RIGHTS, LIBERTIES,

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW FOR A CHANGING AMERICA

AND JUSTICE

8



LEE EPSTEIN AND THOMAS G. WALKER

90

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW FOR A CHANGING AMERICA

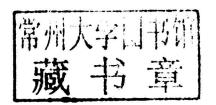
Rights, Liberties, and Justice

LEE EPSTEIN

GOULD SCHOOL OF LAW, UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

THOMAS G. WALKER

EMORY UNIVERSITY









Los Angeles | London | New Delhi Singapore | Washington DC

FOR INFORMATION:

CQ Press

An Imprint of SAGE Publications, Inc. 2455 Teller Road

Thousand Oaks, California 91320

E-mail: order@sagepub.com

SAGE Publications Ltd.

1 Oliver's Yard

55 City Road

London EC1Y 1SP

United Kingdom

SAGE Publications India Pvt, Ltd.
B 1/I 1 Mohan Cooperative Industrial Area
Mathura Road, New Delhi 110 044
India

SAGE Publications Asia-Pacific Pte. Ltd. 3 Church Street #10-04 Samsung Hub Singapore 049483

Acquisitions Editor: Charisse Kiino
Editorial Assistant: Marcelle Maginnis
Production Editor: Astrid Virding
Copy Editor: Judy Selhorst
Typesetter: C&M Digitals (P) Ltd.
Proofreader: Dennis Webb
Indexer: Gloria Tierney

Cover Designer: Michael Dubowe Marketing Manager: Jonathan Mason Permissions Editor: Adele Hutchinson Copyright © 2013 by CQ Press, an Imprint of SAGE Publications, Inc. CQ Press is a registered trademark of Congressional Quarterly Inc.

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or by any information storage and retrieval system, without permission in writing from the publisher.

Printed in the United States of America

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Epstein, Lee, 1958-

Constitutional law for a changing America: rights, liberties, and justice / Lee Epstein, Thomas G. Walker.—8th ed.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 978-1-4522-2674-3 (pbk.; alk. paper)

1. Civil rights—United States. 2. Constitutional law—United States. I. Walker, Thomas G. II. Title. III. Title: Rights, liberties, and justice.

KF4748.E67 2013

342.73—dc23

2012027064

This book is printed on acid-free paper.



MIX
Paper from
responsible sources
FSC® C014174

12 13 14 15 16 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

CHRONOLOGICAL TABLE OF CASES

THE MARSHALL COURT (1801-1835)

Marbury v. Madison (1803) 46 Barron v. Baltimore (1833) 67

TANEY AND CIVIL WAR COURTS (1836–1888)

Ex parte McCardle (1869) 57 Hurtado v. California (1884) 70

CONSERVATIVE COURT ERAS (1889-1937)

Plessy v. Ferguson (1896) 612
Schenck v. United States (1919) 200
Abrams v. United States (1919) 202
Gitlow v. New York (1925) 205
Near v. Minnesota (1931) 301
Powell v. Alabama (1932) 541

ROOSEVELT AND WORLD WAR II COURT ERAS (1937–1953)

Palko v. Connecticut (1937) 76

Cantwell v. Connecticut (1940) 99

Chaplinsky v. New Hampshire (1942) 239

West Virginia State Board of Education v. Barnette (1943) 272

Everson v. Board of Education (1947) 130

Shelley v. Kraemer (1948) 644 Sweatt v. Painter (1950) 617 Dennis v. United States (1951) 217

THE WARREN COURT ERA (1953-1969)

Brown v. Board of Education (I) (1954) 620
Brown v. Board of Education (II) (1955) 624
Roth v. United States (1957) 344
Burton v. Wilmington Parking Authority (1961) 647
Mapp v. Ohio (1961) 498
Gideon v. Wainwright (1963) 545
School District of Akington Township v. School Proteins

School District of Abington Township v. Schempp; Murray v. Curlett (1963) 170 Sherbert v. Verner (1963) 104 New York Times v. Sullivan (1964) 328

Reynolds v. Sims (1964) 754
Escobedo v. Illinois (1964) 519
Griswold v. Connecticut (1965) 400
South Carolina v. Katzenbach (1966) 732

Sheppard v. Maxwell (1966) 561

Miranda v. Arizona (1966) 523

Loving v. Virginia (1967) 639

Katz v. United States (1967) 466

Duncan v. Louisiana (1968) 80

United States v. O'Brien (1968) 230

Terry v. Ohio (1968) 493

Tinker v. Des Moines Independent Community School District (1969) 264 Brandenburg v. Ohio (1969) 222

REPUBLICAN COURT ERAS (1969-)

Swann v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Board of Education (1971) 627

Cohen v. California (1971) 241

Lemon v. Kurtzman; Earley v. DiCenso (1971) 138

New York Times v. United States (1971) 304

Reed v. Reed (1971) 654

Wisconsin v. Yoder (1972) 108

Moose Lodge No. 107 v. Irvis (1972) 649

Branzburg v. Hayes (1972) 321

Roe v. Wade (1973) 409

San Antonio Independent School District v.

