

新标准英语 听说练

黄锡荣 主编



NEW STANDARD ENGLISH

初中三年级
上册



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前 言

为了适应我国课程改革及中学英语教学的实际需要，我们以教育部颁布的《英语课程标准》为依据，组织具有丰富教学经验和较高编写水平的重点中学一线教师及教研人员，遵循初中三年级学生的身心发展规律和素质教育的理念，编写了这本《新标准英语听说练（初中三年级上册）》，供初中三年级学生使用。

本书依照“题材—功能—结构—任务”的总体思路编写，着力于开发学生学习潜能，启迪学生思维。在栏目设计及内容安排上既注意基础知识的落实，又着重综合运用语言能力的培养；既充分反映教材特色，又体现课程改革精神。

本书每个模块由 MODULE GOALS, LISTENING, SPEAKING, GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY, READING, WRITING 等板块组成。

MODULE GOALS 概括提出本模块中听、说、读、写的总体要求，引领学生明确学习“任务”。LISTENING 考虑初中三年级学生的年龄特点，紧扣教材内容，图文并茂，配有录音材料和录音磁带，旨在培养学生通过听来获取英语语言信息的能力。SPEAKING 围绕教材规定的任务，根据学生知识结构及认知规律，设计了便于学生上口的对话材料，以培养学生“动口”的能力。GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY 设计灵活多样的语法、词汇、词组、句型等操练材料，旨在培养学生语言的基础和技能。READING 提供题材丰富、内容新颖、语言地道的阅读文段，旨在培养学生的阅读理解能力。WRITING 结合学生所学语言知识，给出提示语，让学生按要求写短文；或只给出题目，给学生留出充分的想象空间，使其有感而发、有话可写，以尽快提高英语写作水平。

本书由苟荷莲、刘波、郭久清、李斌等编写，黄锡荣主编。

编 者

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Module 1 Wonders of the world



MODULE GOALS

Function	Describing places and experiences
Structure	Review of tenses: present, past and future simple; present and past continuous; present perfect
Listening/Speaking	Listening for specific information Having a conversation about a school magazine
Reading/Writing	Identifying the writer's purpose Describing a wonder of the world
Around the world	Stonehenge; a man-made wonder of the world
Task	Making a poster of a wonder of the world
Words/Expressions	wonder, band, review, ancient, composition, grade, pyramid, pupil, meeting, listen up, call, event, natural, get out of, light, reply, clear, rise, ground, below, edge, on the edge of, disappear, distance, huge, face, height



LISTENING

I. Listen and choose what you hear.

- | | | |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. A. writing | B. write | C. writes |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. A. bank | B. band | C. back |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3. A. long | B. longest | C. longer |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4. A. long | B. high | C. wide |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5. A. disappear | B. disappears | C. disappeared |

II. Listen to the conversations and choose the right answers.

- ☐ 6. What did the man visit last month?



A

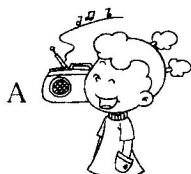


B



C

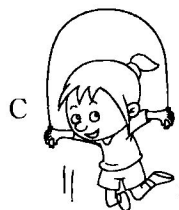
☐ 7. What is the girl doing?



A



B



C

☐ 8. What does the man want to buy?

A. A coat.

B. A dress.

C. A skirt.

☐ 9. What does the man want?

A. Some fruit.

B. Some cakes.

C. A cup of tea.

☐ 10. How long is the Changjiang River?

A. About 6,300 kilometers.

B. About 61,300 kilometers.

C. About 3,600 kilometers.

III. Listen to the conversation and answer the questions from 11 to 15.

☐ 11. Where has the woman been?

A. She has been to China.

B. She has been to America.

C. She has been to Japan.

☐ 12. How long has the woman stay in China?

A. Less than two months.

B. About two months.

C. Neither A nor B.

☐ 13. How far is E'mei Mountain away from Chengdu?

