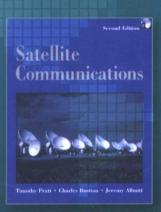
英文版

# 卫星通信

(第二版)

**Satellite Communications** 

Second Edition



Timothy Pratt [美] Charles Bostian 著 Jeremy Allnutt





電子工業出版社.

Publishing House of Electronics Industry http://www.phei.com.cn

# 国外电子与通信教材系列

# 卫星通信

(第二版)

(英文版)

# Satellite Communications Second Edition

Timothy Pratt
[美] Charles Bostian 著
Jeremy Allnutt

電子工業出版社・ Publishing House of Electronics Industry 北京・BEIJING

#### 内容简介

本书是关于卫星通信的一本最新且权威的著作。全书共分为11章,4个附录,内容涉及轨道力学与发射台、人造卫星、人造卫星链路设计、卫星链路的调制与多路技术、多路存取、数字卫星链路误差控制、传播效果及其对卫星地球链路的影响、VSAT系统、低地球轨道与非同步卫星系统、直接广播卫星电视与无线电通信、卫星导航与全球定位系统等。

全书内容结构合理,反映了卫星通信的前沿技术。可作为大专院校电气工程专业学生的教材,也可作为相关研究人员及工程技术人员的参考书。

Timothy Pratt, Charles Bostian, Jeremy Allnutt: Satellite Communications, Second Edition.

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教材建设是高校教学建设的主要内容之一。编写、出版一本好的教材,意味着开设了一门好的课程,甚至可能预示着一个崭新学科的诞生。20世纪40年代 MIT 林肯实验室出版的一套28本雷达从书,对近代电子学科、特别是对雷达技术的推动作用,就是一个很好的例子。

我国领导部门对教材建设一直非常重视。20世纪80年代,在原教委教材编审委员会的领导下,汇集了高等院校几百位富有教学经验的专家,编写、出版了一大批教材;很多院校还根据学校的特点和需要,陆续编写了大量的讲义和参考书。这些教材对高校的教学工作发挥了极好的作用。近年来,随着教学改革不断深入和科学技术的飞速进步,有的教材内容已比较陈旧、落后,难以适应教学的要求,特别是在电子学和通信技术发展神速、可以讲是日新月异的今天,如何适应这种情况,更是一个必须认真考虑的问题。解决这个问题,除了依靠高校的老师和专家撰写新的符合要求的教科书外,引进和出版一些国外优秀电子与通信教材,尤其是有选择地引进一批英文原版教材,是会有好处的。

一年多来,电子工业出版社为此做了很多工作。他们成立了一个"国外电子与通信教材系列"项目组,选派了富有经验的业务骨干负责有关工作,收集了230余种通信教材和参考书的详细资料,调来了100余种原版教材样书,依靠由20余位专家组成的出版委员会,从中精选了40多种,内容丰富,覆盖了电路理论与应用、信号与系统、数字信号处理、微电子、通信系统、电磁场与微波等方面,既可作为通信专业本科生和研究生的教学用书,也可作为有关专业人员的参考材料。此外,这批教材,有的翻译为中文,还有部分教材直接影印出版,以供教师用英语直接授课。希望这些教材的引进和出版对高校通信教学和教材改革能起一定作用。

在这里,我还要感谢参加工作的各位教授、专家、老师与参加翻译、编辑和出版的同志们。各位专家认真负责、严谨细致、不辞辛劳、不怕琐碎和精益求精的态度,充分体现了中国教育工作者和出版工作者的良好美德。

随着我国经济建设的发展和科学技术的不断进步,对高校教学工作会不断提出新的要求和希望。我想,无论如何,要做好引进国外教材的工作,一定要联系我国的实际。教材和学术专著不同,既要注意科学性、学术性,也要重视可读性,要深入浅出,便于读者自学;引进的教材要适应高校教学改革的需要,针对目前一些教材内容较为陈旧的问题,有目的地引进一些先进的和正在发展中的交叉学科的参考书;要与国内出版的教材相配套,安排好出版英文原版教材和翻译教材的比例。我们努力使这套教材能尽量满足上述要求,希望它们能放在学生们的课桌上,发挥一定的作用。

