大学英语听说教材

1-2级教师用书)

Listening & Speaking (Band | ~ Band ||)

方云军 任 军 李 晖 编著 刘丽华 唐树成

肖 澜 审校



四川大学出版社

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前言

培养学生的听说能力是大学英语教学的重要环节。近年来,在大学英语教学中,已逐步加强了听力培养,但仍未对培养学生口语能力有足够的重视。为了在培养学生 听力的同时又培养他们说英语的能力,同时又要有别于专业英语的听说课教学模式,我们考虑到大学英语教学课时少,班上学生人数多的特点,依据最新大学英语教学大纲编写了这本《大学英语听说教材》。

本书内容容量大,题材广泛,由浅人深。在编写时,我们既注意到多数学生人学时的听说水平,同时也考虑到学生在两年听说课结束后要达到大学英语教学大纲的要求和全国英语四级统考的标准。本书循序渐进,从浅显易懂的单句、对话、短文开始,逐步过渡到听写和较难的对话与短文。本书的第四级则完全按照大学英语四级统考的听力要求和形式编写。全书练习有单句、对话、短文、听写及听短文作简答、复述和讨论等形式。其题目内容涉及时间、地点、人物关系、身份职业、语言理解题、计算等;其句型有比较、虚拟、否定、转折、强调以及各种从句。听力短文的内容涉及人物、科普、历史、地理、音乐、体育、气候等诸多方面,实用而生动有趣。

本书共四级两个分册,《大学英语听说教材 1-2 级》为第一分册,供一、二学期使用;《大学英语听说教材 3-4 级》为第二分册,供第三、四学期使用。为了方便组织课堂教学,教师用书及学生用书分开装订。教师用书内容为录音文字及答案。全书共 80个单元配有 40 盒录音磁带。录音带由外籍教师朗读,语言语调标准、清晰、优美,磁带语速按四级统考的速度要求朗读。

该书是为高校非英语专业本科生编写的听说教材,它也适合于 TOEFL 初级班和中级班作为听说教材,还可作为其它外语培训班的培训教材以及供自学者使用。

本书由四川大学长期从事大学英语教学的几位教师协作编写。肖澜教授担任本书的审校,对本书提出了很多宝贵的指导性意见,对此,我们表示衷心和感谢!

谬误和疏漏之处,请使用本书的老师和同学们提出宝贵意见,以便我们修订时更 正。

> 编 者 2001年5月

Contents

Band I	Band II		
Unit 13	Unit 171		
Unit 27	Unit 274		
Unit 310	Unit 377		
Unit 413	Unit 480		
Unit 516	Unit 583		
Unit 619	Unit 686		
Unit 722	Unit 790		
Unit 825	Unit 893		
Unit 928	Unit 996		
Unit 1031	Unit 1099		
Unit 1135	Unit 11102		
Unit 1239	Unit 12105		
Unit 1342	Unit 13108		
Unit 1446	Unit 14111		
Unit 1549	Unit 15114		
Unit 1652	Unit 16118		
Unit 1755	Unit 17121		
Unit 1858	Unit 18124		
Unit 1961	Unit 19128		
Unit 2064	Unit 20131		

Band I

Unit 1

Part A

Directions: In this part, you will hear 15 short statements. The statements will be spoken only once. After each statement, there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example:

You will hear:

You will read:

A) Many times.

B) A large number.

C) Never too busy.

D) It's very interesting.

