

 Collins

Pocket Portuguese Dictionary

柯林斯袖珍葡英—英葡词典

in colour

Portuguese → English
English → Portuguese

上海外语教育出版社 
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Collins
Pocket
Portuguese
Dictionary

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Portuguese ➤ English English ➤ Portuguese



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上海外语教育出版社编辑部

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INTRODUÇÃO

INTRODUCTION

Elaborado para utilização pelo estudante e usuário da língua portuguesa, este é um dicionário adaptado às necessidades dos anos 90.

O novo formato a cores apresenta um enfoque mais acessível ao leitor, bem como uma variedade de expressões idiomáticas modernas que não são normalmente encontradas em um dicionário deste tamanho.

Além disso, uma característica especial dos dicionários da editora Collins é a utilização de um sistema abrangente de "indicadores" de significados em ambas as partes do dicionário, orientando o leitor quanto à tradução mais apropriada em um determinado contexto.

Esperamos que a sua utilização se torne um prazer para o leitor, e que possa enriquecer significativamente os seus estudos da língua portuguesa.

Produced for today's learner and user of Portuguese, this is a dictionary adapted to the requirements of the 1990's.

The new colour format introduces a more user-friendly approach to word search, and a wealth of modern and idiomatic phrases not normally found in a volume this size.

In addition, a special feature of Collins dictionaries is the comprehensive "signposting" of meanings on both sides of the dictionary, guiding the user to the most appropriate translation for a given context.

We hope you will enjoy using this dictionary and that it will significantly enhance your language studies.

ABREVIATURAS

ABBREVIATIONS

abreviatura	ab(b)r	abbreviation
adjetivo	adj	adjective
administração	ADMIN	administration
advérbio, locução adverbial	adv	adverb, adverbial phrase
aeronáutica	AER	flying, air travel
agricultura	AGR	agriculture
anatomia	ANAT	anatomy
arquitetura	ARQ, ARCH	architecture
artigo definido	art def	definite article
artigo indefinido	art indef	indefinite article
uso atributivo do substantivo	atr	compound element
automobilismo	AUT(O)	the motor car and motoring
auxiliar	aux	auxiliary
aeronáutica	AVIAT	flying, air travel
biologia	BIO	biology
botânica, flores	BOT	botany
português do Brasil	BR	Brazilian
inglês britânico	BRIT	British English
química	CHEM	chemistry
linguagem coloquial (! chulo)	col(!)	colloquial (! offensive)
comércio, finanças, bancos	COM(M)	commerce, finance, banking
comparativo	compar	comparative
computação	COMPUT	computing
conjunção	conj	conjunction
construção	CONSTR	building
uso atributivo do substantivo	cpd	compound element
cozinha	CULIN	cookery
artigo definido	def art	definite article
economia	ECON	economics
educação, escola e universidade	EDUC	schooling, schools and universities
eletricidade, eletrônica	ELET, ELEC	electricity, electronics
especialmente	esp	especially
exclamação	excl	exclamation
feminino	f	feminine
ferrovia	FERRO	railways
uso figurado	fig	figurative use
física	FIS	physics
fotografia	FOTO	photography
(verbo inglês) do qual a partícula é inseparável	fus	(phrasal verb) where the particle is inseparable
geralmente	gen	generally
geografia, geologia	GEO	geography, geology
geralmente	ger	generally
impessoal	impess., impers	impersonal
artigo indefinido	indef art	indefinite article
linguagem coloquial (! chulo)	inf(!)	informal (! offensive)
infinitivo	infin	infinitive
invariável	inv	invariable
irregular	irreg	irregular

