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Developing CDM Projects in the Western Balkans

Legal and Technical Issues Compared



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Foreword

It is my pleasure to write a foreword for this publication, focusing on the implementation of the Kyoto Protocol with particular regard to the so-called Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) envisaged therein.

It represents an interesting contribution to the current fundamental worldwide debate on climate change and provides a valuable legal, scientific and technical perspective, lighting some shades on the interaction and the possible integration between the several challenging issues related to the implementation of the Kyoto Protocol and of the CDM.

This publication arises from the experience of the international cooperation programme of the Italian Ministry for the Environment Land and Sea with the Western Balkan Countries, performed with the legal assistance of the University of Siena – Environmental Legal Team, as a part of the broader technical support of a dedicated Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe.

In this framework, the book analyses the most relevant legal and technical issues related to the establishment of the institutional, regulatory and legislative framework for CDM scouting, assessment and concrete realisation.

Therefore, the scientific analysis provided by the publication is enriched and deepened by the concrete experience gained by the legal and technical experts, and presents the ratio of the political, institutional and regulatory choices made by the Western Balkan countries as well as the achievements of the Italian bilateral cooperation programme. At the same time, it points out the ongoing unresolved controversial aspects and the outstanding challenges characterising the implementation of the Kyoto Protocol in Albania, Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia.

Corrado Clini
Director General, Department for Environmental Research and Development
Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land and Sea (IMELS)
Rome, 15 June 2009

Preface: The Experience of the Italian Cooperation for the UNFCCC and the Kyoto Protocol Implementation in the Western Balkans

Martina Hauser*

The Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe

The Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe is a working team within the Department for Environmental Research and Development of the Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land and Sea (IMELS). Firstly instituted in Belgrade in 2004 and subsequently moved to Rome, it develops and coordinates the activity of bilateral cooperation for environmental protection with the support of both Italian and local legal and technical experts. It has been established to create a geopolitical network in Central Eastern Europe in the environmental field. In particular, it focuses on the Balkan area promoting bilateral cooperation initiatives to encourage political and environmental dialogue.

The starting point of the Italian bilateral cooperation in the region was to provide institutional, legal and economic assistance to a group of countries wishing to get closer to the International and European Union standards. In particular, the Italian Ministry for the Environment Land and Sea offered its help to reform their institutional and legislative framework and to promote sustainable development, according to the relevant *acquis communautaire*. In the past few years, the Task Force extended its activities in the whole Balkan area and beyond (Albania, Bosnia Herzegovina, Macedonia, Montenegro, Romania, Russia, Serbia, Turkey, Ukraine) involving more than 50 people (coordinators, managers, local representatives, technical and legal experts). Up to now, IMELS signed about 16 Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with related Technical Annexes and it is currently negotiating technical agreements with Russia and Turkey.

In the field of climate change, the MoUs concluded with the competent local authorities (Ministries for the Environment, Energy, Economy, etc.) have been the reference framework allowing the development of about 70 projects related to the implementation of the UNFCCC and the Kyoto Protocol. In particular, the agreements, through activities of scouting and drafting of the required legislative framework, promote the implementation of projects finalized at reducing greenhouse gas emissions as prescribed by the Kyoto Protocol.

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These projects, JI (Joint Implementation) and CDM (Clean Development Mechanism), effectively encourage the use of renewable energy, energy efficiency, waste management, afforestation and reforestation.

The Task Force's mission includes activities of technical and legal assistance for the harmonization of the Western Balkan's legislative systems with the environmental *acquis communautaire*, for the implementation of international conventions in the environmental field, for the improvement of institutional capacities and for the ratification of the Kyoto Protocol and the establishment of the competent national authorities (*Designated National Authorities – DNAs*) in charge of evaluating CDM projects.

In such a context, the legal assistance is performed by the Environmental Legal Team of the University of Siena, a dedicated group of lawyers and economists, while the technical assistance is mostly carried out by a team of technical experts acting in the Western Balkans.

Moreover, in order to guarantee the daily development of the bilateral cooperation the Task Force identified local representatives that maintain contacts with the national authorities and the Italian embassies in the countries involved in cooperation with the Italian Institute for Foreign Trade (ICE).

