

浙江省重点建设教材

◆ 总主编 何莲珍

新编实用英语

第2册

听说教程

本册主编 蒋景阳

副主编 丁展平



ZHEJIANG UNIVERSITY PRESS

浙江大學出版社

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(第2册)

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江苏工业学院图书馆
藏书章

浙江大學出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

新编实用英语. 听说教程. 第2册 / 何莲珍主编; 蒋景阳分册主编. —杭州: 浙江大学出版社, 2006.1

ISBN 7-308-04595-1

I. 新... II. ①何... ②蒋... III. 英语—听说教学—高等学校—教学参考资料 IV. H31

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2006)第 000567 号

责任编辑 张颖琪 张 琛

封面设计 刘依群

出版发行 浙江大学出版社

(杭州天目山路 148 号 邮政编码 310028)

(E-mail: zupress@mail.hz.zj.cn)

(网址: <http://www.zjupress.com>)

排 版 浙江大学出版社电脑排版中心

印 刷 杭州出版学校印刷厂

开 本 787mm×1092mm 1/16

印 张 10

字 数 300 千

版 印 次 2006 年 1 月第 1 版 2006 年 1 月第 1 次印刷

书 号 ISBN 7-308-04595-1/H·369

定 价 18.00 元(含光盘)

前言

《新编实用英语》是按照“以学生为中心的主题教学模式”编写的教材。

根据《高职高专英语课程教学基本要求》和高职高专院校学生的特点,在教材编写过程中遵循四条原则:

- 1) 以学生为中心;
- 2) 重视语言基本功的训练;
- 3) 根据“实用为主,够用为度”的原则,注重语言应用能力的培养;
- 4) 寓文化素质教育于语言教学之中,寓语言教学于信息交流之中。

该教材共有5册,含预备级1册和1—4级共4册。各册教材分别由《读写教程》学生用书、教师用书和《听说教程》学生用书及教师用书组成,侧重点有所不同。

《读写教程》各册每个单元除了共有的导入(Warm-up)、以阅读为中心的语言活动(Reading-centered Activities)、趣味英语(Reading for Fun)以外,预备册增加了应用文写作技巧讲解及练习(Practical Writing),第1—2册增加了语法讲解及练习(Grammar Focus),第3—4册增加了阅读技巧讲解及练习(Reading Skills)。

《听说教程》各册每个单元共有三个以听力为中心的语言活动和快乐一刻(Happy Minute)。每个语言活动包括导入(Warm-up)及形式多样的听力训练。此外,在预备册和第1—2册还增加了听力技巧讲解及练习(Listening Skills)。

《新编实用英语》的每一个单元围绕一个主题展开听、说、读、写、译等活动,旨在培养学生的语言综合应用能力。因为语言技能的发展是相辅相成、不可分割的,在实际语言环境中也要求语言技能的综合应用。本教材所选用的材料语言规范,具有趣味性、可思性、时代性,并尽量贴近学生生活。此外,本教材在选材时注意包括各英语国家的材料,尤其是英美英语的比例,并注意文章的题材与体裁。练习形式的多样性有助于加强应用能力的训练与培养。语法、阅读技巧、听

力技巧的讲解具有系统性、完整性,并尽量考虑与所在单元内容的结合。

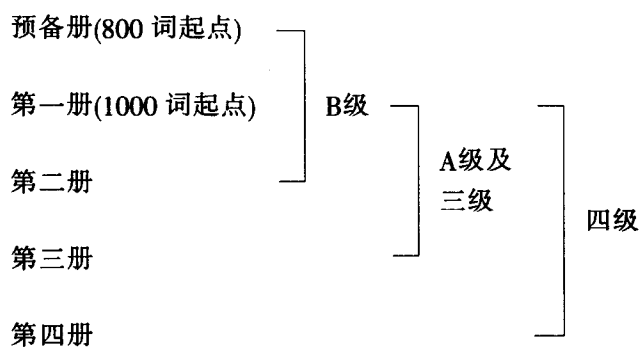
这套系列教材的编写得到了浙江省高等教育学会大学外语专业委员会高职高专分会、浙江省各高等院校,尤其是高职高专院校的大力支持,是“浙江省高等教育教学改革与质量提高工程”的一个重要组成部分,也是浙江省广大英语教师长期以来在语言教学、语言学习方面进行理论研究和实践的产物。在此,谨向他们表示衷心感谢。

本教材由浙江省高职高专英语教材编写委员会组织编写,何连珍任总主编。本册主编蒋景阳,副主编丁展平。参加本册编写的有(按字母顺序):丁展平、何君、蒋景阳、邱雅敏、盛湘君、司爱侠以及美籍专家 Maxine Huffman 博士和 Don Huffman 博士。

本书听力部分由 Mr. & Mrs. Spillman 朗读。

编写说明

1. 教材教学起点及教学目标框图



2. 词汇符号说明

标 * 的为 B 级要求词汇

标 * 的为 A 级及三级要求词汇

标 ◆ 的为四级要求词汇

未标的为四级以上词汇

Acknowledgements

We have cited all contributions which could be identified. But, inevitably, some materials could not be credited because the original sources or authors were not available. We are really sorry if there is any unintentional omission occurring in our attributions. We could not have done otherwise in compiling such diverse materials from such disparate sources.

