

# TOEFL

劉 毅 / 主 編

※16回最新※

全真托福聽力

### 最新全真托福聽力

主 編——劉 毅

發行人——白 浩 殊

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# Test 1

## SECTION I LISTENING COMPREHENSION

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand spoken English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part.

### Part A

*Directions:* For each question in Part A, you will hear a short statement. The statements will be spoken just one time. They will not be written out for you, and you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker says.

After you hear a statement, read the four sentences in your test book, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D), and decide which one is closest in meaning to the statement you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and blacken the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen.

Example I..

Sample Answer

You will hear:

☒ (A) ☐ (B) ☐ (C) ☐ (D)

You will read: (A) John does better in his studies than James.

(B) James is bigger than his brother John.

(C) John has only one brother.

(D) The teacher likes James better than John.

Sentence (A), "John does better in his studies than James," means most nearly the same as the statement "John is a better student than his brother James." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

Example II.

Sample Answer

You will hear:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

- You will read: (A) The traffic isn't bad today.  
 (B) The trucks weigh a lot.  
 (C) There are a lot of trucks on the highway.  
 (D) The highway has been closed to heavy trucks.

Sentence (C), "There are a lot of trucks on the highway," is closest in meaning to the sentence "The truck traffic on this highway is so heavy I can barely see where I'm going." Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

1. (A) Janet repaired her own chair.  
 (B) Janet needs a new chair.  
 (C) Janet broke the chair.  
 (D) Janet's chair needs fixing.
2. (A) They put sugar in their coffee.  
 (B) The coffee on the table had sugar in it.  
 (C) The sugar bowl was on the table.  
 (D) There were coffee candies in the bowl.
3. (A) We attended the concert two days ago.  
 (B) Before yesterday, we'd never gone to a concert.  
 (C) We've gone to concerts four times.  
 (D) The concert started yesterday before we arrived.
4. (A) He was upset by the professor.  
 (B) The professor arranged the schedule.  
 (C) The new schedule annoyed him.  
 (D) He set off on his summer vacation.
5. (A) He works quietly all the time.  
 (B) His desk has a message on it.  
 (C) He doesn't dress neatly.  
 (D) His desk is never clean.
6. (A) The clinic was too cold for George.  
 (B) At the clinic, George got sick.  
 (C) Feeling sick, George went to the clinic.  
 (D) George was too cold to go to the clinic.

7. (A) Gary had more homework than Susan.  
(B) Gary worked with Susan at home.  
(C) Gary told Susan to do her work at home.  
(D) Gary asked Susan to look at his homework.
8. (A) You don't know how heavy the suitcase really is.  
(B) The suitcase is much heavier since you packed it.  
(C) I prefer a lighter suitcase to the one you have.  
(D) This suitcase is not as light as the other one.
9. (A) There are many old buildings down by the sea.  
(B) It's too bad they're destroying that building.  
(C) They've sold the building that I hate.  
(D) It's very hot in that old building.
10. (A) Paul participates in several student organizations.  
(B) Paul gives out the student activities numbers.  
(C) Paul sealed a large number of envelopes.  
(D) Paul turns around at the sound of his name.
11. (A) Megan skidded on the road.  
(B) Megan gained more weight this winter.  
(C) Megan confided in her friend more than before.  
(D) Megan became more confident with practice.
12. (A) Frank was never too busy to go for a walk.  
(B) Frank lived near his office.  
(C) Frank worked extremely long hours.  
(D) Frank seldom worked on one job very long.
13. (A) They asked us for a suggestion.  
(B) They invited us to their house.  
(C) We wanted to invite them for a visit.  
(D) We suggested a place for them to visit.
14. (A) You've been there already.  
(B) Why did you hide it there?  
(C) You were hard to find.  
(D) Where did you find that?
15. (A) Students should have budgets.  
(B) Students should carefully budget their time.  
(C) School budgets are necessary.  
(D) Your time in school will eventually pay off.
16. (A) This penguin was trained to fly like a sea gull.  
(B) Penguins used to be able to fly.  
(C) Penguins can see better than other birds.  
(D) Penguins live to a very old age.