From the statement, we know A) 'many times' is the best answer. You should choose answer [A] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

- 1. No one but Ted came. (C)
- 2. When are you going to bring those tapes back? (A)
- 3. Where do they serve the best seafood? (A)
- 4. Before you moved, had you been leaving the keys with your mother? (C)
- 5. In spite of their differences, Jim and Gary plan to be roommates. (B)
- 6. Would you like a cup of coffee? (C)
- 7. What kind of person is David's sister Alice? (C)
- 8. Philadelphia is the third largest city in the United States. (C)
- 9. George's friend regards himself as a great actor. (C)
- 10. That farm sells very good fruit, don't you think? (D)
- 11. Frank can't go to the store until 2 o'clock and neither can Marty. (C)
- 12. Glen didn't plan to go to the meeting, but he changed his mind at the last minute. (B)
- 13. What did Emily plan to give her friend in Miami? (B)
- 14. The shortest way to get to my house is walking through the park. (D)
- 15. The boys went to the movies, and the girls to the theater. (D)

Part B

Directions: In this part, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. The conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example:

You will hear:

You will read:

A) At the office.

B) In the waiting room.

C) At the airport.

D) In a restaurant.

From the conversation we know that the two were talking about some work they have to finish in the evening. This is most likely to have taken place at the office. Therefore, A) 'At the office' is the best answer. You should choose answer [A] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

- 16. W: Even though Cindy is an American, she has never been to America. She has lived in Asia since the day she was born.
 - M: Yes, I know. She speaks Japanese, Chinese and Korean as well as she speaks English.
 - Q: What nationality is Cindy? (C)
- 17. W: I demand to see the manager.
 - M: The manager is out, but if you have a complaint I'm sure I can assist you.
 - O: What is the man's attitude? (B)
- 18. M: Are you going to type the paper today?
 - W: You'd better do it for me. I have a lot of work to do in the next few days.
 - Q: Why can't the woman type her paper? (A)
- 19. M: Do you want to come with me to the post office?
 - W: No, I'm going to do some sewing, but can you get me some stamps?
 - O: What does the woman want the man to do? (D)
- 20. M: I'd like to make an appointment to see the dean tomorrow.
 - W: I'm sorry. He won't be back from his vacation in Paris until next month.
 - O: Where is the dean? (C)
- 21. W: What do you plan to do on your vacation?
 - M: This year I'm just going to relax at home. I'll probably do some gardening, watch TV and work on my stamp collection.
 - O: Where is the man going to spend his vacation? (B)
- 22. M: Mary, you are late. It's already ten to ten. The discussion started twenty minutes ago.
 - W: I'm sorry, sir. But I was held up in the heavy traffic for almost twenty minutes.
 - Q: When did the discussion begin? (D)
- 23. W: I wonder where Tom is now? I have something important to tell him, and I have tried his office and his home, but I can't find him.
 - M: It's quite probable that he is in the library.
 - O: Where is Tom likely to be now? (A)
- 24. M: Hello. My name is Frank Baker. May I speak to Bill Smith?
 - W: I'm sorry, sir. There's no person here by that name.
 - O: What does the woman mean? (B)
- 25. M: Excuse me. Am I supposed to meet Mr. Brown tomorrow?
 - W: Let me see. Today is Monday. I'm afraid you can't, for he has an important meeting

all day tomorrow. How about the day after tomorrow.

Q: What day is the man supposed to meet Mr. Brown? (C)

Part C

Directions: In this part, you will hear a short passage. At the end of the passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Questions 26 to 30 are based on the following passage:

Wilt Chamberlain was one of the most famous basketball players in the world. It is not unusual for a basketball player to be tall. Basketball is a game for the tall and the strong. But Wilt was more than that. During his playing days, Wilt was paid about \$ 200,000 a year. That was what the President of the United States earned for being President. Wilt owns a beautiful building in Los Angeles, where his mother lives, and another one in New York. But when he was seven years old, he had five brothers and three sisters. His father always had a job, but he didn't earn much. His father had to work overtime to raise a large family. Wilt went to work without telling his parents. But one day his mother saw him lifting boxes for a milkman, she told the milkman that Wilt was only seven and shouldn't be lifting those heavy boxes. "I thought he was twelve," said the milkman. So Wilt stopped working for the milkman.

