Accessing Asylum in Europe

Extraterritorial Border Controls and Refugee Rights under EU Law

VIOLETA MORENO-LAX

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OXFORD STUDIES IN EUROPEAN LAW

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Accessing Asylum in Europe

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Series Editors:

Paul Craig, Professor of English Law at St John's College, Oxford and Gráinne de Búrca, Professor of Law at New York University School of Law

The aim of this series is to publish important and original research on EU law. The focus is on scholarly monographs, with a particular emphasis on those which are interdisciplinary in nature. Edited collections of essays will also be included where they are appropriate. The series is wide in scope and aims to cover studies of particular areas of substantive and of institutional law, historical works, theoretical studies, and analyses of current debates, as well as questions of perennial interest such as the relationship between national and EU law and the novel forms of governance emerging in and beyond Europe. The fact that many of the works are interdisciplinary will make the series of interest to all those concerned with the governance and operation of the EU.

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Foreword

Whether the refugee in need of international protection has a right to be granted asylum, or even to access an asylum procedure, remains highly contested. The idea was resisted in 1948, when the Universal Declaration of Human Rights was drafted, and again in 1951, when States declined to write even a modestly worded provision on the admission of refugees into the 1951 Convention.

Dr Moreno-Lax rightly appreciates that this is still a live issue, and that comprehensive legal developments, particularly in Europe, demand a new, more subtle and sophisticated approach. This volume provides that perspective, while being also an excellent testament to her scholarship, her breadth of knowledge, and her insights. Its explicit demand for further critical interrogation of EU law and practice will surely re-invigorate the debate not just in Europe, but also in the wider world, where global compacts on refugees and migration are currently on the table. In this present and future climate of uncertainty and apprehension, the effective implementation of international law and standards will likely be contested once again, amidst the population displacements yet to come.

Europe provides many helpful examples of standard-setting within a community in principle committed to harmonization and the rule of law, but equally a record of failure, both internal and external. Dr Moreno-Lax provides the background, which is the essential institutional history of 'integrated border management', a theoretically systematic combination of measures premised on a common borders code in which sovereignty, 'legitimate travel' and irregular migration juggle for attention. Even as EU legislation and policy instruments seem repeatedly to stress commitment to asylum and to the basic international treaties, the 1951 Convention and 1967 Protocol relating to the Status of Refugees, securitization and control offer little space for those seeking asylum. In practice, 'protection' is often the response of last resort—a grudging and reluctant admission that there are limits to how people may be treated, but only once they have overcome the obstacles overtly intended to frustrate their flight and onward movement in search of refuge and their own security.

As Dr Moreno-Lax shows, it is all about keeping the stranger from the gate. The means to that end are many and various and only too visible in the practice of visa denials, carrier sanctions, interception and interdiction, and in the recent histories of displacement and loss. When and where, she asks, do rights and protection step out from the rhetorical and into the world of the practical? Drawing on her own comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the law, the literature and the practice, she tells us clearly where rights, particularly the EU fundamental rights *acquis*, ought indeed to play a part. She convincingly demonstrates the very power of human rights, with their solid roots in general international law and their direct and evolutionary impact on European law, society and democratic governance.

This is especially apparent where that most fundamental instrument of protection, non-refoulement, is concerned. We see from her analysis how this basic rule, which requires that no one be sent or returned to where he or she may face the risk of serious harm, has firmly established itself among the limitations that govern the conduct of States. It is the strength of this basic principle that leads States, individually and within regional institutions, to expend such resources on seeking to prevent its activation, rather than on the broader, international humanitarian agenda which would engage with the multiple causes of displacement.

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There are difficult questions in this context, but Dr Moreno-Lax does not shy away. Her critical interrogation of the law and practice relating to visas, diplomatic asylum, refusal of boarding, and maritime interdiction opens the way to a deep analysis of asylum, and of the individual's right to what has been seen traditionally as a gift within the sovereign discretion of the State. Dr Moreno-Lax phrases the issues with care and precision. She thus highlights a dimension too often ignored in the literature, namely, that of the necessary link between 'access' to asylum and the right to leave and to seek asylum. With Europe as the centre, she calls in aid the overarching protective principles of the European Convention on Human Rights and their evolution and progressive development within the framework of the EU Charter of Fundamental Rights.