ABREVIATURAS

jurídico	JUR
gramática, lingüística	LING
masculino	m
matemática	MAT(H)
medicina	MED
ou masculino ou feminino, dependendo do sexo da pessoa	m/f
militar, exército	MIL
música	MÚS, MUS
substantivo	n
navegação, náutica	NÁUT, NAUT
adjetivo ou substantivo numérico	num
pejorativo	o.s.
fotografia	pej
física	PHOT
fisiologia	PHYS
plural	PHYSIO
política	PI
participípio passado	POL
preposição	pp
pronoméne	prep
português de Portugal	pron
pretérito	PT
química	pt
religião e cultos	QUÍM
educação, escola e universidade	REL
singular	sb
singular	SCH
sujeito (gramatical)	sg
subjuntivo, conjuntivo	sth
superlativo	su(b)j
também	sub(jun)
técnica, tecnologia	superl
telecomunicações	tb
tipografia, imprensa	TEC(H)
televisão	TEL
tipografia, imprensa	TIP
inglês americano	TV
ver	TYP
verbo	US
verbo intransitivo	V
verbo reflexivo	vb
verbo transitivo	vi
zoologia	vr
marca registrada	vt
indica um equivalente cultural	ZOOL
	®
	≈

ABBREVIATIONS

law
grammar, linguistics
masculine
mathematics, calculus
medicine
masculine/feminine
military matters
music
noun
sailing, navigation
numeral adjective or noun
oneself
pejorative
photography
physics
physiology
plural
politics
past participle
preposition
pronoun
European Portuguese
past tense
chemistry
religion, church services
somebody
schooling, schools and universities
singular
something
(grammatical) subject
subjunctive
superlative
also
technical term, technology
telecommunications
typography, printing
television
typography, printing
American English
see
verb
intransitive verb
reflexive verb
transitive verb
zoology
registered trademark
introduces a cultural equivalent

PORTUGUESE PRONUNCIATION

The pronunciation of Brazilian Portuguese differs quite markedly from the Portuguese spoken in Portugal itself and in the African and island states. In general, we give the Brazilian pronunciation of each entry in square brackets in the text after the word in question. However, where an entry is composed of two or more words, each of which is given elsewhere in the dictionary, you will find the pronunciation of each word in its alphabetical position.

BRAZILIAN PORTUGUESE

The rules given below refer to Portuguese as spoken in the city and surrounding region of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

Consonants

c	[k]	café	c before a, o, u is pronounced as in cat
ce, ci	[s]	cego	c before e or i, as in receive
ç	[s]	raça	ç is pronounced as in receive
ch	[ʃ]	chave	ch is pronounced as in shock
d	[d]	data	as in English EXCEPT
de, di	[dʒ]	difícil	d before an i sound or final unstressed e is pronounced as in judge
		cidade	
g	[g]	gado	g before a, o or u, as in gap
ge, gi	[ʒ]	gíria	g before e or i, as in leisure
h		humano	h is always silent in Portuguese
j	[ʒ]	jogo	j is pronounced as s in leisure
l	[l]	limpo, janela	as in English, EXCEPT
	[w]	falta, total	l after a vowel tends to become w
lh	[ʎ]	trabalho	lh is pronounced like the ll in million
m	[m]	animal, massa	as in English EXCEPT
	[áw]	cantam	m at the end of a syllable preceded by a vowel nasalizes the preceding vowel
	[i]	sim	
n	[n]	nadar, penal	as in English EXCEPT
	[á]	cansar	n at the end of a syllable, preceded by a vowel and followed by a consonant, nasalizes the preceding vowel
	[é]	alento	
nh	[ɲ]	tamanho	nh is pronounced like the ni in onion
q	[k]	queijo	qu before e or i is pronounced as in kick
q	[kw]	quanto	qu before a or o, or qu before e or i, is pronounced as in quoits
-r-	[r]	cinquenta	r preceded by a consonant (except n) and followed by a vowel is pronounced with a single trill
r-, -r-	[x]	compra	initial r, r followed by a consonant and rr are
		rato, arpão	