- 26. Why was Wilt a world famous basketball player? (B)
- 27. How much was Wilt paid during his playing days? (A)
- 28. Which of the following sentences is not true? (D)
- 29. Why did Wilt's father have to work overtime? (D)
- 30. What could we know from what the milkman said? (D)

Part D Listening and Speaking

Directions: In this part, you will hear one short passage. The passage will be spoken only once. After you hear the passage, you must finish the exercises given in the following.

This story was about a monkey many years ago. An old man had a monkey. The monkey was very clever. The old man was very fond of the monkey. When birds came to the garden, the monkey got them away. He also helped the old man in many other ways. The old man often fell asleep during the day in his chair. Then the monkey sat at the old man's side and chased the flies from the old man's face.

One hot afternoon in summer, the old man was asleep in his chair. A fly came and sat on the end of the old man's nose. The monkey chased it. Soon the fly came back and sat on the old man's nose again. The monkey chased it away. This continued for five or six times. The monkey at last became very angry. He jumped up, ran to the garden, and picked up a large stone. The next time when the fly sat on the old man's nose, the monkey hit it hard with the stone. He killed the fly, but unfortunately he broke the old man's nose.

Sometimes things done out of good will might be harmful.

Unit 2

Part A

Directions: In this part, you will hear 15 short statements. The statements will be spoken only once. After each statement, there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read:

A) Many times.

B) A large number.

C) Never too busy.

D) It's very interesting.

From the statement, we know A) 'many times' is the best answer. You should choose answer [A] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

- 1. We made the twenty-hour drive to Miami in fifteen hours. (D)
- 2. The Johnsons won't be here until Tuesday. (D)
- 3. What a great idea! (C)
- 4. She sat down and made herself comfortable. (C)
- 5. Russel's plane was due at midnight, but it was delayed an hour and a half by bad weather. (D)
- 6. As you get older you will find that it's never too late to have new experiences. (A)
- 7. The children walked into the museum two by two. (C)
- 8. Bob had the shoemaker repair his sandals. (B)
- 9. As soon as Edgar finished reading his book, he and Laura went out to dinner. (A)
- 10. Times Square is the center of many well-known theaters in New York. (B)
- 11. The barber was known for giving short haircuts. (C)
- 12. I'm surprised that Tom didn't get the job. (D)
- 13. Larry is taking a lot of art, isn't he? (B)
- 14. The meeting yesterday wasn't at all boring. (A)
- 15. Mrs. Black told her son to take an umbrella with him. (A)

Part R

Directions: In this part, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. The conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example:

You will hear:

You will read:

A) At the office.

B) In the waiting room.

C) At the airport.

D) In a restaurant.

From the conversation we know that the two were talking about some work they have to finish in the evening. This is most likely to have taken place at the office. Therefore, A) 'At the office' is the best answer. You should choose answer [A] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

- 16. M: Do you think Jennifer will win the tennis match?
 - W: She should win it, unless she gets exhausted during the game.
 - Q: What does the woman think will happen at the game? (A)
- 17. M: Would you like to join us for a ride around the harbour?
 - W: What a pleasant way to spend a hot day!
 - Q: What does the woman imply? (A)
- 18. W: Mr. Smith, I need some help. I can't understand this math problem.
 - M: It's not that difficult, Cathy. Let's sit down and I'll explain it to you again.
 - Q: What is the probable relationship between the two people? (D)
- 19. M: This is an interesting exhibit. Have you seen the big oil painting by Grant Wood?
 - W: Yes, it's nice, but I like the watercolors better. They are in the next room.
 - Q: Where did this conversation probably take place? (B)
- 20. M: It's impossible for me to meet you at ten in the library.
 - W: Then it seems we have no choice but to make it an hour later at the museum.
 - Q: What did they decide? (C)
- 21. M: If you give me a hand, I could finish this job before five o'clock.
 - W: I would like to, but I can't. Mr. William's told me to type some letters before I go home.
 - Q: What did Mr. William ask the woman to do? (C)
- 22. W: Why do you usually go to work so early?
 - M: I have to get to the office ten minutes early to open the door so that other staff can begin work at 8:30.
 - Q: When does the man usually arrive at the office? (A)
- 23. M: Will the meeting be on Friday as originally scheduled?
 - W: Yes, as far as I know.
 - Q: What does the man say about the meeting? (D)
- 24. W: I hope you have a good flight.
 - M: The weather is supposed to be clear all down the coast, so it should be pretty smooth.
 - Q: Where is this conversation probably taking place? (A)
- 25. M: You should have the repairman come to fix the tap.
 - W: I tried calling him all day but his phone was out of order.
 - Q: Why didn't the woman have the repairman come? (D)

