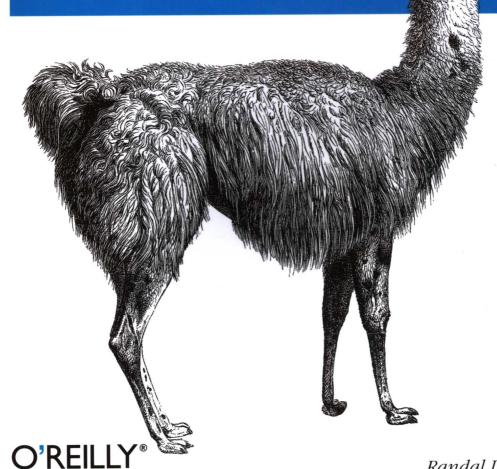
Perl 语言入门 (影印版)

Cours Paristi

Learning Perl



東南大學出版社

Randal L. Schwartz, Tom Phoenix & brian d foy 著

Perl 语言入门(影印版) Learning Perl

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Preface

Welcome to the fourth edition of Learning Perl.

If you're looking for the best way to spend your first 30 to 45 hours with the Perl programming language, you've found it. In the pages that follow, you'll find a carefully paced introduction to the language that is the workhorse of the Internet, as well as the language of choice for system administrators, web hackers, and casual programmers around the world.

We can't give you all of Perl in just a few hours. The books that promise this are probably fibbing a bit. Instead, we've carefully selected a useful subset of Perl for you to learn, good for programs from one to 128 lines long, which end up being about 90% of the programs in use out there. And when you're ready to go on, you can get the Alpaca book, which picks up where this book leaves off. We've also included a number of pointers for further education.

Each chapter is small enough so you can read it in an hour or two. Each chapter ends with a series of exercises to help you practice what you've learned, with the answers in Appendix A for your reference. Thus, this book is ideally suited for a classroom "Introduction to Perl" course. We know this because the material for this book was lifted almost word-for-word from our flagship "Learning Perl" course delivered to thousands of students around the world. However, we've designed the book for self-study as well.

Perl lives as the "toolbox for Unix," but you don't have to be a Unix guru or a Unix user to use this book. Unless otherwise noted, everything we're saying applies equally well to Windows ActivePerl from ActiveState and most other modern implementations of Perl.

Though you don't need to know about Perl to begin reading this book, we recommend that you have familiarity with basic programming concepts such as variables, loops, subroutines, and arrays, and the all-important "editing a source code file with your favorite text editor." We don't spend any time explaining those concepts. We're pleased that we've had many reports of people successfully picking up *Learning Perl*

and grasping Perl as their first programming language, but we can't promise the same results for everyone.

History of This Book

For the curious, here's how Randal tells the story of how this book came about:

After I had finished the first Programming Perl book with Larry Wall (in 1991), I was approached by Taos Mountain Software in Silicon Valley to produce a training course. This included having me deliver the first dozen or so courses and train its staff to continue offering the course. I wrote the course for the company' and delivered it as promised.

On the third or fourth delivery of that course (in late 1991), someone came up to me and said, "You know, I really like Programming Perl, but the way the material is presented in this course is so much easier to follow. You oughtta write a book like this course." It sounded like an opportunity to me, so I started thinking about it.

I wrote to Tim O'Reilly with a proposal based on an outline that was similar to the course I was presenting for Taos, though I had rearranged and modified a few of the chapters based on observations in the classroom. I think that was my fastest proposal acceptance in history; I got a message from Tim within 15 minutes saying, "We've been waiting for you to pitch a second book—Programming Perl is selling like gangbusters." That started the effort over the next 18 months to finish the first edition of Learning Perl.

During that time, I was starting to see an opportunity to teach Perl classes outside Silicon Valley, * so I created a class based on the text I was writing for Learning Perl. I gave a dozen classes for various clients (including my primary contractor, Intel Oregon), and used the feedback to fine-tune the book draft even further.

The first edition hit the streets on the first day of November 1993‡ and became a smashing success, frequently even outpacing *Programming Perl* book sales.