rr	[x]	borracha	pronounced similar to the Scottish <i>ch</i> in <i>loch</i>
-r	[*]	pintar, dizer	word-final <i>r</i> before a word beginning with a consonant or at the end of a sentence is pronounced [x]; before a word beginning with a vowel it is pronounced [r]. In colloquial speech this variable sound is often not pronounced at all.
s-	[s]	sol	as in English EXCEPT
-s-	[z]	mesa	intervocalic <i>s</i> is pronounced as in <i>rose</i>
-s-	[ʒ]	rasgar, desmaio	<i>s</i> before <i>b</i> , <i>d</i> , <i>g</i> , <i>l</i> , <i>m</i> , <i>n</i> , <i>r</i> and <i>v</i> , as in <i>leisure</i>
-s-, -s-	[ʃ]	escada, livros	<i>s</i> before <i>c</i> , <i>f</i> , <i>p</i> , <i>qu</i> , <i>t</i> and finally, as in <i>sugar</i>
-ss-	[s]	nosso	double <i>s</i> is always pronounced as in <i>boss</i>
t	[t]	todo	as in English, EXCEPT
te, ti	[tʃ]	amante	<i>t</i> followed by an <i>i</i> sound or final unstressed <i>e</i> is pronounced as <i>ch</i> in <i>cheer</i>
x-	[ʃ]	xarope	initial <i>x</i> or <i>x</i> before a consonant (except <i>c</i>) is pronounced as in <i>sugar</i>
		explorar	<i>x</i> before <i>ce</i> or <i>ci</i> is unpronounced
-xce-, -xci-	[s]	exceto, excitar	<i>x</i> in the prefix <i>ex</i> before a vowel is pronounced as <i>z</i> in <i>squeeze</i>
ex-	[z]	exame	
-x-	[ʃ]	relaxar	<i>x</i> in any other position may be pronounced as in <i>sugar</i> , <i>axe</i> or <i>sail</i>
	[ks]	fixo	
	[s]	auxiliar	
z-, -z-	[z]	zangular	as in English EXCEPT
-z	[ʒ]	cartaz	final <i>z</i> is pronounced as in <i>leisure</i>

b, f, k, p, v, w are pronounced as in English.

Vowels

a, á, à, â	[a]	mata	<i>a</i> is normally pronounced as in <i>father</i>
á	[ã]	irmã	á is pronounced approximately as in <i>sung</i>
e	[e]	vejo	unstressed (except final) <i>e</i> is pronounced like <i>e</i> in <i>they</i> ; stressed <i>e</i> is pronounced either as in <i>they</i> or as in <i>bet</i>
-e	[i]	fome	final <i>e</i> is pronounced as in <i>money</i>
é	[ɛ]	miséria	é is pronounced as in <i>bet</i>
ê	[e]	pêlo	ê is pronounced as in <i>they</i>
i	[i]	vida	i is pronounced as in <i>mean</i>
o	[o]	locomotiva	unstressed (except final) <i>o</i> is pronounced as in <i>local</i> ; stressed <i>o</i> can be pronounced either as in <i>local</i> or as in <i>rock</i>
	[ɔ]	loja	
	[o]	globo	
-o	[u]	livro	final <i>o</i> is pronounced as in <i>foot</i>
ó	[ɔ]	óleo	ó is pronounced as in <i>rock</i>
ô	[o]	colônia	ô is pronounced as in <i>local</i>
u	[u]	luva	u is pronounced as in <i>rule</i> ; it is silent in <i>gue</i> , <i>gui</i> , <i>que</i> and <i>qui</i>

Semivowels

c	[j]	teatro	occasionally before a stressed <i>a, e</i> is pronounced as <i>y</i> in <i>yacht</i>
i	[j]	ciúme, silêncio	unstressed <i>i</i> before a vowel is pronounced as <i>y</i> in <i>yacht</i>
u	[w]	água, aquático agüentar	<i>u</i> is pronounced <i>w</i> in <i>qua, quo</i> and <i>gua</i> , and when marked with a dieresis

Diphthongs

ãe	[aj]	mãe	nasalized, approximately as in <i>flying</i>
ai	[aj]	vai	as in <i>ride</i>
ao, au	[aw]	aos, auxílio	as in <i>shout</i>
âo	[aw]	vão	nasalized, approximately as in <i>round</i>
ei	[eɪ]	feira	as in <i>they</i>
eu	[ew]	deusa	both elements pronounced
oi	[oɪ]	boi	as in <i>toy</i>
ou	[o]	cenoura	as in <i>local</i>
õe	[öɪ]	aviões	nasalized, approximately as in "boing!"