Rodriguez (1973) 679

Miller v. California (1973) 350

Gregg v. Georgia (1976) 576

Craig v. Boren (1976) 657

Bates v. State Bar of Arizona (1977) 283

Regents of the University of California v.

Bakke (1978) 691

Central Hudson Gas and Electric Corporation v. Public Service Commission of New York (1980) 28

Richmond Newspapers v. Virginia (1980) 566

Plyler v. Doe (1982) 685

New York v. Ferber (1982) 356

Illinois v. Gates (1983) 476

United States v. Leon (1984) 505

Batson v. Kentucky (1986) 555

Edwards v. Aguillard (1987) 164

Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier (1988) 311

Hustler Magazine v. Falwell (1988) 338

Texas v. Johnson (1989) 234

Employment Division, Department of Human Resources of Oregon v. Smith (1990) 114

Cruzan v. Director, Missouri Department

of Health (1990) 445

R.A.V. v. City of St. Paul, Minnesota (1992) 255

Lee v. Weisman (1992) 177

Planned Parenthood of Southeastern Pennsylvania v.

Casey (1992) 422

Adarand Constructors, Inc. v. Peña (1995) 701

Miller v. Johnson (1995) 761

Romer v. Evans (1996) 671

United States v. Virginia (1996) 663

Agostini v. Felton (1997) 146

City of Boerne v. Flores (1997) 122

Reno v. American Civil Liberties Union (1997) 372

Boy Scouts of America v. Dale (2000) 293

Hill v. Colorado (2000) 247

Bush v. Gore (2000) 722

Atkins v. Virginia (2002) 586

Zelman v. Simmons-Harris (2002) 153

Grutter v. Bollinger (2003) 707

Lawrence v. Texas (2003) 437

Missouri v. Seibert (2004) 534

Van Orden v. Perry (2005) 186

Rumsfeld v. Forum for Academic and Institutional

Rights, Inc. (2006) 277

Hudson v. Michigan (2006) 510

Morse v. Frederick (2007) 267

Parents Involved in Community Schools v. Seattle School District No. 1; Meredith v. Jefferson

County Board of Education (2007) 632

Crawford v. Marion County Election Board (2008) 738

United States v. Williams (2008) 380

District of Columbia v. Heller (2008) 390

Herring v. United States (2009) 514

Arizona v. Gant (2009) 484

Safford Unified School District #1 v.

Redding (2009) 488

Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission (2010) 744

Snyder v. Phelps (2011) 258

Brown v. Entertainment Merchants Association (2011) 363

Hosanna-Tabor Evangelical Lutheran Church

and School v. Equal Employment Opportunity

Commission (2012) 191

United States v. Jones (2012) 471

TABLES, FIGURES, AND BOXES

| PART I | | CHAPTER 2 | | |
|------------|--|---------------------|---|--|
| Table I-1 | The Ratification of the Constitution 5 | Box 2-1 | Aftermath Marbury v. Madison 53 | |
| Table I-2 | Methods of Amending the Constitution 7 | Box 2-2 | Judicial Review in Global Perspective 54 | |
| Table I-3 | Five Amendments That Overturned Supreme Court Decisions 8 | Table 2-1 | Major Controversies over Judicial Review 55 | |
| | | CHAPTER 3 | | |
| CHAPTER 1 | | Box 3-1 | Aftermath Frank Palka 78 | |
| Figure 1-1 | The Processing of Cases 11 | Table 3-1 | Cases Incorporating Provisions of the Bill | |
| Figure 1-2 | The American Court System 13 | | of Rights into the Due Process Clause of the | |
| Box 1-1 | The American Legal System in Global Perspective 14 | DART II | Fourteenth Amendment 79 | |
| Figure 1-3 | A Page from Justice Blackmun's Docket Books 15 | PART II Figure II-1 | Proportion of First Amendment and | |
| D 1 2 | | 0 | Privacy Cases Decided in Favor of the | |
| Box 1-2 | The Amicus Curiae Brief 18 | | Claimant, 1953-2010 90 | |
| Table 1-1 | Methods of Constitutional Interpretation 23 | CILARTER 4 | | |
| Table 1-2 | Precedents Overruled, 1953–2010 Terms 30 | CHAPTER 4 | | |
| Figure 1-4 | Liberal Voting of the Chief Justices, | Box 4-1 | The Jehovah's Witnesses and the Court 98 | |
| | 1953–2010 Terms 32 | Box 4-2 | Aftermath City of Boerne v. Flores 127 | |
| Figure 1-5 | Court Decisions on Economics and Civil Liberties, 1953–2010 Terms 33 | Table 4-1 | Major Religious Establishment Cases from Everson (1947) to Epperson (1968) 135 | |
| Table 1-3 | Percentage of Votes to Declare Legislation Unconstitutional, 1994–2010 Terms 35 | Box 4-3 | Clashing Interests: Separationist versus Accommodationist Interest Groups in | |
| Figure 1-6 | Provisions of Federal, State, and Local | | Religious Establishment Litigation 137 | |
| | Laws and Ordinances Held Unconstitutional | Box 4-4 | The Roots of the Lemon Test 143 | |
| | by the Supreme Court, 1789–2010 35 | Table 4-2 | Aid to Religious Schools: Applying the | |
| Table 1-4 | Reporting Systems 42 | | Lemon Test 144 | |

