

高中英语词汇练习

浙江大學出版社

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(合订本)

(适用于高中一、二、三年级)

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编

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编写说明

这套《中学英语词汇练习》是根据国家教育委员会新近制定的全日制中学英语教学大纲（初中起点），为密切配合现行中学英语课本《英语》（人民教育版）的教学而编写的。本练习旨在通过大量的反复实践机会，帮助中学生进行全面系统的词汇复习，以提高他们对已学英语词汇的熟练程度和活用能力，巩固课堂教学效果，加深对课内所学词汇的认识和理解，从而将大量的消极词汇转化为积极词汇，为提高学生的英语综合能力打下扎实的基础。

我们通过对现在使用的《英语》课本的词频分析后发现，由于受教学时数，课容量等诸因素的限制，其中教学大纲所规定的掌握性词汇复现率有限，理解性词汇的复现率则更低。因此，在这套练习的编写过程中，特别注意了提高各教学阶段中新词汇的重现率。除了保证教学大纲所要求的掌握性词汇大量复现外；对于教科书中的低频率词汇，也适当提高了它们的复现率。

这套练习虽为词汇练习，但并非词典式的英汉对照，也不是枯燥乏味的机械性训练，每项练习各有重点和特色。做到了科学性与趣味性相结合。我们通过词与词的有机结合，使学生能用所学过的有限词汇表达尽可能多的概念，例如练习中的英译汉短语翻译部分就较典型地体现了上述特点，通过做

这一练习，学生的视野能得到开拓，对英语词汇的灵活性也会有初步的认识。词义分类练习则旨在培养学生的逻辑和分析能力，通过这一实践，学生不但可逐步加深对英语词汇属性、范畴的认识，同时还加强了对词汇本身的记忆。

在每一单元练习的编排上，我们遵循了“词不离句”这一原则。每单元内容可分为三个层次，分别侧重于单词练习、短语练习及以主练词为核心的句子练习。

这套练习保持了与《英语》课本的对应性和同步性。全套练习共分6册，每学年使用1册。在每册练习中。每个单元基本覆盖四分之一学期的教学内容。因此本练习既可供教师用作各教学阶段的补充练习，亦可作为学生课外复习，巩固课堂知识的自学材料。此外，应考学生若将这套练习作为巩固、复习已学英语知识的基础练习来使用，也能获得理想的效果

本册共8个单元覆盖高中《英语》课本第一册。8个单元依次分别覆盖第一册的第一至二课、三至五课、六至九课、十至十一课、十二至十四课、十五至十六课和十七至十八课。希望教师、家长和学生在使用本册时，注意练习与课本的对应性与同步性。

本册每一单元的结构与练习重点如下：

1. 拼写练习
2. 根据读音将单词归类
3. 词汇释义练习
4. 构词练习

5. 功能词与其他重点词汇的使用练习(选词填空)
6. 综合多项选择练习(包括选词完成句子和选择近义词练习)
7. 词义分类
8. 英译汉(分为词和词组翻译、动词短语翻译及句子翻译三小部分)
9. 汉译英(包括短语翻译及句子翻译)

编 者

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UNIT ONE

(学完高中第一册第二课后)

1. Spelling practice. (拼写练习。)

1.1 将下列字母重新组合成所学过的单词。

Model: our (U O R)

- 1) _____ (S A B E)
- 2) _____ (I I M O D)
- 3) _____ (G L U P)
- 4) _____ (D E O C)
- 5) _____ (T U S H)
- 6) _____ (L I V I C)
- 7) _____ (R I E W)
- 8) _____ (P R A S G)
- 9) _____ (R O R E D)
- 10) _____ (S H L A F)

1.2 填入所缺的字母。

- 1) Be _ g _ _ m lies to the north of France.
- 2) The praises en _ _ _ _ _ ged the artists.
- 3) The radio is also called the _ _ _ _ less.
- 4) I s _ p _ _ se you know what a visionphone is.
- 5) The sun went down and the stars

a _ _ _ red.

6) Xiao Ying was _ _ _ p _ _ touched by the story.

7) They have made some p _ _ g _ _ _ with their work.

8) Chinese students often have trouble with English _ d _ _ ms.

9) Some planes can go faster than the s _ _ _ d of sound.

10) I need a bigger p _ _ g for that basin.

2. Put the following words into two groups according to the pronunciations of the italicized parts given below. (根据方框左边词中斜体部分的读音,将各题中所给的单词分成两组,并分别填入相应的方框内。)

1) examine greatly native flash praise reality

base

rapid

2) model forehead visionphone Scott code progress

follow

suppose

3) shut article master pulse encourage grasp

plug		charlie	

4) article price civil science encourage political

force		code	

5) progress Belgium encourage bridge Engels
plug

grammar		Germany	

3. Put the words listed below into the blanks according to the definitions provided. (根据所给的词的定义, 将下列单词填入相应之处。)




praise base future breathe grammar
wrist flash forehead suppose pulse

- 1) _____ to give out light suddenly
- 2) _____ to draw air into the lungs and force it out
- 3) _____ the lowest part of anything
- 4) _____ the part of body between the hand and the arm
- 5) _____ the beating of the heart

- 6) _____ to say that something or
somebody is good
- 7) _____ the rules about the forms
and uses of words
- 8) _____ the part of the face above
eyes
- 9) _____ the time not yet come
- 10) _____ to think of something as
possible

4. Word formation. (构词练习)

4.1 将左列中的单词与右列中的单词一一组合成已学过的复合词。

- Model:
- | | | |
|-------|---|---------|
| hand |  | work |
| class |  | writing |
| home |  | room |
-
- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| 1) news | a. phone |
| 2) home | b. ever |
| 3) out | c. let |
| 4) vision | a. land |
| 5) work | e. room |
| 6) how | f. paper |

4.2 用每句后所给的大写单词的适当形式填空。

Model: It was sunny yesterday.
(SUN)

- 1) The soldiers were _____ surprised
to find that the enemy had left their
defence works during the night.

