



外语应考系列图书

HOW TO PREPARE FOR CET-6?

# 大学英语 六级新题型 应试必备

主 编 黄建滨 (教育部大学外语教学指导委员会委员  
《大学英语教学大纲》修订者之一)  
副主编 王小潞 盛跃东



浙江大學出版社

据教育部最新考试改革方案(2005年)  
听力理解部分所占比例: 20% → 35%  
阅读理解部分所占比例: 调整至35%


提要  
醒情

● 外语应考系列图书

# 大学英语六级 新题型应试必备

HOW TO PREPARE FOR CET-6?

主 编 黄建滨  
副主编 王小潞  
编 者 鲍 泓 陈文娟 傅 政  
马以容 吴越民



浙 江 大 学 出 版 社

## 图书在版编目(CIP)数据

大学英语六级新题型应试必备 / 黄建滨主编. — 杭州:  
浙江大学出版社, 2005.4  
ISBN 7-308-04148-4

I. 大... II. 黄... III. 英语—高等学校—水平考  
试—习题 IV. H319.6

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2005)第 018652 号

责任编辑 诸葛勤

封面设计 张作梅

出版发行 浙江大学出版社

(杭州浙大路 38 号 邮政编码 310027)

(E-mail: zupress@mail.hz.zj.cn)

(网址: <http://www.zjupress.com>)

排 版 浙江大学出版社电脑排版中心

印 刷 富阳市育才印刷有限公司

开 本 850mm×1168mm 1/32

印 张 12

字 数 560 千字

版 次 2005 年 4 月第 1 版 2006 年 3 月第 2 次印刷

印 数 5001—7500

书 号 ISBN 7-308-04148-4/H·335

定 价 18.00 元

# 前言

大学英语六级考试是由教育部大学英语四、六级考试委员会组织实施的全国性标准化考试。该考试自1989年举行至今已有16年,受到了广泛的关注,对大学英语教学产生了深远的影响。为了适应新时期对大学生英语能力的要求,大学英语六级考试也在不断地进行改革,以便能更加全面地考查考生的语言应用能力,使他们的英语能力进一步提高,为加入了WTO的中国的改革开放事业贡献力量。为了帮助广大考生熟悉和适应大学英语六级考试的各种题型,我们特组织熟谙六级教学的教师编写了本书。

我们按照新近出版的《大学英语教学基本要求》和《考试大纲》的要求,参照历年考试真题,有针对性地分题型编写了配套练习,并配有几套模拟试卷和全真试卷。这样的安排有助于考生在考前集中时间和精力针对自己的薄弱环节进行复习,掌握正确的对策,提高学习效率。

另外,根据教育部最新出台的考试改革方案,听力理解部分与阅读理解部分将会大大增加(前者所占比例从20%提高到35%;后者调整为35%)。因此,我们在听力中增加了长篇对话,在阅读部分增加了几篇较长的短文,这些题型在过去的六级考试中还没有出现。

六级考试是四级考试的深入,具体题型和应试技巧基本相同,因此“六级考试应试技巧”这一部分本书不再赘述,有兴趣的读者可以参阅本系列图书《大学英语四级新题型应试必备》(浙大版,主编黄建滨,29.80元)。

本书是集体合作的结晶,编者们都曾是浙江大学工作在大学

英语教学第一线的教授或副教授,他们长期从事大学英语教学,对大学英语考试有深刻的了解,为浙江大学在历次大学英语考试中在全国名列前茅的通过率和优秀率作出过贡献。本书正是他们历年教学实践和辅导大学英语六级考试的经验总结。相信她的出版将会有助于大学生们的英语学习和英语综合能力的提高,并帮助他们在六级考试中取得更优异的成绩。应当指出的是,应试只是权宜,对于提高语言应用能力帮助是很有限的,绝不可能取代课堂教学。所以,我们希望本书的读者平时能在老师的指导下,通过课堂教学和课外自主学习,继续进一步打好语言基础,提高英语听、说、读、写、译的综合应用能力,从而达到社会对大学生英语应用能力的要求,成为 21 世纪中国改革开放的有用之材。

本书由黄建滨主编,王小璐、盛跃东副主编,编者有:鲍泓、陈文娟(浙江工商大学)、傅政、马以容、吴越民(按姓氏汉语拼音为序,除说明者外均为浙江大学外语学院教师)。由于编写时间紧迫、编者水平有限,书中错误在所难免,恳请广大读者批评指正。

