教育部高等教育司推荐教材

博采英语

阅读 Reading 2

REBECCA L. OXFORD Series Editor M. E. SOKOLIK Reading Editor MICHAEL RYALL Author





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博采英语

阅读

(第二册)

2

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清华大学出版社

内容提要

《博采集语》是由 Rebecca L. Oxford 主编,众多在亚洲从事对外英语教学的外籍专家专门为亚洲地区编写的系列教材。分为《博采英语 阅读》、《博采英语——听说》和《博采英语——写作》。

《博采英语— 阅读》分为四册。每册共有 10 个单元。本册主要涉及如下话题: the Cycle of Life, Jobs, the Spirit of Competition, Lawmakers & Lawbreakers, Beyond Science, War and Conflict, Language, Literacy & Education, on the Move, Cultural Perspectives 和 American Lives。重点从阅读角度培养学生的语言运用能力、传播语言文化知识。每课配有相关的 CNN 录像节目 VCD。此外,提供专门的学习网站(www. tapestry. heinle. com)。

本册书适合广大具有英语中级(intermediate)水平的学生及社会人士。

TAPESTRY Reading 2/Michael Ryall

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"学外语还是原汁原味的好",这是学习外语的人士所共有的心声。在这里我们非常高兴地向大家推荐由世界著名英语教学专家Rebecca L. Oxford主编,由众多在亚洲从事多年对外英语教学(EFL)的外籍英语教学专家所共同编写的《博采英语》(*Tapestry*)(2000版)阅读、听说、写作系列教材。这是一套既适合高等院校英语教学,又适合涉外专业中、高级英语培训的英语系列教材。

本套教材与国内自编教材相比,有如下特色:

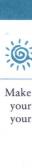
- ◆ 教材编写思路明确,编写人员水平出众 教材全部由外籍英语教学专家专为母语为非英语国家人士编写。注意并尊重外语学习过程中的普 编规律。
- ◆ 材料精挑细选 时代感强、内容丰富、语言地道。使学生置身于真实、现代的语言环境当中。
- ◆ 课堂活动"花"而又实 以学生为中心,设计巧妙生动、有的放矢,注重培养学生良好的学习习惯,巧妙传播语言文化知识。
- ◆ 配有与教学内容相关的CNN节目录像材料 我们免费为批量使用本套教材的用户提供CNN录像节目VCD。
- ◆ 专门设置配套的学习网址 (www.tapestry.heinle.com)
 为老师和学生提供一个虚拟课堂。学生可根据自身领会程度,到该网站加油充电,老师也可不断更新知识,丰富教学内容。
- ◆ 《博采英语》系列教材的《阅读》、《听说》、《写作》三种课本如同三股彩线完美交融,相互渗透。 系列教材包括:

《阅读》 学生用书1—4册、《教学参考书》(全一册)、CNN录像节目VCD两张 《听说》 学生用书1—4册、录音带九盘、《教学参考书》(全一册)、CNN录像节目VCD两张 《写作》 学生用书1—4册、《教学参考书》(全一册)、CNN录像节目VCD两张

◆《博采英语教师必读》——教师们的好助手 该书系统完整地介绍了《博采英语》丛书的编写理念,帮助教师更深入地理解课程内容,从而制 定切实可行的教学方案。

特别要指出的是,本教材的最终目的是帮助非英语国家的学生真正学好英语,并培养独立学习能力。我们认为这些对于21世纪的学生尤为重要。鉴于中国英语教学面临的重大改革,为了满足我国教材市场多样化,教材朝着更新、更权威、更地道的方向发展的要求,清华大学出版社经美国Thomson Learning 出版集团授权,独家推出《博采英语》系列教材。此系列教材已在日本、韩国等多个国家和地区得到广泛使用。我们希望能为中国的各类院校或涉外机构的英语教学与培训送去一缕清风,把国外最新最好的英语学习教材奉献给广大师生,使大家能从该套教材中得到最大的收获。

清华大学出版社外语编辑室 2000年12月



ACADEMIC POWER STRATEGIES



CNN VIDEO CLIPS

READING OPPORTUNITIES

Make a binder for each of your classes to organize your materials effectively. "Retirement"
Why seniors look for work when they retire, what kind of work they do, and why employers like to hire them.