The history of obstructing the movement of those in search of refuge is hardly one of unqualified or lasting success, and experience strongly suggests that only a more enlightened and informed approach, which looks beyond narrowly constructed notions of security and control to the drivers of displacement, can have any hope of impact. Dr Moreno-Lax accurately characterizes extra-territorialized border and migration control and surveillance from the perspective of EU law, and navigates the complexities of different legal regimes apparently applicable at one and the same time. She responds imaginatively, but concretely, with the techniques of 'integrative interpretation' and 'aggregate standards', the end result being a striking amalgamation of non-refoulement, in its refugee and human rights aspects, with asylum, in its combination of rights to leave, to seek, and to due process. Her analyses of the extensive case law, focused on the rulings themselves and their implications, are extremely sound and as are her comparable assessments of institutional developments. She shows exactly what is required of States if they are to fulfil their international obligations effectively and in good faith, marking out clearly the line between frustrating the right to leave, on the one hand, and 'managing' irregular movement within the law, on the other. A 'duty to grant territorial protection has crystallized in European practice', she concludes, which is the natural corollary, among others, of the Charter's stated intention, 'to strengthen the protection of fundamental rights in the light of the changes in society ... 'This means that pre-entry control measures need to conform to and be applied consistently with the right to asylum. Within the European Union, this is not yet the case, particularly when considered from the perspective of proportionality, when visas are denied, boarding is refused, carrier sanctions are imposed, or those 'interdicted' are denied all procedural opportunities to claim protection.

What Dr Moreno-Lax demonstrates so clearly is the extent to which EU law, and the policies and practice behind the law and thereafter developed around it, fails to make the necessary and required distinctions between the third country national, strictly so called, and the person seeking and in need of international protection. She shows the extent to which the border has been detached from territory, and how security and control have subsumed the goal of protection, for all the apparent commitment to fundamental rights. Protection and solutions have likewise been detached from the individual seeking refuge, whose agency is ignored and whose identity is swept up and away in yet another host of statistics.

She does not pretend that the 'sovereign rights' of States can be wished away. On the contrary, she reminds us that these are rights within the law, to be exercised consistently with the law. Given where the law now stands, this demands a positive re-orientation towards the individual, whenever action is being taken extra-territorially to deal with so-called irregular movements. Only then and thereby can that gap be bridged between the right to leave in search of asylum and the grant of protection where due; and the law to make up that bridge is already there.

Foreword

The gap currently existing between the ideals professed politically and the harsh reality of closure and obstruction has been only too evident in recent years. Whether that is merely the reflection of institutionalized hypocrisy or something yet more determinedly negative will still be contested in the future, as desperation in its various forms continues to drive the movement of people between States. Thankfully, through her rigorous analysis and the strength and depth of her scholarship, Dr Moreno-Lax has ensured that the debate to come, within Europe and beyond, will be both constructive and principled.

Guy S. Goodwin-Gill All Souls College

Oxford May 2017

Series Editors' Preface

This is a very timely book which deals with a pressing issue of contemporary European law and policy, namely to what extent the European Union's system of external border control is compatible with EU and international human rights law governing the rights of refugees and asylum seekers. The author situates her analysis at the interface between three important and intersecting issue areas, namely border surveillance, migration management, and refugee protection in the European Union.

She sets out to describe in some detail the EU's system of integrated border control, and in particular the range of ways in which the EU establishes advance control over the influx of people from outside the EU. The book explains how the EU's "preborder" control policies treat all potential entrants from outside the EU in the same way, without distinguishing between refugees and other migrants. At the same time, even though the EU's pre-border policies are extra-territorial in their scope of application, there is no recognition on the part of the EU that the human rights of refugees are relevant in these circumstances, or conversely that the human rights obligations of the EU may have extraterritorial application.

After several chapters setting out the content of the EU's pre-border policies, including the Schengen system of border control, the common visa policy, carrier sanctions and maritime interdiction, the second part of the book moves on to consider the implications for the rights of refugees and asylum seekers of this array of EU policies. The author examines the relationship between international law and EU law in the area of human rights, and surveys the various sources of EU human rights law, including in particular the Charter of Fundamental Rights. She argues for an 'integrative' approach to the interpretation of EU human rights law, whereby the provisions of the EU Charter are to be read in light of other international standards and integrated with them. The remaining chapters contain in-depth treatment of the principle of non-refoulement, and the right to asylum in EU law. Throughout the book Moreno-Lax challenges the view that the obligations of a state (or political entity such as the EU) to refugees apply only within the territory of that state, and seeks to integrate and explain the obligations flowing from several different sources of law: EU law, general international law, international refugee law and international human rights law, all of which have relevance to the pre-border control policies of the EU.

