

医生诊疗英语会话

ENGLISH FOR DOCTORS

CD 1张

原著：Mária Györfy

中文版编译：曾广翘

Authentic Consulting - Room Activities
for Doctors, Dentists, Students and Nurses
with accompanying recorded material

復旦大學出版社

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医学英语会话的

良师益友

钟南山

1982.7.1

序 言

近几年来,随着国际交流的不断增加,中国的临床医学水平得到了突飞猛进的发展。在世界医学平台上与同行进行全方位的交流,在涉外诊疗工作中准确、详尽地表达医务人员的意见,这是许多医师迫切需要的。

要达到这个目的,对于大多数中国医生而言,语言是一个需要解决的主要问题。不仅要掌握好英语,而且要掌握好医学英语,这项工作非常艰苦,不是一朝一夕就可以完成的完成的。但我们并不怕困难,关键是要正视困难。

English for Doctors 一书最初是匈牙利著名医学英语教学专家 Gyorffy 教授所著,该书收录了临床各专科的地道英语会话,并有会话的配套光盘,是医学生、临床医务人员练习专业口语和听力的优秀教材,在欧洲很受欢迎。前几年由东京医学院 Patrick Banon 教授编译出版了日文版,读者的反应也很不错。目前曾广翘医师完成了中文版的编译工作,将这本教材介绍给各位同仁。读完此书,觉得其内容较为实用,表达用法标准,注释详细,故欣然为之作序。

千里之行,始于足下。希望广大医务工作者踏踏实实,练就过硬外语,一步步赶上国际学术界先进水平。由此,我谨向大家推荐本书。



2005 年 7 月

Introduction

For most doctors whose first language is not English communication with colleagues at international conferences or when working abroad does not pose a great problem, as the medical language used is fairly universal. However, when faced with English-speaking patients in the consulting room different vocabulary and language is required. This book has been written bearing this problem of direct communication in mind. It is aimed at those wishing to work in English-speaking countries, e.g., doctors, medical students, assistants and nurses, who have to communicate in English.

The author has had many years of experience teaching medical English to doctors and undergraduates. She appreciates the vital need for medical professionals to communicate accurately with patients at their own level. She has worked to fulfil this need by collecting authentic materials in consulting rooms in the United Kingdom and in the United States. This book is a revised version of English for Doctors, published in 1995, which is already used by students at the Medical University of Pécs, Hungary.

The book is accompanied by CD-s and cassettes; complete tapescripts of which are found at the back of the book along with the exercises, answer key and pronunciation transcript for the medical words.

The book is divided into 13 units based on the main medical specialities. Each unit contains dialogues on patients' complaints, history-taking, examination, treatment and advice. Exercises consist of a pre-listening activity designed to model existing knowledge and vocabulary, a listening section involving both comprehension and new colloquial vocabulary, as well as practice of useful phrases and a section on the doctor's role where new language skills can be consolidated.

The book is a valuable resource for both individual and group study. Knowledge of medicine is not essential for teachers using this book as their own language expertise combined with their students' professional knowledge has been found to be a valuable learning combination.

The purpose of this book is to provide a means for doctors, nurses and medical students to learn the colloquial English used by both British and American patients and to provide opportunities for review, repetition and practice which will be indispensable in their professional lives.

To fit the needs of the users, some dialogues are available in both British and American English since the two sometimes employ different expressions and terminology.

How to use the book?

- ☒ **Pre-listening activity** Do this before listening to the tape and check your answers after listening.
- ⌚ **Listening** Listen to the recording as many times as you like before attempting the exercises and listen again to check your answers.
- Doctor's role** Formulate your questions and explanations, basing your vocabulary on that used on the recording. Remember to keep your language as simple as possible and avoid medical terminology wherever possible.

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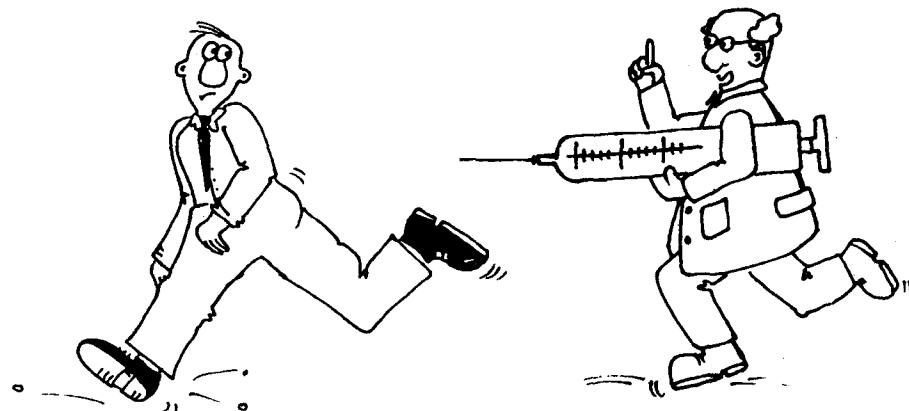
Unit 1

INTERNAL MEDICINE

(HISTORY-TAKING IN GENERAL)

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① medicine: 药, 口服药 ② history-taking: 采集病史 ③ vertigo/dizziness: 眩晕, 头晕
④ nausea: 恶心, 作呕 ⑤ bowel: 肠

1/1 PAST MEDICAL HISTORY

1  This is a pre-listening activity to prepare you for the dialogue you will hear next. Circle the questions according to whether you would hear them concerning a patient's past medical history during the first visit to the hospital specialist or not.

