

全球最大英语学习出版集团之一Thomson Learning力推

汤姆森环球英语教程

English in Action

Barbara H. Foley • Elizabeth R. Neblett



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DALIAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY PRESS

汤姆森环球英语教程

English in Action

练习册

3

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Barbara H. Foley and Elizabeth R. Neblett: English in Action Workbook 3

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教材简介

总体介绍

《汤姆森环球英语教程》是专为非英语国家的英语学习者编写的大型英语教程。教程的内容包括听、说、读、写四种技能,同时进行语音训练、词汇扩展、语法的系统学习和实际应用技能的培养,尤其强调听说技能的培养和以学生为中心进行素质教育的教学方式。本书利用丰富多彩的内容编排和真实的语言环境充分满足了不同课堂和不同场景教学的需求,并且最大限度地提高了学习者的英语交际等综合能力。

本教材共分四册,针对初级到中高级的英语学习者,每一册阶段性的学习目的各有侧重,从所选择的话题到语言、文化知识点循序渐进地代表了四个不同的语言学习级别。

第一册:针对完全零基础或者那些基本没接触过英语的学习者,包括初到美国的学习者和那些虽然在美国生活了很多年但从来没有系统学习过英语的成年人,围绕日常情景,如学校、家庭、工作、社区等等,讲解基本语法知识、常用词汇、日常地道表达和语言功能。认真学习完第一册的读者可以使用英语的基本词组和句子,对其周围日常生活中的事物进行自然交流、阅读和写作。

第二册:针对有初级英语水平的英语学习者,围绕校园、工作、饮食、节假日等日常活动,进一步讲解语法、词汇、惯用表达和语用技能。认真学习完第二册的读者可以对身边发生的日常事件,利用规范语法、常用词汇进行准确、自然、轻松的地道表达,使学习者达到初高级水平。

第三册:针对有初中级英语水平的学习者,深入生活话题如宠物、电脑与互联网、健康、自然灾害、婚礼、犯罪等等,结合各国多元文化,进一步巩固和培养语法、词汇、句型和语用技能。认真学习完第三册的读者可以流利、准确地交际,并且发表自己的观点和看法,使学

习者达到中级水平。

第四册:针对中级水平的学习者,进一步深入话题,如教育、殖民、全球化与区域化、休闲娱乐、商业与工业、今日科技等等,进一步结合跨文化主题,较深层次地巩固、培养和发展语法、词汇、句型和语用技能。认真学习完第四册的读者可以用比较精确、流利、地道的英语进行轻松的交际,并对不同价值观的主题流畅地表达自己的观点,使学习者达到中高级水平。

课时安排

每级课时安排为 75 到 120 小时,中国老师可以根据实际情况,借助教师手册和练习册中可供选用的材料组织课堂活动,适当增加内容,延长课时;如果可用课时较少,可以根据实际教学情况适当减少学生活动、小组讨论、阅读、写作或者练习册方面的时间安排。本书充分考虑中国学生不同层次学习者的自身听说水平特点,将第一册和第二册学生用书和练习册分成上下分册版本(1A、1B 和 2A、2B)。上下分册版本每册课时安排为 40 到 60 个小时,中国教师可以根据实际教学情况灵活安排教学课时。

教学思想和教学方法

本教程利用生活方式话题与全球多元主题文化相结合,使英语语言知识体系与文化背景紧密结合。此外,本教程不仅为把英语作为外语的学生提供了大量真实、自然、鲜活的语言环境,而且充分利用具有启发性、挑战性和能引起读者兴趣的各种练习活动来激发读者真正参与到本书中来的热情,这种将接受型学习和创造型学习的教学相结合的方式使每个学习者把自己的学习态度、经历和感觉有效地结合起来,使英语学习变

得真实、深入、个性化和主动化。

本书主要特色

真正零起点 本教材可供没有任何英语基础的初学者学习使用。由最基本的字母表开始的超低起点,适用于更广泛的英语爱好者。

内容生活化 本教材由美国语言培训学校资深教师编写,内容和题材都与日常生活紧密相关,实用性极强。国内学子可由此了解英语国家的生活与文化;欲到英语语言国家移民留学、探亲工作的人员,亦可由此掌握英语这门海外生存必备技能。