| Table 4-3 | Religious Establishment Standards Offered | CHAPTER 9 | |
|-----------|--|--------------|---|
| | as Alternatives to the Lemon Test 146 | Table 9-1 | Public Opinion and Gun Ownership, 2010 388 |
| Box 4-5 | The Scopes Monkey Trial 163 | Box 9-1 | Aftermath Jack Miller and Frank |
| Table 4-4 | Incidence of Bible Reading in Public Schools by Region, 1960 and 1966 169 | | Layton 389 |
| Box 4-6 | Aftermath Madalyn Murray O'Hair 175 | CHAPTER 10 | |
| Box 4-7 | School Prayer in Global Perspective 176 | Box 10-1 | Aftermath Estelle Griswold and C. Lee Buxton 406 |
| CHAPTER 5 | | Table 10-1 | Where Is the Right to Privacy Located in |
| Box 5-1 | The American Civil Liberties Union 212 | | the Constitution? The Splits in <i>Griswold</i> 407 |
| Box 5-2 | Aftermath Charlotte Anita Whitney 213 | Figure 10-1 | Legislative Action on Abortion through the Early 1970s 408 |
| Box 5-3 | The Preferred Freedoms Doctrine 214 | Table 10-2 | The Roe v. Wade Trimester Framework 417 |
| Box 5-4 | Aftermath Eugene Dennis 221 | | Public Opinion and Abortion, 1975–2011 417 |
| Box 5-5 | Freedom of Expression in Global | Box 10-2 | Aftermath Norma McCorvey 419 |
| Table 5-1 | Perspective 225 Summary of Legal Standards Governing Free | Box 10-3 | Proposed Approaches to Restrictive |
| Table 5-1 | Speech 227 | | Abortion Laws 421 |
| Box 5-6 | Aftermath Gregory Lee Johnson 239 | Table 10-3 | Support for Roe v. Wade 433 |
| Table 5-2 | Examples of Public Forum Cases Decided | Box 10-4 | Abortion in Global Perspective 434 |
| | by the Supreme Court since 1988 246 | Box 10-5 | Living Wills 450 |
| Box 5-7 | Hate Speech and the Civil Liberties Community 254 | Table 10-4 | The Supreme Court and Drug-Testing Programs 453 |
| CHAPTER 6 | | PART III | |
| Box 6-1 | Censored High School Newspaper Article 313 | Figure III-1 | The American Criminal Justice System 460 |
| Box 6-2 | Free Press in Global Perspective 318 | Figure III-2 | Percentage of Supreme Court Criminal |
| Box 6-3 | Aftermath Paul Branzburg 325 | | Rights Cases Decided in Favor of the Accused, 1953–2010 Terms 462 |
| CHAPTER 7 | | CHAPTER 1 | 11 |
| Box 7-1 | Libel in Global Perspective 335 | | |
| Box 7-2 | Aftermath Larry Flynt 342 | Table 11-1 | Examples of the Automobile Exception 483 |
| Box 7-3 | Roth, Jacobellis, and Memoirs Compared 348 | Box 11-1 | AftermathDollree Mapp 504 |
| Box 7-4 | What Is Obscene? 350 | Box 11-2 | Aftermath Danny Escobedo 522 |
| Table 7-1 | Roth-Jacobellis-Memoirs and Miller | Box 11-3 | Aftermath Ernesto Miranda 529 |
| D 7 7 | Compared 354 | Table 11-2 | Exceptions to <i>Miranda</i> : Some Examples 533 |
| Box 7-5 | Enforcing Obscenity Statutes 355 | Box 11-4 | Miranda in Global Perspective 538 |
| Box 7-6 | Industry Warning Labels 361 | CHAPTER 12 | 2 |
| CHAPTER 8 | | Box 12-1 | Aftermath The Scottsboro Boys 544 |
| Box 8-1 | Congress and the Courts: A Continuing Dialogue over the Regulation of the Internet 380 | Table 12-1 | Comparison of the Development of the Exclusionary Rule and the Right to Counsel for Indigents 549 |
| Box 8-2 | Internet Pornography in Global Perspective 385 | Box 12-2 | Aftermath Sam Sheppard 565 |