- a) Have you ever been in hospital?
- b) Did you have any childhood diseases?
- c) Do you ever see double?
- d) Are your parents still alive?
- e) Have you ever had an operation?
- f) Are you currently taking any medicine?
- g) Do you have any problems with your teeth?
- h) What kind of treatment did you receive?



2  Listen to the dialogues. Dialogue A is in British English, dialogue B is in American English. Pay close attention to the differences in pronunciation and vocabulary.

3 Read the questions below, then listen to both dialogues again and tick the correct answer.

- a) What does the patient tell the doctor about his childhood diseases?
 - A He never had any of the childhood diseases the doctor listed.
 - B He had rubella.
 - C He had chickenpox and measles.
- b) Has the patient ever been in hospital?
 - A Yes, once, when he had his tonsils out.
 - B No, he has never had to stay in hospital.
 - C Yes, once. He had his appendix removed.

① medical history: 病史 ② operation: 手术 ③ internal medicine: 内科学 ④ treatment: 治疗 ⑤ rubella/German measles: 风疹 ⑥ chickenpox: 水痘 ⑦ measles: 麻疹
 ⑧ tonsil: 扁桃腺 ⑨ appendix: 阑尾, 盲肠

- c) How old was he when he developed diabetes?
- A 40
B 14
C 44
- 4 Listen to both dialogues again, then find the equivalent expression in the American dialogue.**
- a) German measles
 - b) Have you ever been in hospital?
 - c) I've been having insulin injections.
 - d) Are you up-to-date with all your immunisations?
- 5 Here are some useful phrases a doctor needs when inquiring about a patient's past medical history. Pair up the words below that you would expect to find in the same context.**
- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| a) chickenpox | A hospitalisation |
| b) appendicitis | B major health problem |
| c) insulin shots | C childhood disease |
| d) high blood pressure | D treatment |
- 6 Complete the questions using the words or phrases in the box.**
- | | | |
|------------|----------------------|-------------|
| symptoms | major health problem | in hospital |
| up-to-date | childhood diseases | |
- a) Have you ever had any like measles or chicken pox?
 - b) Have you ever been for more than a week?
 - c) Do you have a such as diabetes or high blood pressure?
 - d) Are you with your immunisations?
 - e) What were the first of your overactive thyroid?

① diabetes(mellitus): 糖尿病 ② express: 挤出 ③ insulin: 胰岛素 ④ injection: 注射剂 ⑤ immunization: 预防接种 ⑥ appendicitis: 阑尾炎 ⑦ heal: 愈合 ⑧ shot: 注射(口语) ⑨ high blood pressure: 高血压 ⑩ symptom: 症状 ⑪ blood pressure: 血压 ⑫ thyroid (gland): 甲状腺

7 Read the following phrases which tell you what information to obtain from your patient. Formulate questions and write them out below.

- a) childhood diseases
- b) major health problems
- c) admission to hospital
- d) surgery
- e) treatment
- f) immunisation

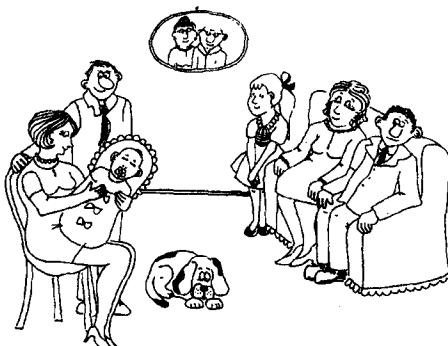
1/2 FAMILY HISTORY

1  This is a pre-listening activity. Read the following questions and choose the one from each pair which you consider more polite.

- a) A Is there anyone in your family who is crazy?
B Is there anyone in your family who suffers from mental illness?
- b) A At what age did your father die?
B How old was your dad when he popped off?
- c) A Are there any medical problems with your kids?
B Is there anything wrong with your children's health?
- d) A And your aunt with diabetes, is she still so fat?
B And your aunt who has diabetes, does she still have a weight problem?

2  Read through the comprehension questions below. Now listen to the dialogues. Dialogue A is in British English, dialogue B is in American English. Pay close attention to the differences in pronunciation and vocabulary.

3 On the basis of the dialogue indicate whether the following statements are



① hospitalization/admission (to hospital): 入院 ② surgery: 手术, 外科学 ③ treatment: 治疗 ④ family history: 家族史 ⑤ pop off: (口语)死亡, 突然死去

true or false.

- a) There are no illnesses in the woman's family.
- b) Her father died of a heart attack.
- c) Her father suffered from a long illness.
- d) Her children both have diabetes.

4 Listen to both dialogues and find the equivalent expression in the American dialogue.

- a) He died.
- b) Did he suffer for a long time with his heart condition?
- c) to have insulin injections
- d) tablets

5 Match up those phrases which have the same meaning.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a) as far as you know | A to be very ill with something |
| b) to be on a diet | B injections for people with diabetes |
| c) insulin injections | C in your opinion |
| d) illnesses that run in the family | D to eat carefully |
| e) to suffer from a disease | E medical problems among relatives |

6 ⓘ You will hear several questions a doctor would ask a patient. After listening to the questions, choose the patient's response.

1

- a) Yes, three times to Greece.
- b) Yes, I'm married with two children.
- c) No, we have an apartment.

3

- a) He was 55 years old.
- b) He visited the hospital.
- c) He died of old age.

2

- a) Yes, diabetes and heart problems.
- b) Yes, chickenpox and measles.
- c) Yes, pneumonia and a bad cough.

4

- a) She is 60 years old.
- b) Her husband died last year.
- c) She has trouble with her heart.

① heart attack: 心脏病发作 ② tablet: 片剂 ③ run: 流(液) ④ pneumonia: 肺炎
⑤ cough: 咳嗽