快捷易用 内容精,进度适中,教授最核心的语法知识和最实用的词汇、句型。轻松简练,易学易用,关键词汇附有实际图片对照参考,学生易于记忆吸收。不仅适合接受能力强的大中学生,而且是成年英语学习者的最佳选择。

注重听说 突出培养听说技能,练就非凡英语交流能力。以听力训练为先导,为良好的口语打下基础;以对话练习为后续,在实际交流中锻炼口语表达能力。听说互动,流利标准的英语口语一蹴而就。

活动丰富 丰富多彩的课堂活动,精心设计的多样化练习;教师以积极有趣的形式促进教学,学生在实际使用中巩固提高。本书提供的课堂活动,永远是英语教学的最佳途径。

测试题库 附赠测试题库光盘,便于教师进行日常及阶段性测试。学生学习进度了然于胸,教学从此便捷轻松。

单元组织结构

Dictionary 图解词汇

每单元都以1~2页的图解词汇开始,引入主题。学习者跟着磁带或CD反复听并跟着模仿朗读这些单词,课堂上老师会以各种趣味活动游戏来帮助学生记忆和掌握这些与本单元话题相关的主题词汇。这些词汇后通常配有听、说、读、写以及语法等各种练习,使这些关键词汇在各种语境中得到充分运用和理解。

Active Grammar 活用语法

每单元设置了3~6页的语法知识点和功能,通过每个单元中的各种活动将新知词汇和语法紧密结合起来。对于第一、二册教程,不要求对语法精通掌握,语法只是用来作为英语基本结构和知识体系的入门介绍,并且通过语法培养读者对英语这门语言有感性和理性上的准确认识。本教程不但对每单元的语法知识进行了系统的讲解,而且通过自由的交际活动将语法与听说结合起来。每单元结束时,会对该话题中出现的新的语法项目进行演绎、归纳和总结。

Pronunciation 发音集训

本训练是在活用语法的基础上延伸出来的,针对各个单元中重要的语法知识点和语音特点进行集训,是该单元语法和词汇的补充。比如,单复数、缩写、重读、弱读、连读、节奏和语调等等。

Working Together 小组活动/角色扮演

每单元为读者提供1~2页的小组活动练习,如采访、指路、制订日常时间活动表等等。学生在此环节中允许出现各种可能出现的错误,因为本环节旨在针对每单元的教学要点培养学生的个性和主动性,尽量为学生提供在真实语境中独立运用所学语言的机会,尽可能利用所学的知识达到自然、流畅的表达。

The Big Picture 大图片

这是本教程中作者最喜爱的部分。此环节融听力、词汇和语法训练于一体。每幅鲜活的大图片都向读者展示了一个特别设定的生活场景,如饭店、医生诊所和五金店等等。学生要求先听有关大图片背景的对话或者一段故事,然后进行相关练习,复习本单元语法知识点和进行自由的交际活动等等。

Reading 阅读

选择与各单元话题相关的真实的阅读材料,旨在为学生提供真实的语言学习环境,提高学生的阅读能力。阅读篇章中包含新的语法结构和认知词汇,因此学生能独立或者在老师的指导下掌握阅读篇章的大意即可,没有必要搞清楚每个语

法细节和词汇的具体含义。

Writing Our Stories 写下我们自己的故事

写作与口语一样属于提供创造型任务供读者模仿。本教程将此环节分成了两部分——模仿篇和创造篇。书中先向学生展示把英语作为外语或第二语言的学生或教师写的文章作为范例供读者模仿参考,然后通过各种趣味练习如填充句子、联想写作等方式帮助学生完成自己的创作作品。本环节不但可以提高学生的写作能力,而且还可以有效地巩固本单元话题中出现的词汇和语法知识。

Practicing on Your Own 家庭作业

这一部分很简单,就是教师留给学生的家庭作业。中国教师可以根据实际情况将练习拿到课堂上来做,或者留给作为课后作业进行自我复习,特别是听力的复习。例如很多学生把“The Big Picture 大图片”部分的录音作为听力练习来记录录音中的故事或者对话。

Looking at.../Learning Tips 学习点滴

在本单元话题的基础上再生和扩展新的相关知识,进而扩展学生的视野和对语言地道应用的把握。

Grammar Summary 语法点睛

在每单元末都有本话题下重点语法知识的总结,教师可以根据实际需要在每课开始或结束时加以使用。

网络支持

汤姆森学习出版集团为全套教程开发设置了各种网络支持活动,欢迎大家登陆在线学习网站 <http://englishinaction.heinle.com> 了解更多的信息,享受学习的乐趣!