Part C

Directions: In this part, you will hear a short passage. At the end of the passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Questions 26 to 30 are based on the following passage:

Americans eat breakfast and lunch quickly unless it is a social, business or family occasion. The evening meal is usually longer and a time for families to gather together. Rushing through daytime meals is part of the fast pace in America. Another reason for rushing through daytime meals is that many people eat in restaurants that are usually crowded with people waiting for a place so that they too can soon be served and return to work at the proper time. So each one hurries to make room for the next person. As with busy people everywhere there is a real difference with meals that are eaten in a hurry and those that can be enjoyed slowly with friends.

- 26. What is not mentioned in the passage? (A)
- 27. Why do Americans hurry at meals? (C)
- 28. What would be the least busy time for the Americans to eat in a restaurant? (D)
- 29. What does the passage imply? (B)
- 30. Which of the following statements is true according to the passage? (D)

Part D Listening and Speaking

Directions: In this part, you will hear one short passage. The passage will be spoken only once. After you hear the passage, you must finish the exercises given in the following.

John left the United States in 1969 to work in Africa. Africa was hot, and when John came back to the United States in 1979, he said to himself, "It's much colder here than it was before I left. I'm going to buy an electric heater. Also, everything is much more expensive."

John went to a store the next day to buy an electric heater. The salesman showed him three or four different kinds and then said, "And this is our best electric heater. It costs a lot of money, but it saves half of your electricity, and electricity is very expensive now, isn't it?"

"Yes, it's very expensive," John answered, "and it's becoming worse every year." He looked at the electric heater carefully, thought for a few seconds and then said, "Well, I'll take two these, please, and then I'll save all of my electricity."

Unit 3

Part A

Directions: In this part, you will hear 15 short statements. The statements will be spoken only once. After each statement, there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) Many times.

B) A large number.

C) Never too busy.

D) It's very interesting.

From the statement, we know A) 'many times' is the best answer. You should choose answer [A] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

- 1. Alice let Jean answer the question. (B)
- 2. Peter spends more time on study than I do. (C)
- 3. The president spoke far longer than he ever did before. (B)
- 4. The storm brought air travel to a standstill. (C)
- 5. I feel it's time for lunch even though it's only 10 o'clock. (D)
- 6. Her brother grew an inch last month. (D)
- 7. I've often wondered just how many people really understand music. (D)
- 8. Lester isn't used to studying so hard. (C)
- 9. I have to hurry in order to buy something and to see my friend. (B)
- 10. I am very hungry. Shall we go to the dining car now? (D)
- 11. All right. Can you put it in a box for me? It's a birthday present for my sister. (D)
- 12. Lilly's stories were so interesting that we listened for an hour and a half. (B)
- 13. James's mother had already gone to work when he got home. (D)
- 14. Last night at the party we finally met Mary's uncle Charles. (D)
- 15. Since the taxi was late, Dr Jones didn't get to the airport until eleven o'clock, missing his flight by half an hour. (D)

Part B

Directions: In this part, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. The conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read:

A) At the office.

B) In the waiting room.

C) At the airport. D) In a restaurant.

From the conversation we know that the two were talking about some work they have to finish in the evening. This is most likely to have taken place at the office. Therefore, A) 'At the office' is the best answer. You should choose answer [A] on the Answer Sheet and mark it with a single line through the centre.