| Box 12-3 | Aftermath Troy Leon Gregg 584 | Box 13-4 | Aftermath Craig v. Boren 662 |
|------------|--|------------|---|
| Box 12-4 | Aftermath Daryl Atkins 593 | Box 13-5 | Gay Rights Law in Global |
| Table 12-2 | Responses to Questions on the | | Perspective 677 |
| | Death Penalty 595 | Table 13-2 | Admissions Data for the Entering |
| Box 12-5 | Capital Punishment in Global Perspective 595 | | Class of the Medical School of the University of California at Davis, 1973 |
| Part IV | | | and 1974 692 |
| Table IV-1 | Equal Protection Tests 607 | Box 13-6 | Aftermath Allan Bakke 698 |
| Box IV-1 | A Sample of Major Civil Rights Acts 608 | Box 13-7 | Affirmative Action/Minority Set-Aside Principles 717 |
| Chapter 13 | | Cl | |
| Box 13-1 | One Child's Simple Justice 626 | Chapter 14 | |
| Table 13-1 | Percentage of Black Students Attending School with Whites, Southern States, | Box 14-1 | Aftermath Bush v. Gore 728 |
| | | Box 14-2 | Voting in Global Perspective 736 |
| | 1954–1972 627 | Table 14-1 | Growth of Soft Money 743 |
| Box 13-2 | Intermarriage Broken Up by Death 640 | Box 14-3 | Aftermath Citizens United and the |
| Box 13-3 | Major Congressional Action on Women's | | Rise of the Super PAC 750 |
| | Rights 653 | Box 14-4 | Aftermath Miller v. Johnson 768 |
| | | | |

PREFACE

wenty-one years have passed since Constitutional Law for a Changing America: Rights, Liberties, and Justice made its debut in a discipline already supplied with many fine casebooks by law professors, historians, and social scientists. We believed then, as we do now, that a fresh approach was needed because, as professors who regularly teach courses on public law, and as scholars concerned with judicial processes, we saw a growing disparity between what we taught and what our research taught us.

We had adopted books for our classes that focused primarily on Supreme Court decisions and how the Court applied the resulting legal precedents to subsequent disputes, but as scholars we understood that to know the law is to know only part of the story. A host of political factors—internal and external—influence the Court's decisions and shape the development of constitutional law. These include the ways lawyers and interest groups frame legal disputes, the ideological and behavioral propensities of the justices, the politics of judicial selection, public opinion, and the positions elected officials take, to name just a few.

Because we thought no existing book adequately combined legal factors with the influences of the political process, we wrote one. In most respects, our book follows tradition: readers will find that we include excerpts from the classic cases that best illustrate the development of constitutional law. But our focus is different, as is the appearance of this volume. We emphasize the arguments raised by lawyers and interest groups and

the politics surrounding litigation. We include tables and figures on Court trends and other materials that bring out the rich legal, social, historical, economic, and political contexts in which the Court reaches its decisions. As a result, students and instructors will find this work both similar to and different from casebooks they may have read before.

Integrating traditional teaching and research concerns was only one of our goals. Another was to animate the subject of constitutional law. As instructors, we find our subject inherently interesting-to us con law is exciting stuff. Many of the books available, however, could not be less inviting in design, presentation, or prose. That kind of book seems to dampen enthusiasm. We have written a book that we hope mirrors the excitement we feel for our subject. We describe the events that led to the suits and include photographs of litigants and relevant exhibits from the cases. Moreover, because students often ask us about the fates of particular litigants—for example, what happened to the "Scottsboro boys"?—and hearing that colleagues elsewhere are asked similar questions, we decided to attach "Aftermath" boxes to a select set of cases. In addition to providing final chapters to these stories, the focus on the human element leads to interesting discussions about the decisions' impacts on the lives of ordinary Americans. We hope these materials demonstrate to students that Supreme Court cases are more than just legal names and citations, that they involve real people engaged in real disputes.

Finally, to broaden students' perspectives on the U.S. legal system, we have added boxes on the laws and legal practices of other countries. Students and instructors can use these to compare and contrast U.S. Supreme Court decisions over a wide range of issues, such as the death penalty, prayer in schools, and libel, with policies developed in other countries. The use of foreign law sources in their opinions has sparked some dissension among the justices, and we have found that the material we include here inspires lively debates in our classes. We hope it will do so in yours as well.

Important Revisions

In preparing this eighth edition, we have strengthened the distinctive features of the earlier versions by making changes at all three levels of the book—organization, chapters, and cases. Material on the boundaries of free expression has been reorganized so that we focus not only on the traditional topics of libel and obscenity but also on emerging areas of government concern—for example, cruelty and violence. To date, the government's efforts at regulating expression have not been especially successful. But whether the Court will stick to its position of defining only a limited number of categories of expression—notably, obscenity and libel—as beyond the reach of the First Amendment is anyone's guess.

The most significant changes are in the individual chapters. All have been thoroughly updated to include important opinions handed down through the 2011 term. Since Chief Justice Roberts took office in 2005, the Court has taken up many pressing issues of the day, including gun control (*District of Columbia v. Heller*), the use of the death penalty for child rapists (*Kennedy v. Louisiana*), the extent to which defendants have the right to confront witnesses against them (including *Davis v. Washington* and *Harmon v. Indiana*), and, as we just mentioned, cruelty and violence (*United States v. Stevens*; *Brown v. Entertainment Merchants Association*).