A. About 116 kilometers.

B. About 106 kilometers.

C. About 160 kilometers.

☐ 14. How high is the highest point of E'mei Mountain?

A. 3,000 kilometers.

B. Less than 3,000 kilometers.

C. More than 3,000 kilometers.

☐ 15. When will the man visit China?

A. In September.

B. Before September.

C. After September.

IV. Listen to the passage and answer the questions from 16 to 20.

☐ 16. When was the Great Wall built?

A. It was built more than 2,000 years ago.

B. It was built 200 years ago.

C. Neither A nor B.

☐ 17. How long is the Great Wall?

A. Less than 6,000 kilometers.

B. More than 6,000 kilometers.

C. 6,000 kilometers.

☐ 18. How high is the Great Wall?

A. Six meters.

B. Seven meters.

C. Six to seven meters.

☐ 19. How wide is the Great Wall?

A. Four to five meters.

B. Four meters.

C. Five meters.

☐ 20. Where do the visitors come from to visit the Great Wall every year?

A. From China.

B. From other countries.

C. Both A and B.



SPEAKING

I. Choose the sentences given to complete the conversation.

M: Hello, Jane! I'm very glad to see you again!

W: Hi, George! Where did you spend your holiday?

M: 1

W: Did you have a good time?

M: Yes, 2 I visited Jiu Zhaigou, Si Guniang Mountain and E'mei Mountain.

W: Wonderful! 3

M: Of course! Would you like to have a look?

W: That's great! 4

M: It's warm, sometimes a little cold, especially on the top of E'mei Mountain. 5

W: I just stayed at home and visited some relatives.

A. I enjoyed myself very much.

B. What's the weather like?

C. I visited Sichuan Province, China.

D. How about your holiday?

E. Have you taken any photos?

II. Fill in each of the blanks with a suitable word to complete the conversation.

Lucy: Hi, Mark. How is your summer 1 ?

Mark: Oh, it was great.

Lucy: How 2 yours?

Mark: 3, too.

Lucy: 4 did you go?

Mark: I 5 to Qingdao with my parents.

Lucy: How do you 6 Qingdao?

Mark: It's one of the 7 cities in China. The people there are very 8. I like it very much.

Lucy: How 9 did you stay there?

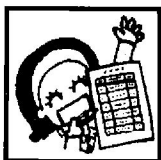
Mark: I stayed there 10 seven days.

Lucy: What interesting things did you do there?

Mark: Lots of things, such as swimming, boating.

Lucy: Oh, really? I can't wait to go there.

1		2		3		4		5	
6		7		8		9		10	



GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

I. Match the words with the explanations.

A. reply B. disappear C. wonder D. modern E. distance F. stranger G. natural
H. huge I. gate J. height

- ☐ 1. someone you don't know
- ☐ 2. the amount of space between two places or things
- ☐ 3. an entrance
- ☐ 4. of the present time or recent times
- ☐ 5. something that fills you with surprise
- ☐ 6. to say or write something as an answer to somebody/something
- ☐ 7. very large in size or amount; great in degree
- ☐ 8. not made or caused by human beings
- ☐ 9. how tall a person or thing is
- ☐ 10. to become impossible to see

II. Choose the best answer.

- ☐ 1. The girl is 1.6 meters _____.

A. long

B. tall

C. high

- ☐2. Zhou Jielun is my _____ star.
A. favourite B. more favourite C. most favourite
- ☐3. She'll do an interview _____ the winner of the game.
A. to B. with C. about
- ☐4. I _____ the Great Wall twice.
A. have been to B. has gone to C. went to
- ☐5. The river is 15 kilometers _____.
A. high B. long C. tall
- ☐6. The bookstore _____ for more than four years.
A. has been opened B. has open C. has opening
- ☐7. She is writing a composition _____ *My Best Friend*.
A. call B. calls C. called
- ☐8. —How _____ is the mountain?
—It's about 1,000 kilometers.
A. high B. tall C. deep
- ☐9. That's news _____ me.
A. with B. for C. to
- ☐10. Would you please give me some advice _____ how to study English?
A. on B. of C. with
- ☐11. Please check you exercises _____.
A. careful B. carefully C. care
- ☐12. The Changjiang River is _____ than any other one in China.
A. long B. longer C. longest
- ☐13. The Changjiang River is _____ one in China.
A. longer B. longest C. the longest
- ☐14. The river is about _____ wide.
A. ten meter B. ten-meter C. ten-meters
- ☐15. The play _____ for ten minutes.
A. has began B. has started C. has been on

III. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs.

