大学核心英语

## College Core English

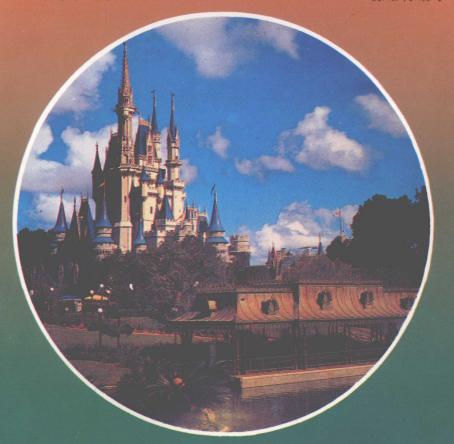
Vocabulary Workbook

## 词·汇·练·习·册

【修订版】第二级

● 杨惠中 张彦斌 郑树棠 主编

陈碚利编写



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### 前言

《大学核心英语》(修订版)是根据国家教育委员会颁发的《大学英语教学大纲(理工科适用)》编写修订的系列教材。《词汇练习册》(修订版)是整套教材的一部分。在语言教学中,词汇教学是一个相当重要的部分,就外语教学而言尤其如此。

《词汇练习册》(修订版)第二级是紧扣《大纲》对二级在词汇方面的要求——掌握540个左右的单词(其中350个左右为复用式掌握)——而编写的。本书特别注意结合中国学生的特点,以通过多种形式的大量练习,引导学生注意如何有效地学习词汇,使学生逐步掌握、巩固并适当扩大词汇。有些练习紧密地结合阅读材料的内容,有些则把新单词重新组合在新的上下文中,通过反复练习来帮助学生记忆,并培养学生的复用能力。练习中所用单词基本上控制在已学过的和新学的词汇范围内。句子大都选自英美等国的原著,语言规范,难度适当,生动有趣。这样的选材既保证了句子的实用性和典型性,又使读者能了解一些英语国家的风土人情。

本书共有12个单元,每6个单元之后安排一个阶段复习。主要的 练习形式及其要求如下:

- 一、选配词义——要求学生掌握词的确切含义,在一词多义的情况下,则选用适合本课内容的词义。
- 二、构词——要求学生学点构词法,以便更好地理解并记忆词汇,适 当扩大词汇量。
- 三、搭配关系—— 要求学生在掌握词义的基础上,熟悉积极词汇的 一些常用搭配。
- 四、词的集合——要求学生把词义相关的词归类,便于联想和记忆。
- 五、同义词、反义词——要求学生写出意义相近或相反的词,促进联想和记忆。
- 六、一词多义——引导学生注意英语中同一单词的若干不同的意义, 培养复用能力。

- 七、词类转换——要求学生注意英语中有些单词可属不同词类,而 且意义也有所不同。
- 八、选用同根词——要求学生选用同根的派生词,从而达到扩大词 汇量并加深对词理解的目的。
- 九、选词填充—— 要求学生选用阅读材料中合适的词填充, 提高学生复用新单词的能力。
- 十、选近义词——要求学生能辨别容易混淆的近义词。
- 十一、多项选择——要求学生从四个选择中给句子选择一个合适的词或词组。
- 十二、综合填充——要求学生从四个选择项中给短文选择合适的词, 从而提高学生辨别和使用词汇的能力。

阶段复习把前面所学词汇重新组合成多种形式的测试性的练习, 旨在使学生逐步适应当前国内外流行的测试方式。

本书可供学生自学用,每单元约用 40 分钟左右; 也可由教师结合具体情况,有选择地布置一些练习,然后在课内略加指点或分析。

《大学核心英语》(修订版)系列教材由上海交通大学科技外语系杨惠中、张彦斌、郑树棠主编。《词汇练习册》(修订版)第二级由陈碚利编写,上海机械专科学校葛亮宏对初稿作了修改,同时还获得有关外籍教师的支持和帮助。

编者对于《词汇练习册》旧版本第二册的作者之一徐云珠同志 对本书所作的宝贵贡献表示衷心感谢。

编者仅希望本书在修订后能进一步体现《大纲》的要求,能进一步满足教学的要求,并希望使用本书的同志不断提供宝贵的意见。

编 者 1990 年 12 月

#### 内容提要

《词汇练习册》(修订版)第二级是配合《大学核心英语一读写教程》(修订版)第二级的练习册。本书特别注意结合中国学生的特点,通过多种形式的练习,引导学生注意如何有效地学习词汇,并帮助学生逐步掌握、巩固和适当扩大积极词汇。

本书共有12个单元,每6个单元之后安排一个阶段复习。句子多选自原文,语言规范、地道,适合文理工农医各类专业学习英语的学生使用。

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Find the definition in the second column which matches the word in the first column.