The chapters that follow contain discussions of these cases, along with many others from the Roberts Court. For example, Chapter 4 houses new material on government involvement in the internal affairs of religious organizations, with an excerpt from Hosanna-Tabor Evangelical Lutheran Church and School v. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (2012). Chapter 5 provides expanded coverage of hateful and offensive speech and now includes an excerpt from Snyder

v. Phelps (2011)—an attempt by Westboro Baptist Church to win First Amendment protection for its anti-gay, anti-Catholic demonstrations at military funerals. We have updated Chapter 11 to include a discussion of the Court's reintroduction of the importance of physical intrusions in determining Fourth Amendment search and seizure violations, highlighted by an excerpt from the GPS tracking case of *United States v. Jones* (2012). And last but certainly not least, to Chapter 14's coverage of campaign finance issues we have added an excerpt from the Court's controversial decision in *Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission* (2010).

For the seventh edition, we made a change in our presentation of the case material: for each excerpted case, we noted key arguments made by the attorneys on both sides. Our goal was to highlight the array of important claims before the Court, and not simply those the justices chose to highlight. This addition proved popular with students and instructors alike, and so we have retained it in this new edition.

We have also retained and enhanced other features pertaining to case presentation that have proved to be useful. The Aftermath boxes not only remain but have increased in number—a testament to the positive feedback we have received. We continue to excerpt concurring and dissenting opinions; in fact, virtually all cases analyzed in the text now include one or the other or both. Although these opinions lack the force of precedent, they are useful in helping students to see alternative points of view.

We also continue to provide universal resource locators (URLs) to the full texts of the opinions and, where available, to a Web site containing audio recordings of oral arguments in many landmark cases. We have taken this step for much the same reason that we now highlight attorneys' arguments: reading decisions in their entirety and listening to oral arguments can help students to develop the important skill of differentiating between compelling and less compelling arguments. Finally, we continue to retain the historical flavor of the decisions, reprinting verbatim the original language used in U.S. Reports to introduce the justices' writings. Students will see that during most of its history the Court used the courtesy title "Mr." to refer to justices, as in "Mr. Justice Holmes delivered the opinion of the Court" or "Mr. Justice Harlan, dissenting." In 1980 the Court dropped the "Mr." This point may seem minor, but we think it is evidence that the justices, like other Americans, updated their usage to reflect fundamental changes in American society—in this case, the emergence of women as a force in the legal profession and shortly thereafter on the Court itself.

We have made some cuts along the way as well. Most notably, adopters of previous editions will see that we've trimmed the number of appendixes in the "Reference Material" section. Because so much of the material they contained is now readily available from reliable sources on the Internet, we made the decision to delete them to make room for more case material and narrative.

Student and Instructor Resources

We continue to update and improve our Online Con Law Resource Center located at http://clca.cqpress.com and hope instructors find this a valuable resource for assigning supplemental cases and useful study aids, as well as for accessing helpful instructor resources. Through the supplemental case archive professors and students can access excerpts of important decisions that we mention in the text but that space limitations and other considerations counsel against excerpting. Cases included in the online archive are indicated by boldface italic type in the text, and a complete list appears in Appendix 4; in the archive these cases are introduced and excerpted in the same fashion as they are in the book. The archive now houses more than two hundred cases; we will continue to keep it current, adding important decisions as the Court hands them down.

The Online Resource Center also features some very handy study tools for students: a set of interactive flash cards for each chapter that will help students review key terms and concepts, and links to a wealth of data and background material from CQ Press's reference sources, such as Guide to the U.S. Supreme Court, The Supreme Court A to Z, and our Supreme Court Compendium (which we coauthored with the Harold J. Spaeth and Jeffrey A. Segal). Students can click to a bio of any justice, read a background piece on the origins of the Court, and view selected data tables on ideological means or on voting interagreements among justices by issue area. Also available are new hypothetical cases-sixteen for this volume-written by Stephen Daniels of the American Bar Foundation and Northwestern University and James Bowers of St. John Fisher College. These rich, detailed hypotheticals, tied

to specific chapters, are accompanied by both discussion and writing questions that will help spark conversation and serve as the basis for writing assignments.

We are grateful to Tim Johnson of the University of Minnesota for producing a great set of instructor's resources. In addition to a test bank that includes multiple-choice, short-answer, and hypothetical questions, he has created a set of discussion questions for each chapter. There are also case briefs for every case excerpted in the book and a full set of PowerPoint lecture slides. We'd also like to thank Rorie Spill Solberg of Oregon State University and Liane Kosaki of the University of Wisconsin-Madison for their Moot Court Simulation in the Resource Center. Instructors can choose hypothetical cases and utilize their guidelines so students can play the roles of counsel or chief or associate justice. Rorie and Liane also blog for the Resource Center, tying current news events and developments to content in Constitutional Law for a Changing America. We encourage all of our readers to check out "Without Prejudice" on the home page of the Resource Center.