Finally, the Task Force is in contact with the most active international Institutions such as the World Bank, EBRD (European Bank for reconstruction and Development), EAR (European Agency for Reconstruction), UNDP (United Nations Development Programme), UNEP (United nations Environment Programme), UNOPS (United Nations Office of Project Services), OSCE (Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe), USAID (United States Agency for International Development) in order to enlarge the possibility to support and finance the identified projects.

At present, the Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe is a reference point for all the countries mentioned above.

Environmental Cooperation in the Republic of Albania

The bilateral cooperation between the Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land and Sea and the Albanian Ministry for Environment, Forest and Water Administration started in May 2005 with the signature of a MoU aiming at the implementation of a specific technical assistance programme for the evaluation of GHG emission reduction through the establishment of the national institutional framework for the implementation of the UNFCCC and the Kyoto Protocol.

On the basis of the Annexes to the MoU, so far the Task Force provided a permanent support in the framework of international and EU environmental law, with particular regard to the achievement of the sustainable development goal.

In fact, the Task Force provided the Albanian Ministry for the Environment with the legal assistance for the identification of the most suitable model of DNA and for drafting the legislative acts necessary for its establishment. Preface

Moreover, a set of rules of procedures for CDM projects evaluation by the DNA was identified and introduced in the Albanian legislative system with the legal assistance of the Task Force, who also actively supported, through its legal advisers, the identification of the sustainable development criteria to be met by CDM projects.

The legal activities described above were complemented by the technical assistance for the identification of the Country's potential in CDM projects development (the so called CDM *portfolio*).

The cooperation programme of the IMELS in Albania involves not only the MEFWA but also the Albanian Ministry for Energy, Trade and Economy (METE).

In this framework, one of the most relevant achievements of the Task Force is represented by the successful activities of legal support for the harmonization of the Albanian legislative framework in the energy field with the *acquis communautaire*.

To this respect, the Task Force assisted the METE in the following sectors:

- Gap analysis of the Albanian Power Sector Law and drafting of the necessary amendments in line with the EU applicable legislation
- Drafting of the Regulation on the procedures for granting the authorisation for new energy installations
- · Drafting of the new Renewable energy Law

The assistance of the Task Force to the METE is integrated by the activities of wind energy potential resources assessment in the country, aiming at the development of a comprehensive database on this type of energy.

Environmental Cooperation in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

The bilateral cooperation between the Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land and Sea and the Macedonian Ministry for the Environment and Spatial Planning started in 2005 with the MoU 'Cooperation in environmental and sustainable development framework' focusing on environmental protection, natural resources improvement, environmental pollution reduction, legal assistance for the harmonization with the acquis communautaire and promotion of sustainable development through programmes, initiatives and joint projects. The MoU is complemented by the Annexes signed every year by the Parties to continue the cooperation programme.

The technical Annexes provide the procedures for technical and financial support to CDM projects and define the legal and technical activities to be performed in the framework of the Kyoto Protocol.

More in detail, according to the work plan developed on the basis of the Annexes to the MoU, the Task Force in cooperation with the ELT-University of Siena provides legal assistance to the Macedonian Ministry for the Environment and Spatial Planning in the drafting of the environmental legislation implementing the *acquis communautaire* and supports for the creation of the legislative framework for CDM approval.

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The first area, namely the legal assistance in the process of harmonization with the EU *acquis*, is of particular interest since Macedonia is currently holding the status of official candidate to EU membership.

The activities of the Task Force in this sector were identified coherently with the other objective of the cooperation programme that is providing a permanent support for the UNFCCC and Kyoto Protocol implementation. Therefore they particularly focus on the analysis of the EU legislation on IPPC and Emission Trading, with the view to provide Macedonia with the support for drafting the necessary amendments to its Environmental Law, a framework Law regulating all the relevant aspects and issues in the environmental sector.

On the other hand, the Task Force support to Macedonia for the implementation of the UNFCCC and the Kyoto Protocol mainly focused on providing legal assistance for the establishment of the DNA and on identifying the potential carbon credits generation of the country by means of the CDM projects *portfolio* developed with the technical support of IMELS experts.

