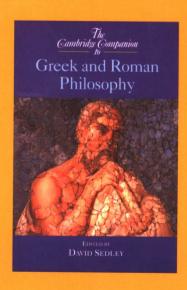


The Cambridge Companion to Philosophy

希腊罗马哲学

大卫・塞徳利 编



剑桥哲学研究指针

希腊罗马哲学

The Cambridge Companion to Greek and Roman Philosophy

大卫・塞徳利 编 Edited by David Sedley

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

希腊罗马哲学 = The Cambridge Companion to Greek and Roman Philosophy / 塞德利编. 一北京: 生活・读书・新知三联书店, 2006.6

I.希... II.塞... III.古希腊罗马哲学 - 研究 - 英文 IV. B502

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2006) 第 037488 号

责任编辑 舒 炜

封雕设计 罗 洪 崔建华

出版发行 生活·請書·新知 三联书店 (北京市东城区美术馆东街 22 号)

图 字 01-2006-1997

邮 编 100010

经 销 新华书店

印刷 北京隆昌伟业印刷有限公司

版 次 2006 年 6 月北京第 1 版 2006 年 6 月北京第 1 次印刷

开 本 635 毫米×965 毫米 1/16 印张 26

印 数 0,001 - 4,000 册

定 价 35.00 元

THE CAMBRIDGE COMPANION TO GREEK AND ROMAN PHILOSOPHY

The Cambridge Companion to Greek and Roman Philosophy is a wide-ranging introduction to the study of philosophy in the ancient world. A team of leading specialists surveys the developments of the period and evaluates a comprehensive series of major thinkers, ranging from Pythagoras to Epicurus. There are also separate chapters on how philosophy in the ancient world interacted with religion, literature and science, and a final chapter traces the seminal influence of Greek and Roman philosophy down to the seventeenth century. Practical elements such as tables, illustrations, a glossary, and extensive advice on further reading make it an ideal book to accompany survey courses on the history of ancient philosophy. It will be an invaluable guide for all who are interested in the philosophical thought of this rich and formative period.



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(第一辑 20 种)

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剑桥哲学研究指针

出版说明

生活·读书·新知三联书店自20世纪80年代中期以来一向重视引介西方现当代学术著作,在著译界朋友大力支持下,我店陆续刊行综合性文库和专题性译丛若干套,对近二十余年中国学术思想的建设发展起到了积极的作用。

三联书店现在以英文原版形式引进出版"剑桥哲学研究指针",其主旨则在于便利国内读者和研究者翻阅查考,掌握西方学术研究的最新动态。"剑桥哲学研究指针"是英国剑桥大学出版社 20 世纪 90 年代刊行的大型学术参考书,面世之后,好评如潮,影响巨大,自 1992 年至今已出版六十余种。这套书以大哲学家为中心线索,辅以若干时期的哲学主题及哲学流派,由出色当行的学者出任主编,邀集各领域支制,由此国际化的学者队伍,专门撰写文章,综述研究状况,缕列文献目录;各书的编辑方针清晰,体例完备周密,内容丰富,资料充足,是很好的西方哲学研究指南读物。如原出版者所说:"这套书的目改之一,乃是针对艰深而富有挑战性的哲学家著作,帮助读者打消畏难心理",对哲学有兴趣的非专业读者和学生,由此可获得权威有效的方便指引;专家和深入研究者由此则可概览各种解释与分析的新进展。

在21世纪中国社会和思想文化创造性发展的大背景下,这套书或 将有助于中国读者深入勘察有关西方思想传统的各种不断演变的诠释, 形成权衡取舍的批判性视野,并逐步确立中文学术界自身的看法。这 是我们引进出版这套书的深层期望所在。

三联书店编辑部 2006 年 3 月

CONTRIBUTORS

JONATHAN BARNES is Professor of Ancient Philosophy at the University of Paris-IV Sorbonne, having previously taught at the University of Oxford for twenty-five years, and subsequently at the University of Geneva. His most recent books are Sextus Empiricus, Outlines of Scepticism (with Julia Annas, 1994), The Cambridge Companion to Aristotle (ed., 1995), Logic and the Imperial Stoa (1997), The Cambridge History of Hellenistic Philosophy (co-edited with Keimpe Algra, Jaap Mansfeld and Malcolm Schofield, 1999), and Porphyry, Introduction (2003).