Instructors can also download all the tables, figures, and charts from our book (in PowerPoint or JPG formats) for use during lecture. To access all of these resources, be sure to click on "instructor resources" once at clca.cqpress.com so you can register and start downloading.

Acknowledgments

Although the first edition of this volume was published twenty-one years ago, it had been in the works for many more. During those developmental years, numerous people provided guidance, but none as much as Joanne Daniels, a former editor at CQ Press. It was Joanne who conceived of a constitutional law book that would be accessible, sophisticated, and contemporary. And it was Joanne who brought that concept to our attention and helped us develop it into a book. We are forever in her debt.

Because this new edition charts the same course as the first seven, we remain grateful to all of those who had a hand in the previous editions. They include David Tarr and Jeanne Ferris at CQ Press, Jack Knight at Duke University, Joseph A. Kobylka of Southern Methodist University, Jeffrey A. Segal of the State University of New York at Stony Brook, and our many

colleagues who reviewed and commented on our work: Judith A. Baer, Ralph Baker, Lawrence Baum, John Brigham, Gregory A. Caldeira, Bradley C. Canon, Robert A. Carp, James Cauthen, Phillip J. Cooper, Sue Davis, John Fliter, John B. Gates, Edward V. Heck, David Korman, John A. Maltese, Wendy Martinek, Kevin McGuire, Wayne McIntosh, Susan Mezey, Richard J. Pacelle Jr., C. K. Rowland, Donald R. Songer, Harry P. Stumpf, and Artemus Ward. We are also indebted to the many scholars who took the time to send us suggestions, including (again) Greg Caldeira, as well as Akiba J. Covitz, Jolly Emrey, Alec C. Ewald, Leslie Goldstein, and Neil Snortland. Many thanks also go to Jeff Segal for his frank appraisal of the earlier volumes; to Segal (again), Rebecca Brown, David Cruz, Micheal Giles, Linda Greenhouse, and Adam Liptak for their willingness to share their expertise in all matters of constitutional law; to Judith Baer and Leslie Goldstein for their help with the revision of the discrimination chapter in previous editions and their answers to innumerable e-mail messages; to Jack Knight for his comments on the drafts of several chapters; and to Harold J. Spaeth for his wonderful data set. We also thank the following reviewers for their help on this edition: John Forren (Miami University), Joshua Kaplan (University of Notre Dame), Peter Kierst (University of New Mexico), David Korman (University of Pittsburgh), Cynthia Lebow (University of California, Los Angeles), Wendy Martinek (University of Binghamton, SUNY), Richard J. Pacelle Jr. (Georgia Southern University), Chris Shortell (Portland State University), and Joseph Smith (University of Alabama).

Most of all, we acknowledge the contributions of our editors at CQ Press, Brenda Carter and Charisse Kiino. Brenda saw *Constitutional Law for a Changing America* through the first five editions; Charisse came on board on the fifth and worked with us throughout the eighth. Both are just terrific, somehow knowing exactly when to steer us and when to steer clear. We are equally indebted to Carolyn Goldinger, our copy editor on the first four editions and on the sixth edition. Her imprint, without exaggeration, remains everywhere. Over the years, she made our prose more accessible, questioned our interpretation of certain events and opinions—and was all too often right—and made our tables and figures understandable. There is not a better copy editor in this business. Period.

For this edition, we express our sincere thanks to our new copy editor, Judy Selhorst. Judy continued the tradition of strong CQ Press editors. Her expertise and attention to detail not only enhanced our prose but worked to improve the accuracy and relevance of what we wrote. We also express many thanks to Nancy Loh for help with photo research and to Astrid Virding for her fine work as production editor.

Finally, we acknowledge the support of our home institutions and of our colleagues and friends. We are forever grateful to our former professors for instilling in us their genuine interest in and curiosity about things judicial and legal, and to our parents for their unequivocal support.

Shortly before the fifth edition went to press, we learned that the *Constitutional Law for a Changing America* volumes had won the award for teaching and mentoring presented by the Law and Courts section of the American Political Science Association. Each and every one of the editors and scholars we thank above deserves credit for whatever success our books have enjoyed. Any errors of omission or commission, however, remain our sole responsibility. We encourage students and instructors alike to comment on the book and to inform us of any errors. Contact us at lepstein@ law.usc.edu or polstw@emory.edu.