Environmental Cooperation in the Republic of Montenegro

The bilateral cooperation between the Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land and Sea and the Montenegrin Ministry for Tourism and Environment (now Ministry for Spatial Planning and Environmental Protection) started in 2004 with the MoU "Cooperation on environmental protection". The role of the Italian party, as defined in the MoU Annex I "Technical assistance for Kyoto Protocol ratification and implementation of Green Certificate system", aims at evaluating the opportunities for CDM projects developments in the framework of energy, waste and reforestation fields. It focuses on small scale CDM projects characterized by simpler procedures and lower cost than that of the large scale ones.

In addition to the environmental protection issue, the bilateral cooperation aims to support a National Strategy of Montenegrin Sustainable Development and the related identification of a National Action Plan for its implementation.

The objectives identified in the MoU and in its Annex required also an important set of activities of legal assistance for the establishment of the legislative and institutional framework for the promotion of sustainable development in the Republic of Montenegro. In this framework, the legal support focused on two levels: the first one aiming at creating the suitable legislative framework for hosting CDM projects in the country and the second one aiming at achieving the national legislation with the environmental *acquis communautaire*.

With reference to the first issue, taking into account that with the ratification of the Kyoto Protocol the Republic of Montenegro gained the status of Non Annex I Party capable to host CDM projects, the main aims of the MoU have been the support for the establishment of the DNA and the identification of the rules of procedures for CDM projects assessment. Moreover, the activities of legal assistance cited above were integrated by the technical assistance for the evaluation of the

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potential carbon credits generation deriving from projects in the field of renewable sources, energy efficiency and reforestation projects.

With regard to the second issue, namely the harmonization with the EU *acquis*, the activities of the Task Force focused in particular on providing legal support in the following sectors:

- Analysis of the EU applicable legislation on Nature Protection with proposals for amendments of the Montenegrin legislative framework
- Drafting of the Law on Air Protection according to the EU relevant Directives

Environmental Cooperation in the Republic of Serbia

The bilateral cooperation between the Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land and Sea and the Serbian Ministry for the Environment and Spatial Planning started in 2002 with the signature of a first MoU on "Cooperation for environmental protection". The common will was to create an effective work plan for the development of a sustainable strategy for the Republic of Serbia not only at the economic level, but also at the social and environmental ones, through the exchange of the experiences achieved by ministerial and academic technicians and experts.

To this end, the first step was to provide legal and technical support for the creation of the legislative framework for the ratification of the Kyoto Protocol.

As the main objective of the Kyoto Protocol is to tackle climate change and to achieve the stabilization of the greenhouse gases at the level reached in 1990, an important activity was the implementation of a national inventory system to monitor the anthropogenic emissions. Actually, the collection of GHGs data is fundamental to set a baseline scenario to evaluate the concrete reduction potential of the country as well as to analyze the progress of the emission outputs.

Moreover, as required by the UNFCCC and the Kyoto Protocol, another step has been the development of a national programme for the drafting of the prescribed national communications on climate change, to be forwarded to the UNFCCC Secretariat.

These activities, coupled with the identification of the country's emissions reduction and carbon credits potential, were needed as a preliminary phase in order to make the Republic of Serbia a CDM projects host country.

Furthermore, a first scouting of possible CDM projects has been carried out in the energy field, with particular reference to small-hydro power plants, energy efficiency in industrial and civil field, and energy wind projects.

The overall successful achievement of the legal and technical activities described above was the development of the institutional and legislative framework necessary for the establishment of the DNA.

The cooperation between Italy and Serbia under the framework of the MoU cited above also aimed at providing the legal support for the legislative harmonization process of Serbian environmental legislation with the *acquis communautaire*.

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Therefore, according to the work plan agreed by the Parties, the activities of legal assistance performed covered the following fields:

- Development of the Primary and Secondary legislation on air quality
- · Development of the Primary legislation on environmental liability
- Analysis of the European and Italian legislation on energy efficiency with the aim of providing recommendations on how to improve and update the applicable Serbian legislation

Among the several activities of technical assistance provided to Serbia by the Task Force, the energy and environmental requalification programme in the industrial area of Pančevo (Pančevo Action Programme) represents one of the most important achievements. This programme provided an analysis on the state of pollution of the industrial area of Pančevo in order to perform the consequent activities of environmental risk monitoring, air quality protection, land and ground water reclamation, clean energy production, technologic requalification for control and prevention of risk in the industrial processes.

