man living in such a house. He is so l_____.

二、单项选择。

(导学号:07002004)

- () 1. —Why didn't Mary go to the party last night?
—Because she had to _____ her sick mother at home.
A. look at B. look up C. look for D. care for
- () 2. Tom looks sad. Let's _____.
A. cheer up him B. cheer him up C. call him up D. call up him
- () 3. The boys volunteer three hours _____ up the park near their school.
A. cleaning B. to clean C. cleaned D. with cleaning
- () 4. Pollution is a serious problem all over the world. Scientists have _____ some good ways to save it.
A. come up with B. come on C. come out D. come from
- () 5. Let's _____ having the sports till next Monday. I think it's going to rain.
A. put on B. put up C. put off D. put down

三、根据汉语意思完成句子。

1. 如果有不明飞行物来了,我会打电话给警察。
If a UFO comes, I _____ the police.
2. 这个公园很脏,我们应该下周一把它打扫干净。
The park is so dirty. We should _____ next Monday.
3. 语文老师叫我不要把试卷分发给学生。
The Chinese teacher asks me _____ the papers to the students.
4. 他决定明年暑假和他的朋友一起到他家乡的一所养老院去工作。
He decides to work in _____ in his hometown with his friends next summer vacation.

Section A(2)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. Mario likes sports and he exercises every day, so he is s_____ and healthy.
2. The students all jumped with j_____ when they heard they wouldn't have classes tomorrow.
3. S_____ girls gave their seats to them when they saw some old men get on the bus.

4. —Can you help us to r_____ money for those poor children?
—Sure.
5. —What's your plan of this summer vacation?
—I'm going to make a long j_____ to Kunming with my friends.
6. Parents shouldn't make their children at home a_____.

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

- _____ (Stay) with kids often gives me happiness.
- Jimmy is the _____ (own) of the big house. He has had it for five years.
- She smiled in _____ (satisfied) when she won the game.
- We want _____ (beat) Class Six in our school sports next week.
- Kitty's classmate Daniel taught himself how _____ (make) a home page.
- The boy often gives up his free time _____ (look) after the sick old man.
- We hope _____ (spend) our winter vacation in Hainan.
- When I see the tigers, I will have a _____ (feel) of fear.
- The volunteers decided _____ (clean) the parks and streets every Sunday afternoon.
- Every afternoon she hurries to run back home after school _____ (help) her grandmother.

三、从方框中选择合适的单词或短语,并用其适当形式填空。

set up, put up, call, put off, call up,
come up with, sell, teach, hand out, play

To make more people know the Volunteer Day, I 1. _____ some ideas. First, 2. _____ some signs telling people about the day. Then, I'll 3. _____ advertisements(广告) after school. Also we can 4. _____ our friends and ask them to come. Finally, we can 5. _____ a call-in center for volunteers. All these strategies will work out.

As the result, it works very well. Five kids will dance for the old people. A teacher 6. _____ Rose volunteers her time 7. _____ the homeless kids how to draw. Paul could help coach a football team because he likes 8. _____ football. Ten students plan 9. _____ their old things to get some money and give the money out. Don't 10. _____, become a volunteer today!

Section B(1)

一、单项选择。

(导学号:07002005)

- () 1. —The old man _____ all his money to a charity.
—He is really great!
A. took away B. put away C. went away D. gave away
- () 2. —Why do you collect so many old TVs?
—I want to learn to repair and I'll have them _____.
A. used up B. given up C. fixed up D. put up
- () 3. —Do you know when Eton College in England was _____?
—Of course I know, in 1440 by King Henry VI to give free education to poor students.
A. set up B. cheered up C. taken up D. fixed up
- () 4. —Who do you _____ after?

- My mother. We are both a bit quiet.
 A. be B. run C. take D. look
- () 5. —What are you doing now?
 —I'm _____ my old bike. It's broken.
 A. repairing B. using C. watching D. hitting

二、同义句转换,每空一词。

- We used up all our money yesterday.
 We _____ all our money yesterday.
- When did Uncle Wang repair your computer?
 When did Uncle Wang _____ your computer?
- Paul is similar to his grandfather.
 Paul _____ his grandfather.
- Mary wanted to make her sick mother happy.
 Mary wanted to _____ her sick mother.
- I bought many old bikes and fixed them up, but I didn't keep one and gave them to the charities.
 I bought many old bikes, fixed them up and _____ them _____ to the charities.

Section B(2)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

- Something is wrong with his eyes. The poor young man can see nothing. He is b _____.
- You can't i _____ the life without water or air.
- No one in our class worked out the math problem except Jimmy. He is such a c _____ boy.
- We must face d _____ and can't give up our dream.
- The man is so strong that he can c _____ the heavy desk by himself.