Stress

The rules of stress in Portuguese are as follows:

- when a word ends in *a, e, o, m* (except *im, um* and their plural forms) or *s*, the second last syllable is stressed; *camarada, camaradas, parte, partem*
- when a word ends in *i, u, im* (and plural), *um* (and plural), *n* or a consonant other than *m* or *s*, the stress falls on the last syllable: *vendi, algum, alguns, falar*
- when the rules set out in (a) and (b) are not applicable, an acute or circumflex accent appears over the stressed vowel: *ótica, ânimo, inglês*

In the phonetic transcription, the symbol ['] precedes the syllable on which the stress falls.

EUROPEAN PRONUNCIATION

While the more phonetic nature of Brazilian Portuguese means that words nearly always retain their set pronunciation, in European Portuguese vowels can often be unpronounced or weakened and consonants can change their sound. This depends on their position within a word or whether they are being elided with a following word. The major differences in pronunciation of European Portuguese are as follows:

Consonants: as in Brazilian, except:

-b-	[β]	cuba	<i>b</i> between vowels is a softer sound, closer to <i>have</i>
-----	-----	------	--

c	[d]	<i>dança, difícil</i>	as in English, EXCEPT
-d-	[ð]	<i>fado, cidade</i>	<i>d</i> between vowels is softer, approximately as in <i>the</i>
-g-	[ɣ]	<i>saga</i>	<i>g</i> between vowels is a softer sound, approximately as in <i>lager</i>
gu	[ɣw]	<i>aguentar</i>	in certain words <i>gu</i> is pronounced as in <i>Gwent</i>
qu	[kw]	<i>tranquilo</i>	in certain words <i>qu</i> is pronounced as in <i>quoits</i>
r-, rr	[ɾ] [rr]		initial <i>r</i> and double <i>r</i> are pronounced either like the French <i>r</i> or strongly trilled as in Scottish <i>Rory</i> ; pronunciation varies according to region
-r-, -r	[ɾ]	<i>rato, arma</i>	<i>r</i> in any other position is slightly trilled
t	[t]	<i>todo, amante</i>	<i>t</i> is pronounced as in English
z	[z]	<i>zangar</i>	as in English EXCEPT
	[ʃ]	<i>cartaz</i>	final <i>z</i> is pronounced as <i>sh</i> in <i>flash</i>

Vowels: as in Brazilian, except:

a	[a]	<i>falar</i>	stressed <i>a</i> is pronounced either as in <i>father</i> or as <i>u</i> in <i>further</i>
	[ə]	<i>cama</i>	
-a-, -a	[ɛ]	<i>falar, fala</i>	unstressed or final <i>a</i> is pronounced as <i>e</i> in <i>further</i>
e	[ə]	<i>medir</i>	unstressed <i>e</i> is a very short <i>i</i> sound as in <i>rabbit</i>
-e	[ə]	<i>arte, regime</i>	final <i>e</i> is barely pronounced; these would sound like English <i>art</i> and <i>regime</i>
o	[u]	<i>poço, poder</i>	unstressed or final <i>o</i> is pronounced as in <i>foot</i>

PRONÚNCIA INGLESA

Vogais e ditongos

	<i>Exemplo Inglês</i>	<i>Explicação</i>
[a:]	father	Entre o <i>a</i> de <i>padre</i> e o <i>o</i> de <i>nó</i> ; como em <i>fada</i>
[ʌ]	but, come	Aproximadamente como o primeiro <i>a</i> de <i>cama</i>
[æ]	man, cat	Som entre o <i>a</i> de <i>lá</i> e o <i>e</i> de <i>pé</i>
[ə]	father, ago	Som parecido com o <i>e</i> final pronunciado em Portugal
[ə:]	bird, heard	Entre o <i>e</i> aberto e o <i>o</i> fechado
[ɛ]	get, bed	Como em <i>pé</i>
[ɪ]	it, big	Mais breve do que em <i>si</i>
[i:]	tea, see	Como em <i>fino</i>
[ɔ:]	hot, wash	Como em <i>pó</i>
[ɔ:]	saw, all	Como o <i>o</i> de <i>porte</i>
[ʊ]	put, book	Som breve e mais fechado do que em <i>burro</i>
[u:]	too, you	Som aberto como em <i>juro</i>
[aɪ]	fly, high	Como em <i>baile</i>
[aʊ]	how, house	Como em <i>causa</i>
[eə]	there, bear	Como o <i>e</i> de <i>aeroporto</i>
[eɪ]	day, obey	Como o <i>ei</i> de <i>lei</i>
[ɪə]	here, hear	Como <i>ia</i> de <i>companhia</i>
[əʊ]	go, note	[ə] seguido de um <i>u</i> breve
[ɔɪ]	boy, oil	Como em <i>bóia</i>
[uə]	poor, sure	Como <i>ua</i> em <i>sua</i>