- The earth _____ (move) around the sun.
- We _____ (go) out if it _____ (be) fine tomorrow.
- He _____ (reply) my questions at the end of the meeting yesterday.
- His mother _____ (be, write) a novel these days.
- The sun _____ (rise) in the east and _____ (set) in the west.
- They wanted _____ (know) when we _____ (leave) for Taiyuan.
- She _____ (be) to England many times.
- The people in the city _____ (call) Hangzhou are very friendly.
- Did you _____ (listen) to the news last night?

10. I hope it _____ (not, rain) tomorrow.

IV. Complete the following sentences according to the Chinese given.

1. Please _____ (写下) these new words on your notebook.
2. I'll _____ (做采访) with Mr Li tomorrow.
3. There is a big house _____ (在……的边缘) of the town.
4. When they _____ (从……内出来) the bus, they found a beautiful building.
5. _____ (注意听) what the teacher is saying, please.
6. When she looked _____ (向左看), she saw a tall building over there.
7. _____ (在……的底部) the building, there is a garden.
8. When I walked _____ (沿着) the road, I was very happy.
9. There is a big tree _____ (在……前部) the house.
10. He walked slowly _____ (因为) his bad leg.



READING

I. Cloze test.

Read and choose the best answer to fill in each of the blanks.

Jessie was driving home happily when a truck went past her car. The driver was moving much too fast. When Jessie neared her exit(出口), she 1 something and stopped her car to the right of the highway(高速公路). An accident had happened on the left side. The truck had 2 a car, but the driver was gone. Jessie thought that the people inside must be badly hurt and she should help them as much as she could.

Not thinking of the 3, Jessie hurried to the other side of the road, though few people dared(敢) cross such a busy road. Looking into the car, she saw five people—two women and three children. Jessie was 4 to see all of them moving.

Jessie pulled one of the car doors. It wouldn't open. She went to the next door. 5, she couldn't move it. She almost thought that all were lost before she got one of the doors to open a little. "Please get the children out," one of the women said. Jessie 6 a little boy from the car and moved him to a 7 place. Then she went to bring the other children to safety.

After the last child was out of the car, Jessie thought of the box in 8 car. She had something in it that could help get that door open. So she got the box quickly. As Jessie was 9 on the door, the driver said, "Not many people would do what you're doing." "You just take it easy, and I'll have you 10 soon," said Jessie. She was as good as her word. As soon as she helped the women out of the car, it caught fire.

- | | | |
|--|------------|-------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. A. did | B. saw | C. made |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. A. hit | B. met | C. passed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3. A. matter | B. trouble | C. danger |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4. A. proud | B. happy | C. nervous |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5. A. Again | B. Clearly | C. Perhaps |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 6. A. picked | B. dropped | C. pulled |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 7. A. quiet | B. cool | C. safe |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 8. A. their | B. her | C. another |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 9. A. working | B. turning | C. knocking |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 10. A. back | B. past | C. out |

II. Reading comprehension.

A) Read and choose the best answer.

Big Ben is the great clock high up in the tower of the parliament building.

Big Ben's story started in 1834. In that year the old parliament building burned down. Its clock tower crashed to the ground. There had to build a new building and a new clock.

Plans were made. They called for "the King of Clock, the biggest and best in the world". So the clock had to be big. And it had to keep very good time.

The big clock was made in two years. But it couldn't be put on the tower. The tower wasn't even built!

