

新东方学校全国公共英语等级考试丛书

PETS

**全国公共英语等级考试
备考教程**

一级下·模拟试题分册

李玉技 编著

中国经济出版社

全国公共英语等级考试备考教程 (一级)

下 · 模拟试题分册

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H310.12
29(3)

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

全国公共英语等级考试备考教程.1级/李玉技 主编. - 北京:中国经济出版社,
2001.12

ISBN 7-5017-5209-5

I.全… II.李… III.英语-水平考试-中国-自学参考资料 IV.H310.42
中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2001) 第 062203 号

责任编辑:张淑玲

封面设计:阿 雷

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中国经济出版社出版发行

(北京市百万庄北街3号)

邮编:100037

北京市书文印刷厂印刷

*

787×1092 毫米 48 印张 950 千字

2002 年 1 月第 1 版 2002 年 1 月第 1 次印刷

印数:1~6000 册

ISBN 7-5017-5209-5/G·1052

定价:75.00 元(上、中、下册)

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前 言

传统的英语测试往往是以书面笔试为主,大多数考试的重点是语法和阅读,忽略或回避了对听力和口语能力的提高,往往造成中国学生“哑巴英语”的尴尬境界。与此同时,目前的各种考试之间缺乏统一的评定标准,不能全面、客观地考查语言技能。

正是基于以上原因,教育部考试中心推出了 PETS(Public English Test System)。该测试将是目前国内规模最大、参与人数最多、考生群体最复杂的具有权威性的非学历性外语等级考试。该测试是一种从题型到测试形式全新的社会性英语水平测试体系,分 5 部分评定语言学习者的水平。考查的内容包括听力、英语知识运用、阅读理解、写作(一级 B 除外)和口语,力求学生不但能读得懂,而且能听得懂,最终实现自由流利地交谈会话,完整地用英语表达自己的思想。

为了帮助广大考生进一步了解 PETS,有效地备考和实战,我们严格按照教育部考试中心制定的《全国公共英语等级考试大纲》,编写了这套《全国公共英语等级考试备考教程丛书》。该套丛书针对五级考试,分别编写了综合分册、词汇分册和模拟试题分册。包含的内容有:

1. 综合分册

综合分册分别介绍了 PETS 第一级到第五级的题型、试卷结构、内容及形式,使考生对各级考试的测试目的和测试要求有全面的了解和认识。

它针对不同的考试题型,深入浅出地分析了出题思路,认真细致地介绍了答题技巧,归纳总结了各类题型的基本规律,使考生尽快熟悉和适应新题型,掌握解题要诀,从而达到事半功倍的效果!

它针对不同的题型设计了专项训练,并给出了详实的答案及分析。其目的有二:一方面使学生通过练习熟悉新题型,巩固已学到的语言知识;另一方面通过大量练习来提高解题速度。

2. 词汇分册

词汇分册依照《全国公共英语考试大纲》所给出的各级词汇,遵循记忆规律,介绍了记忆方法,力求使学生在较短的时间内掌握更多的词汇。在词汇分册中,有同义词、反义词、词组、经典题库、辨析、派生词、记忆法、成语、常考语法,并且对每个单词加了国际音标和部分例句。经过如此多的考点练习以及潜移默化的反复背诵和记忆,考生的英语水平和答题能力一定会有所提高。

3. 模拟试题分册

模拟试题分册是严格按照考试样题编写的实战全真模拟试题。试题的编写完全遵循学习规律,由浅入深,循序渐进,使考生在巩固和提高的同时,又仿佛亲临考场,为考试奠定了良好的心理素质基础。

编 者

二〇〇一年十二月

目 录

前 言

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题一..... (1)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题一答案 (12)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题二 (17)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题二答案 (28)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题三 (33)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题三答案 (44)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题四 (49)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题四答案 (60)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题五 (65)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题五答案 (76)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题六 (81)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题六答案 (92)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题七 (97)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题七答案..... (108)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题八..... (113)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题八答案..... (124)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

模拟试题九.....	(129)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题九答案.....	(141)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十.....	(146)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十答案.....	(157)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十一.....	(162)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十一答案.....	(173)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十二.....	(178)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十二答案.....	(189)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十三.....	(194)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十三答案.....	(205)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十四.....	(210)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十四答案.....	(221)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十五.....	(226)
全国公共英语等级考试一级	
模拟试题十五答案.....	(237)