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17. (A) I'm enjoying the picnic.  
(B) Doesn't he like funny pictures?  
(C) He isn't picking one.  
(D) Was the picnic enjoyable?
18. (A) The clown was running around them.  
(B) The sky was getting very cloudy.  
(C) They all wanted to see the clown.  
(D) There was a group of people watching them.
19. (A) Jane stopped talking until her friend finished swimming.  
(B) Jane stopped her friend from going home.  
(C) Jane talked to her friend before she went home.  
(D) Jane talked to her friend instead of going swimming.
20. (A) Did you recognize the place?  
(B) Did anyone know who you were?  
(C) Did anyone guess the answer?  
(D) Did you remember the right way?

Part B

**Directions:** In Part B you will hear short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third voice will ask a question about what was said. The question will be spoken just one time. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which *one* is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and blacken the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Example III.

Sample Answer

You will hear:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

You will read: (A) Read a book.  
(B) Write a composition.  
(C) Talk about a problem.  
(D) Listen to the radio.

From the conversation you know that the assignment is to listen to a radio program and be ready to talk about it. The best answer, then, is (D), "Listen to the radio." Therefore, you should choose answer (D).

21. (A) Tom is speaking with a lawyer.  
(B) The tall man and Tom are law students.  
(C) Tom's students are discussing law.  
(D) The tall man is Tom's student.
22. (A) He doesn't think the game will be interesting.  
(B) He would rather walk to the game.  
(C) His bicycle isn't big enough.  
(D) His bicycle needs repairs.
23. (A) In an airplane. (B) In a restaurant.  
(C) In a stadium. (D) In a movie theatre.
24. (A) Joe often goes away to political conventions.  
(B) Joe cares nothing about congressmen.  
(C) Joe gets excited about almost anything.  
(D) Joe is enthusiastic about politics.
25. (A) The man shouldn't wear sandals.  
(B) The man is too late to buy a new one.  
(C) The man should use string for now.  
(D) The man should wear other shoes.
26. (A) Set the watch down.  
(B) Show how to set the alarm.  
(C) Adjust her watch.  
(D) Fix the alarm clock.
27. (A) 3:00 (B) 3:30  
(C) 4:00 (D) 4:30
28. (A) Cancel his appointments.  
(B) Go on the trip if possible.  
(C) Join the Hawaiians.  
(D) Travel only if the others do.
29. (A) He didn't get the coat today.  
(B) He'll pick up the coat on Wednesday.  
(C) He doesn't work on Wednesday.  
(D) He wishes he had put on clean clothes.
30. (A) He has yet to graduate.  
(B) He will work hard in school.  
(C) He will be admitted to school.  
(D) He has received many acceptances.
31. (A) It's the most important book on the topic.  
(B) He wrote the book himself.  
(C) There is only one economics book.  
(D) The book belongs to him.



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32. (A) The debaters have done very well.  
(B) Two awards aren't very exciting.  
(C) The team needs more experience.  
(D) The next competition starts this week.
33. (A) Drop off the seasonings Laurie ordered.  
(B) Take Laurie to the movie.  
(C) Tell Laurie to use her eye drops.  
(D) Visit Laurie.
34. (A) She wants to go through the house.  
(B) She will buy the house.  
(C) She hasn't made a decision.  
(D) She isn't through looking at houses.
35. (A) Leave it alone. (B) Memorize it.  
(C) Review it. (D) Think about it.

Part C

*Directions:* In this part of the test, you will hear several short talks and conversations. After each talk or conversation, you will be asked some questions. The talks and questions will be spoken just one time. They will not be written out for you, so you will have to listen carefully to understand what the speaker says.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and decide which one is the best answer to the question you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and blacken the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Listen to this sample talk.

You will hear:

Now look at the following example.

You will hear:

Sample Answer

(A) (B) (C) (D)

You will read: (A) By plane. (B) By ship.  
(C) By train. (D) By bus.

The best answer to the question "How did people generally arrive at Ellis Island?" is (B), "By ship." Therefore, you should choose answer (B).

Now look at the next example.