SARAH BROADIE is Professor of Philosophy at the University of St Andrews. Her earlier work (as Sarah Waterlow) included Nature, Agency and Change in Aristotle's Physics (1982) and Passage and Possibility: A Study of Aristotle's Modal Concepts (1982). More recently she has published Ethics with Aristotle (1991), and a commentary on Aristotle's Nicomachean Ethics accompanying a new translation by Christopher Rowe (2002). She is currently working on Plato.

JACQUES BRUNSCHWIG is Professor Emeritus of Ancient Philosophy at the University of Paris-I. He is the author of Aristote, Topiques (vol. I, 1967; vol. II currently in progress), and his most recent books are Papers in Hellenistic Philosophy (1994) and (co-edited with G. E. R. Lloyd) Greek Thought: A Guide to Classical Knowledge (2000). His main current interests are Aristotle and Stoicism.

JOHN M. COOPER is Stuart Professor of Philosophy at Princeton University. His most recent books are Plato: Complete Works (ed., 1997), and Reason and Emotion: Essays on Ancient Moral

Psychology and Ethical Theory (1999). A second collection of his papers, Stoic Autonomy and Other Essays on Ancient Philosophy, is forthcoming.

FRANS A. J. DE HAAS is Professor of Ancient and Medieval Philosophy at the University of Leiden. He is the author of John Philoponus' New Definition of Prime Matter. Aspects of its Background in Neoplatonism and the Ancient Commentary Tradition (1997). He is currently working on Aristotle's Posterior Analytics and its impact on late ancient philosophy, and in particular the notions of induction, division and definition.

R. J. HANKINSON is Professor of Philosophy at the University of Texas, Austin. His most recent books are *The Sceptics* (1995), Cause and Explanation in the Ancient Greek World (1998), and Galen on Antecedent Causes (1998). He is currently editing The Cambridge Companion to Galen.

IILL KRAYE is Reader in the History of Renaissance Philosophy and Librarian of the Warburg Institute, the School of Advanced Study, University of London. She is the editor of The Cambridge Companion to Renaissance Humanism (1997), and of Cambridge Translations of Renaissance Philosophical Texts: Moral and Political Philosophy, 2 vols. (1997) and, together with M. W. F. Stone, of Humanism and Early Modern Philosophy (2000). A collection of her articles has been published under the title Classical Traditions in Renaissance Philosophy (2002). She is currently preparing translations of Cristoforo Landino's Camaldulensian Disputations and Justus Lipsius' Guide to Stoic Philosophy, as well as researching the cultural history of Stoicism from the Renaissance to the seventeenth century.

A. A. LONG is Professor of Classics and Irving Stone Professor of Literature at the University of California, Berkeley. He is the author of Hellenistic Philosophy (1974, 1986), The Hellenistic Philosophers (with David Sedley, 1987), Stoic Studies (1996), and Epictetus. A Stoic and Socratic Guide to Life (2002). He is also the editor of the Cambridge Companion to Early Greek Philosophy (1999). He is currently working on a book about cosmology, theology and human identity in Greek thought.

GLENN W. MOST is Professor of Greek Philology at the Scuola Normale Superiore, Pisa and Professor in the Committee on Social Thought of the University of Chicago. In addition to the many volumes that he has edited, his own publications include The Measures of Praise: Structure and Function in Pindar's Second Pythian and Seventh Nemean Odes (1985), Théophraste, Métaphysique (with A. Laks, 1993), and Raffael, Die Schule von Athen (1999) = Leggere Raffaello: 'La Scuola di Atene' e il suo pretesto, 2001). He is currently completing the new Loeb edition of Hesiod, and a study of the traditions concerning Doubting Thomas, and collaborating on a new textual edition of Aristotle's Metaphysics.

MARTHA C. NUSSBAUM is Ernst Freund Distinguished Service Professor of Law and Ethics at the University of Chicago. Her most recent books are Women and Human Development: The Capabilities Approach (2000), Upheavals of Thought: The Intelligence of Emotions (2001), and The Sleep of Reason: Erotic Experience and Sexual Ethics in Ancient Greece and Rome (co-edited with Juha Sihvola, 2002). She is currently writing a book about the influence of Stoic cosmopolitanism on the modern tradition of political philosophy and on international law.