全国公共英语等级考试一级

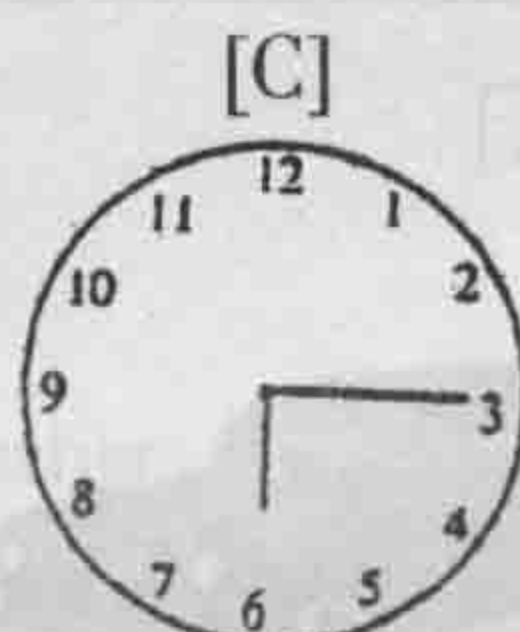
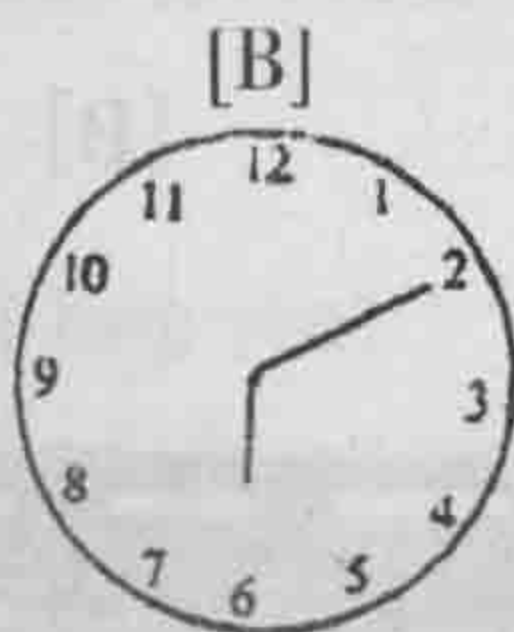
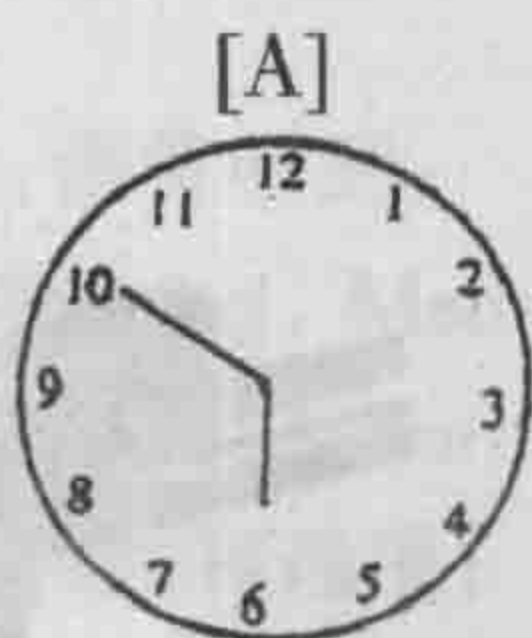
模拟试题一

第一部分 听力理解

第一节 图片判断

在本节中,你将听到 10 个句子,每句话配有[A]、[B]、[C]三幅图片,请选择与句子内容相符合的一幅图片。每句话后有 15 秒钟的停顿,以便选择图片并看下一组图片。每句话读两遍。

例如,你将听到:男: The train goes at six fifteen.(两遍)
请看选项:



图片[A] 是6点差10分, 图片[B] 是6点10分, 图片[C] 是6点15分。因此, 应选[C]。

下面,请听这些句子。

1. [A]



[B]



[C]



2. [A]



[B]