Five more years went by before the clock tower was finished. Then the giant hour bell was put in place. It rang out for the first time on July 11st, 1859.

This great bell had to have a name. A meeting of Parliament was called to pick one. "The clock is the King of Clocks," one man said. "Let's call the bell the Queen of Bells."

"Then why not Victoria?" said another. (Victoria was the British queen at that time.)

The talk about names went on and on. Then Benjamin Hall got up to speak. He was a big man whom the others liked. By this time they were all tired. Someone shouted, "Why not call it Big Ben?"

Everybody laughed, and the meeting broke up. But it was Big Ben from then on. Not just the bell, but the whole clock.

- ☐1. When did the old parliament building burn down?

A. In 1834.	B. In 1859.	C. Neither A nor B.
-------------	-------------	---------------------
- ☐2. How long did it take to make the big clock?

A. About two years.	
B. Five years.	
C. More than five years.	
- ☐3. How many names given to the clock are listed in the passage?

A. One.	B. Four.	C. Three.
---------	----------	-----------
- ☐4. What name is given to the clock at last?

A. The Queen of Bells.	B. Big Ben.	C. Victoria.
------------------------	-------------	--------------

□5. Which of the following is NOT true?

A. The name of the clock came from a man's name called Benjamin Hall.

B. After the tower was built up, the new clock was made.

C. In 1859, the queen of British was Victoria.

B) Read and fill in each of the blanks with the word given in its proper form.

advantage playing bring attract hope difficult stop over truth tell

It is very 1 to find a public place without advertisements now. We can see them in the newspaper, on the television, and hear them 2 the radio, even when we watch a ball game, ads will meet our eyes.

It is true that in the activities of business ads are 3 a more and more important part. They 4 people about new products and help more in sales(销售). In this way they help to be on the increase of products. This is a big 5.

However, ads also 6 people all kinds of disadvantages. For example, some of the manufacturers(制造商), in their 7 to win a big market for their products, are even so dishonest that they don't tell the 8 about their products. When you are watching an interesting TV play, it is suddenly 9 by some ads and they are appearing on the screen. All above, people may get tired of ads. Also some ads 10 children, and they ask their parents to buy them something in the ads. From this point, ads really have some disadvantages.

1		2		3		4		5	
6		7		8		9		10	



WRITING

Please write a short passage about one place where you have been. It must include when you went there and what impressed on you most.

Module 2 Great books



MODULE GOALS

Function	Talking about books, writers and thinkers
Structure	Present simple passive
Listening/Speaking	Matching words and photographs Talking about favourite books, plays, poems and writers
Reading/Writing	Transferring information from a passage to a table Making notes and writing about a favourite book
Around the world	Plato
Task	Organising a class talk
Words/Expressions	work, influence, respect, wise, as far as, not...any more, literature, millions of, behaviour, cave, freedom, funeral, social, theme, treasure, clever, run away, dead, pleased, alive, grow up, talk about, southern, state



LISTENING

I. Listen and choose what you hear.

- | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1. A. work | B. works | C. worked |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2. A. sounds | B. sound | C. sounded |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3. A. please | B. pleasing | C. pleased |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4. A. thinker | B. thinking | C. thinks |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 5. A. punish | B. punished | C. punishing |

II. Listen to the conversations and choose the right answers.

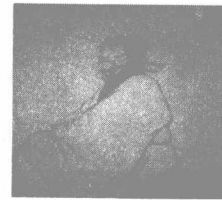
- ☐ 6. Who does the man admire most?



A

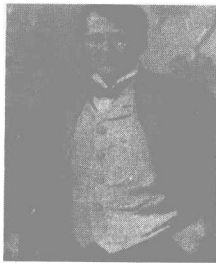


B



C

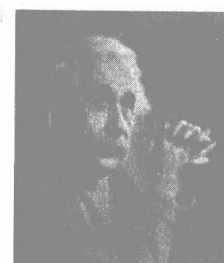
- ☐ 7. Who was a thinker?



A



B



C

- ☐ 8. What is Mark Twain?