作者的话

我们相信本书一定会给大家带去应有的学习乐趣并且在未来的三四年中一定会再次修订改版。希望大家使用本书的这段时间内将您的切身感受告知我们,大家可以登陆网站 www.heinle.com 用 E-mail 与我们联系。我们真诚地希望知道使用者对本书的看法、意见和建议,最后祝大家轻松学习,快乐使用本教程!

2004.6



About the Authors



Liz and I both work at Union County College in Elizabeth, New Jersey. We teach at the Institute for Intensive English, a large English as a Second Language program. Students from over 70 different countries study in our classes. Between us, Liz and I have been teaching at the college for over 40 years! When Liz isn't writing, she spends her time traveling, taking pictures, and watching her favorite baseball team, the New York Mets. Liz took many of the pictures in the texts, for which our

students eagerly posed. In the warm weather, I can't start my day without a 15- or 20-mile bicycle ride. My idea of a good time always involves the outdoors: hiking, kayaking, or simply working in my garden.

Barbara H. Foley
Elizabeth R. Neblett



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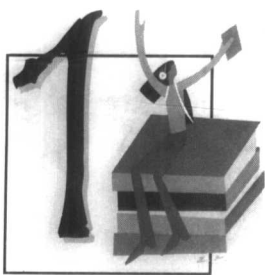
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The First Week



Practicing on Your Own

1. Complete each story with the correct verb from the box.

am studying
use

know
meet

studied
got

am going to enroll
✓ is



1. Hi. My name is Luisa. I _____
ESL in an intensive program. My classes _____ five
days a week from 9:00 A.M. to 2:00 P.M. I already _____
some English because I _____ English in my
country for four years. Also, I just _____ a job in a
jewelry store, so I _____ English at work. Next year,
I _____ in regular college classes.

didn't study

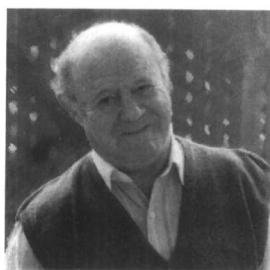
came

speak

attend

is

is



2. Good afternoon. My name _____ Boris. I
_____ to the United States two years ago with my
son and daughter-in-law. I _____ English in my
country, so I _____ adult school two nights a week.
All my friends _____ Russian, so it
_____ difficult for me to practice English.

works
is

are living
get

attends
am

am studying
talk



3. Hello. My name _____ Mia. I _____
from Taiwan, China. My husband _____ for a large
international company. Right now, we _____ in the
United States. I _____ English at a small private
school. My daughter _____ public school. I
sometimes _____ together with other mothers and
we _____ about our children.

2. Complete this conversation with the questions from the box.

- Where do you live?
Do you have any children?
✓ What country are you from?
What kind of music do you like?
How long have you been here?
Is your family here?

A: What country are you from?

B: I'm from Vietnam.

A: _____

B: I live in Houston, Texas.

A: _____

B: Yes, my whole family is here.

A: _____

B: I've been here for eight years.

A: _____

B: No, I don't have any children. I'm not married.

A: _____

B: I like country music.

3. Answer these questions about yourself.

1. What country are you from?

2. Where do you live?

3. How long have you been in the United States?

4. Where do you go to school?

5. How many days a week do you study English?

6. Are you married or single? Do you have any children?

7. What are your interests?

4. Complete these sentences about the student center. Write one of the expressions from the box and *is* or *are*. Several answers are possible.