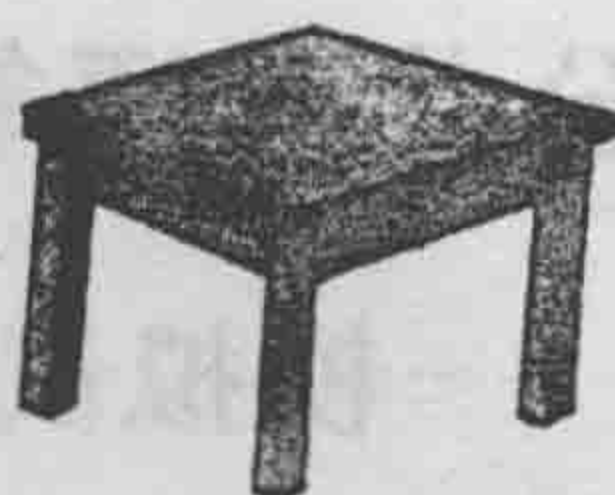
[C]



3. [A]



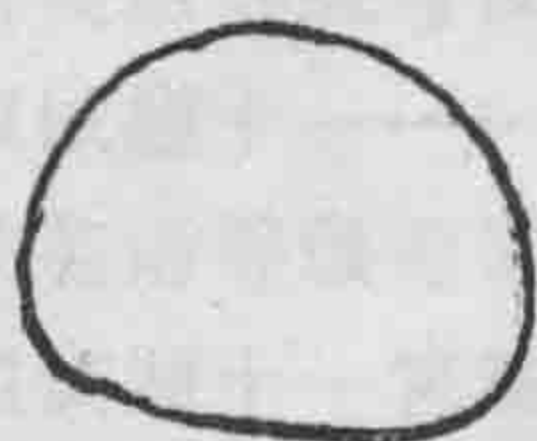
[B]



[C]



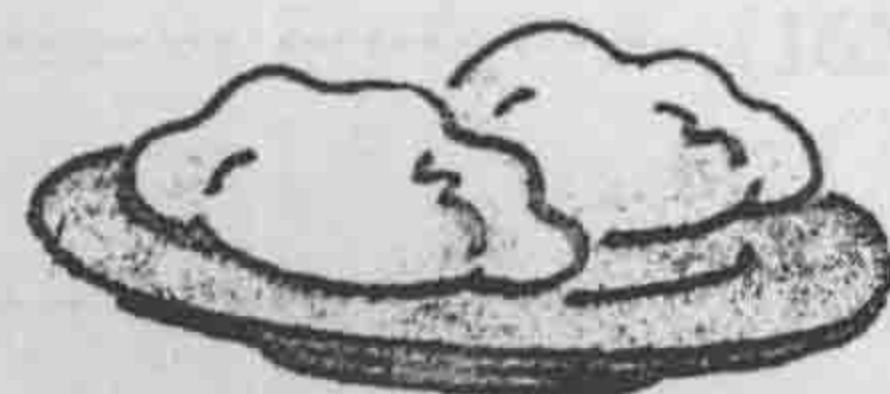
4. [A]



[B]



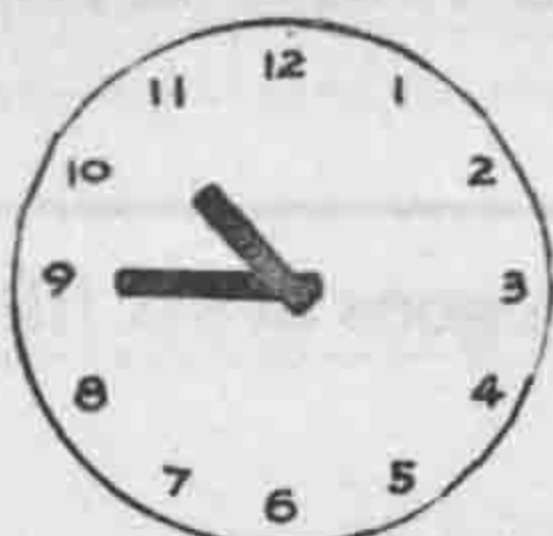
[C]



