

新题型

英语专业四级 写作特训

金利 编著

- ◆ 改革样题深入分析，题型调整全面解读
- ◆ 传授专四写作技巧，总结布局谋篇方法
- ◆ 剖析历年写作真题，提供高分范文讲解
- ◆ 高分写作强化训练，全真模拟考前集训

TEM 4
根据2015年8月
专四题型调整
全新改版

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新题型 英语专业四级 写作特训

金利 编著

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Preface 前言

专四改革后,写作题型有哪些改变?
面临新的题型调整,考生要如何备战最新的专四写作?
最新改版的专四作文会涉及哪些话题?
如何遣词造句?如何取得高分?
.....

这一系列的问题考生都将在本书中找到答案。

2015年8月,外语专业教学测试专家委员会经过讨论,通过英语专业四级考试(TEM4)题型调整方案,并决定从2016年起对TEM4考试的试卷结构和测试题型作局部调整。编者将2016年新版考试题型、分值等,以及2015年之前的旧版进行了详细的解读,现总结如表1、表2所示:

表1:2016年起英语专业四级各部分题型、题数、分值及考试时间表

序号	题号	各部分名称	题型	题数	计分	比重	考试时间(分钟)
I		听写	作答题	1	10	10%	10
II	(1)-(10) 1-10	听力理解					
		A 讲座	作答题	10	20	20%	20
B 会话	选择题	10					
III	11-30	语言知识	选择题	20	20	20%	10
IV	31-40	完型填空	选择题	10	10	10%	10
V	41-55	阅读理解					
	(41-50)	A 选择题	选择题	15	20	20%	35
	(51-55)	B 简答题	作答题				
VI		写作	作答题	1	20	20%	45
合计				67	100	100%	130

表2:2006-2015年英语专业四级各部分题型、题数、分值及考试时间表

序号	题号	各部分名称	题型	题数	计分	比重	考试时间(分钟)
I		听写	作答题	1	15	15%	15
II	1-30	听力理解					
		A 对话		10	15	15%	20
		B 短文	选择题	10			
		C 新闻		10			

续表

序号	题号	各部分名称	题型	题数	计分	比重	考试时间(分钟)
III	31-50	完型填空	选择题	20	10	10%	15
IV	51-80	语法与词汇	选择题	30	15	15%	15
V	81-100	阅读理解	选择题	20	20	20%	25
VI		写作 A 命题作文 B 便条	作答题	2	25	25%	45 (35) (10)
合计				103	100	100%	135

对比上述两表可以看出,改革后的专四写作在形式和内容上都有很大改变:写作部分取消便条,只保留命题作文,分值由25分降至20分,答题时间不变。考试形式由原来的直接命题作文,改为要求考生根据所给材料写 summary,然后再表达观点。这就要求考生有较强的总结和归纳能力。

为了帮助考生迅速了解和应对改革后的写作新题型,新东方专业英语命题研究组根据多年来对英语专业四级考试的研究以及对改革样题的深入研读,精心策划并编写了这套专四考试特训系列图书。全书紧扣最新专四考试大纲,深入分析写作题型的特点、难点,以全新的视角、全新的理念带你进入全新的专四备考模式:

■ 快速通晓考场战况,揭秘考题关键

出题方式、计分规则、评分标准大公开,知己知彼百战百胜

本书从新版改革大纲着眼,为考生解读专四写作的最新内容与要求,诠释评分原则和标准,分析阅卷者的心理倾向,让考生做到心中有数,从容备考。

最新样题分析和点评,揭秘专四写作的出题特点和趋势

本书将最新样题作文从命题范围、命题形式和命题趋势三个角度出发进行了细致的归纳,让考生对最新专四写作了如指掌。对样题进行一一点评,让考生全面透彻地了解解题作文的写作技巧和写作方法。

