

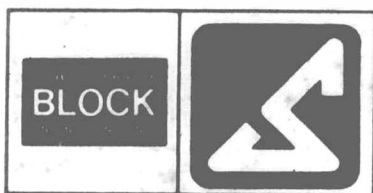
THE

SADTLER

STANDARD

SPECTRA





SADTLER RESEARCH LABORATORIES, INC.

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SADTLER STANDARD GRATING SPECTRA

With this 1974 supplement of 4,000 spectra to the Sadtler Standard Grating Spectra collection, the catalog now contains 34,000 grating spectra determined in the region of 2.5 - 40 microns (4000 to ~ 200 cm^{-1}).

All spectra are presently scanned in the Sadtler Research Laboratories on a Perkin-Elmer 621 instrument using samples donated by scientists in universities and in industry.

Standard techniques have been developed in our laboratories to insure spectra which are both of the best possible quality and reproducible by others for comparison.

The method most used is the KBr Wafer Technique which has been improved to remove the water which generally imposes a problem. A paper entitled Improved KBr Techniques by Traude and Philip Sadtler was presented at the 1965 Pittsburgh Conference on Analytical Chemistry and Applied Spectroscopy and copies are available from our laboratories.

The KBr method is employed because it is a standard method that can be used by all, and at the same time, the sample size can be kept to a minimum due to the small amount required in the preparation of a wafer. This then allows for the use of the remaining sample for further analyses such as UV and NMR. These additional spectral and thermogram data are also published and made available by Sadtler.

When a sample cannot be run as a KBr Wafer because of reaction, the Split Mull technique is used; the entire 2.5 - 40 micron region is scanned using a Mineral Oil Mull and the 3.0 - 3.8 and 6.6 - 7.4 micron regions using a Perfluorinated Hydrocarbon Mull.

Liquid samples and low melting solids are generally determined using capillary cells.

All spectra are clearly labelled with the method employed in their preparation.

Your comments and suggestions are always welcome as well as samples whose spectra require replacement. Samples of new 98% pure compounds (accompanied by structure and/or name, physical data, solubility, and journal reference) are continually being sought and it is only because of the generous contributions of those whose names appear as the "source" that we can offer these spectra to scientists. Our sincere thanks is always expressed to these donors.

Five indices accompany the Sadtler Standard Spectra as follows:

Alphabetical

Chemical Classes

Molecular Formula

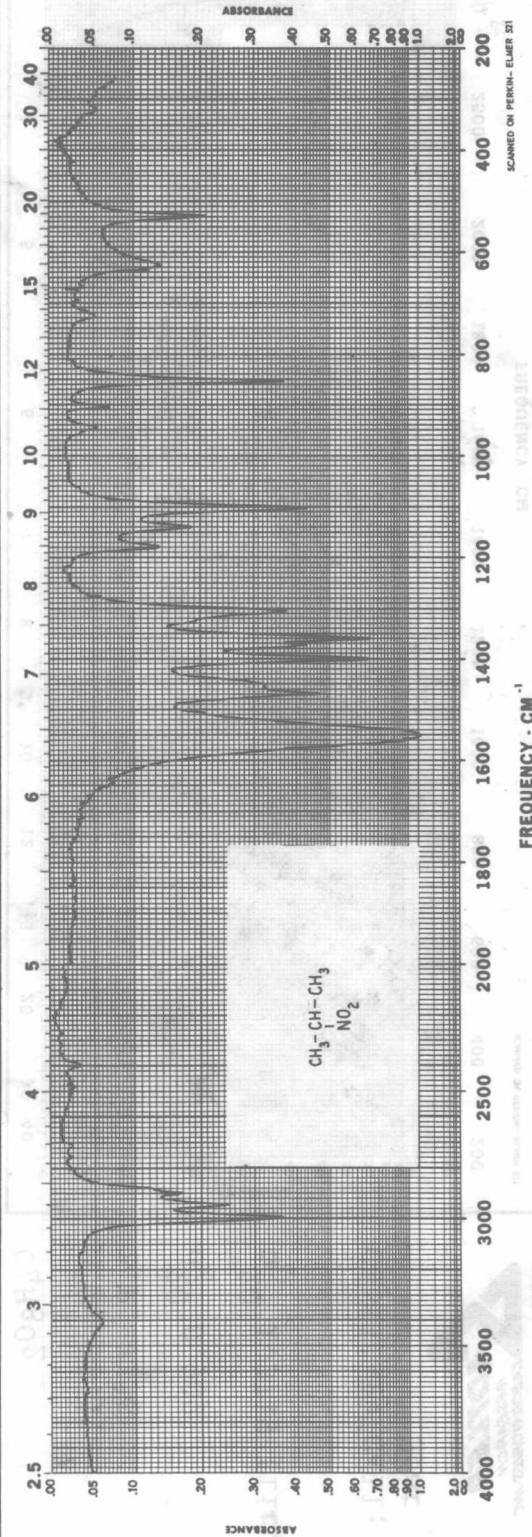
Numerical

Spec-Finder

The first four are composites containing entries for 47,000 prism spectra and corresponding numbers for the 34,000 Sadtler Standard Grating Spectra and the 36,000 Sadtler Ultraviolet Spectra. Also listed are the numbers for the 20,000 Sadtler Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectra, Sadtler DTA thermograms and the Varian High Resolution NMR Spectra and JEOL High Resolution NMR Spectra for those compounds which are included in both the prism and these collections. Appropriately labelled columns enable one to locate all data available for any compound.

WE SUGGEST THAT THE PREFACES TO THE VARIOUS INDICES BE READ SINCE SEVERAL CHANGES AND ADDITIONS HAVE BEEN MADE.

2-NITROPROPANE



$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2$

M.W. 89.10

B.P. 120.3°C

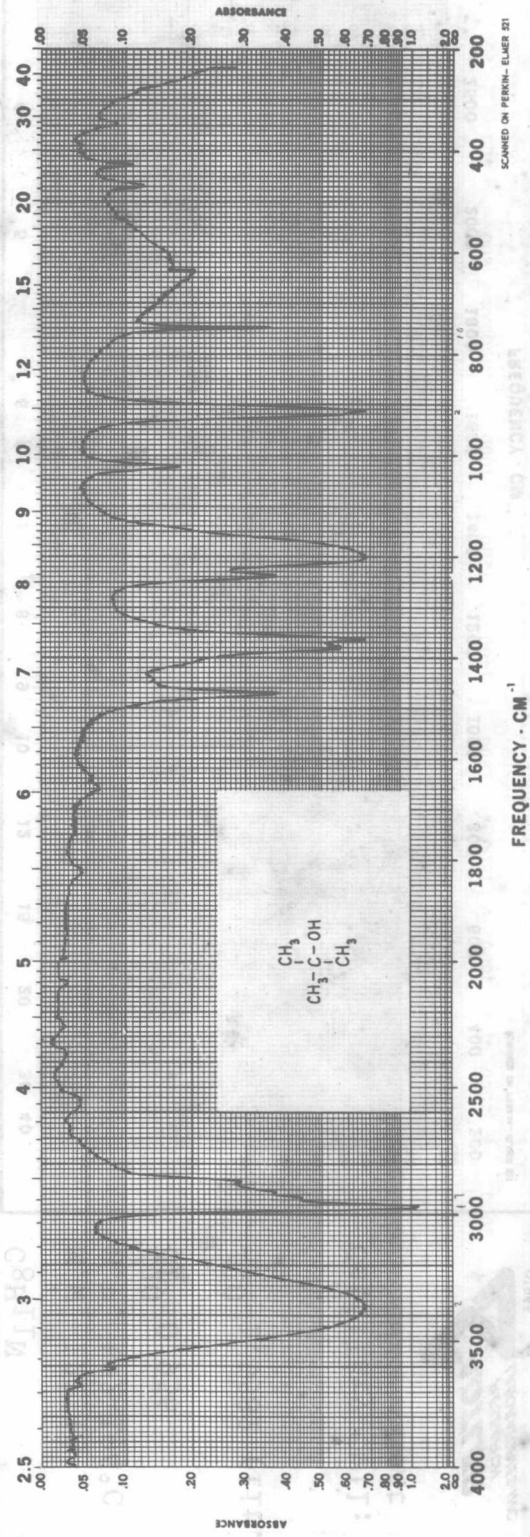
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: Commercial Solvents Corp., New York, N.Y.

1 K

tert-BUTYL ALCOHOL



$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}\text{O}$

M.W. 74.12

M.P. 24.5-25.5°C

B.P. 82.8°C (lit.)