- A. He is a thinker.
B. He is a writer.
C. He is a writer and thinker.

- ☐ 9. How many books has the girl's mother written?

- A. Five. B. Four. C. Six.

- ☐ 10. Whom was *Romeo and Juliet* written by?

- A. By Mark Twain. B. By Shakespeare. C. By Plato.

III. Listen to the conversation and answer the questions from 11 to 15.

- ☐ 11. What is Emily doing?

- A. She is reading a book called *Jane Eyre*.
B. She is reading a book called *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*.
C. She is watching TV.

- ☐ 12. Which book is Emily's favourite?

- A. *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*.
B. *Jane Eyre*.
C. Neither A nor B.

- ☐ 13. Which book is Mike's favourite?

- A. *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*.
B. *Jane Eyre*.
C. Neither A nor B.

- ☐ 14. Who wrote *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*?

- A. Jane Eyre. B. J. K. Rowling. C. Mark Twain.

- ☐ 15. Who has a book which is called *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone*?

A. Emily.

B. Mike.

C. Jane.

IV. Listen to the passage and answer the questions from 16 to 20.

☐16. When was Plato born?

A. In 347 BC.

B. In 427 BC.

C. In 437 BC.

☐17. What was Plato?

A. He is a great thinker. B. He is a great writer.

C. He is a great scientist.

☐18. What are influenced by his thoughts?

A. Life, education, government.

B. Art, maths and science.

C. Both A and B.

☐19. What did Plato teach at the Academy?

A. Maths.

B. Art.

C. Philosophy.

☐20. What are Plato's works called?

A. *The Dialogues*.

B. *Philosophy*.

C. We don't know.



SPEAKING

I. Choose the sentences given to complete the conversation.

W: Hi! Mark. I haven't seen you for a long time. 1

M: I've been to London.

W: Really? London is one of the biggest cities in the world.

M: 2

W: Great! You must have a wonderful time.

M: 3

W: 4

M: Because I am not good at English. Sometimes I made fool of myself.

W: 5

A. I'm sorry to hear that.

B. Where have you been?

C. Why?

D. Yes, that's right.

E. No, I don't think so.

II. Fill in each of the blanks with a suitable word to complete the conversation.

A: Which book is your 1 ?

B: I like the series books about *Harry Potter*.

A: Whom were they 2 by?

B: By J. K. Rowling.

A: What are they 3 ?

B: They are about a boy 4 Harry Potter with a scar 5 his forehead and a secret past.

A: 6 do you like them so much?

B: Because they are about the magic and strange creatures 7 very wonderful.

A: What can you 8 from these books?

B: I learn that we must believe in 9 and help 10 so that we can be happy.

1		2		3		4		5	
6		7		8		9		10	



GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

I. Match the words with the explanations.

A. adventure B. freedom C. theme D. behaviour E. clever F. influence
G. important H. cave I. alive J. pleased

- ☐ 1. to have an effect(影响) on somebody
- ☐ 2. the way that somebody do something especially towards others
- ☐ 3. living; not dead
- ☐ 4. feeling happy about something
- ☐ 5. the right to do or say what you want without anyone stopping you
- ☐ 6. quick at learning and understanding things
- ☐ 7. the subject or main idea of works
- ☐ 8. an unusual, exciting or dangerous experience, journey or series of events
- ☐ 9. a large hole(洞) in the side of a hill or under the ground
- ☐ 10. of great value

II. Choose the best answer.

- ☐ 1. I _____ my Chinese book everywhere, but I couldn't _____ it.
A. looked for; find B. looked after; found C. found; looked for
- ☐ 2. Lily decided _____ the Great Wall the next year.
A. visit B. to visit C. visiting
- ☐ 3. Everyone should learn _____ Lei Feng.
A. to B. at C. from
- ☐ 4. They are _____ when to have the sports meeting.
A. talking of B. talk about C. talking about
- ☐ 5. The story happened _____ the 19th century.
A. in B. at C. on