(GREAT)

2) The _____ was very different from what he had supposed. (REAL)

3) Mr. Li is a kind man. You can speak _____ to him. (FREE)

4) Can fish _____ ? (BREATH)

5) Robert is _____ interested in radio science. (DEEP)

6) We are going to have an _____ tomorrow. (EXAMINE)

7) The number of workers is _____. (LIMIT)

8) Mr. Wang will fly to _____ tomorrow. (GERMAN)

9) The history of American _____ seems to be an interesting subject. (POLITICAL)

10) Lei Feng was a great _____ fighter. (REVOLUTION 革命)

5. Fill in the blanks with proper words. (选词填空)

5.1 用下列短语完成各句。

in the future after all before long

1) Don't beat him for breaking the glass.
_____ he is only seven years old.

2) I think you have learned quite a lot about the English grammar _____.

We should pay more attention to the idioms.

- 3) Sooner ~~or~~ later the price of TV sets will go down, so _____ every family will be able to buy one.
- 4) Keep quiet. Class will be over _____.
- 5) A lot of people were lining up in front of the ticket office. However, the line moved fast, and _____ it was our turn.
- 6) Though our football team did their best, they lost the game _____.
- 7) The machine started to make a strange noise and _____ it broke down.

5.2 用 however 或 that is 完成下列各句。

- 1) Nearly half of the class is ill; _____, 19 out of 40 are ill.
- 2) Tom has made some progress. _____, he is not satisfied with it.
- 3) Everybody had thought our class would be the winner. _____, we lost the game.
- 4) A spaceship is not really a ship, _____, it does not travel on water.
- 5) They were late for dinner; _____, there was plenty left for them.

5.3 用括号中所给的单词的反义词完成下列各句。

- 1) A wind was rising and the sun _____
behind the clouds. (appear)
- 2) Science is making _____ progress
in this century. (slow)
- 3) My parents always _____ me to
learn English well, for they know English
is a useful tool in life. (discourage)
- 4) We often see a group of chicks _____
a hen. (leading)
- 5) Our country has a bright _____.
(past)
- 6) I am a Chinese and Chinese is my
_____ language. (foreign)

5.4 用下列动词完成各句：

examine complete limit
improve praise encourage

- 1) The sick man was _____ to do
some physical exercises.
- 2) On some roads the speed of cars is
_____.
- 3) The goods were _____ carefully.
- 4) The workers had worked day and night
so that the bridge was _____ before
the rainy(多雨的) season came.
- 5) This type of machine does not work well.
It must be _____, or we'll have

to get rid of it.

6) Alice was highly _____ for her courage(勇气).

7) The weight (重量) of goods one may carry onto a train is _____ to 40 jin.

6. Comprehensive multiple choice practice. (综合多项选择练习。)

6.1 从每小题的四个答案中,选出一个最适合该句的词。

1) Since a red light is _____ on the bridge, there must be something wrong.

- a. flashing b. shutting off
c. plugged d. picked out

2) If you have a _____, you'll not only be able to talk to your faraway friend but also be able to see his face.

- a. speaker b. ten-speed bicycle
c. visionphone d. telephone

3) Engels _____ more than twenty languages.

- a. grasped b. mastered
c. invented d. enjoyed

4) The weather was so bad that all the warships quickly returned to their _____.

- a. home b. works
c. land d. base

- 5) It is the end of the term now, and we are going to have _____.
 a. articles b. orders
 c. progress d. examinations
- 6) Mr. Evans pulled the rope of a bell and a servant _____.
 a. flashed b. appeared
 c. followed d. improved
- 7) Mr. Black was so pleased by his own thoughts that he almost forgot the _____.
 a. reality b. future
 c. sensor d. progress
- 8) Your TV set is quite good. What _____ is it?
 a. base b. works
 c. trade d. model
- 9) The spy wrote the letter in _____, so the policemen were not able to understand it.
 a. words b. ink
 c. code d. lines
- 10) _____ we leave on Monday. Do you think you'll be ready then?
 a. Suppose b. Think
 c. If d. Guess
- 11) Mrs. White placed her hand on Tom's

- _____ and found it was quite hot.
She called the doctor immediately.
- a. head b. forehead
c. wrist d. pulse
- 12) John bought a cooking machine but he
could not find _____ in the kitchen
(厨房).
- a. a wire b. an outlet
c. a hole d. a plug
- 13) I visited an artist last Sunday. He had a
whole _____ of brushes on his
table.
- a. set b. group
c. pair d. model
- 14) If you want to buy this new machine, you
must place _____ as early as you
can.
- a. a name b. a code
c. an order d. an article
- 15) This is a good recorder. It has four
_____.
- a. models b. plugs
c. speakers d. wires
- 16) John, the basin is full. Would you please
turn _____ the water?
- a. up b. down
c. on d. off