Concluding Remarks

From the analysis of the IMELS Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe activities it clearly emerges that this working team of legal and technical experts has performed, and still does, an important role in supporting Albania, Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia in the fulfilment of their commitments for the implementation of the UNFCCC and of the Kyoto Protocol.

The activities performed focus on two levels: the first one related to providing legal assistance for the establishment of the institutional framework to host CDM projects (setting up the DNAs) and for the drafting of the legislative framework to assess CDM projects; the second one related to the technical identification of the carbon potential for each of the four relevant countries with the view to promote CDM projects development.

Moreover, the activities cited above were integrated by the ones related to the legal assistance for the harmonization of the Albanian, Macedonian, Montenegrin and Serbian legislation with the *acquis communautaire*. These activities contributed not only to speeding up the process of EU membership ambitions of the four Western Balkan Countries, but also greatly improved their possibilities of prompt and effective implementation of the UNFCCC and Kyoto Protocol goals.

Finally, but not less importantly, the legal and technical activities of assistance of the Task Force, be them already performed or still in process, help the Western Balkan Parties of the MoUs in the achievement of sustainable development, which is one of the most important goals of the UNFCCC and of the Kyoto Protocol legislative framework.

Acknowledgments

This book reports on the legal and technical activities of the bilateral cooperation performed by an interdisciplinary team of consultants operating under the umbrella of the Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe established by the Italian Ministry for Environment, Land and Sea (IMELS).

Therefore, I would like firstly to thank Mr Corrado Clini, Director General, Department for Environmental Research and Development at the IMELS, and Ms Martina Hauser, Director of the Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe.

Secondly, I would like to express my gratitude for contributing to the present publication to all the several authors of the various chapters, who are or have been all related to the Italian bilateral cooperation performed in the Western Balkans countries.

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Finally, I would like to thank Ms Charlotte Tragard who performed a linguistic check on the manuscript.

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Acronyms and Abbreviations

AAUs Assigned Amount Units

AGBM Ad Hoc Group on the Berlin Mandate

AWG KP Ad Hoc Working Group on Further Commitments for Annex I

Parties under the Kyoto Protocol

AWG LCA Ad Hoc Working Group on Long Term Cooperative Action

under the Convention

CCS Carbon Capture and Storage
CDM Clean Development Mechanism

CEF Carbon Emission Factor
CER Certified Emission Reduction

CITL Community Independent Transaction Log
CMP/COP-MOP Conference of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol

COP Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC

DCM Decision of Council of Ministers
DNA Designated National Authority
DOE Designated Operational Entity

EB Executive Board

EIA Environmental Impact Assessment

ERU Emission Reduction Unit ETS Emission Trading System

EU European Union

GEF Global Environment Facility

GHG Green House Gas

IET International Emission Trading

IMELS Ministry for Environment, Land and Sea of the Republic of Italy

IPCC Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

IRR Internal Rate Return

ITL International Transaction Log

JI Joint Implementation
KP Kyoto Protocol
LoA Letter of Approval
LoE Letter of Endorsement

LULUCF Land Use Change and Forestry

MOP Meeting of the Parties

MoU Memorandum of Understanding

NR National Registry

PDD Project Design Document

PIN Project Idea Note

PPA Power Purchase Agreement

PPs Project Participants

OELRC Quantitative Emission Limitation Reduction Commitments

RES Renewable Energy Source

SAA Stabilisation and Association Agreement SAP Stabilisation and Association Policy SBI Subsidiary Body for Implementation

SBSTA Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technical Advice

SD Sustainable Development SHPP Small Hydro Power Plant

SOP Share of Proceeds UN United Nations

UNCSD United Nations Commission on Sustainable Development

UNDP United Nations Development Programme
UNEP United Nations Environment Programme

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

WMO World Meteorological Organization

Introduction

Massimiliano Montini and Alessandra Barreca

This publication arises from the professional practical experience gained in the past few years by an interdisciplinary team of legal and technical experts acting in the framework of the bilateral cooperation performed by the Italian Ministry for the Environment, Land and Sea (IMELS) in the Western Balkans.