None of the students

One of the students

A couple of the students

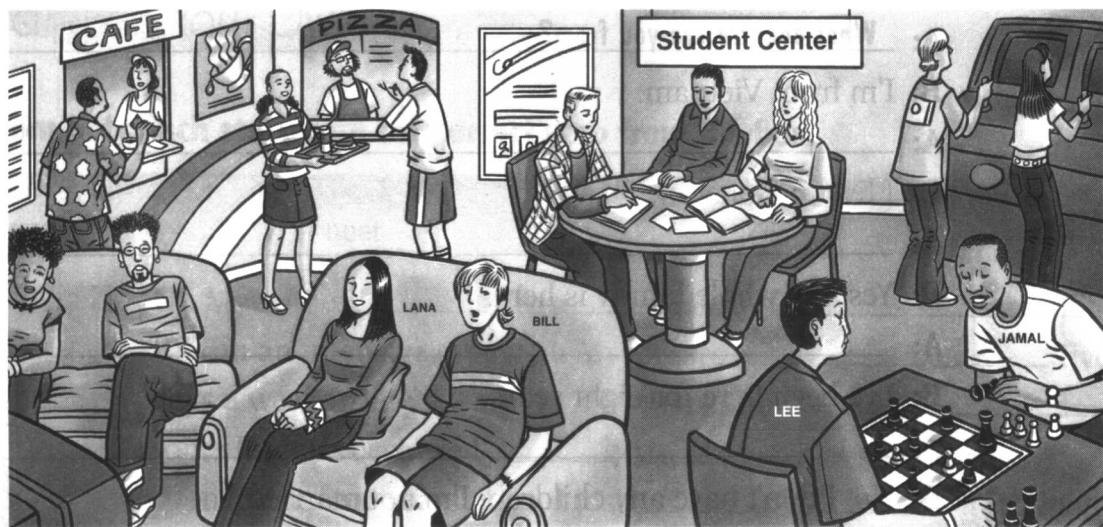
A few of the students

Some of the students

Many of the students

Most of the students

All of the students



1. Many of the students are sitting.
2. _____ playing cards.
3. _____ relaxing.
4. _____ ordering pizza.
5. _____ studying together.
6. _____ playing chess.
7. _____ ordering a cup of coffee.
8. _____ using a computer.
9. _____ wearing comfortable clothes.
10. _____ talking on a cell phone.

5. Answer these questions about the student center on page 4.

Yes, there is.
No, there isn't.

Yes, there are.
No, there aren't.

Yes, they are.
No, they aren't.

Yes, it is.
No, it isn't.

Yes, he is.
No, he isn't.

1. Are there many students in the student center? Yes, there are.
2. Are some students playing chess? _____
3. Is Jamal smiling? _____
4. Are some students studying? _____
5. Is one student ordering coffee? _____
6. Are some students watching TV? _____
7. Is Bill tired? _____
8. Is he interested in the TV program? _____
9. Is one student ordering pizza? _____
10. Are there some video games in the center? _____
11. Is the student center busy? _____
12. Is there a soda machine in the student center? _____
13. Are there any children in the student center? _____
14. Is the student center large? _____

6. Write the third person singular of the verbs in the box. Then, use the correct form of the verbs in the sentences.

meet	<u>meets</u>	give	_____
study	_____	live	_____
take	_____	speak	_____
have	_____		

1. Jamal has English class three days a week.
2. His class _____ for three hours.
3. Jamal also _____ math and science.
4. His teachers _____ a lot of homework.
5. He _____ five hours a day.
6. Jamal _____ in a dormitory.
7. Many students _____ in his dorm.
8. Most of the students _____ English.

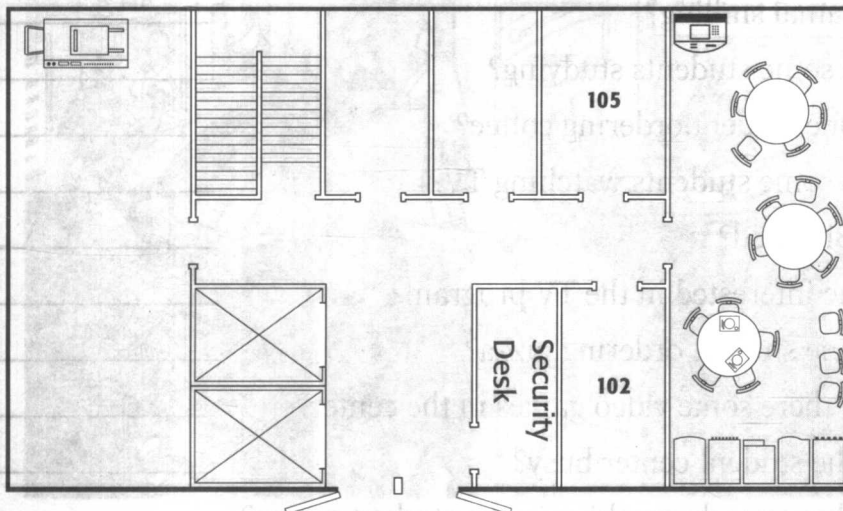
7. Listen and complete this school diagram.