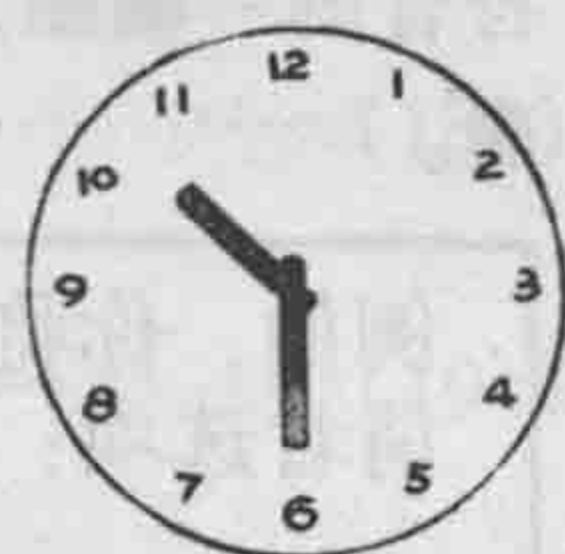
5. [A]



[B]



[C]



6. [A]



[B]



[C]



7. [A]



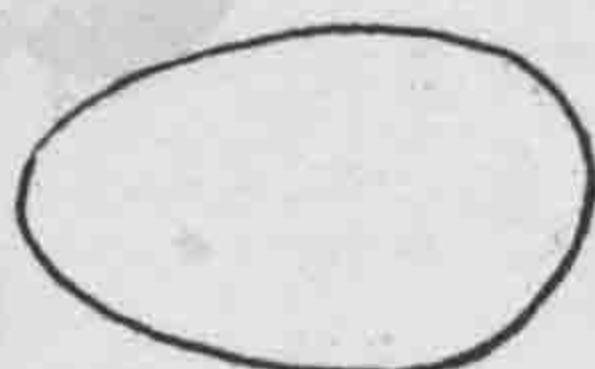
[B]



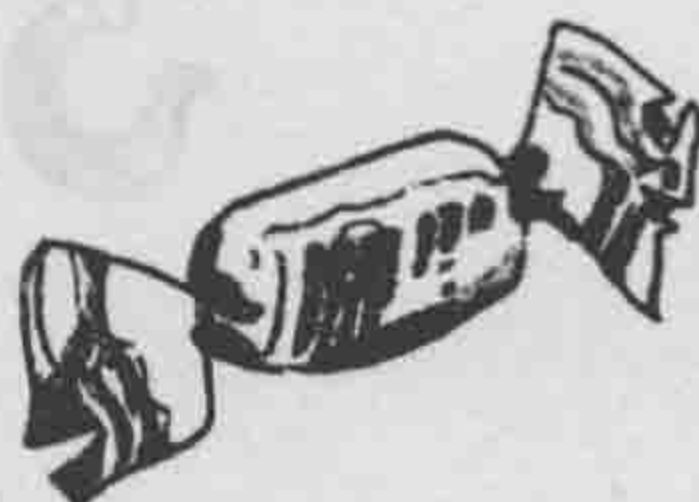
[C]



8. [A]



[B]



[C]



9. [A]

[B]