1. lack

a. not have

2. rank

b. approve formally

3. adopt

c. very large indeed

4. focus

d. be or put in a certain class

5. royal

e. bring into the centre of interest

6. grant

f. a general view or considering g. (fml) give esp. what is wanted

7. survey8. achieve

h. get (something non-material) as the re-

sult of action

9. enormous

i. (often cap.) for, belonging to or con-

nected with a king or queen

10. contract

j. a signed paper on which the conditions

of an agreement are written

### 2 Study the following expressions and translate them into Chinese.

#### A. market

- 1. free market
- 2. world market
- 3. home market
- 4. foreign market

- 5. go to (the) market
- 6, come on the market
- B. focus
  - 7. adjust the focus
  - 8. a focus of interest
  - 9. in focus
  - 10. bring into focus
- C. industrial
  - 11. industrial area
  - 12. industrial town
  - 13. industrial growth
  - 14. industrial system
- D. camp
  - 15. summer camp
  - 16. concentration camp
  - 17. go camping
  - 18. campers 'equipment

### Study how these words are formed.

#### A. Fill up the following table:

n.	V.	n. (person)
	promote	
		manager
growth		
attraction		
application		

B. Write a word in each blank. The word you write must be the correct form of the given word.

#### Model: care

Be <u>careful</u> when you cross the road.

1.	basis
	The rules and laws of a good government are
	on the needs of the people.
2.	formal
	The two words are different in but similar in
	meaning.
3.	explosion
	When something, this event is called an explo-
	sion.
4.	arrive
	They gave us a warm welcome on our
5.	slight
	His system is different from ours as the sur-
	vey reveals.
6.	popularity
	Tennis is quite with young people in our
	country.
7.	attraction
	Male animals oftenfemales by their bright col-
	ours, great strength, etc.
8.	distinction
	When it is a fine day, objects in the distance can be seen
	clearly; they are
9.	traditional
	People in a society stick to their because they
	like their society as it is and do not intend to change it.
10.	application
	Anyone who is looking for a job shouldat the
	personnel office.

1.	register, registered, registration				
	a. Every family is supposed to the birth of a ba-				
	by.				
	b. The of students for the course will begin on				
	Monday morning.				
	c. You'd better send your important letters by				
	post, which protects them against loss.				
2.	distinct, distinction				
	a. Word prove useful to advanced learners.				
	b. When the day is cloudy, objects in the distance cannot				
	be seen clearly; they are not				
3.	promote, promoter, promotion				
	a. Mr Hood is a in arranging football matches.				
	b. The urgent need for informationthe inventior of telephones.				
	c. There are good chances of in this department				
	as the chairman is open-minded.				
1	ap ply, applicant, application				
٦.	a. When a man finds a post that suits him, hefo				
	the post.				
	b. The competition was so keen that there were over 100				
	for the post.				
	c. If you want to be promoted to professor, you should				
	first of all, make out an				
5.	manage, manager, management				
	a. The arrangements of the school are by				
	school committee.				
	b. The traffic is the man who manages the cit				

traffic.

	c. An airport manager's task is the of the air-
	port, where the manager organizes the work, makes deci-
	sions and gets his decisions carried out.
6.	govern, government
	a. The movements of the moon the rise and fall
	of the sea.
	b. The will not give up his control over this city until 1997.
	c. In time of difficulty the local did everything pos-
	sible to help people to improve their working conditions.
7.	occasion, occasional, occasionally
	a the temperature exceeds $\ 37\ ^{\circ}\!$
	age is about 34°C.
	b. In that region there arefloods, but not very se-
	rious ones.
	c. On this I will take the opportunity to thank
	the chairman and all the members of the committee for
	their encouragement and help.
8.	spite, despite
	a. Although she is 36, she gets the job in of her
	age.
	b. In many respects he is not superior to his colleagues
	his cultural achievements.
04	A ALCOHOL AND A SECOND ASSESSMENT OF THE SECON

### Study the following sentences, paying attention to the parts of speech of the underlined words and giving their meanings.

- 1. In a university the rank of a professor is above that of an assistant or associate professor.
- 2. Guilin ranks high among the Chinese beauty spots.
- 3. You have to bring the object into focus if you want a distinct photograph.
- 4. The research worker focused the telescope on the moon.