security desk
elevators
stairs

men's room
women's room
bookstore

copy machine
counselor's office
nurse's office

student lounge
ATM machine
vending machines



8. Listen and copy only the true sentences about your school.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

9. Listen and circle the letter of the correct response.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. a. It's in room 416. | b. I'm in my office from 1:00 to 2:00. |
| 2. a. 12 Broad Street. | b. <u>orange@ccc.edu</u> |
| 3. a. The library is on the first floor. | b. Show your ID at the library desk. |
| 4. a. Yes, it's in room 318. | b. All students can use the labs. |
| 5. a. Please give me your number. | b. No. Turn off your cell phones before class. |
| 6. a. Do pages 34 and 35. | b. On Monday. |

7. a. You need to buy two books.
8. a. It's open from 9:00 to 9:00.
9. a. Yes, but we have only one.
10. a. Please study for the test.
11. a. We finish on June 10.
12. a. Yes, there is a final exam.
13. a. This is intermediate ESL.
14. a. I hope you feel better.
- b. It's on the first floor.
- b. You need a library card.
- b. No, I didn't take a vacation.
- b. It's next Wednesday.
- b. You are expected to attend every class.
- b. Our first exam is tomorrow.
- b. There are five levels.
- b. Talk to me when you return.

Reading: The First Day

Raisa leaves work in a hurry, looking at her watch. She usually finishes work at 5:00, but it is 6:00 already. Today is the first day of school and her class begins at 7:00. The school is all the way across the city. She won't be able to go home first. Raisa wants to change her clothes because she is still wearing her green work uniform. There isn't time for dinner either, so she pulls into a fast-food drive-up window. A few minutes later, the traffic stops. There is an accident ahead. Raisa just sits for the next twenty minutes. Finally, cars start to move again.

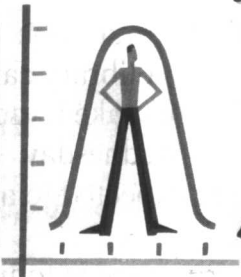
Raisa pulls into the school parking lot at 6:55 and walks quickly to her classroom. The teacher is just closing the door. She smiles and says, "Hi, Raisa." As she walks to the back, looking for a seat, several other students say, "Hi, Raisa." Raisa smiles as she realizes, "Of course they know my name! I'm still wearing my name tag."

Class starts and the students introduce themselves. Three other students are from her country and many students have been in the United States a long time, too. Some of the other students were stuck in the same traffic jam. After a while, Raisa relaxes. The teacher is friendly and the class is interesting. Raisa knows it isn't always going to be easy to get to class, but she is glad that she started English classes today.

Answer these questions.

1. Is Raisa's workplace close to her school? No, it isn't.
2. Did Raisa work overtime today? _____
3. Why can't she change her clothes? _____
4. Where does Raisa eat her dinner? _____
5. Why is the traffic stopped? _____
6. Is Raisa late for class? _____
7. How do the students know her name? _____
8. Is Raisa new to the United States? _____

2



The Average American



Practicing on Your Own

I work. You work. We work. They work.	He works. She works. It works.
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1. Circle the correct answer.

