

COLLEGE ENGLISH TESTS

BAND 1

大学英语同步水平

练与考

1级

秦罡引/主编

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College English Tests Band 1

大学英语同步水平练与考 1 级

秦昱引 主编

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前 言

《大学英语同步水平练与考(1—4级)》根据《全国大学英语四、六级教学与考试大纲》所规定的考试题型,依据《大学英语教学大纲通用词汇表》,分听力、阅读、词汇结构、简短回答及作文等几大项来编写,与大学英语教学课程和计划同步,一学期一册,共分四级。每册有12套考试题,每套试卷都有从听力到作文比较完整的考试题型。本系列属水平能力练习与检测题,可独立用于课堂测试,也可供学生课后自学。参加本套书编写的作者,都是长期从事大学英语教学和四、六级考试指导且成绩优秀的老师。此次编写,作者还将近期教学与考试中出现的新内容、新题型吸收进来,使该套书具有较强的时效性和实用性,可与各高校现使用的《全新版大学英语》、《新视野大学英语》、《大学英语》、《新编大学英语》、《21世纪大学英语》、《当代大学英语》和《大学核心英语》等教材配套使用。

1级水平测试题与上述教材的1级水平同步,可作1级辅导教材,也可作大学英语1级测试题。

参加本书编写的人员有:于百川、于晓芳、华玉香、杨丽娇、杨靖、李佑坝、李辉、吴凤兰、汪凯、陈适、陈海峰、武小玲、洪桢、骆河芊、骆建军、秦罡引、黄颖、曹志蕊、曹芳菲、崔丽、梁松鹤、梁莉、鲁可、童海纳、裘正铨、满永珍。

由于时间仓促和编者水平局限,书中难免有不足之处,真诚欢迎同行和使用者提出宝贵意见。

编 者

2004年7月

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College English Test 1

Part I

Listening Comprehension

(20 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section, you're going to hear 12 sentences for three times. First repeat each sentence you hear. Then listen again and write the sentence down. Check your answer when you hear the sentence for the third time.

1. _____.
2. _____.
3. _____.
4. _____.
5. _____.
6. _____.
7. _____.
8. _____.
9. _____.
10. _____.
11. _____.
12. _____.

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 2 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then blacken the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

Passage One

Questions 13 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.

13. A) A piece of news.
B) An advertisement.
C) A little story.

- D) A picture of a car.
14. A) £ 45.19.
B) £ 54.99.
C) £ 34.79.
D) £ 74.89.
15. A) A pump.
B) A girl.
C) A lamp.
D) An extra.
16. A) Because the lamp was in the advertisement but not included in the price.
B) Because there was a girl in the advertisement.
C) Because the price was too high.
D) Because the shopkeeper didn't want to sell the bicycle to him.
17. A) There is no lamp on the bicycle in the advertisement.
B) There is a pump on the bicycle.
C) There is not a girl on the bicycle.
D) There's also a girl in the advertisement, but we don't supply one with the bicycle.

Passage Two

Questions 18 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

18. A) The advantages of refrigeration.
B) Cooking food in the summer.
C) Food spoilage in the summer.
D) Fun in the summer.
19. A) Cookies.
B) Chickens.
C) Eggs.
D) Icecream.
20. A) Eat it immediately.
B) Try a little.
C) Throw it away.
D) Cook it thoroughly.

Part II

Reading Comprehension

(35 minutes)

Directions: There are four passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Passage One

Questions 21 to 25 are based on the following passage.

My interest in Chinese food started many years ago, when I had my first job. I was a young reporter for the Daily Journal in San Francisco. Our office wasn't far from China town. I usually managed to arrange my schedule so that I could go there at least two or three times a week for a good meal.

The first time I ever ate Chinese food I loved it. And since then, it just tastes better and better to me. The first thing I noticed was the fresh taste of meat and vegetables. When I learned more about the food, I began to understand why it has this unique feature.

About 5,000 years ago, China lost much of its wood because of over-population and poor management of its forests. This loss was very bad for the country, of course, it turned out to be good for the food. Wood became very expensive and hard to get, so the Chinese had to either find a substitute for their valuable wood, or learn how to use it better. There weren't any substitutes available, so people found ways to economize.

In order to economize in cooking, they had to use very little wood. So they started cutting their meat and vegetables into small pieces before they put them in the hot oil. That way, the food cooked faster and saved their fuel. The food prepared in this manner kept its fresh flavor and it's this flavor that attracts people to the art of Chinese cooking.

I often wonder if the Chinese understood their solution to that ancient energy crisis as much as I do now — whenever I eat Chinese food.