In all, the book contains a very detailed and thorough account of an important set of EU policies affecting the rights of refugees, with a strong normative argument as to the human rights implications of these policies and the human rights obligations of the EU. It should be of interest to all those concerned with European refugee law and policy

Paul Craig Gráinne de Búrca

Acknowledgements

This book is the culmination of a long process of reflection on the matters surrounding access to asylum in this contemporary climate of turbulence and anti-refugee policies. The journey started back in 2007 with the help of a PhD scholarship from the University of Louvain, under the enlightening supervision of Prof. Olivier De Schutter. That period saw the development of the key structure of this work through research and inspiring conversations with Matthias Sant'Ana, Prof. Jean-Yves Carlier, and Prof. Sylvie Saroléa on different aspects. The ODYSSEUS Network has also been a splendid platform to revise ideas and gain further insights from others in the field. I am particularly grateful to Prof. Philippe de Bruycker and Dr Lilian Tsourdi, from the coordination team, for their friendship, motivation, and constructive feedback. The arguments put forward in these pages have also been refined through stays at the Migration Law Centre of the University of Nijmegen, the Centre for Studies and Research of The Hague Academy of International Law, and the Refugee Studies Centre of the University of Oxford. Institutional funding from the Belgian Fond National de la Recherche Scientifique (FNRS), the Spanish Caja Madrid Foundation, and the Spanish Rafael del Pino Foundation made these Research Fellowships possible. During that period, contacts with several colleagues have been particularly enriching, including Dr David Cantor, Dr Cathryn Costello, Jean-François Durieux, Dr Elena Fiddian-Qasmiyeh, Dr Karina Franssen, Dr Madeline Garlick, Prof. Matthew Gibney, Dr María-Teresa Gil-Bazo, Dr Mariagiulia Giuffré, Prof. Kees Groenendijk, Dr Olaf Kleist, Dr Francesco Maiani, Dr Emanuela Paoletti, Dr Efthymios Papastavridis, Prof. Steve Peers, Dr Claudia Pretto, Dr Marina Sharpe, Dr Sophie Scholten, Prof. Roger Zetter, Prof. Katja Ziegler, Dr Ruvi Ziegler, and Dr Karin Zwaan. My subsequent terms of employment at the University of Liverpool and my current home, Queen Mary University of London, offered me the possibility of further maturing the argumentative line developed in this volume. Conversations with Prof. Michael Dougan, Prof. Helen Stalford, Dr Firat Cengiz, and Dr Michelle Farrell were particularly illuminating. A debt of gratitude is also owed to Prof. Małgosia Fitzmaurice and Prof. Valsamis Mitsilegas, without whose continuous encouragement the publication of this piece would have suffered additional delay. Discussion with colleagues within the Centre for European and International Legal Affairs (CEILA), including Dr Paul Gragl, Dr Angelos Dimopoulos, and Dr Mario Mendez, have equally been very helpful in placing the reasoning against its wider international and constitutional context. I also thank Prof. Bernard Ryan, from the University of Leicester, for reading parts of this work, and Prof. Andrea Biondi, from King's College London, and Prof. Pepe López, from the University of Murcia, for their constant support. Above all, I am exceptionally indebted to Prof. Guy S. Goodwin-Gill, from the University of Oxford, and Prof. Elspeth Guild, from the Universities of Nijmegen and Queen Mary. It is thanks to their mentorship, patience, and inspiration that this book has eventually seen the light of day. Their guidance has been decisive in the completion of this project. Finally, if it were not for my loved ones, especially Marco, my husband, caring for me all throughout this process, its final realization would have been much harder. I remain infinitely grateful to them.

They say books are never finished; they are simply abandoned. This one in particular was deserted at the end of 2016 and covers legal developments, to the best of my knowledge, up to 1 October 2016—that is, prior to C-638/16 PPU X and X

ECLI:EU:C:2017:173, which has been addressed in a separate piece drawing on arguments herein (*Asylum Visas as an Obligation under EU law: X, X v. Belgium*, OMNIA Network: EU Migration Law Blog, 2017). It strives to offer exhaustive forensic analysis of the law in its wider context, with the objective of assisting researchers, practitioners, and decision makers in the field. Students with an interest in the intersection between borders, security, and asylum will hopefully also find these pages informative. The narrative is at times dense, as it engages with sources faithfully, in a detailed and systematic way, in a bid to demonstrate that 'all the law we need' is already there. What is missing is the leadership and political vision to realize it in practice. With this mind, the final aspiration is to serve the cause of protection seekers around the world, re-configuring (mis-)understandings of 'abuse', and contributing to restoring their dignity as (full and equal) human rights holders.