**黄建滨**

**2005 年元月于加拿大渥太华大学**

# Contents

<b>Part One</b>	Listening Comprehension (听力理解) .....	1
	Tapescripts .....	23
	Key to Listening Comprehension Tests .....	60
<b>Part Two</b>	Compound Dictation (复合听写) .....	63
	Tapescripts .....	70
	Key to Compound Dictation .....	76
<b>Part Three</b>	Reading Comprehension (阅读理解) .....	79
	Key to Reading Comprehension Tests .....	166
<b>Part Four</b>	Vocabulary (词汇) .....	168
	Key to Vocabulary Tests .....	201
<b>Part Five</b>	Short Answer Questions (简答题) .....	203
	Key to Short Answer Questions .....	215
<b>Part Six</b>	Error Correction (改错) .....	218
	Key to Error Correction .....	226
<b>Part Seven</b>	Translation (翻译) .....	228
<b>Part Eight</b>	Cloze (完形填空) .....	239
	Key to Cloze .....	252
<b>Part Nine</b>	Writing (写作) .....	253
	一、引导性写作 .....	253
	二、根据图表写作 .....	256
	三、书信 .....	259
	四、关键词写作 .....	267
	五、看图画写作 .....	271
	六、常见应用文的写作 .....	273
<b>Part Ten</b>	Model Test (模拟卷) .....	278
	Key to Model Test .....	301
	Tapescripts .....	302

<b>Part Eleven</b>	Authentic Test 1, January 2005 (全真卷 1, 2005 年 1 月)	
	.....	308
	Key to Authentic Test 1 .....	330
<b>Part Twelve</b>	Authentic Test 2, June 2004 (全真卷 2, 2004 年 6 月)	
	.....	339
	Key to Authentic Test 2 .....	361
	Tapescripts .....	371

# Part One

## Listening Comprehension

### ( 听 力 理 解 )

#### Test One

#### Section A

**Directions:** *In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.*

**Example:** *You will hear:*

*You will read:*

- A) At the office.
- B) In the waiting room.
- C) At the airport.
- D) In a restaurant.

*From the conversation we know that the two were talking about some work they had to finish in the evening. This is most likely to have taken place at the office. Therefore, A) "At the office" is the best answer. You should choose [ A ] on the Answer Sheet and mark it*



*with a single line through the centre.*

**Sample Answer [A] [B] [C] [D]**

1. A) Make a phone call. C) See his girlfriend.  
B) Visit a doctor. D) Book a room in a hotel.
2. A) Get up at nine o'clock. C) Read the newspaper after lunch.  
B) Have lunch at noon. D) Clean the room before lunch.
3. A) A dishwasher, a swimming pool and central air conditioning.  
B) A dishwasher, a balcony and central air conditioning.  
C) A dishwasher, bathrooms and central air conditioning.  
D) A balcony, bathrooms and a swimming pool.
4. A) He has parted company with his girlfriend.  
B) He has failed to catch the fish he has desired.  
C) He has lost the game in the match.  
D) He has comforted his friend.
5. A) On a plane. C) In a boat.  
B) On a train. D) In a car.
6. A) Four. C) Six.  
B) Five. D) Seven.
7. A) Yes, absolutely. C) Yes, but he has some reservations.  
B) No, absolutely not. D) No, but sometimes he loves the job.
8. A) Teacher/student. C) Lawyer/client.  
B) Shop assistant/customer. D) Waitress/customer.
9. A) It's important for children to have discipline.  
B) It's dangerous for children to express themselves.  
C) It's essential to give a child more freedom.  
D) It's risky to let a child to behave himself.
10. A) Living in a big house. C) Raising a pet.  
B) Sophy's dog. D) An apartment.

**Section B**

**Directions:** *In this section, you will hear two short passages and one dialogue.*

*At the end of each passage or dialogue, you will hear some questions. Both the passage or the dialogue and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.*

**Passage One**

**Questions 11 to 13 are based on the talk you have just heard.**

- 11. A) They use less electricity.  
B) They last forever.  
C) They have different shapes.  
D) They cost much less.
- 12. A) 1000 hours.  
B) 8000 hours.  
C) 10 to 15 hours.  
D) 3 hours.
- 13. A) The supermarket.  
B) The local electrical supplier.  
C) The Lighting Industry Federation.  
D) Any shop in Britain.