L.E., Los Angeles T.G.W., Atlanta

CONTENTS

Chronological Table of Cases ix Tables, Figures, and Boxes xi Preface xiv

I. THE SUPREME COURT AND THE CONSTITUTION 1

The Living Constitution 3

The Road to the Bill of Rights 3

The Amendment Process 6

The Supreme Court and the

Amendment Process 7

1. UNDERSTANDING THE U.S. SUPREME COURT 10

Processing Supreme Court Cases 10
Supreme Court Decision Making: The Role of
Law and Legal Methods 21
Supreme Court Decision Making: The Role
of Politics 31
Conducting Research on the Supreme
Court 41

2. THE JUDICIARY: INSTITUTIONAL POWERS AND CONSTRAINTS 45

ANNOTATED READINGS 43

Judicial Review 45

Marbury v. Madison (1803) 46

Constraints on Judicial Power 56

Ex parte McCardle (1869) 57

ANNOTATED READINGS 65

3. INCORPORATION OF THE BILL OF RIGHTS 66

Must States Abide by the Bill of Rights? Initial
Responses 66
Barron v. Baltimore (1833) 67
Incorporation through the Fourteenth
Amendment: Early Interpretations 69
Hurtado v. California (1884) 70
A Standard Emerges 74
Palko v. Connecticut (1937) 76
Incorporation in the Aftermath of Palko 78
Duncan v. Louisiana (1968) 80
ANNOTATED READINGS 86

II. CIVIL LIBERTIES 87

Approaching Civil Liberties 89

4. RELIGION: EXERCISE AND ESTABLISHMENT 93

Defining Religion 94

Free Exercise of Religion 97

Cantwell v. Connecticut (1940) 99

Sherbert v. Verner (1963) 104

Wisconsin v. Yoder (1972) 108

Employment Division, Department of Human

Resources of Oregon v. Smith (1990) 114

City of Boerne v. Flores (1997) 122

Religious Establishment 128

Everson v. Board of Education (1947) 130

Lemon v. Kurtzman; Earley v. DiCenso (1971) 138

Agostini v. Felton (1997) 146

| | Zelman v. Simmons-Harris (2002) 153 Edwards v. Aguillard (1987) 164 School District of Abington Township v. Schempp; Murray v. Curlett (1963) 170 | | Government Control of Press Content 316 News Gathering and Special Rights 320 Branzburg v. Hayes (1972) 321 NNOTATED READINGS 326 |
|----|--|-----|---|
| | Lee v. Weisman (1992) 177 Van Orden v. Perry (2005) 186 Hosanna-Tabor Evangelical Lutheran Church and School v. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (2012) 191 ANNOTATED READINGS 196 | | THE BOUNDARIES OF FREE EXPRESSION: LIBEL, OBSCENITY, AND EMERGING AREAS OF GOVERNMENT REGULATION 327 Libel 327 New York Times v. Sullivan (1964) 328 |
| 5. | FREEDOM OF SPEECH, ASSEMBLY, AND ASSOCIATION 197 The Development of Legal Standards: The Emergence of Law in Times of Crisis 198 Schenck v. United States (1919) 200 Abrams v. United States (1919) 202 Gitlow v. New York (1925) 205 Dennis v. United States (1951) 217 Brandenburg v. Ohio (1969) 222 | | Hustler Magazine v. Falwell (1988) 338 Obscenity 343 Roth v. United States (1957) 344 Miller v. California (1973) 350 New York v. Ferber (1982) 356 Cruelty and Violence 362 Brown v. Entertainment Merchants Association (2011) 363 ANNOTATED READINGS 369 |
| | Contemporary Tests and Constitutional Guidelines 225 Content and Contexts 230 United States v. O'Brien (1968) 230 Texas v. Johnson (1989) 234 Chaplinsky v. New Hampshire (1942) 239 Cohen v. California (1971) 241 | | THE FIRST AMENDMENT AND THE INTERNET Shielding Children from Access to Sexually Explicit Material 372 Reno v. American Civil Liberties Union (1997) Prohibiting Child Pornography 378 United States v. Williams (2008) 380 Emerging Issues 385 |
| | Hill v. Colorado (2000) 247 R.A.V. v. City of St. Paul, Minnesota (1992) 255 Snyder v. Phelps (2011) 258 Tinker v. Des Moines Independent Community School District (1969) 264 Morse v. Frederick (2007) 267 West Virginia State Board of Education v. Barnette (1943) 272 Rumsfeld v. Forum for Academic and Institutional Rights, Inc. (2006) 277 Bates v. State Bar of Arizona (1977) 283 Central Hudson Gas and Electric Corporation v. Public Service Commission of New York (1980) 289 Boy Scouts of America v. Dale (2000) 293 ANNOTATED READINGS 297 | | ANNOTATED READINGS 386 THE RIGHT TO KEEP AND BEAR ARMS 387 Initial Interpretations 388 The Second Amendment Revisited 389 District of Columbia v. Heller (2008) 390 Heller and the States 395 ANNOTATED READINGS 396 |
| | | 10. | THE RIGHT TO PRIVACY 397 The Right to Privacy: Foundations 398 Griswold v. Connecticut (1965) 400 Reproductive Freedom and the Right to Privacy: Abortion 407 Roe v. Wade (1973) 409 Planned Parenthood of Southeastern Pennsylvania v. Casey (1992) 422 |
| 6. | FREEDOM OF THE PRESS 299 Prior Restraint 300 Near v. Minnesota (1931) 301 New York Times v. United States (1971) 304 Hazelwood School District v. Kuhlmeier (1988) 311 | | Private Activities and the Application of Griswold 43. Lawrence v. Texas (2003) 437 Cruzan v. Director, Missouri Department of Health (1990) 445 ANNOTATED READINGS 454 |