■ 夯实基础技能,好词好句大搜索

手把手教你写出好词、好句、好段、好篇

词汇基础讲解,从词语搭配及词汇变化两个方面帮考生轻松奠定词汇基础。

句子基础逐步延伸,从句子标准、常见错误和句式变化三个方面助考生轻松掌握英文句子的写作技巧。

段落技巧,由点及面,从段落特点、段落结构和段落展开三个方面为考生剖析英文段落的写作技巧。

四大写作步骤，为考生提供高效、科学的写作模式，让考生在有限的时间内创作出最优秀的文章。

超实用语料库，为你提供热点词汇及佳句精华

本书根据常考主题，在“全真模拟集训”相关范文后特别设置“素材宝库”，旨在帮助考生扩充写作素材，让考生在考场上不再因写作素材匮乏而多耽误时间，从而提高写作效率；在“基础技能”及“高分写作策略”部分，编者为消费者精心搜集了在关键时刻能派上用场的写作经典句型、热点核心词及谚语佳句精华，帮助考生为文章增色生辉，赢取高分。

■ 详尽解读高分作文秘籍，高度仿真模拟集训

囊括各种常考作文类型，培养全方位的写作能力

本书将三种体裁的专四命题作文，议论文、说明文和记叙文一一抽丝剥茧，精心提炼出写作要领、黄金模板、常用句式、热门话题等高分写作技巧，帮助考生熟悉各种体裁的文章特点，培养全方位的写作能力，辅导考生写出结构完整且逻辑清晰的高分作文。

精心点拨写作思路，高效训练写作技巧

本书结合考生的实际写作需求，构建出一套从高分范文、行文思路、博分好词、佳句精华到素材宝库的完整写作练习模式，旨在让考生熟悉各种写作类型，习得破题、构思、创作的正确方法。书中所提供的精彩范文和实用素材可以帮助考生模仿背诵，激发写作灵感。

新题型全真模拟集训，精彩范文点拨

本书从命题形式、常考文体和常考话题角度出发，为你呈上精心编选的45道“高分演练”训练题，逐步强化考生驾驭各种类型、不同话题作文的写作能力。“高分演练”所提供的优秀范文均配有行文思路，并精心提炼好词佳句，以帮助考生领会高分作文的写作要领，学以致用，提高遣词造句的能力。

毋庸置疑，英文实力是考生取得好成绩的关键因素，而写作实力又是考生英文实力非常重要的一个方面。提高专四写作能力可以帮助考生在专四考试中顺利通关。而让考生在最短的时间内迅速掌握写作技巧、提升写作能力，写出精彩的英语作文正是本书的宗旨所在。

本书得以顺利完成，要特别感谢汇智博纳工作室的金利、蒋志华、何静、李岩岩、白敏、金梅、李雯姬、李素素等老师。他们对英语教学和研究的热爱和投入才使得本书能在第一时间与考生见面。

最后预祝参加专四考试的各位考生马到成功！

编者

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第1章 样题自测与大纲解读

第1节 测试要求与评分标准

考试大纲对写作测试的要求

外语专业教学测试专家委员会经过讨论,于2015年8月通过英语专业四级考试(TEM4)题型调整方案,并决定从2016年起对TEM4考试的试卷结构和测试题型作出局部调整。对于写作的考试要求如下:

1 测试要求

能根据所给的作文题目、图表或阅读材料等,写一篇200个单词左右的作文。能做到内容相关、充实、语言通顺、用词恰当、表达得体。考试时间45分钟。

2 测试形式

本部分为作答题,要求学生根据题目要求作出回答。

本部分为命题作文,文章体裁主要属于说明文、议论文或记叙文的范围。

3 测试目的

测试学生的基本书面表达能力。

改革解读

1. 原Section B便条部分取消。
2. 命题作文出题形式更加多样化,由原来的根据所给作文题目写作文变成根据所给作文题目、图表或阅读材料写作文,由一种出题形式变为三种出题形式。
3. 作文的词数要求不变,仍为200词。
4. 专四写作考试时间不变,仍是45分钟。
5. 写作分值由原来的25分降为20分。

评分标准

专业四级写作在评分时采用整体评分法,要求阅卷者根据对文章内容和语言方面的总体印象确定作文档次,然后给出具体分数。

命题作文评分标准

具体说来,阅卷者在评分时要兼顾三个方面:内容(content relevance, content sufficiency),结构(organization)和语言(language quality)。详见下表:

档次和分数	内容	结构	语法	得体
Band 5 (20-17分)	很好地完成了试题规定的任务;主题突出,论证充分,说理明确。	结构清楚,逻辑性强;文章连贯性好。	几乎没有任何语法错误;能够灵活运用多样的句式;用词确切、恰当;写作规范,几乎没有拼写、标点或大小写错误。	语言得体;语气恰当;有说服力。
Band 4 (16-13分)	较好地完成了试题规定的任务;主题比较突出,论证比较充分,说理比较明确。	结构比较清楚,有一定的逻辑性;文章连贯性较好。	有少量或个别语法错误;能够运用正确的句式;用词准确;写作比较规范,有极个别的拼写、标点或大小写错误。	语言较得体;语气较恰当;有一定说服力。
Band 3 (12-9分)	基本完成了试题规定的任务;主题比较突出,阐述基本清楚。	结构基本清楚,有逻辑性,但不充分;衔接不够顺畅。	有一些语法错误,但不影响意思表达;能够使用不同句式;用词基本准确;存在一些拼写、标点、大小写错误,但不影响意思表达。	文章语气不够恰当;说服力稍差。
Band 2 (8-5分)	部分完成了试题规定的任务;主题不够突出,说理不够明确。	结构比较松散,缺乏一定的逻辑性;缺乏一定的连贯性。	语法错误多,影响意思表达;用词不正确,表达不清楚;拼写、标点、大小写错误多,影响意思表达。	文章语气不恰当,含糊其辞;缺乏说服力。
Band 1 (4-1分)	未完成试题规定的任务;主题模糊,说理不清。	结构混乱,逻辑不清;无连贯性。	语法错误很多且严重,严重影响意思表达;用词不正确,使读者不知其解;有严重拼写、标点、大小写错误,严重影响意思表达。	语气生硬,有失分寸;没有说服力。

注:大小写错误要扣分;标点乱用要扣分。

总的说来，内容方面，主要涉及是否完成写作任务，观点是否清楚，论证是否充分；结构方面，主要考查文章的内容组织的逻辑性和衔接手段使用的合理性；语言方面，则从句子结构是否正确，词汇使用是否准确、恰当来判断；得体性就是指作者是否能够兼顾话题、情景和读者的因素，选择正式的、非正式的或者文学性的词语、句式、时态、语态等进行写作，从而达到较好的效果，这也就是所谓的语言得体。

第 2 节 最新样题自测与点评

Part VI

WRITING

(45 MIN)

Should we revive traditional Chinese characters or continue using simplified characters? This has been an intensely discussed question for years. The following are the supporters' and opponents' opinions. Read carefully the opinions from both sides and write your response in about 200 words, in which you should first summarize briefly the opinions from both sides and give your view on the issue.

Marks will be awarded for content relevance, content sufficiency, organization and language quality. Failure to follow the above instructions may result in a loss of marks.

YES	NO
Traditional characters, which date back to more than 2000 years ago, have a more beautiful appearance and a more reasonable structure. As indicated by the 親 and 愛 examples, traditional characters make more sense, convey traditional values and can therefore represent traditional culture.	In today's world, efficiency matters most. Traditional characters, which usually have more strokes than simplified ones, are more difficult to learn. By contrast, simplified characters are much easier to learn and use.
For two millennia, Chinese historical records and classic works were written in traditional characters. To be able to read them and inherit traditional culture, we need to bring traditional characters back.	Over the past 50 years, lots of classic texts have been turned into simplified-character versions, which means simplified characters can also promote and preserve traditional culture.
Politically, it is also necessary to restore traditional Chinese characters. Currently, traditional Chinese characters are still used in Hong Kong, Taiwan and many Chinese communities around the world. Restoring them can contribute to cross-Straits exchanges and national reunification and unite Chinese people around the world.	Constant simplification has been a trend in the evolution of Chinese characters. From the oracle bones script of 3000 years ago to traditional characters, the Chinese writing system has always been slimming down for better communication.

Write your response on ANSWER SHEET THREE.