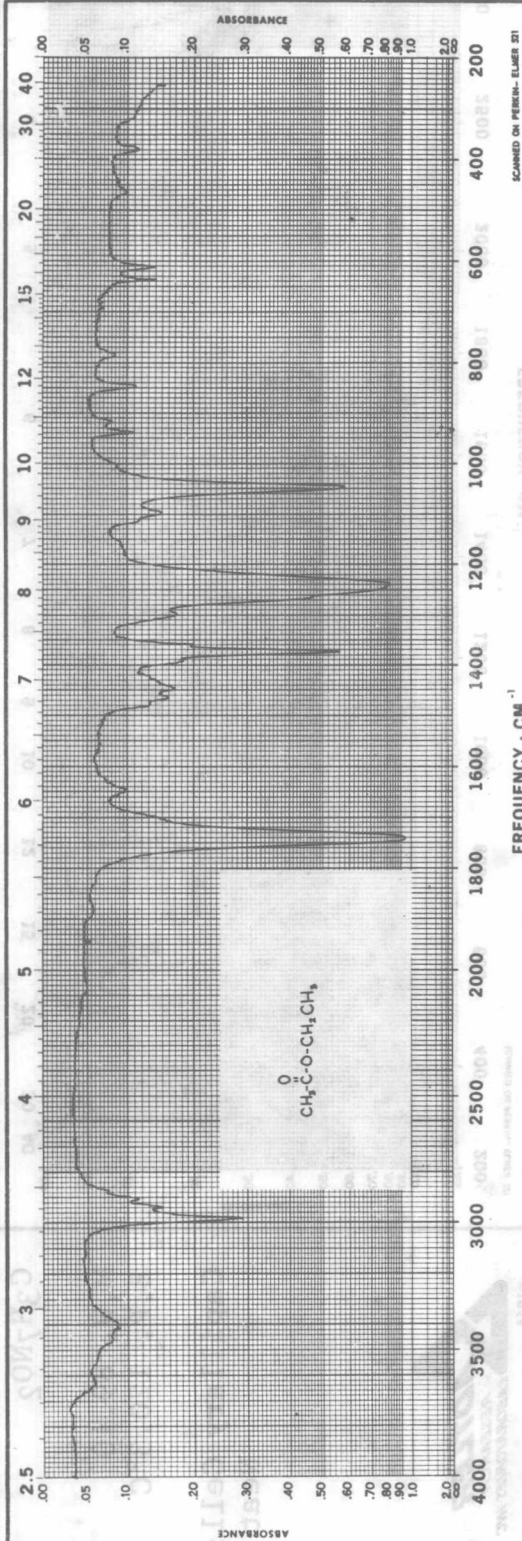
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: The Matheson Co., Inc., E. Rutherford, N.J.

2 K

ETHYL ACETATE



$C_4H_8O_2$

M.W. 88.11

B.P. 77°C

d_4^{20} 0.902

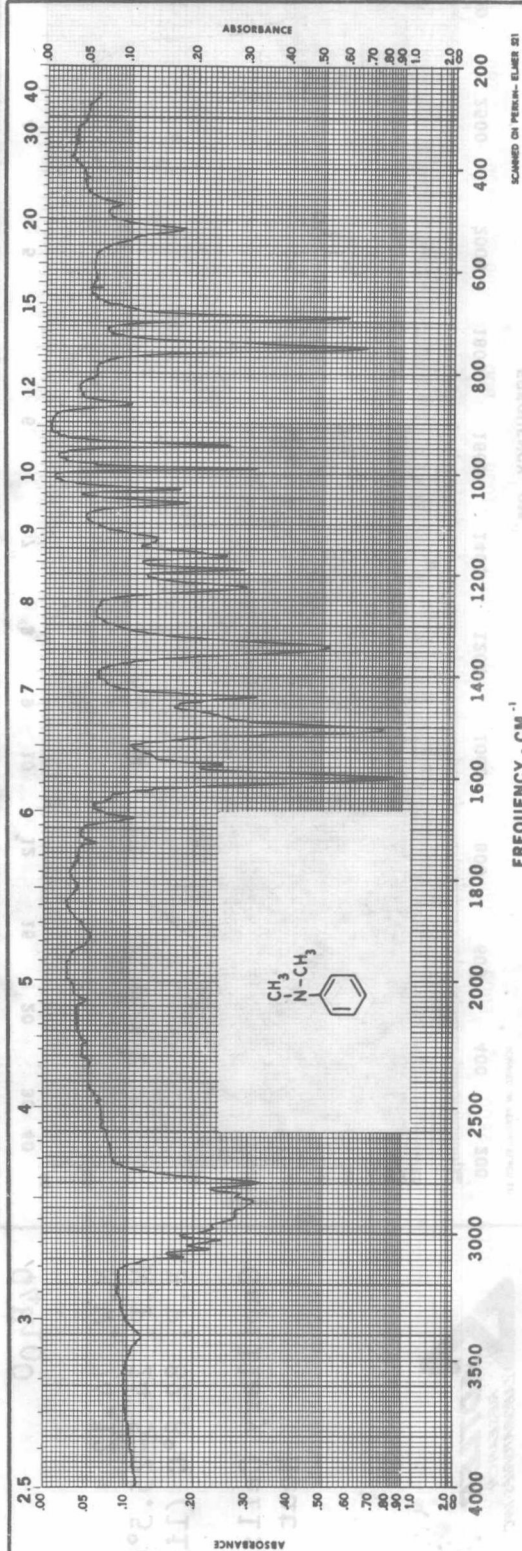
n_D^{20} 1.3719 (lit.)

Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: Dodge & Olcott Inc., New York, N.Y.

N,N-DIMETHYLANILINE



$C_8H_{11}N$

M.W. 121.18

B.P. 192-194°C

d_4^{20} 0.956

n_D^{20} 1.5582 (lit.)

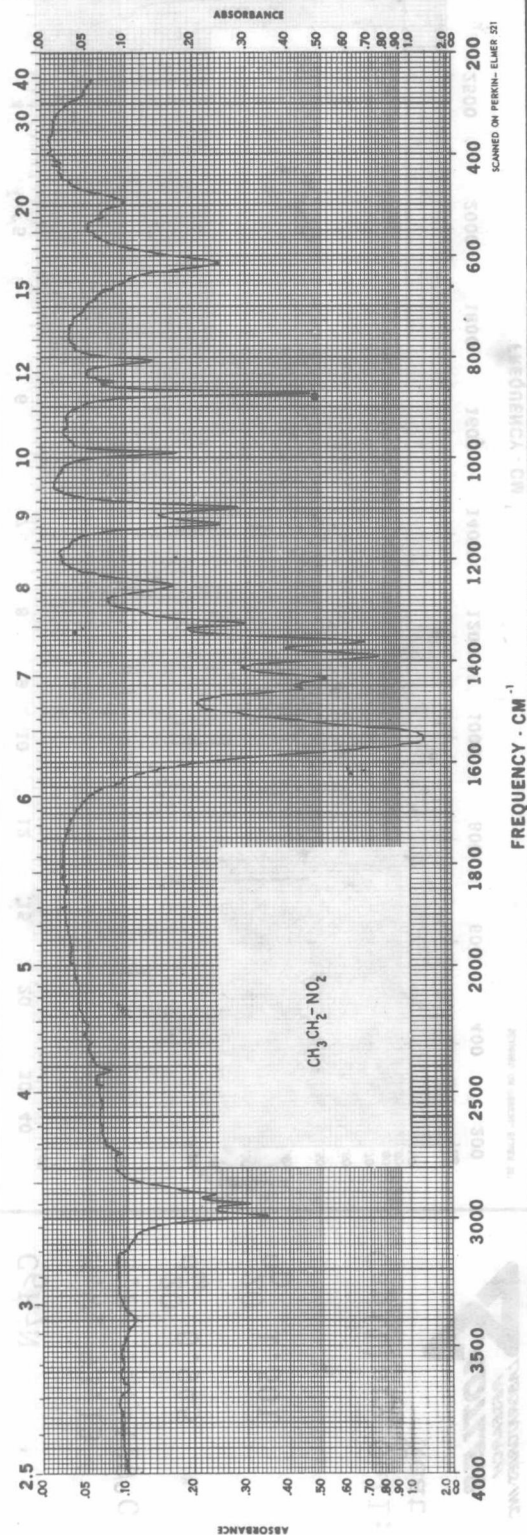
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: E. I. duPont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, Del.