最后,预祝"国外电子与通信教材系列"项目取得成功,为我国电子与通信教学和通信产业的 发展培土施肥。也恳切希望读者能对这些书籍的不足之处、特别是翻译中存在的问题,提出意见和 建议,以便再版时更正。

美佑寿

中国工程院院士、清华大学教授 "国外电子与通信教材系列"出版委员会主任

# 出版说明

进入21世纪以来,我国信息产业在生产和科研方面都大大加快了发展速度,并已成为国民经济发展的支柱产业之一。但是,与世界上其他信息产业发达的国家相比,我国在技术开发、教育培训等方面都还存在着较大的差距。特别是在加入WTO后的今天,我国信息产业面临着国外竞争对手的严峻挑战。

作为我国信息产业的专业科技出版社,我们始终关注着全球电子信息技术的发展方向,始终把引进国外优秀电子与通信信息技术教材和专业书籍放在我们工作的重要位置上。在2000年至2001年间,我社先后从世界著名出版公司引进出版了40余种教材,形成了一套"国外计算机科学教材系列",在全国高校以及科研部门中受到了欢迎和好评,得到了计算机领域的广大教师与科研工作者的充分肯定。

引进和出版一些国外优秀电子与通信教材,尤其是有选择地引进一批英文原版教材,将有助于我国信息产业培养具有国际竞争能力的技术人才,也将有助于我国国内在电子与通信教学工作中掌握和跟踪国际发展水平。根据国内信息产业的现状、教育部《关于"十五"期间普通高等教育教材建设与改革的意见》的指示精神以及高等院校老师们反映的各种意见,我们决定引进"国外电子与通信教材系列",并随后开展了大量准备工作。此次引进的国外电子与通信教材均来自国际著名出版商,其中影印教材约占一半。教材内容涉及的学科方向包括电路理论与应用、信号与系统、数字信号处理、微电子、通信系统、电磁场与微波等,其中既有本科专业课程教材,也有研究生课程教材,以适应不同院系、不同专业、不同层次的师生对教材的需求,广大师生可自由选择和自由组合使用。我们还将与国外出版商一起,陆续推出一些教材的教学支持资料,为授课教师提供帮助。

此外,"国外电子与通信教材系列"的引进和出版工作得到了教育部高等教育司的大力支持和帮助,其中的部分引进教材已通过"教育部高等学校电子信息科学与工程类专业教学指导委员会"的审核,并得到教育部高等教育司的批准,纳入了"教育部高等教育司推荐——国外优秀信息科学与技术系列教学用书"。

为做好该系列教材的翻译工作,我们聘请了清华大学、北京大学、北京邮电大学、东南大学、西安交通大学、天津大学、西安电子科技大学、电子科技大学等著名高校的教授和骨干教师参与教材的翻译和审校工作。许多教授在国内电子与通信专业领域享有较高的声望,具有丰富的教学经验,他们的渊博学识从根本上保证了教材的翻译质量和专业学术方面的严格与准确。我们在此对他们的辛勤工作与贡献表示衷心的感谢。此外,对于编辑的选择,我们达到了专业对口;对于从英文原书中发现的错误,我们通过与作者联络、从网上下载勘误表等方式,逐一进行了修订;同时,我们对审校、排版、印制质量进行了严格把关。

今后,我们将进一步加强同各高校教师的密切关系,努力引进更多的国外优秀教材和教学参考书,为我国电子与通信教材达到世界先进水平而努力。由于我们对国内外电子与通信教育的发展仍存在一些认识上的不足,在选题、翻译、出版等方面的工作中还有许多需要改进的地方,恳请广大师生和读者提出批评及建议。

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## **ABOUT THE AUTHORS**

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Charles W. Bostian is Clayton Ayre Professor of Electrical and Computer Engineering at Virginia Tech where he has been a faculty member since 1969. His primary research interests are in the areas of wireless communications and radiowave propagation. He is coauthor of the Wiley Text, Solid State Radio Engineering, published in 1980. Professor Bostian received his degrees in electrical engineering from North Carolina State University and is a fellow of the IEEE.