**Passage Two**

**Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.**

- 14. A) They are twins. C) They are classmates.  
B) They are friends. D) They are relatives.
- 15. A) He did nothing but stay at home resting.  
B) He went to work in a pub.  
C) He got a summer job in a construction site.  
D) He helped the speaker to do his job.
- 16. A) The speaker and Mike slept in different sleeping bags on the camping trip.  
B) People found it easy to distinguish them by their initials.

- C) The foreman and all the workers thought that Mike was the speaker.  
D) The speaker and Mike go their separate ways after entering middle school.

### The Dialogue

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the dialogue you have just heard.

17. A) An hour. C) Two hours.  
B) An hour and a half. D) The whole night.
18. A) Breakfast is the same as usual but lunch will last longer.  
B) Breakfast time is altered but lunch is the same as usual.  
C) Breakfast remains the same as usual but lunch is earlier.  
D) Breakfast is made into a self-service but lunch remains the same.
19. A) Old people.  
B) Young children.  
C) People who don't eat meat.  
D) People who have some digestion problems.
20. A) Non-meat dishes. C) Any food in the self-service counter.  
B) Vegetarian alternatives. D) Special dishes cooked for her.

## Test Two

### Section A

1. A) A policeman. C) An immigration official.  
B) An army officer. D) A guard.
2. A) \$ 50. C) \$ 150.  
B) \$ 100. D) \$ 00.
3. A) Showing the woman around a house.  
B) Repairing a house.  
C) Talking about a house with the woman.  
D) Selling a house.
4. A) She can take the express train.  
B) She can drive on the highway.

- C) She lives quite near.  
D) She is a skillful driver.
5. A) Driving. C) Operating a machine.  
B) Making a dish. D) Swimming.
6. A) Too little discipline can do harm to children.  
B) Too much discipline can be harmful for a child.  
C) Too little discipline does good for a child.  
D) Too much discipline does good for children.
7. A) On a bus. C) On a plane.  
B) In an underground. D) In a car.
8. A) He is trespassing. C) He is driving slowly.  
B) He is speeding. D) He is shouting loudly.
9. A) The woman can take a taxi to Centreville.  
B) The woman can drive her car to Centreville.  
C) The woman can ride his horse to Centreville.  
D) The woman can go to Centreville.
10. A) At two o'clock on Thursday. C) At any time on Monday afternoon.  
B) At any time on Tuesday. D) At two o'clock on Tuesday.

## Section B

### Passage One

Questions 11 to 14 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) A map. C) A parachute.  
B) A raft. D) A book.
12. A) Thirty-three hours. C) Forty-three hours.  
B) Thirty-three and a half hours. D) Forty-three and a half hours.
13. A) People kept his clothes for the sake of safety.  
B) People threw confetti at him in the airport.  
C) Many streets were renamed after him.  
D) Many letters were sent him to France.
14. A) His baby son. C) His mother.  
B) His wife. D) His sister.

**Passage Two**

**Questions 15 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.**

15. A) They can buy second-hand bikes.  
B) They can ride some of the bikes.  
C) They can get souvenirs of bikes.  
D) They can take model bikes home.
16. A) In Red Room. C) In an Italian restaurant.  
B) In Wooden House. D) At an open-air restaurant.
17. A) Shopping in the indoor market.  
B) Taking a river trip.  
C) Visiting the water mill.  
D) Going back to Budmouth.

**The Dialogue**

**Questions 18 to 20 are based on the dialogue you have just heard.**

18. A) They were blaming each other because they missed the last train.  
B) They were waiting for the next train since they missed the previous one.  
C) They were discussing where to spend the night in Oxford.  
D) They were chatting about the possible route back home.
19. A) He was familiar with Oxford.  
B) He organized everything.  
C) He was clear about buses and taxis.  
D) He estimated the time correctly.
20. A) Sleep on the station. C) Try to find another train.  
B) Go to a hotel. D) Put up in the friends' flat.

**Test Three****Section A**

1. A) Professor/student. C) Librarian/reader.  
B) Shop assistant/customer. D) Receptionist/customer.
2. A) A book. C) A CD.

