

PHARMACOLOGY AND THERAPEUTICS

A Textbook for Students and Practitioners of Medicine

By

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Preface to the Second Edition

THE cordial reception with which the first edition of this book has been received has permitted a new edition to appear within the short space of three years. This has given the author an opportunity of introducing the advances in Pharmacology and Therapeutics which have appeared so rapidly since the appearance of the first edition. New preparations are constantly being added to the physician's armamentarium with which the student as well as the practitioner of medicine must be well acquainted if he is to utilize to its maximum the advances of modern therapeutics. The recent issuance of a revision of the British Pharmacopœia (official, September 1, 1953) has necessitated altering the references to these official preparations. As in the case of the U. S. Pharmacopœia, English names are now given official preference to the Latin in the British Pharmacopœia.

The general plan of the earlier edition has not been altered since this has been found highly satisfactory for teaching purposes. However, each page has received critical scrutiny and many parts of the book have been entirely rewritten. In this way it has been possible to add much new material without exclusion of germane matter and at the same time to maintain the text in a reasonably sized volume.

The growth of Pharmacology and Therapeutics has made it a formidable task to satisfy the experimental pharmacologist, whose interest lies in the broad theory of pharmacodynamics; the student, who requires a basic course which will permit him to use drugs rationally and effectively; and the empirical practitioner, who wishes to keep abreast of developments in therapeutics.

In the first edition of the present book an attempt was made to continue the "severely critical and rigorously scientific" approach to the subject which characterized the original text of Cushny which it replaced. This has continued to be my goal and although little remains of the substance of Cushny's original text, it is hoped that the retention here and there of an inimitable and unimprovable phrase of the great master will add to the reader's enjoyment and value of the book.

I am deeply indebted to Professor Harald Holck and others who have offered valuable suggestions and criticisms of the earlier edition.

ARTHUR GROLLMAN

Dallas, Texas

Preface to the First Edition

THE great advances which have been made in Pharmacology during the last few decades have made this subject one of the most important of the medical curriculum. No longer can it be said with Oliver Wendell Holmes that "if all the drugs of the Pharmacopœia be cast into the ocean, it would be to the hurt of the fishes and to the welfare of mankind." Nor can one deride therapeutics, as did Sir William Osler, by pointing out that only four drugs (iron, quinine, emetine, and mercury) have any specific virtue. The advances in drug therapy have made available to the physician a host of remedial agents with which he practices the art of modern medicine and which make possible its great accomplishments.

The present volume is not intended to be encyclopedic in scope, but rather a textbook adequate for the needs of the medical student and practitioner desirous of an up-to-date coverage of the subject. Although emphasis has been placed on the pharmacology of therapeutically important drugs, others of purely pharmacologic interest have not been neglected. For example, nicotine, muscarine, and strychnine are of little clinical usefulness but an understanding of their action is essential for any fundamental concept of the science of pharmacology. The purpose of the course in pharmacology is to acquaint the student with the scientific basis for the use of drugs in medicine; to do so, involves not only a consideration of the drugs commonly used in the clinic but also of the basic principles of the subject. The more practical minded may object to any attention paid to such drugs as muscarine or strychnine. However, a text in pharmacology should not be a mere handbook of therapeutics but should serve as a foundation for the rational and scientific use of drugs, without losing sight of the ultimate objective which is the application of drug therapy in disease. It is only if this be done that the subject merits a place among the basic disciplines of the preclinical sciences.

Since an extended bibliography would not be feasible, only selected references have been appended to each chapter. No attempt has been made in these to give recognition to all who have contributed to the subject, but rather to cite monographs, recent papers in which extended bibliographies may be found, and occasionally works of historical importance.

An epitome of prescription writing has been added as an appendix. This contains, it is believed, adequate information for the needs of the modern medical curriculum and may be taken up at any point of the course of study convenient to the instructor.

I am indebted to Dr. Harry Beckman, of Marquette University, Professor Harald Holek, of the University of Nebraska, Dr. Chauncey Leake, of the University of Texas, and others who have kindly offered valuable suggestions.

DALLAS, TEXAS

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