Jeremy E. Allnutt is a professor in the Electrical and Computer Engineering Department of George Mason University and Director of the MS in Telecommunications Program. His primary interest is radiowave propagation effects on satellite links, which he pursued at research establishments in England and Canada, before working at INTELSAT in the United States from 1979 to 1994. Prior to joining George Mason University in 2000, he was a professor at the University of York, England, and at Virginia Tech. Dr. Allnutt obtained his B.Sc. and Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering from Salford University, England, and is a Fellow of IEE and Senior member IEEE.

There have been many new developments in satellite communications technology since the first edition of this text was published in 1986. However, the underlying principles of the transmission of radio signals via satellites remain the same. Thus the basic material in the textbook relating to satellite orbits, look angles, transponders on communications satellites, link budget calculations, S/N and BER for analog and digital links, multiple access techniques, error control, and the propagation of radio waves through the earth's atmosphere remains as important now as in 1986. What has changed is that new applications have been developed for satellite communication systems, and new satellites and terminals have been built to implement the new systems.

The second edition of Satellite Communications makes no attempt to describe all of the satellite systems now in operation. That would require an encyclopedia. The text concentrates on the principles of satellite communication systems with the aim of providing the reader with a sound understanding of how a satellite communication system successfully transfers information from one earth station to another. The first edition of this text was written by Charles Bostian and Tim Pratt to support the courses we taught on satellite communication. The book found wide popularity, both as a text for students in senior year or beginning graduate courses at universities, and as a basic reference for practicing engineers. In the second edition, we are honored to be joined by our friend and colleague Jeremy Allnutt, with whom we have worked on satellite systems for over 25 years. He contributed the chapters on orbital mechanics, propagation, nongeostationary satellite systems and VSAT networks.

Much material that was included in the first edition has been omitted in the second to make way for chapters covering VSAT systems, LEO and NGSO systems, direct broadcast television, and satellite navigation. The advent of personal communications via low earth orbit (LEO) satellites was not anticipated when the text was written in 1984, nor the development of direct broadcasting from satellites using digital transmission. The growth of very small aperture terminal (VSAT) systems has also occurred since 1986, and has led to application of many of the techniques discussed in the first edition. The Global Positioning System (GPS) has become the dominant radio navigation aid, using a constellation of 24 satellites to provide accurate position location everywhere on earth. Perhaps the greatest change in technology over the past fifteen years has been the transition from analog to digital transmission techniques. The transition is almost complete in the United States, with only the distribution of video signals to cable TV head ends remaining as a last bastion of analog transmission. The section in Chapter 5 of the first edition that covered FDM/FM/FDMA systems has been retained as an appendix because such systems continue in operation in some parts of the world.

The emphasis throughout the text is on digital transmission techniques; Chapter 5 reviews the basic theory of digital radio transmission, which is fundamental to all digital satellite systems. In parallel with the transition to digital satellite transmission, great changes have occurred in terrestrial communication systems. Optical fibers were just starting to come into use in 1986, and the Internet was still in its infancy. Cellular telephones were barely in use. Many of the developments in terrestrial communication systems have carried over to satellite systems, and much of the technology that was new in 1986 has now matured and has been well described elsewhere.

Within the United States, satellites are not used for telephone (voice) links. The development of terrestrial optical fiber links has made satellite transmission of telephone traffic uneconomic, and the delay associated with GEO satellite link is a nuisance. Domestic satellites serving the United States now carry video signals for distribution to cable TV companies or direct to homes and serve networks of VSAT stations linked to central hubs in major cities. The development of direct to home satellite broadcast television (DBS-TV) has had a major impact on the marketplace. In the United States, digital DBS-TV transmissions are now received in 15 million homes (2001 figure), and in Europe a similar number of homes receive satellite television programming. Video distribution, to cable companies and direct to home, accounts for more than half of all the worldwide earnings from satellite communication systems.

The authors would like to thank their colleagues and students who, over the years, have made many valuable suggestions to improve this text. Their advice has been heeded, and the second edition of Satellite Communication is the better for it. Many more worked examples have been added to the second edition to illustrate how calculations are carried out for each topic.

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