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

- You should keep the door _____ (open) because Mr. Smith will come soon.
- Thanks to her _____ (kind), I can make friends with her.
- The little boy has no _____ (interesting) in studying. His parents are worried about him.
- His father's death made a big _____ (different) to his life.
- I have some _____ (difficult) in my study these days.
- I'd like to thank you for _____ (change) my life.
- We won't win the race if we don't work hard in the _____ (train).

三、单项选择。

(导学号:07002006)

- () 1. The old man can't hear you because he is _____.
 A. blind B. weak C. deaf D. disabled
- () 2. —I have done a lot for my son, but he always argues with me.
 —He is too young to _____ you.
 A. change B. understand C. help D. raise



- () 3. Mrs. White often helps make _____ possible for me to become a doctor.
A. it B. this C. that D. /
- () 4. We all feel _____ after hearing of the _____ news.
A. excited, excited B. exciting, exciting
C. excited, exciting D. exciting, excited
- () 5. —It's too hot here. Would you mind my _____ the window?
—_____. Do it as you like, please.
A. opening, Certainly not B. closing, Sure
C. opening, Of course D. closing, Good idea

单元检测

一、单项选择。

- () 1. The clever boy is _____. He can't use his legs or arms well.
A. blind B. disabled C. deaf D. brave
- () 2. —Please save water. It's very important. You can _____ how our lives will be if there is no water in the world.
—Sorry, I won't waste it.
A. think B. understand C. imagine D. change
- () 3. —Jack, I have great _____ in learning English and I will have an English exam tomorrow. I feel worried. Could you help me?
—No problem.
A. difficulties B. interest C. joy D. fun
- () 4. —Oh, I have left my money in the hotel.
—Don't worry. I'll _____ it for you.
A. bring B. get C. carry D. take
- () 5. The woman in green _____ an engineer. She works in a school now.
A. used to be B. is used to be C. was used to be D. is
- () 6. —What do you think of a lot of old people in China?
—Most of them live _____ and no one talks to them. So they often feel very _____.
A. alone, alone B. alone, lonely C. lonely, lonely D. lonely, alone
- () 7. —Tom failed the exam again.
—Sorry to hear that. We should do something to _____.
A. put him up B. give him up C. cheer him up D. clean him up
- () 8. —What will Linda do next Saturday?
—She will go to her hometown _____ her grandparents.
A. to see B. seeing C. see D. sees
- () 9. Some people plan to _____ a volunteer program to help the disabled children.
A. put up B. think up C. set up D. cheer up
- () 10. —We can't _____ reviewing because the final test is only three weeks from now.
—Yeah, we must study hard and try to pass it.
A. put out B. put off C. put down D. write down

二、补全对话。

A: Hi, Mario!

B: Hi, Amy.

A: 1. _____

B: I'd like to do some volunteer work with my friends.

A: Really? With your friends? 2. _____

B: We volunteered at a children's hospital last weekend.

A: 3. _____

B: We sang some songs and told stories to the sick kids.

A: 4. _____

B: We are going to clean the city parks together next weekend.

A: Sounds interesting. 5. _____

B: Of course if you like.

A: I'll call you then.

B: OK. See you.

A: See you.

三、完形填空。

(导学号:07002007)

I'm enjoying my staying in Canada. It is my first experience of being abroad, and I am trying to learn as 1 as possible. Classes here are much more fun and very different from classes in 2. In China there are very few opportunities to practice 3 and listening, so although many Chinese students have good 4, their speaking is not good. Studying English at Fern is much more practical. We actually 5 the language we are learning. I couldn't speak any English at all when I 6 here. Thankfully after about a month, things started getting 7 and I made friends and started to settle in(安家). I am really 8 to learn English here and Fern is a very good language school.

I have always wanted to have a sister. In my Canadian host family my dream has 9. On the first day when I arrived, my host family welcomed 10 warmly. All the family members were 11 and helpful, and they made me feel at home at once.

My 12, Joise, is very kind. She often explains their manners to me. Her mother explains ordinary things like housework. Together they 13 me study and understand Canada. Joise told me a 14. Last year, she met a Chinese student on a plane. She said she felt sorry because she did not say 15 to the girl.