写作思维导图

题目: Should We Revive Traditional Chinese Characters or Continue Using Simplified Characters?



开篇首先转述阅读材料中双方的观点: 一方观点是有些人认为繁体字已经不再适用于快节奏的现代生活了; 另一方的观点是有些人认为繁体字是我们对渊博的中国传统文化的继承, 作者由此引出自己的观点, 即支持复兴和使用繁体字。



作者对另一方的观点进行反驳, 并给出两个理由, 即:

分论点1: ... it makes little difference to efficiency whether the characters being typed are traditional or simplified.

分论点2: ... current Chinese scholars are hampered by their lack of ability to read classical texts written in traditional characters.



最后总结自己的观点: ... it would be good to begin to revive traditional Chinese characters.

Should We Revive Traditional Chinese Characters or Continue Using Simplified Characters?

Some argue that, in the modern age, traditional characters are outmoded, as the faster pace of life leaves little room for extra effort. Others, however, believe that traditional characters better express the richness of Chinese cultural heritage. I am in favor of the latter opinion.

I do not agree that in the modern world there is no place for traditional characters. For one thing, now that so many people do their writing by typing on a computer, it makes little difference to efficiency whether the characters being typed are traditional or simplified. Secondly, current Chinese scholars are hampered by their lack of ability to read classical texts written in traditional characters. Though many classics have now been rendered into simplified characters, this is not something that should be relied upon if we want to produce world-class scholars of our own classical literature. It is also the case that if all the Chinese communities around the world were writing in the same way, there would be less feeling of division between us.

I therefore feel that it would be good to begin to revive traditional Chinese characters. Less is not always better, and though simplified characters have played a very important part

in the history of China, it does not mean that they should continue to be the written expression of Chinese language.

老师点评

这篇作文开篇的引题自然流畅，作者首先对比双方的观点：一方观点是有些人认为繁体中文已经不再适用于快节奏的现代生活；另一方观点是有些人认为繁体中文是我们对渊博的中国传统文化的继承，由此引出自己的观点，即支持复兴和使用繁体中文(I am in favor of the latter opinion)，进而自然而然地阐述论点。

主体段落的展开非常充实，以I do not agree that in the modern world there is no place for traditional characters这句话承上启下，引出两条论据：

For one thing...

Secondly...

正文内容饱满，条理清楚。结尾段落则与首段相呼应，进一步得出结论：... it would be good to begin to revive traditional Chinese characters.

通篇文章在语言上通顺流畅，表达得体，如outmode, leave little room for extra effort, heritage, it makes little difference to, lack of ability, render等。

博分好词

outmode *v.* 使……过时

richness *n.* 丰富性，多样性

cultural heritage 文化传承

hamper *v.* 牵制，阻碍

classical *adj.* 经典的，一流的

render *v.* 翻译某事物

佳句精华

1. ... as the faster pace of life leaves little room for extra effort.
因为生活节奏变得越来越快，繁体字几乎毫无用处。
2. I do not agree that... there is no place for...
我不同意……毫无用处这个观点。
3. It makes little difference to efficiency whether... or...
是否……对效率的影响几乎微乎其微。
4. ... this is not something that should be relied upon if...
如果……，这就不是我们所能依靠的东西。

话题拓展

1. Should Ancient Buildings Be Protected or Knocked Down to Give Way to New Buildings?
2. Should Magazines Give Way to the News Media?
3. Should Young Couples Choose Traditional Weddings or Western Weddings?

第1节 专四写作样题分析

一、题目构成

考题一般要求考生按所给作文题目、图表或阅读材料撰写文章。以样题为例：

Part VI

WRITING

(45 MIN)

Should we revive traditional Chinese characters or continue using simplified characters? This has been an intensely discussed question for years. The following are the supporters' and opponents' opinions. Read carefully the opinions from both sides and write your response in about 200 words, in which you should first summarize briefly the opinions from both sides and give your view on the issue.

Marks will be awarded for content relevance, content sufficiency, organization and language quality. Failure to follow the above instructions may result in a loss of marks.