The back-cover jacket of the first book said "written by a leading Perl trainer." Well, that became a self-fulfilling prophesy. Within a few months, I was starting to get email from people all over the United States asking me to teach at their site. During the following seven years, my company became the leading worldwide on-site Perl

^{*} In the contract, I retained the rights to the exercises, hoping someday to reuse them in some other way, like in the magazine columns I was writing at the time. The exercises are the only things that leapt from the Taos course to the book.

[†] My Taos contract had a no-compete clause, so I had to stay out of Silicon Valley with any similar courses, which I respected for many years.

[‡] I remember that date well, because it was also the day I was arrested at my home for computer-related activities around my Intel contract, a series of felony charges for which I was later convicted. See http://www. lightlink.com/fors/ for details.

training company, and I had personally racked up (literally) a million frequent-flier miles. It didn't hurt that the Web started taking off about then, and the webmasters and webmistresses picked Perl as the language of choice for content management, interaction through CGI, and maintenance.

For two years, I worked closely with Tom Phoenix in his role as lead trainer and content manager for Stonehenge, giving him charter to experiment with the "Llama" course by moving things around and breaking things up. When we had come up with what we thought was the best major revision of the course, I contacted O'Reilly and said "it's time for a new book!" And that became the third edition.

Two years after writing the third edition of the Llama, Tom and I decided it was time to push our follow-on "advanced" course out into the world as a book for people writing programs that are "100 to 10,000 lines of code." And together we created the first Alpaca book, released in 2003.

But fellow instructor brian d foy was just getting back from the conflict in the Gulf, and he had noticed that we could use some rewriting in both books because our courseware needed to track the changing needs of the typical student. So, he pitched the idea to O'Reilly to take on rewriting both the Llama and the Alpaca one final time before Perl 6 (we hope). This edition of the Llama reflects those changes. brian has been the lead writer here, working with my occasional guidance, and has done a brillant job of the usual "herding cats" that a multiple-writer team generally feels like.

Some of the differences you may notice from prior editions:

- The text has been updated for the latest version of Perl, Perl 5.8.
- We've combined some chapters, and renumbered others. We've beefed up the regular expression chapters and introduced filehandles sooner.
- We've added a chapter on CPAN, which has become much more important to beginners.

Typographical Conventions

The following font conventions are used in this book:

Constant width

Is used for method names, function names, variables, and attributes. It is also used for code examples.

Constant width bold

Is used to indicate user input.

Constant width italic

Is used to indicate a replaceable item in code (e.g., filename, where you are supposed to substitute an actual filename).

Italic

Is used for filenames, URLs, hostnames, important words on first mention, and emphasis.

Footnotes

Are used to attach parenthetical notes that you *should not* read on your first (or perhaps second or third) reading of this book. Sometimes lies are spoken to simplify the presentation, and the footnotes restore the lie to truth. Often the material in the footnote will be advanced material not discussed anywhere else in the book.

Using Code Examples

This book is here to help you get your job done. In general, you may use the code in this book in your programs and documentation. You do not need to contact us for permission unless you're reproducing a significant portion of the code. For example, writing a program that uses several chunks of code from this book does not require permission. Selling or distributing a CD-ROM of examples from O'Reilly books *does* require permission. Answering a question by citing this book and quoting example code does not require permission. Incorporating a significant amount of example code from this book into your product's documentation *does* require permission.

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We have a web site for the book, where we'll list examples, errata, and any plans for future editions. It also offers a downloadable set of text files (and a couple of Perl programs) that are useful, but not required, when doing some of the exercises. You can access this page at:

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Acknowledgments

Thanks to our reviewers David H. Adler, Dave Cross, Chris Devers, Paul Fenwick, Stephen Jenkins, Matthew Musgrove, and Wil Wheaton for providing comments on the draft of this book.

Thanks to our many students who have let us know what parts of the course material have needed improvement over the years. It's because of you that we're all so proud of it today.

Thanks to the many Perl Mongers who have made us feel at home as we've visited your cities. Let's do it again sometime.

And finally, our sincerest thanks to our friend Larry Wall, for having the wisdom to share his cool and powerful toys with the rest of the world so that we can all get our work done just a little bit faster, easier, and with more fun.