We show our sincere acknowledgements to the following sources:

Allure

American English for Today

Beyond Language

Certificate II in Spoken and Written English

Chicken Soup

College English

Crazy English Reader

Developing Reading Skills

Elementary Reader in English

English Language Learning

English World

Eureka

Fifty Stories Retold

Focus

Impact

Improve Your Essays

Insights for Today

Integrated English

Journalistic Reading for English Language Practice

Likes and Dislikes

National Geographic

New Headway English Course

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Trump Card

Writing, Invention Form and Styles

Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary

牛津高级英汉双解词典

实用英汉词典

世纪版新英汉词典

朗文英汉双解活用词典

朗文当代高级英语辞典

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STUDENTS' **BOOK**

Unit 1

Music

Listening I

tight 紧紧的
faith 信念

light up 点燃
spread 伸展, 展开

ease 减轻
wing 翅膀

Exercise 1

Directions: Listen to the song twice and fill in each of the blanks with the missing word.

Proud of You

Love in your eyes

Sitting _____ by my side

Going on, _____ hands

Walking _____ the nights

*Hold me up

Hold me _____

Lift me up to _____ the sky

Teaching me _____

Helping me _____

I can fly

I'm proud that I can fly

To give the best of mine

Till the end of the time

Believe me I can fly



I'm proud that I can fly

To give the best of mine

The _____ in the sky*

_____ in the sky

_____ once upon a time

Give me love

Make me _____

Till the end of life

Repeat*

Can't you believe that you _____

No matter how that _____

I'll never _____

See me fly

I'm proud to _____

Show you the best of mine

Till the end of the time

Believe me I can fly

I'm _____ in the sky

Show you the best of mine

The heaven in the sky

Spread my wings so wide

Exercise 2

Directions: Listen to the song again and sing along.

Listening II

informed 见多识广的

genius 天才

implement 执行

properly 合适地

inspiration 灵感

powerful 强有力的

aspect 方面

positive 肯定的, 积极的

motivation 动机

emotionally 在情绪上

separate...from 将.....与区分开来

the average 普通人 run into 遇到

attitude 态度

familiar 熟悉的

Edgar Leslie 埃德加·莱斯利

Warm-up

Directions: Discuss the following questions in pairs.

What role does music play in our daily life? Will music help with our study?

Exercise 1

Directions: Listen to the passage and choose the best answer for each of the following items.

1) According to the passage, what separates the genius from the average?

A) Learning method.

B) Learning speed.

C) Learning attitude.

D) Learning material.

2) Why don't Geniuses run into problems while learning?

A) Because they learn cleverly.

B) Because they learn fast.

C) Because they have better learning methods.

D) Because they have high IQ.

3) How does music affect people's learning positively?

A) It makes listener smarter.

B) It changes listener's way of thinking.

- C) It gives listener more active motivation. D) It makes listener relaxed.
- 4) To benefit learning, people are suggested to listen to the music that is _____.
 A) familiar and comfortable with them B) supposed to relax them
 C) soft and light D) fast and loud
- 5) *America, I Love You* is _____.
 A) one of the biggest hits in 1960
 B) a song cited to show how music affects people emotionally
 C) a song written by Michael Jackson
 D) one of Americans' favorite songs

Exercise 2

Directions: Listen to the passage again and complete the following sentences with the exact words you hear from the tape. Write one word in each blank.

- 1) It is well understood that people try to learn to become _____ and more _____ about the world around them.
- 2) One way to _____ the speed at which people learn is with music.
- 3) One important aspect that music can have on learning for people of all ages is _____.
- 4) It is not _____ better for people to listen to music that is supposed to relax them if they are unfamiliar with it.
- 5) Music as we said can have a positive _____ on people, when the World War started there were a lot of songs that people sang and gave a very _____ inspiration to them.

Listening III

Karaoke 卡拉 OK	entertainment 娱乐	originate in 起源于
Oxford English Dictionary 《牛津英语词典》	traditional 传统的	guitar 吉他
bar 酒吧	audience 听众	volunteer 志愿
port 港口	trend 趋势	instant noodle 方便面
		sauna 桑拿浴

Warm-up

Directions: Discuss the following questions in pairs.

Do you often enjoy Karaoke? Why do you think it is so popular?

Exercise 1

Directions: Listen to the passage and decide whether each of the following statements is true or false. Put a "T" for true and "F" for false in the space provided.