21. The writer's interest in Chinese food started _____.
A) from his childhood
B) before he was a reporter
C) when he had his first job
D) weeks ago
22. The word "unique" in paragraph two means _____.
A) wonderful
B) specific
C) pleasant
D) unusual
23. Why did the Chinese cut the food into small pieces before they cooked it?
A) They wanted to make it more attractive to people.
B) They did not have enough wood.
C) They wanted to make it tasty.
D) They wanted to keep its fresh.
24. What makes Chinese food attract people most?
A) The way it was cooked.
B) The hot oil.

- C) The small pieces.
 - D) The flavor.
25. According to the article, we can say that the ancient energy problem _____.
- A) made the Chinese helpless in their cooking
 - B) was great disaster to the Chinese people
 - C) helped the Chinese to find economical ways of cooking
 - D) enabled the Chinese food to be cooked in hot oil

Passage Two

Questions 26 to 30 are based on the following passage.

Stone Hill Mall has fewer large department stores than most malls but, instead, features more than 100 small specialty shops, while the few that are not used yet will be filled as soon as the mall's owners find proprietors (业主) who fit the mall's image.

One thing that makes Stone Hill Mall popular was that all of the stores remain open from 9 a. m. until 10 p. m., Monday through Friday. This favorable start has certainly been advantageous thanks to such features as it's being the only shopping center in the area to suit every pocket, with the possible exception of the highly budget-conscious. Furthermore, as far as movie entertainment is concerned, Stone Hill Mall tops Westgate Mall, which looked very impressive when it opened last year, with three separate cinemas.

Besides, the air-conditioning system makes sure a comfortable inside temperature of 25 degrees centigrade no matter what the weather is like outside, and in addition to its three beautiful fountains, the mall has a quiet garden area with comfortable benches and chair for shoppers who have become tired.

One complaint about Stone Hill Mall is that it is located outside the city, but there is a regular bus service between the mall and the city center. A further complaint might be that, although the mall is surrounded by trees to mix it with the scenery, it will be some years before these can effectively make the main buildings and the vast parking lot a part of the area around.

26. Stone Hill Mall is different from other malls because it has _____.
- A) more large department stores
 - B) more empty space to rent
 - C) many shops selling special goods
 - D) shops selling expensive goods
27. Stone Hill Mall is popular with shoppers mainly because of its _____.
- A) long business hours
 - B) attractive restaurants
 - C) children's stores
 - D) entertainment facilities
28. What makes Stone Hill Mall a more favorable shopping place is _____.

- A) the prices in the shops
 - B) the weather in the area
 - C) the childcare facilities
 - D) the conditions inside the mall
29. It is implied in the passage that the writer takes a _____ attitude towards the mall.
- A) critical
 - B) indifferent
 - C) fair
 - D) one-sided
30. The main purpose of the passage is to _____.
- A) compare Stone Hill Mall with other shopping centers
 - B) introduce the unique features of the mall
 - C) discuss its strengths and weaknesses
 - D) draw attention to the inadequacies of shopping centers

Passage Three

Questions 31 to 35 are based on the following passage.

Chess must be one of the oldest games in the world. An Arab traveler in India in the year 900 wrote that it was played "long long ago". Chess was probably invented in India, and it has been played everywhere in the world, from Asia to Europe, from America to Africa ever since 1400. The name "chess" is interesting. When one player is attacking the other's king, he says in English "check mate". These words came from the Persian words of "Shan mat", which means "the king is dead". That is when the game is over, and one player has won.

Though such an old game changes very slowly, its present rules haven't always been the same as they used to. For example, at one time the queen could only move one square at a time. Now she is the strongest piece on the board. It would be interesting to know why this has happened.

Chess takes time and thought, but it is a game for all kinds of people. You don't have to be a champion in order to enjoy it. Nor is it always played by two people sitting at the same table. The first time the Americans beat the Russians was in a match played by radio. What's more, some of the chess masters are able to play many people at the same time. The record was set when one man played 400 games. It is also said that some people play chess by post, which must make chess the slowest game in the world.

31. According to the passage, chess _____.
- A) was invented by an Arab traveler in India
 - B) is the oldest game in the world
 - C) had been played everywhere before 1,400
 - D) had been played in India long before 900

32. One player will win the game when _____.
 A) he attacks his own king
 B) the other player's king cannot move
 C) the other player says "Shan mat" to him
 D) the other player says "check mate" to him
33. One of the present rules is that _____.
 A) the queen can move more than one square at a time
 B) the queen cannot move more than one square at a time
 C) the queen cannot move anywhere
 D) the king cannot move anywhere
34. Which of the following is NOT a feature of chess?
 A) Chess is a slow game.
 B) Chess must be played across the table.
 C) Everyone can enjoy chess.
 D) Chess takes thought.
35. Which of the following could best replace the title of the passage?
 A) The Slowest Game.
 B) A History of Games.
 C) Chess — an Old Game.
 D) A Game in India.

Passage Four

Questions 36 to 40 are based on the following passage.

