中学

英语词组双解词典

(附标准化500题)

中国标准出版社

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说明

本书中收集词组约 500 条,主要取自现行中学教材。 对每一词组采用英汉双解,简明易懂,并配有例句近 1500 个。学生在阅读此书时,既可以复习到在教科书中已学过 的词组,又可以了解到与其意义相同或相近的词组,每个词 组举有用例,阅读此书可以收到温故知新的效果。

书中第二部分编有标准化练习 500 余题,前 400 题是词组的应用,后 112 题归纳了高中教材中的主要句型转换。学生在作此题时,可以通过对比,弄清容易混淆的词组或句型,从而掌握知识的内在联系,借以加强对基础知识和基本技能的训练,达到灵活运用语言之目的。

朱美瑜老师对全书进行了审校,在此表示感谢。

由于编者水平所限,肯定会有不少缺点和错误,请批评指正。

编 者 1986. 6.

A

- 1. a bit (a small amount; some; a while) 少许;一点;一会
 - (1) The worker learned a bit of English at school. But now he can translate a book from English into Chinese.
 - (2) I am not a bit hungry.
 - (3) Wait a bit, please.
- 2. about to do (ready to do) 正想;即将 We were about to leave when he teturned.
- 3. above all (of first or highest importance; most especially) 最重要的是;尤其

The farmers need many things, but above all they need books.

- 4. according to (by; on the authority of;) 根据:按照
 The players were placed in two groups according to height.
 (The players were divided into two groups by height.)
- 5. act as (work as; serve as) 担任;充当 He acts as chairman of the meeting.
- 6. add up to (amount to) 总计;加起来 The bill added up to 180 yuan.
- 7. a few (some; a small number of) 一些;少许
 The bad weather killed most of the flowers, but a few left.
 (A small number of flowers are still alive.)
- 8. after all (anyway; for a good reason that you should

remember, be used the unphasis on "all") 毕竟;到底

- (1) It has turned out to be a fine day after all.
- (2) He thought he couldn't go to the ball, because he had much work to do. But he went after all.
- 9. agree with (be for somebody; to have a good effect on) 同意;有益
 - (1) I quite agree with you.
 - (2) The warm, sunny climate agrees with the patients.
- 10. ahead of time (before the expected time) 提前
 They are sure to complete the railway ahead of time.
 (before the day on which they had promised to be done.)
- 11. a little (a small amount of; some) 一点;少量
 The patient is feeling better today. He can eat a little liquid food.
- 12. all at once (at the same time; all of a sudden) 同时;突然
 - (1) She can play the piano, sing and teach the children how to dance all at once.
 - (2) All at once we heard a man shouting "Help! "
- 13. all day long (all day; the whole day; throughout the day) 整天

The spring-sowing season has set in, and some of the farmers are busy working in the fields all day long.

14. all night long (throughout the night) 整夜
Please don't have your lights burning all night long.

- 15. all kinds of (all sorts of; plenty of) 各种不同的;很多
 - (1) There are all kinds of books in the library.
 - (2) It is said that he has all kinds of money. (People say that he has plenty of money.)
- 16. all over the country (throughout the country) 全国
 The reformation goes well all over the country.
- 17. all over the world (throughout the world) 全世界 He wants to travel all over the world by bike.
- 18. all right (good enough; correct; well enough) 令人满意;很对;顺利
 - (1) His work is always all right. (satisfactory)
 - (2) His answer is all right. (correct)
 - (3) The new machine is running all right. (well enough)
- 19. all the same (anyway; still) 不管怎样;仍然
 John and Mary got married all the same, though their
 parents opposed it. (Their parents were against their getting
 married, but John and Mary did so.)
- 20. all the time (all the while; without stopping) 一直; 不停地
 - (1) He studied at university, and lived at home all the time.
 - (2) Most traffic lights work all the time.
- 21. a lot of (lots of; very many; very much) 许多;很多
 - (1) The farmer has bought a lot of fertilizer.
 - (2) A lot of engineers have been sent to help them.

- 22. and so on (and so forth; and all the others; etc.) 等等
 The flowers are red, pink, yellow, purple and so on.
- 23. answer for (to take responsibility for; take the punishment for) 对…负责;受得惩罚
 - (1) The secret service has to answer for the safety of the people. (The secret service is responsible for the safety of the people.)
 - (2) Tom had to answer for his mischief. (Tom was punished.)
- 24. a pair of (two things of the same kind) 一对;一件;一

Mother has bought a pair of shoes and a pair of trousers for her son.