Reading 1: a poem about youth and old age Reading 2: an excerpt from a book about naming ceremonies

Reading 3: an article about a traditional Latino rite of passage

Reading 4: an excerpt from a memoir about first love and marriage

Reading 5: an article about an older woman who uses her free time to help others

Reading 6: an excerpt from a book about a young girl who is told of the death of her grandfather

Work with a classmate to study, learn, and test each other on new vocabulary.

"Computer Jobs"

The information technology field is growing, but American workers may not be prepared.

Reading 1: an article in which a police officer describes his job

Reading 2: an article in which a doctor describes her training and her work

Reading 3: a story about a young girl's first job Reading 4: an article in which a TV and radio executive describes his background and his responsibilities at work

Manage your time to become a more effective and successful student.

"Wilma Rudolph"
A look at the life of an athelete
and what it takes to compete
in the Olympics.

Reading 1: an article about the challenges overcome by Olympic gold medalist Wilma Rudolph

Wilma Rudolph
Reading 2: an article describing the rules and regulations of wheelchair basketball
Reading 3: an article about a twelve-year-old
National Spelling Bee winner

Reading 4: an excerpt from a novel about how a young girl became a chess champion

Evaluate your attitudes towards learning English.

"Museum Theft"

An explanation of how art was stolen from a museum, what police do to recover stolen art, and what happens to most stolen art that isn't recovered.

Reading 1: a police report describing the condition of a driver who was stopped for driving under the influence of alcohol

Reading 2: an article about the duties, working conditions, training, and qualifications of detectives and investigators

Reading 3: a newspaper article about a burglary at an art museum

Start or join a study group with other students from your class.

"UFOs, the U.S. Air Force and the CIA"

The CIA questions the Air Force's explanations for unidentified flying objects seen by the public. Reading 1: an article about a UFO sighting Reading 2: a family's account of their visit by aliens

Reading 3: a man's account of his experience with time travel





CNN VIDEO CLIPS

READING OPPORTUNITIES

Plan what kinds of questions you want to ask in class.	"Zlata Filipovic" A young girl tells about her experiences of living with war in Yugoslavia.	Reading 1: an interview that took place at a Japanese prison camp in North Dakota during World War II Reading 2: a description of life in the United States during World War II, through the eyes of a young African-American girl Reading 3: excerpts from the diary of a young girl living in Sarajevo at the time of the Serbian invasion
Help your community and expand your skills through "service learning."	"Bilingual Education in California" Arguments for and against a proposition that encourages the elimination of bilingual education.	Reading 1: a short story about a young Spanish-speaking boy's first day of school in the United States Reading 2: an article about different kinds of bilingual programs in the United States Reading 3: a newspaper article about a man who learns to read at the age of 98
Identify and use different resources and technologies available to you for researching new topics.	"Migrants and Refugees" A look at the lives of migrants and refugees and what causes them to move from their homelands.	Reading 1: an excerpt from a book about the migration of African-Americans to the North during World War I Reading 2: a story about a Puerto Rican immigrant remembering her homeland Reading 3: a short story about a family of migrant workers
Learn more about a field of study that interests you.	"Medicine Hunters" The importance of rain forests as possible resources for new drugs and the forces that threaten them.	Reading 1: an excerpt from a book by an anthropologist who studied native people in New Guinea Reading 2: an excerpt from a book by an anthropologist who researched shamans in northern Mexico Reading 3: an excerpt from a book by an ethnographer about the difficulty of gathering information from people with different beliefs and values Reading 4: an interview between an urban anthropologist and an African man living in New York City
Identify the strategies that you have learned about in this book that you like the best.	"Andy Warhol" A look at the life and work of this famous twentieth century artist.	Reading 1: an article about Sacagawea, the Indian interpreter and guide who participated in Lewis and Clark's expedition of the American Northwest Reading 2: an article about Bruce Lee, the legendary Chinese-American martial artist Reading 3: an article about the early years of painter Andy Warhol Reading 4: an article about César Chávez, the labor leader who devoted his life to improving working conditions for farm laborers