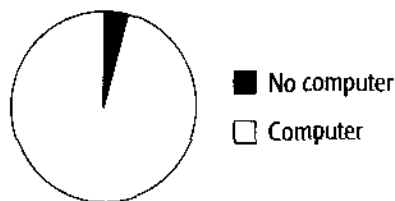
- Most Americans **drive** / **drives** to work.
- The average American **drive** / **drives** to work alone.
- The average American **don't walk** / **doesn't walk** to work.
- Many Americans **don't take** / **doesn't take** public transportation to work.
- Americans **like** / **likes** to spend the evening watching TV or videos.
- Sometimes American families **eat** / **eats** dinner out.
- Most American families **have** / **has** barbecues on the Fourth of July.
- The average American **eat** / **eats** hamburgers, hot dogs, or chicken on the Fourth of July.
- Most Fourth of July fireworks **come** / **comes** from China.

I don't work. You don't work. We don't work. They don't work.	He doesn't work. She doesn't work. It doesn't work.
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2. Complete the sentences. Write the correct form of the verb in parentheses. Some of the verbs are negative.

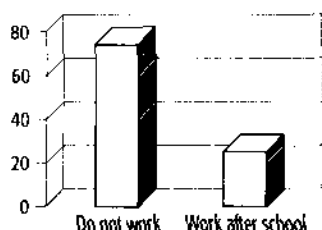
- The average American lives (live) in a house.
- In the Midwest, most Americans don't live (live—negative) in apartments.
- The average American _____ (move) many times.
- Most Americans _____ (move) into larger homes.
- Most Americans _____ (live—negative) in apartments.
- The average American _____ (move—negative) for health reasons.
- I _____ (want) to move to a different climate.
- I _____ (live) in a two-family house.
- I _____ (plan) to move this year.

3. Read the graphs and complete the sentences. Use the simple present tense of the verbs in parentheses. Some of the verbs are negative.



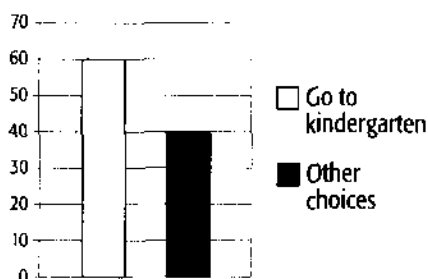
Do you have a computer? (have)

1. The average American has a computer.
2. Five percent of Americans _____ computers at home.
3. I _____ a computer at home.
4. My classroom _____ computers for the students to use.



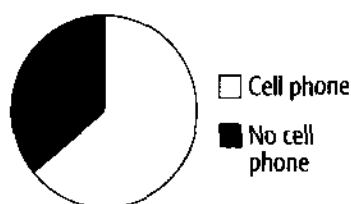
Do high school students work? (work)

1. Most high school students _____ part-time after school.
2. Twenty-six percent of high school students _____ part-time after school.
3. I _____ part-time.
4. High school students in my country _____ part-time.



Do all children go to kindergarten? (go)

1. Most children _____ to kindergarten.
2. The average child _____ to kindergarten.
3. Some children _____ to kindergarten; their parents make other choices for them.
4. Most children in my country _____ to kindergarten.



Do you own a cell phone? (own)

1. The average American _____ a cell phone.
2. Most Americans _____ cell phones.
3. I _____ a cell phone.
4. The members of my family _____ cell phones.

4. Yes/No questions. Read and answer the questions.

1. Do you live in an apartment? Yes, I do.
2. Do you speak English every day? _____
3. Do you speak your native language at work? _____
4. Do you watch the news every day? _____
5. Do you enjoy movies? _____
6. Does your teacher speak your native language? _____
7. Does your teacher give homework every day? _____
8. Does it rain a lot in your city? _____
9. Does it take a long time to learn English? _____

5. How often . . . ? Read and answer each question using a time expression or an adverb of frequency.

every morning	once a week
every day	twice a month
every night	three times a year

I am always on time.	I always arrive on time.
He is usually on time.	He usually arrives on time.
You are often on time.	You often arrive on time.
I am sometimes late.	I sometimes arrive late.
She is seldom late.	She seldom arrives late.
They are never on time.	They never arrive on time.

1. How often are you late for English class?

2. How often do you take public transportation?

3. How often are you homesick for your country?

4. How often does your teacher give tests?

5. How often does your class meet?

6. How often is your teacher absent?

7. How often do students in your class listen to tapes or CDs in class?

8. How often do you and your family rent movies?