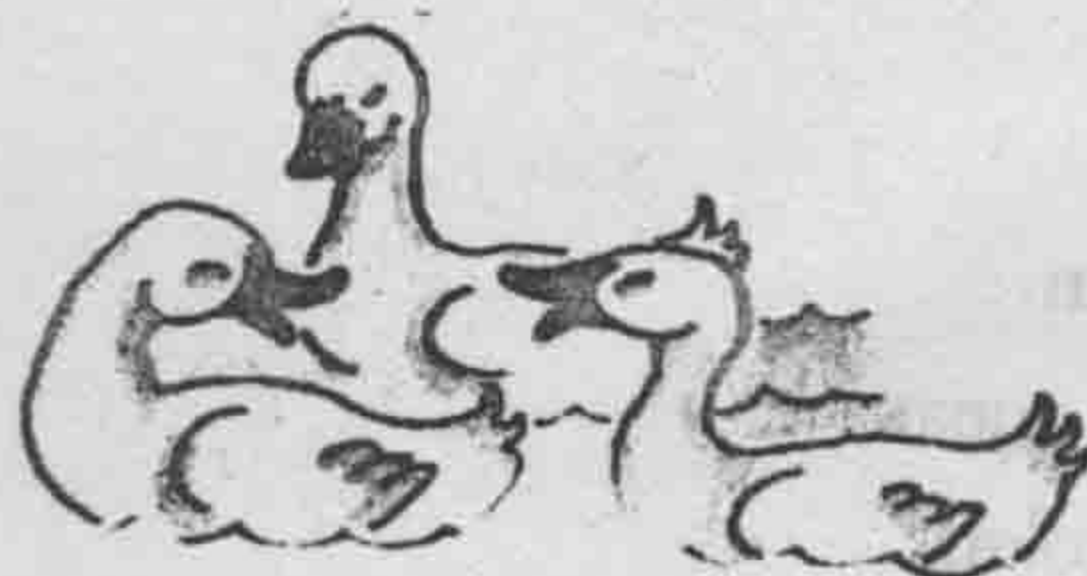
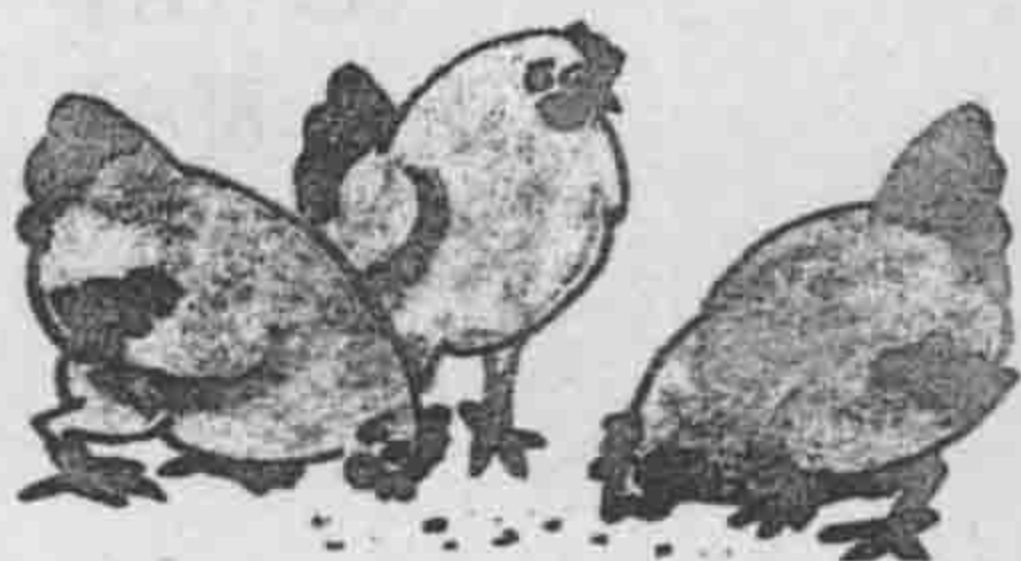
[C]



10. [A]

[B]

[C]



第二节 对话理解

在本节中,你将听到 15 个对话,每个对话有一个问题。请从[A]、[B]、[C]三个选项中选择答案。每个对话后有 15 秒钟的停顿,以便回答问题和阅读下一个问题。每个对话读两遍。

例如,你将听到:

男:Morning, Madame. Can I help you?

女:Oh, good morning. I'd like to buy a shirt for my father. (两遍)。

请看问题和选项:

Where are they talking?

[A] At a school.

[B] In a shop.

[C] On a bus.

显然,该对话发生在商店里,因此[B]是正确答案。

下面,请听这些对话。

11. How long does it take from here to your home on foot?

[A] About half an hour.

[B] About half past an hour.

[C] About a quarter.

12. Where is John going?

[A] He's going to a bookshop.

[B] He's going to a supermarket.

[C] He's going to a library.

13. Which one does the man like?

[A] A cup of coffee.

[C] [B] A cup of tea.

[C] Both coffee and tea.

14. Which color does the man want?

[A] Green.

[B] Blue.

[C] Black.

15. Which subject does the man like?

[A] Both of them.

[B] French.

[C] Neither of them.

16. What does the man mean?

[A] The car was stolen.

[B] It doesn't work.

[C] The car was in his friend's home.

17. Which floor does Lily live on?

[A] The second.

[B] The fifth.

[C] The third.

18. What's the man's family name?

[A] Adams.

[B] Smith.

[C] Adams Smith.

19. What does the woman mean?

[A] She doesn't know of it.

[B] She likes it very much.

[C] She doesn't like it.

20. When did the man buy the ticket?

[A] Saturday.