You will hear:

Sample Answer

(A) (B) (C) (D)

You will read: (A) New immigrants.  
(B) International traders.  
(C) Fishermen.  
(D) Tourists.

The best answer to the question "Who visits Ellis Island today?" is (D), "Tourists." Therefore, you should choose answer (D).

36. (A) In a library. (B) In a business office.  
(C) In a bookstore.  
(D) In a publishing company.
37. (A) Publisher. (B) Librarian.  
(C) Printer. (D) Clerk.
38. (A) He needs it to write a paper.  
(B) He has to study for a test.  
(C) He doesn't like to wait.  
(D) He's taking a long sea trip soon.
39. (A) Find it on the shelf.  
(B) Give the title, the author's name, and the publisher.  
(C) Have a charge account at the store.  
(D) Call another bookstore.
40. (A) Write a check for it.  
(B) Try to find a store that has a copy of it.  
(C) Wait until it arrives.  
(D) Make out an order form for it.
41. (A) Recipes using raisins.  
(B) Why raisins are so small.  
(C) How raisins are made.  
(D) Seasonings to use with raisins.
42. (A) A lot of rain.  
(B) Several months of dry weather.  
(C) High mountain altitudes.  
(D) Very dry soil.
43. (A) It is close to shipping lines.  
(B) It has good soil.  
(C) It has a large labor supply.  
(D) It has the proper climate.

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44. (A) By natural rainfall.  
(B) By irrigation from nearby mountains.  
(C) By filtering water from the sea.  
(D) By draining large storage tanks.
45. (A) When they are just ripe.  
(B) ~~When~~ they are dry.  
(C) When it has just rained.  
(D) When they are still green.
46. (A) On the vines.  
(B) Soaking in water.  
(C) Packed in boxes.  
(D) Spread on trays.
47. (A) A professor.  
(B) A tourist.  
(C) A tour guide.  
(D) A fisherman.
48. (A) Students.  
(B) Government officials.  
(C) City planners.  
(D) Fishermen.
49. (A) In the park.  
(B) By a famous landmark.  
(C) In the museum dining room.  
(D) Near the docks.
50. (A) Sore feet.  
(B) A real vacation.  
(C) Tired eyes.  
(D) A study break.

# Test 1 解答

## SECTION I

### LISTENING COMPREHENSION

In this section of the test, you will have an opportunity to demonstrate your ability to understand spoken English. There are three parts to this section, with special directions for each part.

#### Part A

*Directions:* For each question in Part A, you will hear a short statement. The statements will be spoken just one time. They will not be written out for you, and you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker says.

After you hear a statement, read the four sentences in your test book, marked (A), (B), (C), and (D), and decide which *one* is closest in meaning to the statement you heard. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and blacken the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen so that the letter inside the oval cannot be seen.

Example I.

You will hear:

You will read:

- (A) John does better in his studies than James.
- (B) James is bigger than his brother John.
- (C) John has only one brother.
- (D) The teacher likes James better than John.

Sample Answer

☒ (B) (C) (D)

Sentence (A), "John does better in his studies than James," means most nearly the same as the statement "John is a better student than his brother James." Therefore, you should choose answer (A).

Example II.

You will hear:

Sample Answer

You will read:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

- (A) The traffic isn't bad today.
- (B) The trucks weigh a lot.
- (C) There are a lot of trucks on the highway.
- (D) The highway has been closed to heavy trucks.

Sentence (C), "There are a lot of trucks on the highway," is closest in meaning to the sentence "The truck traffic on this highway is so heavy I can barely see where I'm going." Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

1. (A)

Janet fixed the broken chair herself.

- (A) Janet repaired her own chair.
- (B) Janet needs a new chair.
- (C) Janet broke the chair.
- (D) Janet's chair needs fixing.

2. (C)

There was a bowl of sugar on the coffee table.

- (A) They put sugar in their coffee.
- (B) The coffee on the table had sugar in it.
- (C) The sugar bowl was on the table.
- (D) There were coffee candies in the bowl.

3. ( A )

We went to the concert the day before yesterday.