- 16. W: I thought you were going to be on the 5:40 train.
 - M: I took the 5:40, but it was so late that it came in alongside the 6:30 train.
 - O: How late was the train? (C)
- 17. M: How can I get to Wellington Station from here?
 - W: You could take a taxi or you could catch the Number 30 bus. Actually, it's an easy five minute walk from here.
 - Q: Is the station far away? (D)
- 18. W: How was your vacation last month?
 - M: It was nice, but expensive. We thought the hotel would cost \$ 16,but it cost three times that.
 - Q: How much did the hotel cost? (B)
- 19. W: I want to ask the Williams to your birthday party. Do you know their address?
 - M: No, but I'd like them to come. I think Jane can give you their address.
 - Q: What is the woman going to do? (A)
- 20. M: The man says the store closes at eight tonight.
 - W: Oh, dear! A half hour doesn't give us much time to get all the things on this list!
 - Q: At what time did the conversation take place? (C)
- 21. M: If any of you can work with me this evening, I could finish this job by ten o'clock.
 - W: I would like to, but I have to go to a lecture.
 - Q: What would the woman do this evening? (A)
- 22. W: I'm looking for the canned fruits and vegetables. Can you tell where they are?
 - M: Yes, they're over there on the left, next to the meat.
 - O: Where are the two speakers? (C)
- 23. M: How was the weather like during your vacation?
 - W: Not bad. It wasn't warm enough for swimming, but at least it didn't rain.
 - Q: What does the woman say about the weather? (D)
- 24. M: I don't know how you'll get through your teaching practice.
 - W: Oh, I'll manage. I always do. I've planned all my lessons.
 - O: What is woman do you think? (B)
- 25. W: I'm going to the drugstore to buy a birthday card for Aunt Margaret.
 - M: If you wait a minute, I'll go with you. I need some aspirin.
 - Q: Why are the man and woman going to the drugstore? (C)

Part C

Directions: In this part, you will hear a short passage. At the end of the passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Questions 26 to 30 are based on the following passage:

Daniel Boone was born in the United States in 1743. He didn't go to school and couldn't read, although he learned all about the forests, streams and about hunting. He could move silently like an Indians leaving no marks. He loved to live alone in the woods where nothing frightened him. When he grew up, he married and tried to settle down on a farm. However, he wasn't satisfied and decided to go into the unknown western lands, crossing the Appalachian Mountains. When he returned after two years, he became famous for his long journey. He brought back valuable animal skins and told stories about the Indians. After this, he chose to keep travelling to unknown places. Once he lost to the Indians in a battle and was taken away. The Indians liked him and became his friends. Daniel Boone died aged 86. He is remembered as an explorer and a pioneer who lived an exciting life in the early years of the American nation.

- 26. How did Daniel spend his early life? (A)
- 27. What did Daniel Boone first plan to do when he got married? (C)
- 28. Why did Daniel become famous? (B)
- 29. Why did the Indians want to make friends with him? (D)
- 30. Which of the following could be used to describe Daniel? (D)

Part D Listening and Speaking

Directions: In this part, you will hear one short passage. The passage will be spoken only once. After you hear the passage, you must finish the exercises given in the following.

Many people who live in cities say that they dislike city life. They say the city that they live in is noisy, dirty and crowded. They are tired of the traffic, the pollution in the air and the rubbish in the streets.

But not many people living in cities are happy when they have to stay in the countries for two or three weeks. They enjoy the quiet, the clean air and the beautiful healthy surroundings, but they miss the stores and restaurants, the movies and theatres, the crowds, and the excitement of the city.

People who live in the country on the other hand enjoy visiting the city for a day or an evening, to do some shopping or go to the theatre or a concert. But they often find the city a rather frightening place and are usually happy to get back to their quiet, unexciting life in the country.

12