[B] Tuesday.

[C] Thursday.

21. What does the man want to borrow?

[A] A plate.

[B] A pencil.

[C] A pen.

22. Can the woman have the TV set repaired?

[A] Yes, she can.

[B] No, she can't.

[C] It doesn't say.

23. What is the woman's feeling?

[A] Very happy.

- [B]Disappointed.
[C]Just so so.
24. How many people are there?
[A]Two.
[B]Four.
[C]Eight.
25. What time is it now?
[A]7:30.
[B]8:00.
[C]8:30.

第二部分 英语知识运用

第一节 单项填空

阅读下面的句子和对话,从[A]、[B]、[C]三个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。

例:

Bob and I made _____ agreement last Monday.

[A]a [B]an [C]the

答案:[B]

26. He _____ that piece of cake for two yuan.
[A]spent
[B]cost
[C]bought
27. Look at the clouds. There _____ this afternoon.
[A]will rain
[B]is going to rain
[C]is going to be a heavy rain
28. She asked me whether _____ able to read and write in English.
[A]was he
[B]he was
[C]he would be
29. I _____ go there this morning, so I stayed home.
[A]didn't need to
[B]didn't need
[C]needn't to

30. He didn't think the shirt _____, so he didn't buy it.
 [A] expensive enough
 [B] cheap enough
 [C] enough cheap
31. I don't think a small thing like this _____ so much.
 [A] cost
 [B] spent
 [C] paid
32. _____ do you know they are fighting about?
 [A] Where
 [B] What
 [C] When
33. —“Must we finish the work today?”
 —“No, you _____. You may leave some to tomorrow.”
 [A] can't
 [B] mustn't
 [C] needn't
34. These words _____ in everyday English.
 [A] are often used
 [B] use often
 [C] often are used
35. I have no idea whom _____.
 [A] he sold my bike to
 [B] he sold my bike
 [C] did he sell my bike
36. Now I've got a watch, but I need _____.
 [A] some else things
 [B] other something
 [C] some other things
37. Have you got _____ to say about Jack?
 [A] anything other
 [B] anything else
 [C] else anything
38. I'd like to _____ a telephone call right now.
 [A] send
 [B] make
 [C] take
39. We couldn't understand them because _____ of us understood their language.
 [A] no one
 [B] none

[C]nobody

40. Yang Ming is known _____ a great woman writer in our country.

[A]with

[B]to

[C]as

第二节 完形填空

阅读下面短文,从短文后所给的[A]、[B]、[C]三个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项。

A lady once wrote a long story. She sent it to a famous editor(编辑). After 41 weeks the editor 42 the story to her. The lady was 43. She wrote back to the editor:

“Dear Sir,

Yesterday you sent back the story of mine. 44 do you know that the story is not good? You did not read it. 45 I sent you the story, I pasted(粘贴) pages 18, 19 and 20 together. This was a 46 to see whether you would read the story. When the story came back yesterday, the pages were 47 pasted together. Is this the 48 you read all the stories that are sent to you?”

The editor wrote back:

“Dear Madam,

49 breakfast when I have an egg, I 50 eat the whole egg in order to discover(发现) that it is bad.”

41. [A]few

[B]a few

[C]little

42. [A]gave

[B]came back

[C]returned

43. [A]angry

[B]happy

[C]satisfied

44. [A]How

[B]Why

[C]What

45. [A]After

[B]Until

[C]Before

46. [A]lesson

[B]test

[C]question

47. [A]already

[B]still

[C]even

48. [A]work

[B]check

[C]way

49. [A]On

[B]On the

[C]At

50. [A]must not

[B]have not to

[C]don't have to

第三部分 阅读理解

第一节 词语配伍

从右栏所给出的选项中选出与左栏各项意义相符的选项。

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| 51. We buy things here. | [A]blackboard |
| 52. We can cross rivers over it. | [B]market |
| 53. We grow flowers in it. | [C]garden |
| 54. We cook food here. | [D]radio |
| 55. We write on it with chalk. | [E]kitchen |
| | [F]bridge |
| | [G]plant |

第二节 短文理解 1

阅读下面短文,从[A](Right)、[B](Wrong)、[C](Doesn't say)三个判断中选择一个正确选项。

Kate is an English girl. She lives in a tall building in the city of London. There are sixteen storeys in the building, and she lives on the tenth floor. She takes a lift to go up and down.