YES	NO
Traditional characters, which date back to more than 2000 years ago, have a more beautiful appearance and a more reasonable structure. As indicated by the 親 and 愛 examples, traditional characters make more sense, convey traditional values and can therefore represent traditional culture.	In today's world, efficiency matters most. Traditional characters, which usually have more strokes than simplified ones, are more difficult to learn. By contrast, simplified characters are much easier to learn and use.
For two millennia, Chinese historical records and classic works were written in traditional characters. To be able to read them and inherit traditional culture, we need to bring traditional characters back.	Over the past 50 years, lots of classic texts have been turned into simplified-character versions, which means simplified characters can also promote and preserve traditional culture.
Politically, it is also necessary to restore traditional Chinese characters. Currently, traditional Chinese characters are still used in Hong Kong, Taiwan and many Chinese communities around the world. Restoring them can contribute to cross-Straits exchanges and national reunification and unite Chinese people around the world.	Constant simplification has been a trend in the evolution of Chinese characters. From the oracle bones script of 3000 years ago to traditional characters, the Chinese writing system has always been slimming down for better communication.

由上例可以看出,专四考试命题写作的“要求”部分比较详细:“要求”的第一部分为一段介绍性文字,引出写作话题,限定写作任务,说明写作目的;“要求”的第二部分为阅读材料,给出了正反两种观点。

我们可以先看看近些年专四考试命题作文的题目构成:

年份	题目	情景提示	写作要求
2015	How I Deal with Stress? 如何应对压力?	According to a recent survey on college students' mental well-being, 20 percent of college students experience various kinds of stress. Interpersonal communication, finding jobs, and study are among the top factors that cause anxiety and stress among students. Have you ever had such problems? And how do you tackle the problem(s)?	You are to write in three parts. In the first part, state the kind of stress you have experienced. In the second part, explain how you deal with the stress. In the last part, bring what you have written to a natural conclusion or make a summary.
2014	Should English Majors Study Maths? 英语专业学生应该学数学吗?	An undergraduate of English at a university, in a recent letter to the university's president, complained about the mandatory maths classes he had to take. He said that because a language major has little use for maths, he would forget all of his maths lessons soon after taking the required exams. What do you think of his opinion?	You are to write in three parts. In the first part, state specifically what your opinion is. In the second part, provide one or two reasons to support your opinion. In the last part, bring what you have written to a natural conclusion or make a summary.
2013	题目自拟	Most of us, as students, are careful with our money in daily life: we collect all kinds of coupons (优惠券); we look for group-buy deals if we eat out or travel; we don't buy clothes unless in a sale. However, some people think that all this may not make us smart consumers. What is your opinion?	You are to write in three parts. In the first part, state specifically what your opinion is. In the second part, provide one or two reasons or your experience(s) to support your opinion. In the last part, bring what you have written to a natural conclusion or make a summary.

年份	题目	情景提示	写作要求
2012	The Dragon Boat Festival 端午节	The Dragon Boat Festival (端午节) is one of the important national festivals in China.	First, you should tell what you know about the festival. Second, you should describe how you or other people usually observe the festival.
2011	Should Private Car Owners Be Taxed for Pollution? 私家车车主是否该交污染税?	Recently government agencies in some big cities have been studying the possibility of putting a "pollution tax" on private cars. The amount of tax private car owners would have to pay would depend on the emission levels, i.e. engine or vehicle size. This has caused quite a stir among the public. Some regard it as an effective way to control the number of cars and reduce pollution in the city. But others don't think so. What is your opinion?	You are to write in three parts. In the first part, state specifically what your opinion is. In the second part, provide one or two reasons to support your opinion. In the last part, bring what you have written to a natural conclusion or make a summary.
2010	Should College Students Hire Cleaners? 大学生是否应该雇清洁工?	It was recently reported in a newspaper that six students who shared a dorm at a local university hired a cleaner to do laundry and cleaning once a week. And each of them paid her 60 <i>yuan</i> a month. This has led to a heated debate as to whether college students should hire cleaners.	You are to write in three parts. In the first part, state clearly what your view is. In the second part, support your view with appropriate reasons. In the last part, bring what you have written to a natural conclusion or mke a summary.