From Randal

I want to thank the Stonehenge trainers past and present (Joseph Hall, Tom Phoenix, Chip Salzenberg, brian d foy, and Tad McClellan) for their willingness to go out and teach in front of classrooms week after week and to come back with their notes

about what's working so we could fine-tune the material for this book. I especially want to single out my coauthor and business associate, Tom Phoenix, for having spent many hours working to improve Stonehenge's Llama course and to provide the wonderful core text for most of this book. And brian d foy for being the lead writer of the fourth edition, including taking that eternal to-do item out of my inbox so that it would finally happen.

I want to thank everyone at O'Reilly, especially our very patient editor and overseer, Allison Randal (no relation, but she has a nicely spelled last name), and Tim O'Reilly for taking a chance on me in the first place with the Camel and Llama books.

I am also indebted to the thousands of people who have purchased the past editions of the Llama so that I could use the money to stay "off the streets and out of jail," and to those students in my classrooms who have trained me to be a better trainer, and to the stunning array of Fortune 1000 clients who have purchased our classes in the past and will continue to do so into the future.

As always, a special thanks to Lyle and Jack, for teaching me nearly everything I know about writing. I won't ever forget you guys.

From Tom

I've got to echo Randal's thanks to everyone at O'Reilly. For the third edition of this book Linda Mui was our editor, and I still thank her for her patience in pointing out which jokes and footnotes were most excessive while pointing out that she is in no way to blame for the ones that remain. She and Randal have guided me through the process of writing, and I am grateful. In the present edition, Allison Randal has stepped in as editor, and my thanks go to her as well.

And another echo with regard to Randal and the other Stonehenge trainers, who hardly ever complained when I unexpectedly updated the course materials to try a new teaching technique. You folks have contributed many different viewpoints on teaching methods that I would never have seen.

For many years, I worked at the Oregon Museum of Science and Industry (OMSI), and I'd like to thank the folks there for letting me hone my teaching skills as I learned to build a joke or two into every activity, explosion, or dissection.

To the many folks on Usenet who have given me your appreciation and encouragement for my contributions there, thanks. As always, I hope this helps.

To my many students, who have shown me with their questions (and befuddled looks) when I needed to try a new way of expressing a concept. I hope that the present edition helps to relieve any remaining puzzlement.

Of course, deep thanks are due especially to my coauthor, Randal, for giving me the freedom to try various ways of presenting the material in the classroom and here in the book, as well as for the push to make this material into a book in the first place.

And without fail, I must say that I am indeed inspired by your ongoing work to ensure no one else becomes ensnared by the legal troubles that have stolen so much of your time and energy; you're a fine example.

To my wife, Jenna, thanks for being a cat person, and everything thereafter.

From brian

I have to thank Randal first since I learned Perl from the first edition of this book and then had to learn it again when he asked me to start teaching for Stonehenge in 1998. Teaching is often the best way to learn. Since then, Randal has mentored me in Perl and several other things he thought I needed to learn, like the time he decided that we could use Smalltalk instead of Perl for a demonstration at a web conference. I'm always amazed at the breadth of his knowledge. He's the one who told me to start writing about Perl. Now I'm helping out on the book where I started. I'm honored, Randal.

I'd probably only seen Tom Phoenix for fewer than two weeks in the entire time I've worked for Stonehenge, but I'd been teaching his version of our Learning Perl course for years. That version turned into the third edition of this book. By teaching Tom's new version, I found new ways to explain almost everything and learned even more corners of Perl.

When I convinced Randal that I should help out on the Llama update, I was anointed as the maker of the proposal to the publisher, the keeper of the outline, and the version control wrangler. Our editor, Allison Randal, helped me get all of those set up and endured my frequent emails without complaining.

Special non-Perl thanks to Stacey, Buster, Mimi, Roscoe, Amelia, Lila, and everyone else who tried to distract me while I was busy but still talked to me even though I couldn't come out to play.