欢迎使用《博采英语》

《博采英语——阅读》教材带学生在广阔的英语天地里遨游

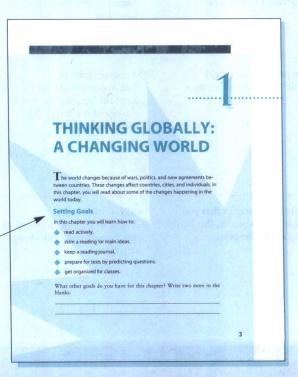
语言学习就像用许多五颜六色的线永不停息地编织一幅精美的壁毯。这幅壁毯的构成与诸多因素相关,如听说、阅读和写作等各项技能,教师的特点,学生的学习愿望,对所学语言的需要程度及他们各自的背景,以及第二语言习得的一般发展规律。当所有这些因素有机并高效地结合在一起时,学生的语言能力就会不断增长,从而编织出一幅令师生都引以为自豪的、图案精美的语言壁毯。

《**博采英语》**的编写指导思想是不但要使学生精通英语,还要培养他们在今后的学术发展和社会实际工作中所需要的各项能力与综合素质。下面是《**博采英语》**教材在各部分各项训练的教学过程中坚持贯彻的几条原则:

- ◈ 激发学生学习的主动性
- ◆ 通过"语言学习方法"和"学习能力培养"促进学生课内外的学习
- ◆ 提供充分调动学生积极性、适应各种学习方式的练习与活动
- ◆ 利用真实、有意义的语言材料来丰富和加强语言的学习与交流
- ◆ 使学生学会理解和尊重不同的文化
- ♦ 将各个单项语言技能融会贯通起来,以 提高交际能力
- ◆ 提出目标并进行不间断的自我测试,以 便学生监测自己的学习进展情况

《博采英语——阅读》使用指南

目标设定把学生的注意力集中在各章应掌握的知识与技能上。



Chapter 1 Thinking Globally: A Changing World 11 精彩阅读选段涉及各类体裁的阅 — amnesty — confession ----- suffocation 读, 如各类文章、小说、诗歌、采访、 _____ apartheid _____ reconciliation _____ testimony ----- brink 书摘等, 增强学生的阅读理解能力, Read Reading 2: The Search For Truth in South Africa 使之能够胜任各种进一步深造所需的 阅读。 An End To White Rule A History Of Injustice Apartheid could not last forever. After a long struggle, South Africa held its first open election in 1994. Once black citizens had a voice, they used it. They elected Nelson Mandela th country's first black president. He had spent. Chapter 1 Thinking Globally: A Changing World 9 After You Read Skimming: Getting the Main Ideas After skimming the article, answer these questions: 1. What is the main idea of this reading? 2. What is the relationship of the United States and Europe, accord-3. What will happen if Europe becomes one, according to the reading? Now read the article more closely. Remember to use the active read-ing strategies described at the beginning of the chapter. 语言学习方法帮助学生 最大程度地掌握所学知识, LANGUAGE LEARNING STRATEGY 以求精通英语。 K cep a reading journal to help you keep track of your ideas and your learning. Keep your written responses to your readings together in a journal. This will help you to review your ideas, member your reading, and more fully understand what you have read, You can keep your journal in a section of a notebook, a separate notebook, or on a computer disk. How whatevers is more conve-方法操练鼓励学生自己 read. For can keep your journal in a section of a notebook, a se rate notebook, or on a computer disk. Use whatever is most cor nient for you. 掌管自己的学习, 为他们提 Apply the Strategy Review your notes from the reading. What questions did you have?
What ideas did you agree with or disagree with? Write a paragraph
responding to the reading in your journal. In your response, you
should discuss your own ideas and questions about the reading.
Don't summarize it, but talk about your own reaction to it. You
can also include questions about things you didn't understand. 供使用和熟悉新学到的方法 与策略的机会。 Understanding and Communicating Ideas A. Underline two passages in the reading that you found difficult to understand. Discuss those passages with a partner, and look up words you don't know. Then, rewrite those passages, putting them into your 1. Paragraph number _____ New version: _