- B) A film. D) A concert.
3. A) In a hardware store. C) In a clothes store.  
B) In a bakery. D) In a florist's.
4. A) People always play a role before the camera.  
B) People have got natural smiles before the camera.  
C) People tend to emphasize the importance of the camera.  
D) People often behave favorably in front of a camera.
5. A) \$ 5.00. C) \$ 2.50.  
B) \$ 0.75. D) \$ 0.25.
6. A) Rent a house. C) Book a room.  
B) Buy a flat. D) Sell an apartment.
7. A) Famous novelists. C) Benefits of reading.  
B) Classic novels. D) Necessity of reading.
8. A) It's more convenient to read it.  
B) It's easier to understand the reading.  
C) It's more technologically advanced.  
D) It's clear to the user.
9. A) The amount of work women do in the house in the morning.  
B) The way women prepare the breakfast.  
C) The heavy load for women to dress the children up.  
D) The difficulty of women to wake up the children in the morning.
10. A) The new roof was put on a month ago.  
B) There were four leaks in the new roof when it rained.  
C) The new roof got repaired immediately.  
D) There were some problems with the new roof six months ago.

## Section B

### Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) The Spanish. C) The Indians.  
B) The English. D) The Swiss.
12. A) Mexico. C) Spain.

- B) England. D) Switzerland.  
13. A) It made people happy. C) It provided jobs.  
B) It brought people peace. D) It helped people win fights.

### Passage Two

**Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.**

14. A) Child labor can be found only in big factories.  
B) Child labor is confined only to small industries.  
C) Child labor can be found in small or family businesses.  
D) Child labor is even more widespread.  
15. A) Sometimes their workload is not heavy.  
B) They receive a reasonable amount of pay.  
C) They attend schools when they reach the age.  
D) Usually their parents help them work.  
16. A) A parent. C) A friend.  
B) A relative. D) Somebody else.

### The Dialogue

**Questions 17 to 20 are based on the dialogue you have just heard.**

17. A) One blue and one brown. C) One gray and one brown.  
B) One blue and one gray. D) One black and one blue.  
18. A) At a post office.  
B) At Customs in his own country.  
C) At British Customs.  
D) At a department store  
19. A) Send it to the department store.  
B) Send it back home.  
C) Keep it.  
D) Give it to the immigration official.  
20. A) In one or two days. C) In three or four days.  
B) In two or three days. D) In four or five days.

**Test Four****Section A**

1. A) She doesn't need the man's help.  
B) She'll explain again if necessary.  
C) She's got no trouble with the man.  
D) She knows the man quite well.
2. A) At a grocery. C) At a restaurant.  
B) At a hairdresser's. D) At a supermarket.
3. A) He is going to be laid off.  
B) He feels afraid of losing his job.  
C) He thinks he's highly qualified.  
D) His boss devalues his work.
4. A) She feels angry with her parents.  
B) Her parents have found her a boyfriend.  
C) She is still single.  
D) She is no longer young.
5. A) She has a lot of friends of her age.  
B) She is quite an introvert girl.  
C) She is a very diligent student.  
D) She likes her schoolwork very much.
6. A) She's quite unlucky. C) She's the daughter of old Mr. Sutton.  
B) She's the wife of Smith. D) She's the girlfriend of Jason.
7. A) The man's to keep the dog all day along.  
B) The man loves the dog very much.  
C) The dog digs up the plants for its master.  
D) The woman will fasten the dog with a leash.
8. A) They want to find a better flat.  
B) They're eager to redecorate the flat.  
C) They are looking for a flat for nothing.  
D) They're looking for a cheaper flat.



9. A) Jake's feeling upset for his job.  
B) Jake was under fifty years old.  
C) Jake failed to get his pension.  
D) Jake was a retired sailor.
10. A) They want to have some forms of quizzes as feedbacks.  
B) They want more class participation.  
C) She is expected to stop for a short break.  
D) She is expected to get well-prepared before class.

## Section B

### Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) The baby needs much. C) She has only one baby.  
B) Baby food is very expensive. D) She wants the best for her baby.
12. A) Special milk and lotions. C) Christmas gifts.  
B) Sweets. D) Toys and dolls.
13. A) Small children watch television and buy what they like.  
B) Mothers watch television and buy what they see.  
C) Small children watch television and persuade their mothers to buy what they see.  
D) Manufacturers watch television and advertise things that children like.

### Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A) He is mentally handicapped.  
B) He is a person with strength.  
C) He is an adventurous person.  
D) He is an odd and unusual person.
15. A) He enjoys seeing the scenery of the country.  
B) He enjoys visiting the historic sites in America.  
C) He delights in visiting the eccentrics of the country.  
D) He desires to find the rich crop that grows in every state.