Consoantes

	<i>Exemplo Inglés</i>	<i>Explicação</i>
[d]	<i>mended</i>	Como em <i>dado</i> , <i>andar</i>
[g]	<i>get, big</i>	Como em <i>grande</i>
[dʒ]	<i>gin, judge</i>	Como em <i>idade</i>
[ŋ]	<i>sing</i>	Como em <i>cinco</i>
[h]	<i>house, he</i>	<i>h</i> aspirado
[j]	<i>young, yes</i>	Como em <i>iogurte</i>
[k]	<i>come, mock</i>	Como em <i>cama</i>
[r]	<i>red, tread</i>	<i>r</i> como em <i>para</i> , mas pronunciado no céu da boca
[s]	<i>sand, yes</i>	Como em <i>sala</i>
[z]	<i>rose, zebra</i>	Como em <i>zebra</i>
[ʃ]	<i>she, machine</i>	Como em <i>chapéu</i>
[tʃ]	<i>chin, rich</i>	Como <i>t</i> em <i>timbre</i>
[w]	<i>water, which</i>	Como o <i>u</i> em <i>água</i>
[ʒ]	<i>vision</i>	Como em <i>já</i>
[θ]	<i>think, myth</i>	Sem equivalente, aproximadamente como um <i>s</i> pronunciado entre os dentes
[ð]	<i>this, the</i>	Sem equivalente, aproximadamente como um <i>z</i> pronunciado entre os dentes

b, f, l, m, n, p, t, v pronunciam-se como em português.

O signo [*] indica que o *r* final escrito pronuncia-se apenas em inglês britânico, excepto quando a palavra seguinte começa por uma vogal. O signo ['] indica a sílaba acentuada.

EUROPEAN PORTUGUESE ORTHOGRAPHY

The spelling of European Portuguese differs significantly from that of Brazilian. The differences, which affect consonant groups and accents, follow general patterns but do not on the whole conform to fixed rules. Limited space makes it impossible to cover all European forms in the dictionary text, but major differences in spelling and vocabulary have been included. In addition, the following guide is intended as a broad outline of these differences.

The following orthographic changes are consistent:

Brazilian *gü* and *qu* become European *gu* and *qu*, e.g. *agüentar* (*BR*), *aguentar* (*PT*), *cinquenta* (*BR*), *cinquenta* (*PT*)

Brazilian *-éia* becomes European *-eia*, e.g. *idéia* (*BR*), *ideia* (*PT*)

European spelling links forms of the verb *haver de* with a hyphen, e.g. *hei de* (*BR*), *hei-de* (*PT*)

The numbers *dezesseis* (*BR*), *dezessete* (*BR*), *dezenove* (*BR*) become *dezasseis* (*PT*), *dezassete* (*PT*), *dezanove* (*PT*)

Adverbial forms of adjectives ending in *m* take double *m* in European spelling, single *m* in Brazilian, e.g. *comumente* (*BR*), *commumente* (*PT*)

European spelling adds an acute accent to the final *a* in first person plural preterite forms of regular *-ar* verbs to distinguish them from the present tense, e.g. *amamos* (*BR*), *amámos* (*PT*)

Brazilian *conosco* becomes European *connosco*

The following changes may take place, but are not consistent:

Consonant changes

Brazilian *c* and *ç* double to *cc* and *cç*, e.g. *acionista* (*BR*), *accionista* (*PT*), *seção* (*BR*), *secção* (*PT*)

Brazilian *t* becomes *ct*, e.g. *fato* (*BR*), *facto* (*PT*), *edito* (*BR*), *edicto* (*PT*)

European spelling adds *b* to certain words, e.g. *súdito* (*BR*), *súbdito* (*PT*), *utilizar* (*BR*), *subtilizar* (*PT*)

European spelling changes *ç*, *t* to *pç*, *pt*, e.g. *excepção* (*BR*), *excepção* (*PT*), *ótico* (*BR*), *óptico* (*PT*)

Brazilian *-n-* becomes *-mn-*, e.g. *anistia* (*BR*), *amnistia* (*PT*)

Brazilian *tr* becomes *t*, e.g. *registro* (*BR*), *registo* (*PT*)

Accentuation changes

Brazilian *ô* loses circumflex accent, e.g. *vôô* (*BR*), *voo* (*PT*)

European spelling changes circumflex accent on *e* and *o* to acute, e.g. *tênis* (*BR*), *ténis* (*PT*), *abdômen* (*BR*), *abdómen* (*PT*)

PORTUGUESE VERB FORMS

1 Gerund. **2 Imperative.** **3 Present.** **4 Imperfect.** **5 Preterite.** **6 Future.** **7 Present subjunctive.** **8 Imperfect subjunctive.** **9 Future subjunctive.** **10 Past participle.**
11 Pluperfect. **12 Personal infinitive.**

Etc indicates that the irregular root is used for all persons of the tense, e.g. **ouvir** **7 ouça, ouças, ouça, ouçamos, ouçais, ouçam.**

- abrir** **10** aberto
- acudir** **2** acode **3** acudo, acodes, acode, acodem
- aderir** **3** adiro **7** adira
- advertir** **3** advirto **7** advirta *etc*
- agir** ajo **7** aja *etc*
- agradecer** **3** agradeço **7** agradeça *etc*
- agredir** **2** agride **3** agrido, agrides, agride, agridem **7** agrida *etc*
- AMAR** **1** amando **2** ama, amai **3** amo, amas, ama, amamos, amais, amam **4** amava, amavas, amava, amávamos, amáveis, amavam **5** amei, amaste, amou, amamos (*PT*: amá-), amastes, amaram **6** amarei, amarás, amara, amaremos, amareis, amarão **7** ame, ames, ame, amemos, ameis, amem **8** amasse, amasses, amasse, amássemos, amásseis, amassem **9** amar, amares, amar, amarmos, amardes, amarem **10** amado **11** amara, amaras, amara, amáramos, amáreis, amaram **12** amar, amares, amar, amarmos, amardes, amarem
- ansiar** **2** anseia **3** anseio, anseias, anseia, anseiam **7** anseie *etc*
- apreçar** **7** aprece *etc*
- arrancar** **7** arranque *etc*
- arruinar** **2** arruina **3** arruíno, arruínas, arruína, arruinam **7** arruine, arruínas, arruíne, arruínem
- aspérgir** **3** aspirjo **7** aspirja *etc*
- atribuir** **3** atribuo, atribuis, atribui, atribuímos, atribuis, atribuem
- averiguar** **7** averigüe, avergüés, avergüe, averigüem
- boiar** **2** bóia, bóias, bóia, boiam **7** bóie, bóies, bóie, bóiem
- bulir** **2** bulo **3** bulo, boles, bole, bolem
- caber** **3** caibo **5** coube *etc* **7** caiba *etc* **8** coubesse *etc* **9** couber *etc*
- cair** **2** cai **3** caio, cais, cai, caímos, caís, caem **4** caia *etc* **5** cai, caiste **7** caia *etc* **8** caísse *etc*
- cobrir** **3** cubro **7** cubra *etc* **10** coberto
- colorir** **3** coluro **7** colura *etc*
- compelir** **3** compilo **7** compila *etc*
- crer** **2** crê **3** creio, crês, crê, cremos, credes, crêem **5** cri, creste, creu, cremos, crestes, creram **7** creia *etc*
- cuspir** **2** cospe **3** cuspo, cospes, cospe, cospem
- dar** **2** dá **3** dou, dás, dá, damos, dais, dão **5** dei, deste, deu, demos, destes, deram **7** dê, dês, dê, demos, deis, dêem **8** desse *etc* **9** der *etc* **11** dera *etc*
- deduzir** **2** deduz **3** deduzo, deduzes, deduz
- denegrir** **2** denigre **3** denigro, denigres, denigre, denigrem **7** denigra *etc*
- despir** **3** dispo **7** dispa *etc*
- dizer** **2** diz (dize) **3** digo, dizes, diz, dizemos, dizeis, dizem **5** disse *etc* **6** direi *etc* **7** diga *etc* **8** disseste *etc* **9** disser **10** dito
- doer** **2** dói **3** dôo (*BR*), doo (*PT*), dóis, dói
- dormir** **3** durmo **7** durma *etc*
- escrever** **10** escrito
- ESTAR** **2** está **3** estou, estás, está, estamos, estais, estão **4** estava *etc* **5** estive, estiveste, esteve, estivemos, estivestes, estiveram **7** esteja *etc* **8** estivesse *etc* **9** estiver *etc* **11** estivera *etc*
- extorquir** **3** exturco **7** exturca *etc*
- FAZER** **3** faço **5** fiz, fizeste, fez, fizemos, fizestes, fizeram **6** farei *etc* **7** faça *etc* **8** fizesse *etc* **9** fizer *etc* **10** feito **11** fizera *etc*
- ferir** **3** firo **7** fira *etc*
- fluir** **3** fluo, fluís, flui, fluímos, fluís, fluem
- fugir** **2** foge **3** fujo, foges, foge, fogem, fogem **7** fuja *etc*
- ganhar** **10** ganho
- gastar** **10** gasto
- gerir** **3** giro **7** gira *etc*
- haver** **2** há **3** hei, hás, há, havemos, haveis, hão **4** havia *etc* **5** houve,