妙语连珠以有趣的事实或语录为课堂讨论起到抛砖引玉的作用。

美国有线新闻电视网(CNN) 节目录像提供真实的语言素材, 扩充阅读内容,进一步发展各方 面的语言技能。

学习能力培养教给学生做一名成功、自主的学习者所需要的知识与技巧。







Tapestry Reading 2: Contents

CHAPTER

READING SKILLS FOCUS



LANGUAGE LEARNING STRATEGIES

The Cycle of Life Page 2

Using photos, illustrations, and other graphics to prepare to read Identifying the topic sentence of a paragraph

Look at the photos, illustrations, and other graphics in a text before you read.

Identify the topic sentence in each paragraph of a text to improve your comprehension.



2 Jobs, Occupations, and Careers Page 22 Reading the definitions of footnoted terms as you encounter them in a text Working with a classmate to study, learn, and test each other on new vocabulary Skimming lengthy reading passages before you begin reading

Read the definitions of footnoted terms as you encounter them in a text.

Skim lengthy reading passages before you begin reading to get a general idea of what the selection is about.

3 The Spirit of Competition

Reading words in groups to increase your reading speed Identifying and focusing on difficult or challenging parts of a text to improve

comprehension

Read words in groups to increase your reading speed.

Identify and focus on difficult or challenging parts of a text.



Page 42

Lawmakers and Lawbreakers Page 60 Taking notes while you read Improving your vocabulary by reading English-language newspapers

Take notes while you read.

Read an English-language newspaper or magazine at least three times a week to improve your reading comprehension and vocabulary.



Drawing a sketch to help you visualize what is being described in a reading Thinking of synonyms for new words that you encounter while reading

Draw a sketch to help you visualize what is being described in a reading.

Think of synonyms for new words that you encounter while reading.

CHAPTER

READING SKILLS FOCUS



LANGUAGE LEARNING STRATEGIES

6 War and Conflict

Planning what kind of questions you want to ask in class to help your reading comprehension

Using context clues to help you understand new and unfamiliar terms

Use context clues to help you understand new and unfamiliar terms.

Keep a diary or journal.

7 Language, Literacy, and Education Page 112



Distinguishing between facts and opinions when reading

Using encyclopedias to expand your knowledge of new words and concepts

Distinguish between facts and opinions when reading.

Use encyclopedias and other reference sources to expand your knowledge of new words and concepts in English.

8 On the Move Page 130



Previewing comprehension questions to create a purpose for reading

Visualizing objects, people, places, and situations described in a text Preview comprehension questions before you begin reading a text.

Visualize objects, people, places, and situations described in a text as you read.

9 Cultural Perspectives
Page 152

Reading aloud to improve your pronunciation and rhythm

and rhythm
Summarizing a text and paraphrasing quotations

Read aloud to improve your pronunciation and rhythm.

Verbally summarize reading passages and paraphrase quotations to check your comprehension.

American Lives
Page 170

Creating a timeline when reading to help you understand the order of events
Scanning a text for specific information

Create a timeline when reading to help you understand the order of events in the reading.

Scan a text to find specific information.

Appendix

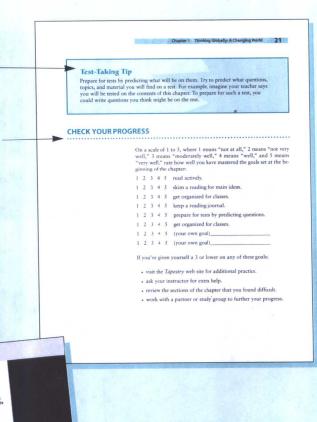
Skills Index

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Page 199

应试小窍门告诉学生考试时能提高成绩的一些切实可行的做法。

自我总结评估帮助学生 监测自己的学习情况。



Tames Processing The Remaining The

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- · 提供良好的机会,使用和拓展"学习能力培养"栏目中学到的知识和技巧
- 还有……
- ◆ 若要开设系统完整的英语课程,请配合使用《博采英语──写作》系列和《博采英语──听说》系列,这两个系列已由清华大学出版社出版。
- ◆ 如果想要了解更多的《博采英语》教学理念,请阅读由Rebecca L.Oxford 和 Robin C. Scarcella 编写的《博采英语教师必读》(The Tapestry of Language Learning)。









These photos show scenes from a person's life. Discuss the photos with your classmates.