- 25. apart from (besides; in addition to) 除…以外
 - (1) Apart from the water in an apple, it has a great deal of sugar.
 - (2) Apart from being interesting exercise, swimming is a very useful skill.
- 26. as for (in regard to; speaking of) 至于;关于;说到 We have plenty of cotton, and as for rice, we have more than enough.
- 27. as good as (nearly the same as; almost) 几乎等于; 差不多, 简盲是
 - (1) She said that he as good as promised to marry her.
 - (2) The man who had fallen from the building was as

good as dead.

- 28. as if = as through (seeming to show; just as, like, as it were) 好象:似乎
 - (1) He spoke as if he had known it.
 - (2) It looks as if it is going to snow.
 - (3) It seems as if he is the first one to the meeting.
- 29. ask for (need; beg; bring…upon oneself) 要求;讨; 门 讨(苦吃)
 - (1) The patient asked for some water.
 - (2) They asked(for)help.
 - (3) Olive drives fast the old car the is asking for trouble.
- 30. as(so)long as (since; because; if) 只要;既然;因为;如果
 - (1) As long as you are going to the shop, you can do something for me.
 - (2) You may use the room as you like, as long as you clean it up afterward.
- 31. as soon as (just after; when; immediately) ——····· 就: 弘

Theory becomes a material force as soon as it has grasped the masses.

- 32. as soon as possible (as soon as one can) 尽快 Please come back as soon as possible.
- 33. as to (in connection with; about; regarding) 至于; 关于 There is no doubt as to his honesty.

- 34. as well (also; too; besides) 也;此外
 The book tells about Lu Xun's writings and about his life as well.
- 35. as well as (and also; besides; in addition to) 也;除…之外
 - (1) The book tells about Lu Xun's life as well as about his writings.
 - (2) He as well as I is going to visit our teacher Mr. Wang. (cf. Not only he but also I am going to visit him.)
- 36. as you please (rs you like; as you choose; very) 随您的便;非常
 - (1) You may go hunting as you please.
 - (2) Mary was dressed for the ball, and she looked as pretty as you please. (Mary was dressed for the dance, and she looked very pretty.)
- 37. at all (in the smallest amount; to or at every place) 点(不);任何地方(用于否定句)到底;居然;真的(用于肯定、疑问、条件句中)
 - (1) We don't agree to your plan at all.
 - (2) He liked to travel anywhere at all.
 - (3) I'm surprised you came at all.
- 38. at first (in the beginning; at the start) 开始时;起初 They didn't believe Tom at first.
- 39. at home (in the place where one lives or comes from)

在家:国内

- (1) Is Mr. Li at home?
- (2) We should pay attention to the situation at home and abroad.
- 40. at last (after a long time; finally) 最后
 The young couple saved their money until at last they had
 enough for a colour TV set.
- 41. at least (at the smallest guess; no fewer (less) than) 起码;至少
 - (1) He used to read English at least an hour a day.
 - (2) At least three students have got full marks in geography.
- 42. at once (without delay; right now; right away; immediately) 立刻;不耽搁;马上
 The old man should be sent to hospital at once.
- 43. at present (at this time, now) 目前;现在

 At present this room is empty, but next week a young teacher will move in.
- 44. at sea (on an ocean voyage; on a journey by ship; not knowing what to do) 航行中; 航海旅游; 茫茫然; 不知 所措
 - (1) I met him first at sea.
 - (2) When his friends spoke French, Tom was at sea, because he didn't learn it.
- 45. at the most (not more than) 至多;充其量

He said she had stayed here 5 minutes at the most.

- 46. at the same time (in the same moment; meanwhile; even though; however; but) 同时;虽然;然而;但是
 - (1) The two cars reached the station at the same time.
 - (2) He did pass the examination; at the same time he didn't review the subject very well.
- 47. at the table or at table (at a meal; at the dinner table)
 用餐

When the Swede entered the room, they were at the table.

- 48. at the top of one's voice (as loud as one can; very loudly) 高声叫喊;大声地
 - (1) The girl was singing at the top of her voice.
 - (2) Lessons repeated at the top of the children's voice could be heard out in the street.
- 49. at times (sometimes; from time to time; now and then) 时而;不时

We have noodles for supper at times.

50. at will (as you like; as you please; choose freely) 随意; 如所意愿

Get an air conditioner, and you will enjoy comfortable temperature at will.

- 51. at work (busy at a job; doing work) 忙碌;在工作中; 在上班
 - (1) The studends are hard at work preparing for the college entrance examination.

(2) "Where is Mr. John?" "He is at work."

B

52. back and forth (backwards and forthwards) 来回地;前后地

The teacher is walking back and forth in the classroom so as to answer questions asked by his students.