- 5. The guests are expected to register at a hotel.
- The <u>register</u> office is an office where marriages can lawfully take place and where births, marriages and deaths are recorded.
- 7. It was from here that the Apollo Spacecraft <u>launched</u> for the moon.
- 8. The <u>launch</u> of the huge container ship was a great success.
- 9. According to the <u>survey</u>, traditional ways of learning to read are as successful as modern ways.
- 10. Geographers <u>survey</u> regions in order to make physical or political maps of them.
- 11. He has recently got a grant to continue his studies abroad.
- 12. Prof. Smith granted her favours so that she could attend all his lectures.
- 13. Which countries are Japan's best markets for automobiles?
- 14. The inventor is trying to market his new product.

5	A. Study the shades of meaning of the phrasal verb 'draw up'
	replacing the phrase with another one in the brackets with the
	help of the first letter.

1.	A group of people draw up rules according to which Nobel
	Prizes are awarded to outstanding scientists. (f
	and w)
2.	The players were drawn up, ready to play against the other
	team.(pin prepared order)
3.	The lorry drew up before the filling station and two men got
	out.(gto a certain point and s)
4.	The fire fighter drew himself up to his full height. (m
	oneself stand straight, often proudly)

B. Study the phrases with 'place', replacing them with the word

or phrase i	n the bra	ckets with	the help of t	he first letter.
3. Some of the right of	ken the pooks	olace of coas s are out out in the pro-	l in many ho of place. Ple oper or usua	uses (r) case put them in l p) ents scattered all
over the pl			the docum	ems scattered an
over the pr	<u></u> . (c_	/		
•	-			n the blanks. Use
row	base	reach	scarce	focus
rank	basis	arrive	lacking	concentrate
the east.	rs were to of additional trice.	on and equ	ality are the	ten miles to
			_	e governed by con-
		parents'_		e go . emed of com
	tudents	-		nd and side by side
7. The aircramorning.	aft carri	er	at the	port early in the
				apples on the tree.
<ol><li>9. I found horganizer.</li></ol>		in	the qualities	s required for an
10. Rice will June.	become		_because of	the rainstorm in

8

Choose the best word from the list given below for each blank. Use each word once only and make proper changes where necessary.

lack	stage	county	contract
spite	minor	market	astonish
royal	formal	strictly	application

1. Yorkshire is a in the north of England. It is fa-
mous for its special pudding.
2speaking, the word 'most' means 'nearly all'.
3. Li Fang had little of education, yet she could
speak fluent English.
4. How could you manage to get it? It is seldom found on the
·
5. Here is a simple example of the of strength of ma-
terials.
6. A is a document signed by the parties to supply
goods or service at a fixed price.
7Society, whose members are important scientists,
is a British organization for the advancement of science.
8. In of his great achievement, Beethoven never mar-
ried, and his last years were not happy.
9. The sudden death of our neighbour everybody,
for she was playing tennis two hours before her death.
10. Why not leave it out? It is only a point of impor-
tance.
11. Primitive music is music which represents an early
in its development.
12. The students' of interest suggests that they do not
have a sense of achievement in their work

#### 9 Cloze Test

In the Middle Ages tournaments and hunting were considered as sports for princes and noblemen. In England the sport hunting was (1)fine art. In the first place, the participants were far less (2) in the game than in the pleasure of (3) their strength. It was a case of man using his wits, skill and endurance (4) the animal world.

Later, all this \_\_\_(5) \_\_.

People who took up sports aimed to \_\_(6) \_\_ high performances. Rowing, riding, boxing and \_\_\_(7) \_\_ forms of sports

were first (8) in England.

Now people are beginning to doubt whether the first Marathon race ever happened at all. However, the

- 1. A. many B. most C. mostly D. almost
- 2. A. included B. intended C. interested D. involved
- 3. A. checking B. testing C. examining D. calculating
- 4. A. against B. from C. with D. of
- 5. A. varied B. replaced
- C. differed D. changed 6. A. achieve B. exceed
  - C. reach D. fulfil
- 7. A. variable B. varied C. variety D. various
- 8. A. experienced
  - B. entertained
  - C. practised
  - D. trained

\_\_\_\_\_\_ is kept and the race continues to be held, \_\_\_\_\_\_ many spectators.

9. A. way B. approach
C. habit D. tradition

10. A. inviting B. showingC. attracting D. including