houveste, houve, houvemos, houves, houveram **7** haja *etc* **8** houvesse *etc* **9** houver *etc* **11** houvera *etc*
ir **1** indo **2** vai **3** vou, vais, vai, vamos, ides, vão **4** ia *etc* **5** fui, foste, foi, fomos, fostes, foram **7** vá, vás, vá, vamos, vades, vão **8** fosse, fosses, fosse, fôssemos, fôsseis, fossem **9** for *etc* **10** ido **11** fora *etc*
ler **2** lê **3** leio, lês, lê, lemos, ledes, lêem **5** li, leste, leu, lemos, lestes, leram **7** leia *etc*
medir **3** meço **7** meça *etc*
mentir **3** minto **7** minta *etc*
ouvir **3** ouço **7** ouça *etc*
pagar **10** pago
parar **2** pára **3** paro, paras, pára
parir **3** pairo **7** paira *etc*
pecar **7** peque *etc*
pedir **3** peço **7** peça *etc*
perder **3** perco **7** perca *etc*
poder **3** pesso **5** pude, pudeste, pôde, pudemos, pudestes, puderam **7** possa *etc* **8** pudesse *etc* **9** puder *etc* **11** pudera *etc*
polir **2** pule **3** pulo, pules, pule, pulem **7** pulia *etc*
pôr **1** pondo **2** pôe **3** ponho, pôes, pôe, pomos, pondes, pôem **4** punha *etc* **5** pus, puseste, pôs, pusemos, pusestes, puseram **6** porei *etc* **7** ponha *etc* **8** pusesse *etc* **9** puser *etc* **10** posto **11** pusera *etc*
preferir **3** prefiro **7** prefire *etc*
prevenir **2** previne **3** previno, prevines, previne, previnem **7** previna *etc*
prover **2** provê **3** provejo, provês, provê, provemos, provedes, provêem **5** provi, proveste, proveu, provemos, provestes, proveram **7** proveja *etc* **8** provesse *etc* **9** prover *etc*
querer **3** quero, queres, quer **5** quis, quiseste, quis, quisemos, quisesetes, quiseram **7** queira *etc* **8** quisesse *etc* **9** quiser *etc* **11** quisera *etc*
refletir **3** reflito **7** reflita *etc*
repetir **3** repito **7** repita *etc*
requerer **3** requeiro, requeres, requer **7** requeira *etc*
reunir **2** reúne **3** reúno, reunes, reúne, reúnem **7** reúna *etc*
rir **2** ri **3** rio, ris, ri, rimos, rides, riem **5** ri, riste, riu, rimos, ristes, riram **7** ria *etc*
saber **3** sei, sabes, sabe, sabemos, sabeis, sabem **5** soube, soubeste, soube, soubemos, soubestes, soubaram **7** saiba *etc* **8** soubesse *etc* **9** soubra *etc* **11** soubra *etc*
seguir **3** sigo **7** siga *etc*
sentir **3** sinto **7** sinta *etc*
ser **2** sé **3** sou, és, é, somos, sois, são **4** era *etc* **5** fui, foste, foi, fomos, fostes, foram **7** seja *etc* **8** fosse *etc* **9** for *etc* **11** fora *etc*