III. THE RIGHTS OF THE CRIMINALLY ACCUSED 457

The Criminal Justice System and Constitutional Rights 459 Overview of the Criminal Justice System 459 Trends in Court Decision Making 461

11. INVESTIGATIONS AND EVIDENCE 464

Searches and Seizures 465 Katz v. United States (1967) 466 United States v. Jones (2012) 471 Illinois v. Gates (1983) 476 Arizona v. Gant (2009) 484 Safford Unified School District #1 v. Redding (2009) 488 Terry v. Ohio (1968) 493 Enforcing the Fourth Amendment: The Exclusionary Rule 497 Mapp v. Ohio (1961) 498 United States v. Leon (1984) 505 Hudson v. Michigan (2006) 510 Herring v. United States (2009) 514 The Fifth Amendment and Self-Incrimination 517 Escobedo v. Illinois (1964) 519 Miranda v. Arizona (1966) 523

ANNOTATED READINGS 539

12. ATTORNEYS, TRIALS, AND PUNISHMENTS 540

Missouri v. Seibert (2004) 534

The Right to Counsel 540 Powell v. Alabama (1932) 541 Gideon v. Wainwright (1963) 545 The Pretrial Period and the Right to Bail 551 The Sixth Amendment and Fair Trials 552 Batson v. Kentucky (1986) 555 Sheppard v. Maxwell (1966) 561 Richmond Newspapers v. Virginia (1980) 566 Trial Proceedings 569 Final Trial Stage: An Overview of Sentencing 571 The Eighth Amendment 573 Gregg v. Georgia (1976) 576 Atkins v. Virginia (2002) 586 Posttrial Protections and the Double Jeopardy Clause 596 Postrelease Protections 598 ANNOTATED READINGS 599

IV. CIVIL RIGHTS 603

Civil Rights and the Constitution 603 The Fourteenth Amendment 604 The Fifteenth Amendment 610

13. DISCRIMINATION 611 Racial Discrimination 611 Plessy v. Ferguson (1896) 612 Sweatt v. Painter (1950) 617 Brown v. Board of Education (I) (1954) 620 Brown v. Board of Education (II) (1955) 624 Swann v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Board of Education (1971) 627 Parents Involved in Community Schools v. Seattle School District No. 1; Meredith v. Jefferson County Board of Education (2007) 632 Loving v. Virginia (1967) 639 Shelley v. Kraemer (1948) 644 Burton v. Wilmington Parking Authority (1961) 647 Moose Lodge No. 107 v. Irvis (1972) 649 Sex Discrimination 652

Reed v. Reed (1971) 654 Craig v. Boren (1976) 657 United States v. Virginia (1996) 663 Discrimination Based on Sexual Orientation 671 Romer v. Evans (1996) 671

Discrimination Based on Economic Status 678 San Antonio Independent School District v. Rodriguez (1973) 679 Discrimination against Aliens 684 Plyler v. Doe (1982) 685 Remedying the Effects of Discrimination: Affirmative Action 689 Regents of the University of California v. Bakke (1978) 690 Adarand Constructors, Inc. v. Peña (1995) 701 Grutter v. Bollinger (2003) 707 Contemporary Developments in Discrimination Law 719

14. VOTING AND REPRESENTATION 721

Elections and the Court 721 Bush v. Gore (2000) 722 Voting Rights 729

ANNOTATED READINGS 719

South Carolina v. Katzenbach (1966) 732
Crawford v. Marion County Election
Board (2008) 738
Regulation of Election
Campaigns 742
Citizens United v. Federal Election
Commission (2010) 744
Political Representation 751
Reynolds v. Sims (1964) 754
Miller v. Johnson (1995) 761

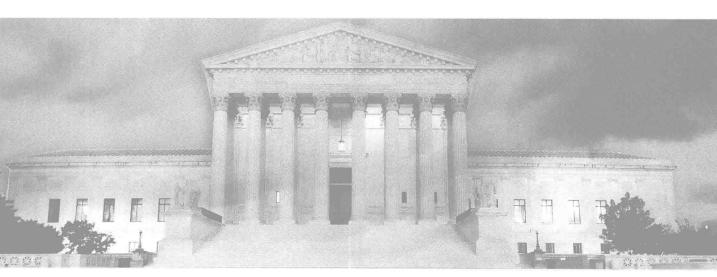
ANNOTATED READINGS 768

Reference Material 771

Constitution of the United States 773
The Justices 785
Glossary 792
Online Case Archive Index 797

Case Index 801 Subject Index 809 Image Credits 839 About the Authors 841

The Supreme Court and the Constitution



The Living Constitution

- 1. UNDERSTANDING THE U.S. SUPREME COURT
- 2. THE JUDICIARY: INSTITUTIONAL POWERS AND CONSTRAINTS
- 3. INCORPORATION OF THE BILL OF RIGHTS