I'm happy to live in Canada. I think it will be an important experience in my life.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| () 1. A. many | B. much | C. good | D. better |
| () 2. A. Japan | B. Canada | C. China | D. America |
| () 3. A. playing | B. reading | C. writing | D. speaking |
| () 4. A. grammar | B. writing | C. English | D. time |
| () 5. A. write | B. read | C. hear | D. use |
| () 6. A. entered | B. arrived | C. arrived in | D. went |
| () 7. A. harder | B. freer | C. busier | D. easier |
| () 8. A. sad | B. sorry | C. happy | D. afraid |
| () 9. A. come true | B. come out | C. come over | D. come on |
| () 10. A. him | B. her | C. me | D. them |
| () 11. A. serious | B. friendly | C. famous | D. expensive |

- ()12. A. sister B. father C. brother D. mother
 ()13. A. want B. tell C. help D. order
 ()14. A. book B. diary C. letter D. story
 ()15. A. everything B. anything C. something D. nothing

四、先阅读短文,掌握其大意,然后从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个还原到文中,使短文意思通顺、结构完整。

Two students from Australia started Orange Sky Laundry. 1. _____

20-year-old Lucas and his friend Nicholas decided to start the service during a trip. When they got back to school, they stopped talking about it and just did it. 2. _____

They offer service five days a week on Brisbane's busy streets. Homeless people can wash their clothes for free. 3. _____

"Everyone should wear clean clothes, right?" the two young men said. "4. _____ We also want to get more help. 5. _____" They are doing their best to help homeless people have a healthy and happy life.

- A. "I feel fresh," a homeless woman said after getting her clothes washed.
 B. He took out his notebook and left a note on the table.
 C. So we hope that Orange Sky Laundry will be all over Australia.
 D. It is Australia's first mobile laundry for homeless people.
 E. We hope more school kids can volunteer in the van.
 F. We raised money from the sale for them.
 G. They got a van and two washing machines and then started the voluntary work.

五、书面表达。

某中学生英文报正在举办“文明江西人”的征文活动,请你根据下表的提示用英语写一篇短文,谈谈如何做一名文明的中学生,参加征文活动。

地点	内容
在家里	对父母有礼貌,多做家务活……
在学校	尊敬老师,与同学友好相处,勤奋学习……
在公共场合	遵守交通规则,排队等候,不乱扔垃圾……

要求:

1. 不少于 80 个词。短文的开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

2. 所写内容必须包括表格中所有的信息,并可作适当的发挥。

参考词汇:文明的 civilized

Recently, all of us are talking about how to be civilized students in our school.

In my opinion... _____

Let's join together to be civilized students!

Unit 3 Could you please clean your room?

Section A(1)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. Look! There is a lot of r_____ floating on the river.
2. Please f_____ the letter in two halves before you post it.
3. —Jim's room is on the second f_____ of the apartment, but Lucy's is on the third.
—OK, let's go upstairs and see her.
4. —It's your turn to s_____ the classroom, right?
—Yes.
5. The living room is in a m_____ after your birthday party.

二、单项选择。

(导学号:07002008)

- () 1. —Could you please _____ in the river? It's dangerous.
—OK, I won't do that.
A. swim B. to swim C. not to swim D. not swim
- () 2. —Could I use your bike?
—Sorry, you _____. My bike is broken.
A. mustn't B. couldn't C. can't D. needn't
- () 3. —Could I use your telephone?
—Sorry, I'm _____ it now.
A. working on B. working at C. working out D. working in
- () 4. —Look! There is some rubbish over there. Could you please _____?
—OK, Mum. I'll do it now.
A. take it out B. take them out
C. take out it D. take out them
- () 5. We're happy to do what we can do to _____.
A. help out B. take out C. look out D. give out

Section A(2)

一、单项选择。

(导学号:07002009)

- () 1. Jim will help you with your English _____ he finishes his work.
A. if B. as soon as C. before D. while
- () 2. Every student likes English, but I _____ it because I am not good at it.
A. love B. read C. hate D. like
- () 3. —Do you like talking with your parents on the telephone or on the QQ?
—_____. I enjoy chatting face to face.
A. Either B. Both C. None D. Neither
- () 4. —Could I _____ your book from you, Nancy?
—Sorry, I _____ it to Tim just now.

A. borrow, lent

B. lend, borrowed

C. borrowed, lent

D. lend, lent

() 5. —What do you think of your cousin?

—She is very lazy. She watches TV _____ when she gets home and never helps her parents do housework.

A. in surprise

B. all the time

C. in fact

D. at first

二、从方框中选择合适的单词或短语,并用其适当形式填空。

neither, complain, angry, throw, all the time,
clean, share, something, as soon as, surprise

One day, Amy came back from school. She 1. _____ down her bag. She went to the living room to watch TV as usual. Her mother went into the room 2. _____ she sat on the sofa. When her mother saw this, she was very 3. _____. She asked Amy to fold the clothes on the bed first, but Amy pretended not to hear. She continued to watch TV. Her mother 4. _____ that she watched TV 5. _____ and never helped out around the house. She quarreled with her mother and said she was as tired as her mother. Her mother said 6. _____ and walked away. For about one week, she didn't do any housework and 7. _____ did Amy. At last, Amy couldn't find a 8. _____ dish or a clean skirt.