In fact, in the last few years, IMELS signed specific Memorandums of Understanding (MoUs) with the Ministries for the Environment of four Western Balkan Countries, namely the Republic of Albania, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (hereinafter Republic of Macedonia), the Republic of Montenegro and the Republic of Serbia, with the main purpose of providing them with legal and technical assistance, through a dedicated Task Force, named "Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe", made of legal, economic and technical experts, engineers and economists, for the implementation of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and the Kyoto Protocol (KP), as well as for paving the way for the development of the Clean Development Mechanism (CDM) projects in the abovementioned countries.

The Environmental Legal Team (ELT) of the University of Siena, a group of environmental lawyers and economists, is in charge of providing the legal assistance for the implementation of the MoUs objectives, by cooperating with the IMELS Task Force. It operates in the Balkan territory by means of dedicated project managers and a series of local experts.

Within such a framework, the ELT, building on its expertise in climate change law and policy, has the possibility to apply the International, European and Italian

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'The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (FYROM), is registered with this name at the United Nations, but claims the possibility to use the name "Republic of Macedonia". Over the use of this name there is an unsettled dispute with the Republic of Greece. Therefore, in the present publication the name "Republic of Macedonia" will be used for mere reasons of shortness. This choice does not imply taking any position on the pending controversy over the use of the name which is to be settled under International Law.

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legislative and regulatory experience to the selected Western Balkan countries and to address all the most relevant issues related to the implementation of the UNFCCC and the Kyoto Protocol, with the view to contribute to the establishment of the appropriate structure and the related rules of procedures for the development of CDM projects in the aforementioned countries.

On the basis of these premises, the ELT is now presenting in this publication the outcomes of the professional experience made in the Western Balkan territory by the above mentioned interdisciplinary group of experts and consultants. The book focuses on the main challenges experienced to the UNFCCC and KP implementation in the Western Balkans under the umbrella of the IMELS cooperation, with regard in particular to the establishment of a necessary institutional framework, based on the Designated National Authority (DNA), as well as the related rules of procedure for hosting CDM projects in the four Balkan Countries benefiting from the IMELS legal and technical assistance.

Hereinafter, a short presentation of the book content and its main purposes is provided.

The publication reports on the IMELS cooperation with the Western Balkan Countries involved, both from legal and technical-scientific perspective, with the view to provide a broad picture of all the relevant issues involved in the implementation of the MoUs and of the related climate change and environmental policies.

The book, which opens with a brief preface on the Task Force for Central and Eastern Europe mission and achievements by M. Hauser, Director of the Task Force, is divided into two parts. Part I focuses on the Legal Issues on the Kyoto Protocol and its Implementation Experiences in the Western Balkans and is composed of Section I on the Legal Issues on the Kyoto Protocol, CDM and Carbon Market for CERs Transactions, and Section II on the Institutional Aspects of the Kyoto Protocol Implementation: the Establishment of the DNAs in the Western Balkans. Part II deals with the Technical Issues on the Kyoto Protocol and its Implementation Experiences in the Western Balkans, and is divided into Section I on the Technical Issues Related to CDM Implementation and Section II on the Technical Experience on CDM Implementation in the Western Balkans.

Part I – Section I analyses the most relevant legal issues related to the Kyoto Protocol implementation, with a particular focus on the current and future regulatory perspectives of the climate change regime and of the CDM, as well as on the structure and purposes of the carbon market for emission credits transactions.

Chapter 1, by M. Montini, *The Kyoto Protocol in the International Environmental Law Context and the Post-2012 Scenario*, critically analyses the development of the international climate change law and policy regime, from its inception to the current legislative and regulatory framework, from the International, EU and Italian perspective, with a view on the possible post-2012 scenarios.

Chapter 2, by F. Romanin, An Assessment of CDM: Lessons Learned and the Way Forward, focuses the attention on the current CDM regulatory regime pros and cons, and highlights some interesting options on the future scenarios for the CDM regulation, with the aim to test the opportunities to enhance the potential role of this mechanism for the achievement of the overall objective of sustainable development.