Solid transmits (传递) sound very well. Try holding a wooden stick against part of a machine, and place your ears against the stick. The movement of the ball-bearings (滚珠轴承) can be clearly heard. This is good way of finding the exact source of trouble in a motor-car engine which sounds as if it is wrong and yet gives no information of where the trouble is.

It is probably a good thing that sound cannot travel through a vacuum, for we are thus limited to earth-made sounds. The violent disturbances which are seen occasionally in the sun, for example, may affect our magnetism (磁力) and our radio; they do not affect our ears, which is a very good thing for our peace of mind.

If we have used our eyes and ears, we may have realized that sound takes time to travel through the air. The sound of thunder nearly always follow the lightning flash although they happen at exactly the same time. And the appearance of a white cloud above a distant ship or train tells us, before anything is heard, that its whistle has sounded. Just how fast does sound travel through the air?

The speed of sound in the air at ordinary temperature is about 1,100 feet per second, which is about one mile in five seconds or about 700 miles per hour. The speed of sound increases slightly with a rise in temperature and falls with a decrease in temperature. It is not

affected by the pressure of the air.

36. Which of the following can be the best title of the passage?
- A) How Much Sound Affects Our Ears.
 - B) How Fast Sound Travels.
 - C) Solid and Sound.
 - D) Air and Sound.
37. Why do we never hear anything that happens on the sun?
- A) Because we are only used to earth-made sound.
 - B) Because we tend to enjoy our peace of mind.
 - C) Because of the distance between the earth and the sun.
 - D) Because of vacuum between the earth and the sun.
38. Why does the sound of thunder always follow the lightning flash according to the passage?
- A) Because the sound of thunder travel more slowly through the air.
 - B) Because the lightning flash takes no time to travel through the air.
 - C) Because the lightning flash appears before the thunder is heard.
 - D) Because our eyes are keener than our ears.
39. According to the passage, how fast does sound travel through the air at ordinary temperature?
- A) About 700 meters per hour.
 - B) About 1,100 feet per minute.
 - C) About 66,000 feet per minute.
 - D) About one kilometer in five seconds.
40. How does temperature affect the speed of sound?
- A) The speed of sound increases with a rise in temperature.
 - B) The speed of sound decreases with a rise in temperature.
 - C) The speed of sound increases in lower temperature and greater pressure.
 - D) Temperature has no effect on the speed of sound.

Part III

Vocabulary and Structure

(20 minutes)

Directions: For each of the following incomplete sentences, there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Choose the one answer that best completes the sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

41. Some of the passengers told the reporters about their _____ in the burning train.
- A) details
 - B) trips
 - C) events
 - D) experiences
42. After the president made an official announcement, she expressed her _____ opinion.

- A) personal B) private
C) single D) individual
43. These football players had no strict _____ until they joined our club.
A) practice B) training
C) education D) exercise
44. You can take as many as you like because they are free of _____.
A) charge B) pay
C) money D) fare
45. The new research team was led by the _____ engineer who had experience.
A) chief B) primary
C) main D) major
46. A _____ will be offered for information leading to the arrest of the bank robber.
A) profit B) reward
C) fund D) price
47. Electricity, like other forms of _____, has greatly increased in price.
A) power B) force
C) strength D) energy
48. The director is very busy, so he is _____ not at home on Sundays.
A) most B) mostly
C) hardly D) already
49. Bob has made up his mind to leave here, so it won't be easy to _____ him to stay here.
A) suggest B) prevent
C) persuade D) make
50. You may take this kind of medicine without any ill _____.
A) effect B) affect
C) aim D) action
51. With doctors' effort, the patient is certain to _____ before long.
A) go through B) pull through
C) get through D) break through
52. We tried to _____ the nervous old lady that flying was safe.
A) assure B) promise
C) believe D) be sure
53. " _____ your brother's letter when you have time," I said, but he asked, "Must I _____ to his letter?"
A) Answer ... reply B) Reply ... answer
C) Answer ... answer D) Reply ... reply
54. The girl _____ red when she _____.

- A) went ... was lying B) caught ... lay
C) broke ... lied D) became ... laid
55. It is _____ that some mistakes will happen, but it doesn't mean that you can ignore them.
A) certainly B) surely
C) certain D) sure
56. While my _____ teacher had been patient with all the students, my new teacher would punish those who made mistakes.
A) form B) former
C) formal D) normal
57. She _____ me a present for my birthday last month, but she forgot it at all.
A) agreed B) approved
C) promised D) meant
58. I'm sure that music is hurting your ears as well as your brain, would you please _____ it _____.
A) turn ... up B) turn ... down
C) turn ... on D) turn ... to
59. It's very sad when husbands and wives _____ with each other.
A) debate B) discuss
C) quarrel D) argue
60. New scientific discoveries constantly _____ us.
A) wonder B) surprise
C) amaze D) astonish
61. It is suggested that we _____ the design of the machine before May Day.
A) have finished B) will finish
C) should have finished D) should finish
62. Certainly television is one of the major modern wonders of electronics in _____ world.
A) us changing B) our changing
C) our changed D) us changed
63. We must stick to _____ education in all schools without any exception.
A) quality B) quantity
C) character D) personality
64. Two rivers connected to form one _____ waterway.
A) constant B) steady
C) continual D) continuous
65. She is so _____ that she doesn't even know where Beijing is.
A) foolish B) silly