The next day, her mum came back from work and was 9. _____ to find the house clean and tidy. Amy finally understood that they needed 10. _____ the housework to have a clean and comfortable home.

Section B(1)

一、单项选择。

(导学号:07002010)

() 1. —Could I invite Tom _____ my birthday party, Mum?

—Of course you can.

A. at

B. with

C. for

D. to

() 2. —Could you write when you were four?

—No, I _____.

A. couldn't

B. can't

C. needn't

D. mustn't

() 3. —Don't eat lots of sweet _____. It makes you fatter and fatter.

—Oh, thank you.

A. fruit

B. drinks

C. snacks

D. vegetables

() 4. —Can I borrow your CD player for one week?

—Of course you can if you are _____ with it.

A. care

B. careful

C. careless

D. carefully

() 5. —Could you please sweep the floor?

—_____. I have to wash my clothes.

A. Yes, I can

B. Sorry, I can't

C. Yes, you could

D. Sorry, I'm not

二、根据短文内容和首字母的提示补全单词。

I think it is important for children to learn how to do chores and help their parents

with housework. It is not enough to just get good grades at 1. s _____. Children these days depend 2. o _____ their parents too much. They are always asking, "Could you get this for me?" or "Could you help me with that?" Doing chores helps to 3. d _____ children's independence and teaches them how to look after themselves. It also helps them to understand the idea of fairness. Since they live in one house with their parents, they should know that everyone should try to 4. k _____ the house clean and tidy. Our neighbor's son got into a good college but during his first year, he had no idea how to take care of himself. As a result, he often fell ill and his grades dropped. The earlier kids learn to be independent, the 5. b _____ it is for their future.

Section B(2)

一、根据句意和首字母的提示补全单词。

1. For teenagers, watching TV is a w _____ of time.
2. Students have too much s _____ from school and they often worry about the results of the exams.
3. If you are i _____, you must see a doctor at once.
4. We should give our children more room. It can d _____ their abilities.
5. The Greens live next to our house. So they are our n _____.

二、用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1. Can you tell me how to develop children's _____ (independent)?
2. What she said just now is _____ (fairness) for me because I didn't copy his homework.
3. _____ (Read) more every day is helpful to us.
4. —I have no idea how _____ (run) the machine. Can you tell me?
—Sorry, I have no idea, either.
5. —Would you mind _____ (help) me learn English?
—Of course not.

三、单项选择。

(导学号:07002011)

- () 1. —Could you _____ some drinks for us?
—Yes, of course.
A. give B. borrow C. provide D. lend
- () 2. _____ important for us _____ how to do chores.
A. It's, to learn B. It's, learning
C. That's, to learn D. That's, learn
- () 3. —Tom, don't _____ others. You can do it very well by yourself.
—OK, Mum. I know it.
A. put on B. depend on C. turn on D. keep on
- () 4. —Why didn't Paul come to school yesterday?
—Because his mother was in hospital and he _____ her.
A. took off B. took care of C. take down D. take after
- () 5. They got up early this morning _____ catch the first bus.
A. in order that B. so that

C. such that

D. in order to

单元检测

一、单项选择。

- () 1. It's dangerous for children _____ in the rivers or lakes alone.
A. swim B. to swim C. swimming D. swims
- () 2. —Mum, could I go shopping with you?
—Yes, you _____. But you must finish your homework first.
A. could B. can C. need D. must
- () 3. —Could I _____ your bike?
—Sorry, I _____ it to Jim yesterday.
A. borrow, lent B. lend, borrowed
C. lend, lent D. borrow, borrowed
- () 4. I will give him the gift as soon as he _____.
A. will arrive B. arrive C. arrives D. arrived
- () 5. The T-shirt is too expensive and _____ it is too short for you.
A. always B. anyway C. however D. but
- () 6. —It's dirty here. Could you please _____ out the rubbish here?
—I'm sorry. I won't do that.
A. not to take B. take
C. not take D. to not take
- () 7. —I can't find my pen, Mum.
—Maybe it is in your bag. Your room is in a _____. You should put the things away.
A. mess B. fair C. waste D. stress
- () 8. As parents, we should _____ our children's independence.
A. drop B. develop C. depend D. provide
- () 9. Lucy never goes to school late, _____.
A. so does John B. neither does John
C. so John does D. neither John does
- () 10. —Could you please take out the rubbish?
—_____.
A. Not at all B. You're welcome
C. No way D. No problem

二、从方框中选择合适的选项补全对话,其中有两项多余。

A: Hello. Are you a parent?

B: Yes, I am a parent.

A: 1. _____

B: Of course you can. What is it?

A: 2. _____

B: Yes, I think so. I think it's important for children to learn how to do chores.

A: 3. _____

B: Because doing chores can help them be independent. And the earlier kids learn to be