53. bad news (a person or thing which is disagreeable) 糟透了;不必一提

"What is the new comer like?" "He is all bad news to me."

- 54. be afraid (fear) 害怕;恐怕
 - (1) We are not afraid of difficulties and failure.
 - (2) Don't be afraid to reform the old rules.
 - (3) We are afraid that it will rain this evening.
- 55. be busy with (to work without stopping) 忙于
 - (1) He is busy with his research work.
 - (2) He was busy with eating when I came in.
- 56. be familiar to (be usually used by) 常用;惯用 English is familiar to him.
- 57. be familiar with (know well) 通晓;很懂得 The Japanese is familiar with Chinese.
- 58. be fond of (like; go in for; be delighted to) 喜欢;爱好 He is fond of reading novels.

59. be forbidden to do sth. (be not permitted to do sth) 禁止做某事

Everyone is forbidden to spit here and there.

60. before long (soon; in a short time; in a little while) 不久

He will be back before long.

- 61. be free (have spare time) 有空;有闲时间 If you are free, please often come here.
- 62. be good at (be strong in) 擅长;善于
 He is good at mathematics, physics and chemistry, but poor at foreign languages.
- 63. behind one's back (when one is absent; in a dishonest way) 背后;卑劣地
 Say it to his face, not behind his back.
- 64. be obliged to do sth. (be forced to do sth.) 被迫做某事

The peasant boy was obliged to do much work for the landlord before liberation.

- 65. be on the side of (stand by) 站在…一边,支持 We are on the side of the people of the Third World.
- 66. better than (more than; greater than) 多于;超过 It is better than thirty miles to town.
- 67. be used to (get the habit of) 习惯于 He is used to getting up early.
- 68. beyond question (not in doubt; certain; sure) 毋庸置

疑;确实

We all trust Mary because her honesty is beyond question.

- 69. both…and (used to emphasize that two or more things are talked about.) 两者
 - (1) Both he and his students have taken part in the sports meet.
 - (2) Mary is both a good singer and a good dancer.
- 70. break one's heart (to discourage greatly; make very sad and hopeless) 使人灰心丧气

The failure doesn't break his heart.

- 71. break out (to begin; happen suddenly; become noticeable) 起始;爆发
 - (1) Fire broke out after the earthquake.
 - (2) Several years ago a war broke out between Iran and Iraq.
- 72. break through (to be successful after overcoming difficulties) 突破

Madame Curie failed many times but finally broke through to discover the element radium.

- 73. break up (separate; break into pieces) 拆散;分升;破裂;溶解
 - (1) In those years the black families often broke up.
 - (2) The ice in the river breaks up in spring.
- 74. bring about (to cause; produce; lead to) 促成;产生;导. 致.

Reforming has brought about great changes in production.

- 75. bring up (to take care of a child; raise; train; educate) 抚养:养育;教育
 - (1) The parents gave much attention and thought to bringing up their child.
 - (2) Hellen was brought up by her aunt.
- 76. build up (construct; fill up with buildings; increase slowly) 建成;高楼选起;慢慢增多
 - (1) The fields along the road are all built up now.
 - (2) The old woman built up a bank account by saving regularly.
- 77. by chance (by accident; accidentally) 偶然;意外地; I met an old schoolmate of mine by chance.
- 78. by heart (by exact memorizing; by memory) 牢记;背

The pupil learned many poems by heart.

79. by means of (by the use of; with the help of) 凭着;借助于

He saved the boy by means of good swimming skill.

- Mi). by mistake (through error) 弄错
 He took the umbrella away by mistake.
- 81. by oneself (alone; without any others around; without the help of anyone else) 独自;独立完成
 - (1) The old woman used to walk in the park by herself.
 - (2) The boy made a model plane by himself.

82. by the way (just as some added fact or news) 顺便提一下

We shall wait for you at the gate; by the way, the film will be on at seven.

83. by turns (first one and then another in a regular way) 轮流;轮班

The students are on duty by turns.

C

- 84. call for (to need; require; go to get somebody or something) 需要,请,找
 - (1) She called for a doctor to examine her.
 - (2) Success in school calls for much hard study.
- 85. call names (to use ugly or unkind words when speaking to somebody or when talking about someone) 骂人;粗话 It is not right to call others names.
- 86. call on (visit; to ask for help) 访问:求榜
 - (1) He called on his first teacher yesterday.
 - (2) He called on a friend to lend him some money.
- 87. call up (to make someone think of; bring to mind; ring up) 使人想起;回忆;打电话
 - (1) The picture calls up memories of our life in the war.
 - (2) Please call me up immediately you arrive there.
- 88. cannot but do sth. (have to do sth.; be obliged to do