CHRISTOPHER ROWE is Professor of Greek at the University of Durham, and currently holds a Leverhulme Personal Research Professorship. He has edited Plato's Phaedrus (1986), Phaedo (1993), Statesman (1995) and Symposium (1998). His most recent books are The Cambridge History of Greek and Roman Political Thought (co-edited with Malcolm Schofield, 2000), a new translation of Aristotle's Nicomachean Ethics (with commentary by Sarah Broadie, 2002), and New Perspectives on Plato, Modern and Ancient (co-edited with Julia Annas, 2002). He is currently completing a book on Plato's Lysis (with Terry Penner), and a study of Plato's theory and practice in the writing of philosophy.

MALCOLM SCHOFIELD is Professor of Ancient Philosophy at the University of Cambridge. In addition to the many volumes that he has edited, his most recent books are *The Stoic Idea of the City* (1991; expanded edition, 1999), Saving the City (1999), The Cambridge History of Hellenistic Philosophy (co-edited with Keimpe Algra, Jonathan Barnes and Jaap Mansfeld, 1999), and The Cambridge

History of Greek and Roman Political Thought (co-edited with Christopher Rowe, 2000).

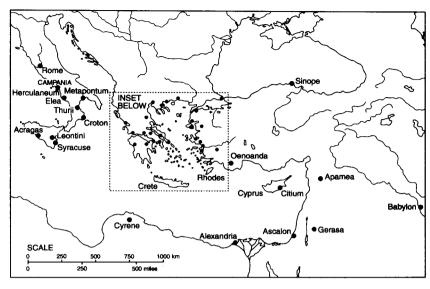
DAVID SEDLEY is Laurence Professor of Ancient Philosophy at the University of Cambridge. He is the author of *The Hellenistic Philosophers* (with A. A. Long, 1987), and of *Lucretius and the Transformation of Greek Wisdom* (1998). He works on Greek philosophical papyri, is editor of *Oxford Studies in Ancient Philosophy*, and has recently completed two books on Plato (on the *Cratylus* and *Theaetetus* respectively).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express my gratitude to all contributors to this volume, not only for their own chapters but also for their invaluable suggestions pertaining to other aspects of the volume; to Liba Taub for her comments on an early draft of the introduction; and above all to Hilary Gaskin of Cambridge University Press, who has been an unfailing source of wise advice from the day she first proposed the project.

I would also like to thank the British Library for permission to reproduce *P. Petrie I*; the Bodleian Library, University of Oxford for permission to reproduce M.S. E. D. Clarke 39; and Candace H. Smith for permission to reproduce the sketch of the Athenian philosophical schools which she originally drew for A. A. Long and D. N. Sedley, *The Hellenistic Philosophers* (Cambridge 1987).

David Sedley





Map of the Greek world

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Introduction

Compare the following two questions, both of which greatly exercised ancient Greek and Roman thinkers:

- What is a good human life?
- 2 Why isn't the earth falling?

They appear about as different as any two questions could be. The first is one that most of us continue to consider important today. The second is not a question we are likely even to think worth asking: however little physics we know, we know enough to realize that the question itself rests on false suppositions.

Despite this and other contrasts, those who manage to get inside the subject – Greek and Roman philosophy – to which this book aims to provide an entry route should find that the two questions come to exercise an equal fascination. They may even find that the two of them have more in common than at first appears, as I shall suggest below.

Take the first of them, what a good human life is. How would you react to the answer that it should in principle be no harder to work out what makes a human life a good one than it is to work out what makes a doctor, a scalpel, an operation or an eye a good one? The latter kind of question is answered by first determining what the essential function of a doctor, a scalpel, an operation or an eye is, a good one simply being any that is such as to be successful in performing that function. Analogously, then, find out what is the function of a human being, or of a human life, and you will know what it is to be a good human being and to have a good human life. If, for example, man's natural function is fundamentally social, a human life's goodness will be defined accordingly; if intellectual, in a different way;