- What is happening in these photos? Describe the events shown in the person's childhood and adulthood.
- What are some other important events in childhood?
- What are some other important events in adulthood?

1

THE CYCLE OF LIFE

human life can be described in four basic "stages." Childhood is the period of time from birth to the age of twelve. During childhood, other people take care of us as we grow physically and mentally. During our "teen years," or adolescence, we begin to make decisions for ourselves, often with the help of adults, and take on new responsibilities. We are said to enter adulthood when we are able to take care of ourselves and others. In the later years of life, many people retire, or stop working. Senior citizens enjoy their free time to rest, remember events from the past, and do things they never had time to do before. In this chapter, you will read and discuss all these "stages of life."

Setting Goals

In this chapter you will learn how to:

- make a binder to organize class materials.
- wse photos, illustrations, and other graphics to prepare to read.
- identify the topic sentence of a paragraph.

What other goals do you have for this chapter? Write one or two of them here.



•		
Getting	Started	

Below is a list of words and phrases. Group the words and phrases by writing them under the appropriate headings. Some words and phrases may go under more than one heading. Discuss your groupings with a partner.

college first day of school first job first love	grandchildren having children learning to walk losing first tooth	marriage retirement secondary school sixtieth birthday	
Childhood		Adolescence	
Adulthood		Old Age	

Getting Ready to Read

The following poem is by Walt Whitman, one of the most well known poets of the United States. In this poem, Whitman writes about youth and old age. Many people, including Whitman, see youth as a time of physical action and energy, but Whitman's thoughts on old age may be surprising to you. Before you read, brainstorm your own list of words and ideas that describe youth and old age.

Youth	Old Age		
,			
			

Vocabulary Check

Read the following list of words. Put a check mark by the words you know. Discuss the words you don't know with a partner. You can find a complete list of all the vocabulary items in this book in Appendix A. Keep track of new vocabulary words in a Vocabulary Log. You can keep your log in a section of your binder, or in a separate notebook and add to it as you learn new words.

ambition	full-blown	restore
equal	grace	splendid
fascination	immense	
force	lusty	



Reading 1: Youth, Day, Old Age and Night

Youth, large, **lusty**, loving—youth full of **grace**, **force**, **fascination**, Do you know that Old Age may come after you with **equal** grace, force, fascination?

Day **full-blown** and **splendid**—day of the **immense** sun, action, **ambition**, laughter,

The Night follows close with millions of suns, and sleep and restoring darkness.

—from Leaves of Grass, by Walt Whitman

After You Read

At 20 years of age the will reigns; at 30 the wit; at 40 the judgment.

-BENJAMIN FRANKLIN

- 1. What are some of the words Whitman uses to describe youth?
- 2. Why do you think Whitman compares youth to the day, and old age to night?
- 3. According to Whitman, how are youth and old age different? How might they be similar?
- 4. Do you like this poem? Why or why not?
- 5. In your opinion, what are the advantages—or good things—of youth? What are the advantages of old age?

ACADEMIC POWER STRATEGY



ake a binder for each of your classes to organize your materials effectively. In each of your classes, you will receive a variety of printed materials: syllabuses, course descriptions and schedules, bibliographies, worksheets, copies of reading materials, and other kinds of handouts given to you by your instructor. In addition, you will probably be taking notes in class. If you keep your notes and handouts in different places, it will be easy to lose them or to forget them before coming to class. By keeping them all together in a binder, all you have to remember is to bring the binder to class. If you keep all of your materials in one binder, you will be more organized.

(continued on next page)