- ___ 1) Karaoke originated in Japan over thirty years ago.
- ___ 2) The piano bar or guitar bar has been the major form of entertainment for Japanese business people for a long time.
- ___ 3) The origin of Karaoke in Japan has a lot to do with the traditional piano bar or guitar bar.
- ___ 4) In the bars, the audience can only enjoy singing to the tape. This was the birth of Karaoke.
- ___ 5) It is widely accepted that the use of Karaoke starts earliest in Kobe city of Japan in the 1980s.
- ___ 6) Kobe is famous for its beautiful coastal scenery.

Exercise 2

Directions: Listen to the passage again and complete the following sentences with the exact words or phrases you hear from the tape.

- 1) The word "Karaoke" is now _____ in the *Oxford English Dictionary*, proving that the term has become widely recognized _____ the world.
- 2) In the bars, the audience could be _____ or even volunteer to _____ with the accompaniment of the piano or guitar.
- 3) It is also said when a guitarist could not come to perform at the bar due to _____ or other reasons, the owner of the bar _____ tapes of recordings, and singers enjoyed singing to the tapes.
- 4) Kobe is a _____ city in Kansai areas, which was opened to international trade early in _____.
- 5) As an opening gate for Japan, Kobe enjoys the fame of being the leader of the _____ and _____.
- 6) Indeed, Kobe has created a lot of unique businesses and _____ such as instant noodles, _____, saunas, etc.

Dictation

individual 个人, 个体

University of Rochester 罗彻斯特大学

music-assisted relaxation sessions 音乐辅助放松课

ward 病房

heal (伤、病)痊愈

bone marrow transplants 骨髓移植

participate in 参与

therapy (不依靠药物、手术的)治疗

speed up 加速

cell 细胞

infection 感染

ease (使痛苦)缓和,减轻

nausea 恶心,反胃

Directions: Listen to the passage and complete each blank with the exact word you hear from the tape.

Music Down to the Marrow

Thousands of people are treated for cancer every year, and recovering from serious procedures can be painful.

1) _____, studies show that music helps the recovery of individuals who have had bone marrow transplants for cancer treatment. Researchers at the University of Rochester in New York included people of all 2) _____ and people with different types of cancer in their study, which 3) _____ patients into two groups. One group participated in music-assisted relaxation sessions 4) _____ the other group

did not. Doctors hoped that by bringing music therapy into the recovery wards, patients would no longer pay much 5) _____ to the pain of their recovery. But music did more than just occupy the patients' 6) _____; it actually helped ease their pain and sped up the healing process.

Bone marrow transplant patients given music-assisted treatment 7) _____ that they experienced much less pain and nausea. The study also discovered a biological effect that the music had on the cancer patients. Patients who were receiving music therapy produced their 8) _____ white blood cells in 13.5 days, while those who did not have music to listen to began producing the cells in 15.5 days. Since white blood cells are vital protection 9) _____ infection following an operation, the speeding up of white cell production was a 10) _____ effect.



Listening Skills

判断比较句式

比较结构是听力理解中经常出现的句型之一，掌握这一结构有助于听力理解水平的提高。比较有两种基本形式：相等比较和不等比较。

相等比较的基本句型：主语+谓语+ as + 形容词/副词原级+ as + 被比较对象。

e.g. Walking fast uses up as many calories as running slowly. 快走和慢跑消耗的热量是一样的。

不等比较的基本句型是：主语+谓语+比较+than+被比较对象。此外，比较形式还可以表达最高级。

e.g. No other student works as hard as Peter. 彼得学习最用功。

比较句式的关键问题是:一要抓住比较对象;二要掌握常见的比较句式。

常见的比较句式如下:

more than 比……多

less than 比……少

(not) as...as...与……不一样

the more...the more 越……越……

nothing...better than ……是最好的

Exercise

Directions: Listen carefully and choose the answer which is the closest in meaning to each sentence you hear from the tape.

- 1) A) Susan works harder. B) Susan's sister works harder.
- C) Susan and her sister work equally hard.
- 2) A) We didn't feel tired any longer. B) We were too tired to go.
- C) The more we walked, the more tired we become.
- 3) A) Young people like hamburgers more than a normal dinner.
- B) Other fast food is not as good as hamburgers.
- C) Fast food takes less time than a normal dinner.
- 4) A) Helen was difficult to please. B) Helen was not happy.
- C) Helen was the happiest child.
- 5) A) Betty likes cola best. B) Betty likes ice-cream best.
- C) Betty prefers ice-cream to cola.
- 6) A) We'd better walk faster. B) We are farther away from home.
- C) We'd better go on after a rest.
- 7) A) There was plenty of time to get there. B) We need more time to get there on time.
- C) We are unable to get there on time.
- 8) A) Blood is more important to life than water.
- B) We value friendship more than family.
- C) Family relationships are more important than any other kind.

Happy Minute

psychology course 心理学课程 the Pacific Ocean 太平洋
the Dead Sea 死海

Directions: Listen to the following jokes and try to repeat what you have heard.