Kate studies in a school near her house and she works hard. She goes to school early. She leaves her home at half past six. She walks to the lift and it takes her down to the first floor.

There is a bus stop near the building. Usually she takes the No. 7 bus to the school. It is only four kilometres to her school from the building. She gets to school at a quarter to eight. She begins to do her homework at eight and finishes it at half past nine.

56. Kate is a Japanese girl.

- [A]Right.
- [B]Wrong.
- [C]Doesn't say.

57. The building has sixteen storeys.

- [A]Right.
- [B]Wrong.
- [C]Doesn't say.

58. Kate usually goes to school on foot.

- [A]Right.
- [B]Wrong.
- [C]Doesn't say.

59. Kate leaves her home at six thirty.

- [A]Right.
- [B]Wrong.
- [C]Doesn't say.

60. Kate goes to bed at half past nine.

- [A]Right.
- [B]Wrong.
- [C]Doesn't say.

第三节 短文理解 2

阅读下列短文,从[A]、[B]、[C]三个选项中选择一个正确答案。

After my husband and I spent a morning at the zoo with Joel, our four-year-old grandson, we stopped at a restaurant(饭馆)for lunch. When the waiter handed us the menu(菜单), my husband reached into his pocket for his glasses. He was disappointed to find that they were lost. "I know where your glasses are, Grandpa," said our grandson.

"Where?" asked my husband hopefully.

"They are at the zoo," Joel replied. "When you took me off the train by the elephants, they fell out of your pocket."

My husband tried to control(控制)himself and he asked, "Joel, if you saw my glasses fall out of my shirt, why didn't you tell me?"

"Well, Grandpa," said Joel, "after you put foot on them, I didn't think you wanted them any more."

61. We went to the zoo _____.

- A. last Saturday afternoon
- B. before we came to a restaurant
- C. to look after the elephant

62. "My husband reached into his pocket. . ." means _____.

- A. my husband arrived at his pocket
- B. my husband put his hand into his pocket
- C. my husband has no pockets all all

63. The glasses fell out of the pocket _____.

- A. when my husband was getting off the train
- B. when my husband hurried into the restaurant
- C. when Joel was taken off the train by my husband

64. My husband was _____ to hear what Joel said.

- A. glad
- B. pleased
- C. angry.

65. Joel didn't tell my husband because _____.

- A. he didn't know where they were at all
- B. he didn't think my husband would want them any more
- C. he wanted to play a trick on my husband

A young father was visiting an old neighbour. They were standing in the old man's garden, and talking about children. The young man said, "How strict(严格的)should parents be with their children?"

The old man pointed to a string(细绳)between a big strong tree and a thin young one.

"Please untie(解开)that string," said the old man. "But first pull the string tight(紧)so that the young tree is straight again."

The young man did so. Then the old man said, "There, it is the same with children. You must be strict with them, but sometimes you must untie the string to see how they are getting on. If they are not yet able to stand alone you must tie the string tight again. But when you find that they are ready to stand alone you can take the string away."

66. The story is about _____.

[A] how to take care of young trees

[B] how strict parents should be with their children

[C] how the young father should get on with his old neighbour

67. The young man untied the string _____.

[A] in order to throw it away

[B] so that both of the trees could grow straight

[C] only to find that the young tree bent over to one side

68. When could the string be taken away?

[A] When the old man left.

[B] When the young man untied it next time.

[C] When the young tree grew strong enough.

69. At last the old man told the young man _____.

[A] that he should be strict with his children if they could not stand alone

[B] that he should always be strict with his children

[C] that he should be hard on his children

70. We learn that the big strong tree and the thin young one are like _____.

[A] the young father and the old neighbour

[B] parents and their children

[C] the old neighbour and the children of the young father

第四部分 写作

第一节 改写句子

下面是三对句子。每对句子中,第一句是原句,第二句是对第一句的改写。要求根据原句和第二句中已经给出的部分补全第二句。注意不能改变原句的意思。

71. I want to eat something.

I am _____.

72. The box is empty.

_____ nothing in the box.

73. Tomy spent fifteen dollars on the bag.

The bag _____ him fifteen dollars.