Prison Systems & Correctional Laws: Europe, The United States and Japan A Comparative Analysis

Günther Kaiser

PRISON SYSTEMS AND CORRECTIONAL LAWS: EUROPE, THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN

A Comparative Analysis

By Günther Kaiser



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Manufactured in the United States of America

List of Abbreviations

Art. Article

BewHi Bewährungshilfe, Bonn BGBl Bundesgesetzblatt

BritJCrim The British Journal of Criminology, Delinquency and

Deviant Social Behaviour, London

C&D Crime and Delinquency, Hackensack/N.J.

ch. chapter

Compte général de l'administration de la justice crimi-

nelle, Paris

CorrC Corrections Code

CrimJAbstr Criminal Justice Abstracts, Hackensack/N.J.

CrimLR Criminal Law Review, London

DPrR Dutch Prison Rules

DDR Deutsche Demokratische Republik (GDR)

Dept. Department

DPC Dutch Penal Code

DRiZ Deutsche Richterzeitung, Karlsruhe

ECCP European Committee on Crime Problems, Council of

Europe, Strasbourg

Ed(s)., ed. Editor(s), edition/edited

EGGVG Einführungsgesetz zum Gerichtsverfassungsgesetz (In-

troductory Law to the Law on Court Constitution)

EMRK Europäische Menschenrechtskonvention (HRC) (Euro-

pean Human Rights Convention)

et al. et alii

EuGRZ Grundrechte. Die Rechtsprechung in Europa. Euro-

päische Grundrechte-Zeitschrift, Kehl

f., ff. following page, following pages

FAZ Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung, Frankfurt/M.

FedProb Federal Probation, New York

French Penal Code FrPC

GB1 Gesetzblatt

GDR German Democratic Republic

gevangeniesstatistiek (Prison Statistics), Utrecht gevangeniesstatistiek

Halsbury's Halsbury's Statutory Instruments, London

HngPC Hungarian Penal Code

Howard Journal Howard Journal of Penology and Crime Prevention,

London

Human Rights Convention HRC International Journal of Criminology and Penology, Int | Crim

London, New York

International Journal of Offender Therapy and Compar-IntJOff

> ative Criminology, London Irish Republican Army

IA Juristische Arbeitsblätter, Berlin

IGG Jugendgerichtsgesetz (Juvenile Court Code)

Juristische Rundschau, Berlin IR

Journal of Research in Crime and Delinquency, Hacken-**JResCrim** sack/N.I.

Jur.Diss. Juridical Dissertation Juristenzeitung, Tübingen IZ

KrimB Kriminologisches Bulletin, Zürich

KrimGegfr Kriminologische Gegenwartsfragen, Stuttgart

Kriminalforsorgen Kriminalforsorgen, Prison and Probation. Ministry of

Justice, Copenhagen

Kriminalvarden Kriminalvården, Official Statistics of Sweden, National Prison and Probation Administration, Norrköping

KrimJ Kriminologisches Journal, München

KrimsozBibl Kriminalsoziologische Bibliographie, Wien

loc.cit. loco citato

marginal note m.n.

MS manuscript

MschrKrim Monatsschrift für Kriminologie und Strafrechtsreform,

Köln

Neue Justiz, (East-)Berlin NI

Neue Juristische Wochenschrift, München, Frank-NJW furt/M.

number

No., Nr. NTfKrim Nordisk Tidsskrift for Kriminalvidenskab, Copenhagen

ÖJZ Österreichische Juristenzeitung, Wien ÖRiZ

Österreichische Richterzeitung, Wien

I.R.A.

p., pp. page, pages par. paragraph

PolPC Polish Penal Code

PolPExecC Polish Penal Execution Code

Prison Statistics Home Office, Prison Statistics. England and Wales,

London

pub. published

Research Bulletin Research Bulletin of the Home Office Research Unit,

London

Revpénit Revue pénitentiaire et de droit pénal, Paris

ROW Recht in Ost und West. Zeitschrift für Rechtsverglei-

chung und interzonale Rechtsprobleme, Berlin

RSCrim Revue de science criminelle et de droit pénal comparé,

Paris

ScandStudCrim Scandinavian Studies in Criminology, Oslo ScandStudLaw Scandinavian Studies in Law, Stockholm SchwZfStr Schweizer Zeitschrift für Strafrecht, Bern

Sec. Section

Sourcebook Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics. National Cri-

minal Justice Information and Statistics Service. Wash-

ington/D.C.

sp.iss. special issue

StGB Strafgesetzbuch (Penal Code)

StrVoSchw Der Strafvollzug in der Schweiz, Aarau
StVollzG (Strafvollzugsgesetz) Corrections Code
SWA Sozialwissenschaftliche Arbeitsgemeinschaft

SwPC Swiss Penal Code

UdSSR Union der Sozialistischen Sowjet-Republiken (USSR)

U.N. United Nations

UNAFEI United Nations Asia and Far East Institute for the Pre-

vention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders,

Fuchu-Tokyo

Vol. Volume

VollzD Vollzugsdienst, Freiburg i.Br.
VR Volksrepublik (People's Republic)

vs. versus

WGO Monatshefte für Osteuropäisches Recht, Hamburg

w/o. pl. without place

ZblfJugR Zentralblatt für Jugendrecht und Jugendwohlfahrt,

Köln

ZfStrVo Zeitschrift für Strafvollzug und Straffälligenhilfe, Saar-

brücken

ZRP Zeitschrift für Rechtspolitik, Frankfurt/M.

ZStW Zeitschrift für die gesamte Strafrechtswissenschaft, Ber-

lin

Preface

A comparative analysis of European penal corrections is both necessary and useful. Partial assimilation and the further tendency toward unity in western European correctional systems underscore this importance. Comparative analysis, however, helps to fulfill the general need for orientation. This fact apparently was recognized two hundred years ago, since the tradition of comparative observation of corrections dates back this far.

Europe certainly does not end at the Baltic Sea, at the Elbe or at the Bavarian Forest. This truth is banal but still must be kept in mind constantly. One always is faced with the danger of confining interests to Western Europe and thereby thinking one has grasped Europe in general. To the extent that information is available, Eastern Europe also is included in this comparative analysis.

Since, however, neither politics nor research in the field of penal corrections can be limited to Europe, but rather clearly encompass worldwide dimensions, it appears sensible to include these perspectives in our study. The correctional systems in Japan and the United States are appropriate for this purpose. In any European situation and trend analysis it is necessary to include the theory and practice of penal corrections in both of these countries, if one is attempting to attain a representative evaluation of corrections and correctional policy.

The relevant literature published before the end of 1981 has been considered. Only the French documentation of "Les systèmes pénitentiaires en Europe occidentale" by M. Ancel and Ph. Chemithe (Paris 1981), which first appeared in the middle of January, could not be evaluated. Although this documentation is limited to Western Europe, it is similar in organization and emphasis to this study, and it recognizes particular importance in the goal of penal corrections, the treatment of prisoners, and the organization of the correctional system.

I would like to thank Messrs. Bernhard Flümann and Ulf Köpcke for their research surveys and Ms. Jacqueline Kaspar for her production of the manuscript.

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Freiburg im Breisgau, February 1984

Günther Kaiser

PART ONE

Penal Corrections in Europe Problems, Methods and Development

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1. Initial Methods

Since the beginning of modern imprisonment in the sixteenth century, Europeans generally have been interested in comparing the various types of punishment and their execution within other nations. During the seventeenth century,