Table of Contents

ıce	
Introduction	
Questions and Answers	1
What Does "Perl" Stand For?	3
How Can I Get Perl?	8
How Do I Make a Perl Program?	11
A Whirlwind Tour of Perl	16
Exercises	17
Scalar Data	18
Numbers	18
Strings	21
Perl's Built-in Warnings	24
Scalar Variables	26
Output with print	28
The if Control Structure	32
Getting User Input	33
The chomp Operator	34
The while Control Structure	35
The undef Value	35
The defined Function	36
Exercises	37
Lists and Arrays	38
Accessing Elements of an Array	39
Special Array Indices	40
	Introduction Questions and Answers What Does "Perl" Stand For? How Can I Get Perl? How Do I Make a Perl Program? A Whirlwind Tour of Perl Exercises Scalar Data Numbers Strings Perl's Built-in Warnings Scalar Variables Output with print The if Control Structure Getting User Input The chomp Operator The while Control Structure The undef Value The defined Function Exercises Lists and Arrays Accessing Elements of an Array

	List Literals	40
	List Assignment	42
	Interpolating Arrays into Strings	45
	The foreach Control Structure	46
	Scalar and List Context	48
	<stdin> in List Context</stdin>	51
	Exercises	52
4.	Subroutines	54
	Defining a Subroutine	54
	Invoking a Subroutine	55
	Return Values	55
	Arguments	57
	Private Variables in Subroutines	59
	Variable-Length Parameter Lists	60
	Notes on Lexical (my) Variables	62
	The use strict Pragma	63
	The return Operator	64
	Non-Scalar Return Values	66
	Exercises	67
5.	Input and Output	68
	Input from Standard Input	68
	Input from the Diamond Operator	70
	The Invocation Arguments	72
	Output to Standard Output	73
	Formatted Output with printf	76
	Filehandles	78
	Opening a Filehandle	79
	Fatal Errors with die	82
	Using Filehandles	84
	Reopening a Standard Filehandle	86
	Exercises	87
6.	Hashes	88
	What Is a Hash?	88
	Hash Element Access	91
	Hash Functions	95

	Typical Use of a Hash	97
	Exercises	99
7.	In the World of Regular Expressions	100
	What Are Regular Expressions?	100
	Using Simple Patterns	101
	Character Classes	104
	Exercises	106
8.	Matching with Regular Expressions	107
	Matches with m//	107
	Option Modifiers	108
	Anchors	110
	The Binding Operator, =~	111
	Interpolating into Patterns	112
	The Match Variables	113
	General Quantifiers	116
	Precedence	117
	A Pattern Test Program	118
	Exercises	119
9.	Processing Text with Regular Expressions	121
	Substitutions with s///	121
	The split Operator	124
	The join Function	125
	m// in List Context	126
	More Powerful Regular Expressions	127
	Exercises	134
10.	More Control Structures	135
	The unless Control Structure	135
	The until Control Structure	136
	Expression Modifiers	137
	The Naked Block Control Structure	138
	The elsif Clause	139
	Autoincrement and Autodecrement	140
	The for Control Structure	142
	Loop Controls	144

	Logical Operators	148
	Exercise	153
11.	File Tests	154
	File Test Operators	154
	The stat and Istat Functions	158
	The localtime Function	160
	Bitwise Operators	160
	Using the Special Underscore Filehandle	162
	Exercises	163
12.	Directory Operations	164
	Moving Around the Directory Tree	164
	Globbing	165
	An Alternate Syntax for Globbing	166
	Directory Handles	167
	Recursive Directory Listing	168
	Manipulating Files and Directories	169
	Removing Files	169
	Renaming Files	170
	Links and Files	171
	Making and Removing Directories	176
	Modifying Permissions	178
	Changing Ownership	178
	Changing Timestamps	179
	Exercises	179
13.	Strings and Sorting	181
	Finding a Substring with index	181
	Manipulating a Substring with substr	182
	Formatting Data with sprintf	184
	Advanced Sorting	186
	Exercises	191
14.	Process Management	193
	The system Function	193
	The exec Function	196
	The Environment Variables	197
	Using Backquotes to Capture Output	198

۔ ۔ الہ ۔۔ا		275
В.	Beyond the Llama	. 255
A.	Exercise Answers	. 229
	Exercise	227
	Slices	222
	Unquoted Hash Keys	222
	Transforming Items from a List with map	221
	Picking Items from a List with grep	220
	Trapping Errors with eval	217
16.	•	. 217
	Exercise	216
	Using Simple Modules	210
	Installing Modules	209
	Finding Modules	208
15.	Perl Modules	. 208
	Exercises	206
	Sending and Receiving Signals	204
	Getting Down and Dirty with fork	203
	Processes as Filehandles	201