- C) stupid D) ignorant
66. My father was _____ with his new study on the latest theory.
A) pleasing B) pleasant
C) pleased D) pleasure
67. His mother told him not to talk _____ at breakfast time.
A) proudly B) nervously
C) constantly D) properly
68. The children like to watch the planes _____ and land from far away.
A) take out B) take away
C) take up D) take off
69. Your carelessness will _____ you your life.
A) waste B) use
C) cost D) spend
70. She told the dentist that the toothache had kept her _____ the night before.
A) wake B) woke
C) waking D) awake

Part IV

Cloze

(15 minutes)

Directions: There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

When my wife, who is Spanish, spent her first winter in London a few years ago, she used to ask me time and again, "Where is the fog?" Almost all foreigners 71 to find the city wreathed in yellow-grey mist for most of the year. Dickens, who was 72 responsible for painting this 73 in people's minds, certainly wasn't exaggerating in those days. People 74 in the nineteenth century that when someone 75 suicide by jumping into the Thames he was choked by the fog and poisoned by the terrible 76 of the river before he had time to drown himself. In fact, the situation 77 in recent years. When I was a boy in London thirty years ago I was often unable to see 78 of the road when I left home on winter mornings.

The decisive steps that have turned London into one of the 79 cities in the world 80 taken at the end of the 1950s. But Londoners still 81 that fog 82 returns. The change took place as a result of two main improvements. Factories were compelled to install clean air equipment 83 close down, and private householders were not allowed to 84 coal unless it was smoke-free. But the 85 ecological miracle in London occurred 86 1964 onwards when the Thames Water Authority began to pump vast 87 of dis-

solved oxygen into the river. 88, all the species of fish that had gradually disappeared from the Thames 89 1,800 have returned. Some are even caught by fishermen 90 the House of Parliament.

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 71. A) look forward | B) manage |
| C) wish | D) expect |
| 72. A) first of all | B) above all |
| C) after all | D) all the more |
| 73. A) picture | B) image |
| C) photo | D) portrait |
| 74. A) were used to saying | B) used to saying |
| C) were used to say | D) used to say |
| 75. A) made | B) committed |
| C) did | D) was committed |
| 76. A) fume | B) smell |
| C) smoke | D) gas |
| 77. A) only has changed | B) only changes |
| C) has only changed | D) changed only |
| 78. A) other side | B) another side |
| C) the other side | D) along side |
| 79. A) clean | B) cleaner |
| C) cleanest | D) more clean |
| 80. A) was | B) were |
| C) have been | D) had been |
| 81. A) find it strange | B) find out strange |
| C) find strange | D) find out it strange |
| 82. A) hardly | B) barely |
| C) scarcely | D) seldom |
| 83. A) and | B) but |
| C) to | D) or |
| 84. A) use | B) make |
| C) produce | D) burn |
| 85. A) true | B) truly |
| C) real | D) really |
| 86. A) in | B) from |
| C) on | D) through |
| 87. A) numbers | B) number |
| C) amount | D) quantities |
| 88. A) Therefore | B) Nevertheless |

- C) However
89. A) before
C) after
90. A) outside
C) inside
- D) As a result
B) since
D) in
B) in the front of
D) beside

Part V

Writing

(30 minutes)

Directions: *In this part, you (suppose your name is Li Ming) are asked to write a letter to introduce your university to your former classmate, Zhang Jun. You should write at least 120 words and you should base your composition on the outline below.*

1. 这是一所有着百年历史的大学。
2. 学校尽管离城区较远,但交通还算方便。
3. 学校有着各种良好的硬件设施,老师们很优秀,同学们也很友好。

A Letter

Dear Zhang Jun,

Sept. 20

yours,
Li Ming

College English Test 2

Part I Listening Comprehension

(20 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section, you're going to hear 12 sentences for three times. First repeat each sentence you hear. Then listen again and write the sentence down. Check your answer when you hear the sentence for the third time.

1. _____.
2. _____.
3. _____.
4. _____.
5. _____.
6. _____.
7. _____.
8. _____.
9. _____.
10. _____.
11. _____.
12. _____.

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 2 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then blacken the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

Passage One

Questions 13 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.

13. A) A panda.
B) A pigeon.
C) A penguin.