servir **3** sirvo **7** sirva *etc*
subir **2** sobe **3** subo, sobes, sobe, sobem *etc*
suster **2** sustém **3** sustenho, sustens, sustém, sustendes, sustém **5** sustive, sustiveste, susteve, sustivemos, sustivestes, sustiveram **7** sustenha *etc*
ter **2** tem **3** tenho, tens, tem, temos, tendes, têm **4** tinha *etc* **5** tive, tiveste, teve, tivemos, tivestes, tiveram **6** terei *etc* **7** tenha *etc* **8** tivesse *etc* **9** tiver *etc* **11** tivera *etc*
torcer **3** torço **7** torça *etc*
tossir **3** tusso **7** tussa *etc*
trair **2** trai **3** traio, traís, trai, traímos, traís, traem **7** traia *etc*
trazer **2** (traze) traz **3** trago, trazes, traz **5** trouxe, trouxeste, trouxe, trouxemos, trouxestes, trouxeram **6** trarei *etc* **7** traga *etc* **8** trouxesse *etc* **9** trouxer *etc* **11** trouxera *etc*
UNIR **1** unindo **2** une, uni **3** uno, unes, une, unimos, unis, unem **4** unia, unias, unia, uníamos, uníeis, uniam **5** uni, uniste, uniu, unimos, unistes, uniram **6** unirei, unirás, unirá, uniremos, unireis, unirão **7** una, unas, una, unamos, unais, unam **8** unisse, unises, unisse, unissemos, unisseis, unissem **9** unir, unires, unir, unirmos, unirdes, unirem **10** unido **11** unira, uniras, unira, unirâmos, uniréis, uniram **12** unir, unires, unir, unirmos, unirdes, unirem
valer **3** valho **7** valha *etc*
ver **2** vê **3** vejo, vês, vê, vemos, vedes,

véem **4** via etc **5** vi, viste, viu, vimos,
vistes, viram **7** veja etc **8** visse etc **9** vir
etc **10** visto **11** vira

vir **1** vindo **2** vem **3** venho, vens, vem,
vimos, vindes, vêm **4** vinha etc **5** vim,
vieste, veio, viemos, viestes, vieram **7**
venha etc **8** viesse etc **9** vier etc **10** vindo
11 viera etc

VIVER **1** vivendo **2** vive, vivei **3** vivo,
vives, vive, vivemos, viveis, vivem **4**
vivia, vivias, vivia, vivíamos, vivíeis,

viviam **5** vivi, viveste, viveu, vivemos,
vivestes, viveram **6** viverei, viverás,
viverá, viveremos, vivereis, viverão **7**
viva, vivas, viva, vivamos, vivais,
vivam **8** vivesse, vivesses, vivesse,
vivéssemos, vivésseis, vivessem **9**
viver, viveres, viver, vivermos, viver-
des, viverem **10** vivido **11** vivera,
viveras, vivera, vivérinos, vivéreis,
viveram **12** viver, viveres, viver, viver-
mos, viverdes, viverem