- (A) We attended the concert two days ago.
- (B) Before yesterday, we'd never gone to a concert.
- (C) We've gone to concerts four times.
- (D) The concert started yesterday before we arrived.

4. ( B )

The schedule was set up by the professor this summer.

- (A) He was upset by the professor.
- (B) The professor arranged the schedule.
- (C) The new schedule annoyed him.
- (D) He set off on his summer vacation.

5. ( D )

His desk is always quite messy.

- (A) He works quietly all the time.
- (B) His desk has a message on it.
- (C) He doesn't dress neatly.
- (D) His desk is never clean.

6. ( C )

George caught a bad cold and went to the clinic.

- (A) The clinic was too cold for George.
- (B) At the clinic, George got sick.
- (C) Feeling sick, George went to the clinic.
- (D) George was too cold to go to the clinic.

7. ( D )

Gary had Susan check his homework.

- (A) Gary had more homework than Susan.
- (B) Gary worked with Susan at home.
- (C) Gary told Susan to do her work at home.
- (D) Gary asked Susan to look at his homework.

8. ( A )

The suitcase is heavier than you think it is.

- (A) You don't know how heavy the suitcase really is.
- (B) The suitcase is much heavier since you packed it.
- (C) I prefer a lighter suitcase to the one you have.
- (D) This suitcase is not as light as the other one.

9. ( B )

I hate to see them tear down that old building.

- (A) There are many old buildings down by the sea.
- (B) It's too bad they're destroying that building.
- (C) They've sold the building that I hate.
- (D) It's very hot in that old building.

10. ( A )

Paul is involved in a number of student activities.

- (A) Paul participates in several student organizations.
- (B) Paul gives out the student activities numbers.
- (C) Paul sealed a large number of envelopes.
- (D) Paul turns around at the sound of his name.

11. ( D )

The more she skied, the more confidence Megan gained.

- (A) Megan skidded on the road.
- (B) Megan gained more weight this winter.
- (C) Megan confided in her friend more than before.
- (D) Megan became more confident with practice.

12. ( C )

Frank had little time for anything but work.

- (A) Frank was never too busy to go for a walk.
- (B) Frank lived near his office.
- (C) Frank worked extremely long hours.
- (D) Frank seldom worked on one job very long.

13. ( B )

They suggested we visit them.

- (A) They asked us for a suggestion.
- (B) They invited us to their house.
- (C) We wanted to invite them for a visit.
- (D) We suggested a place for them to visit.

14. ( C )

There you are ! Where've you been hiding ?

- (A) You've been there already.    (B) Why did you hide it there?
- (C) You were hard to find.        (D) Where did you find that ?

15. ( B )

Budgeting your time is essential while you're in school.

- (A) Students should have budgets.
- (B) Students should carefully budget their time.
- (C) School budgets are necessary.
- (D) Your time in school will eventually pay off.

16. ( B )

Ages ago the penguin could fly just as well as other sea birds.

- (A) This penguin was trained to fly like a sea gull.
- (B) Penguins used to be able to fly.
- (C) Penguins can see better than other birds.
- (D) Penguins live to a very old age.



17. ( A )

Isn't this picnic fun !

- (A) I'm enjoying the picnic.
- (B) Doesn't he like funny pictures ?
- (C) He isn't picking one. (D) Was the picnic enjoyable ?

18. ( D )

A crowd gathered around the performers.

- (A) The clown was running around them.
- (B) The sky was getting very cloudy.
- (C) They all wanted to see the clown.
- (D) There was a group of people watching them.

19. ( C )

Jane stopped to talk to her friend on her way home from the swimming pool.

- (A) Jane stopped talking until her friend finished swimming.
- (B) Jane stopped her friend from going home.
- (C) Jane talked to her friend before she went home.
- (D) Jane talked to her friend instead of going swimming.

20. ( B )

Were you recognized right away ?

- (A) Did you recognize the place ?
- (B) Did anyone know who you were ?
- (C) Did anyone guess the answer ?
- (D) Did you remember the right way ?

**Part B**

**Directions:** In Part B you will hear short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a third voice will ask a question about what was said. The question will be