London, June 2017

List of Abbreviations

ACHR American Convention on Human Rights
AFSJ Area of Freedom, Security and Justice

AI Amnesty International

AJIL American Journal of International Law

ALO Airport Liaison Officer
APD Asylum Procedures Directive
API Advanced Passenger Information

APID Advanced Passenger Information Directive

ARIO Articles on the Responsibility of International Organisations

ASR Articles on State Responsibility

ATV Airport Transit Visa

BYIL British Yearbook of International Law

CAT Convention Against Torture

CATCom CAT Committee

CCC Common Core Curriculum
CCI Common Consular Instructions
CCV Community Code on Visas
CEAS Common European Asylum System
CETS Council of Europe Treaty Series
CFR Charter of Fundamental Rights

CIRAM Common Integrated Risk Analysis Model

CISA Convention Implementing the Schengen Agreement

CLD Carriers' Liability Directive

CM Common Manual

CMLRev Common Market Law Review

Corr. Corrigendum

CRC Children Rights Convention

CSR51 Convention on the Status of Refugees 1951

DR Dublin Regulation

EBCG European Border and Coast Guard
EBCGT European Border and Coast Guard Team
EC European Community/European Council
ECHR European Convention on Human Rights

ECJ/CJEU European Court of Justice/Court of Justice of the European Union

ECOmHR European Commission on Human Rights
ECRE European Council on Refugees and Exiles
ECtHR European Court of Human Rights
EDPS European Data Protection Supervisor

EEA European Economic Area
EEZ Economic Exclusive Zone

EJIL European Journal of International Law
EJML European Journal of Migration and Law

ELRev European Law Journal
ELRev European Law Review

EMN European Migration Network

EU European Union

EWCA European Border Surveillance System
EWCA England and Wales Court of Appeal

List of Abbreviations

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EWHC

England and Wales High Court

EXCOM Executive Committee of the High Commissioners' Programme FAL Convention on Facilitation of International Maritime Traffic

FCC Frontex Code of Conduct

fn. footnote

FR Frontex Regulation

FRA Fundamental Rights Agency of the EU

FRO Fundamental Rights Officer

FRONTEX European Agency for the Management of Operational Cooperation at the

External Borders of the Member States of the European Union

FRR Frontex Recast Regulation FRS Fundamental Rights Strategy

GCDCAF Geneva Centre for the Democratic Control of the Armed Forces

HRC Human Rights Committee HRLR Human Rights Law Review

HR&ILD Human Rights and International Legal Discourse

HRW Human Rights Watch HTP Human Trafficking Protocol

I-AComHR Inter-American Commission on Human Rights

I-ACtHR Inter-American Court of Human Rights
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBM Integrated Border Management

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

ICCPR International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

ICESCR International Covenant on Economic Social and Cultural Rights

ICJ International Court of Justice

ICLQ International and Comparative Law Quarterly

ICTY International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia

IHRL International Human Rights Law

IJMCL International Journal of Marine and Coastal Law

IJRL International Journal of Refugee Law ILC International Law Commission ILM International Legal Materials

ILO Immigration Law Officer/International Labour Organization

ILOR ILO Regulation

IMO International Maritime Organization
IOM International Organization for Migration
ITF International Transport Workers Federation

JCMS Journal of Common Market Studies

JHA Justice and Home Affairs

JIANL Journal of Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Law

JICJ Journal of International Criminal Justice

LBT Local Border Traffic

LJIL Leiden Journal of International Law
LNTS League of Nations Treaty Series
LTV Limited Territorial Validity Visa
MGD Maritime Guidelines Decision

MichJIL Michigan Journal of International Law

MLR Modern Law Review

MMST Migration Management Support Team

MPI Migration Policy Institute
MSP Migrant Smuggling Protocol

List of Abbreviations

MSR Maritime Surveillance Regulation NIIL Nordic Journal of International Law

Netherlands Yearbook of International Law NYIL

OILS Oxford Journal of Legal Studies OYEL Oxford Yearbook of European Law

Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe PACE

Permanent Court of International Justice PCIJ

PIL Public International Law PNR Passenger Name Record Qualification Directive QD

Reception Conditions Directive RCD **RPAS** Remotely Piloted Aircraft System

RPSD Registration of Passenger Ships Directive

Refugee Status Determination RSD Refugee Survey Quarterly RSQ

RTP Rail Travel Permit

SAR Search and Rescue (Convention)

SBC Schengen Borders Code SEA Single European Act

SIS Schengen Information System Safety of Life At Sea (Convention) SOLAS

Secretary of States for the Home Department SSHD

SSR Search and Rescue Region STC Safe Third Country TCN Third-Country National TEU Treaty on European Union

TFEU Treaty on the Functioning of the EU Universal Declaration on Human Rights UDHR UKHL United Kingdom House of Lords

United Kingdom Supreme Court **UKSC**

United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea **UNCLOS** United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees UNHCR United Nations Reports of International Arbitral Awards UNRIAA

UNTS United Nations Treaty Series

VCCR Vienna Convention on Consular Relations **VCDR** Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations VCLT Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties

VIS Visa Information System

VR Visa Regulation Working Arrangement WA

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