4 K

NITROETHANE



C₂H₅NO₂

M.W. 75.07

B.P. 114-115°C

d₂₅²⁵ 1.041

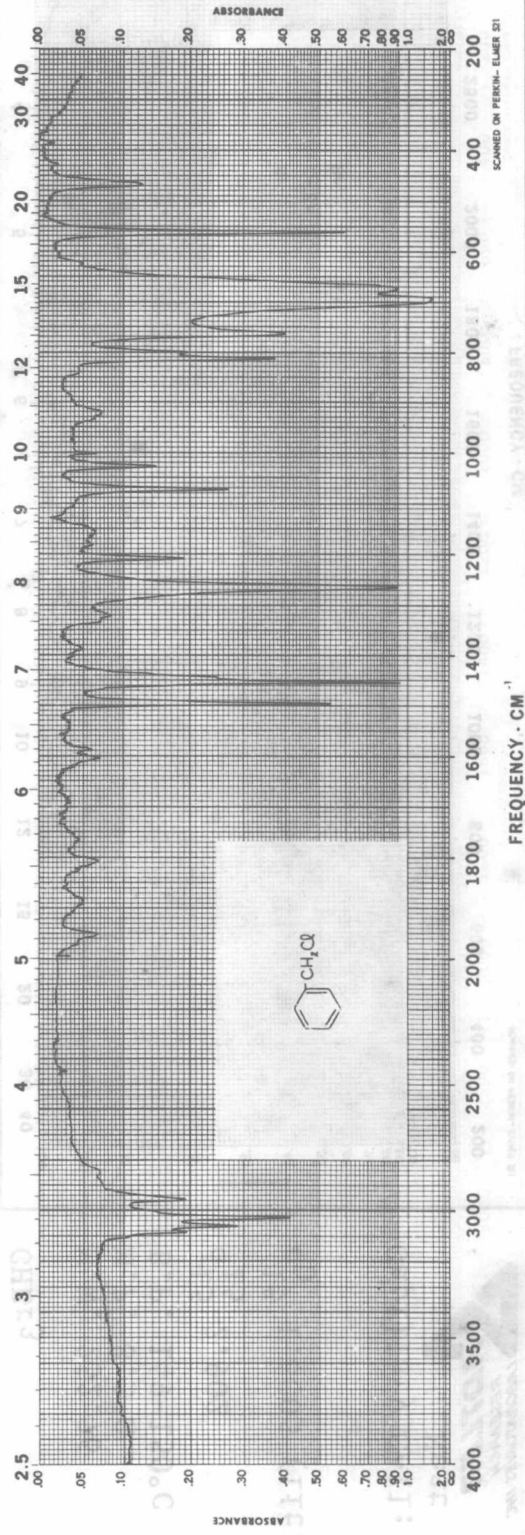
n_D²⁰ 1.392 (lit.)

Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: Fluka AG, Buchs, Switzerland

α-CHLOROTOLUENE



C₇H₇Cl

M.W. 126.59

B.P. 72-74°C/20mm

Capillary Cell:
Neat

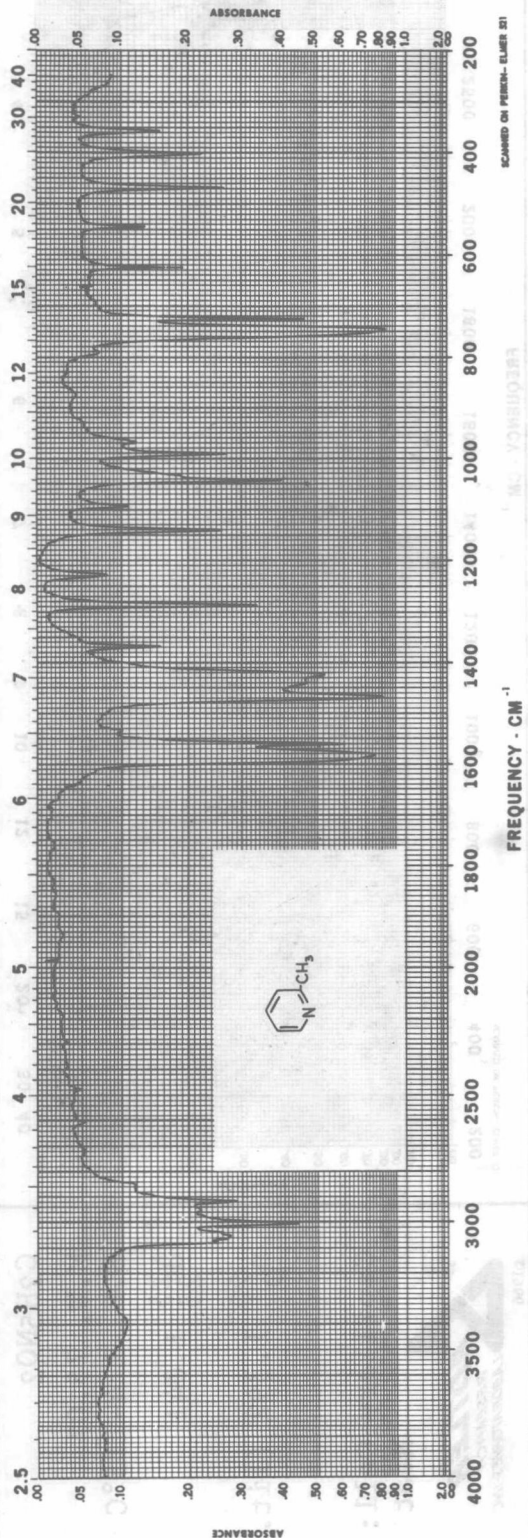


Source: The Matheson Co., Inc., E. Rutherford, N.J.

6 K

2-PICOLINE

NITROETHANE



C₆H₇N

M.W. 93.13

B.P. 127-129°C

d₄²⁰ 0.945

n_D²⁰ 1.501

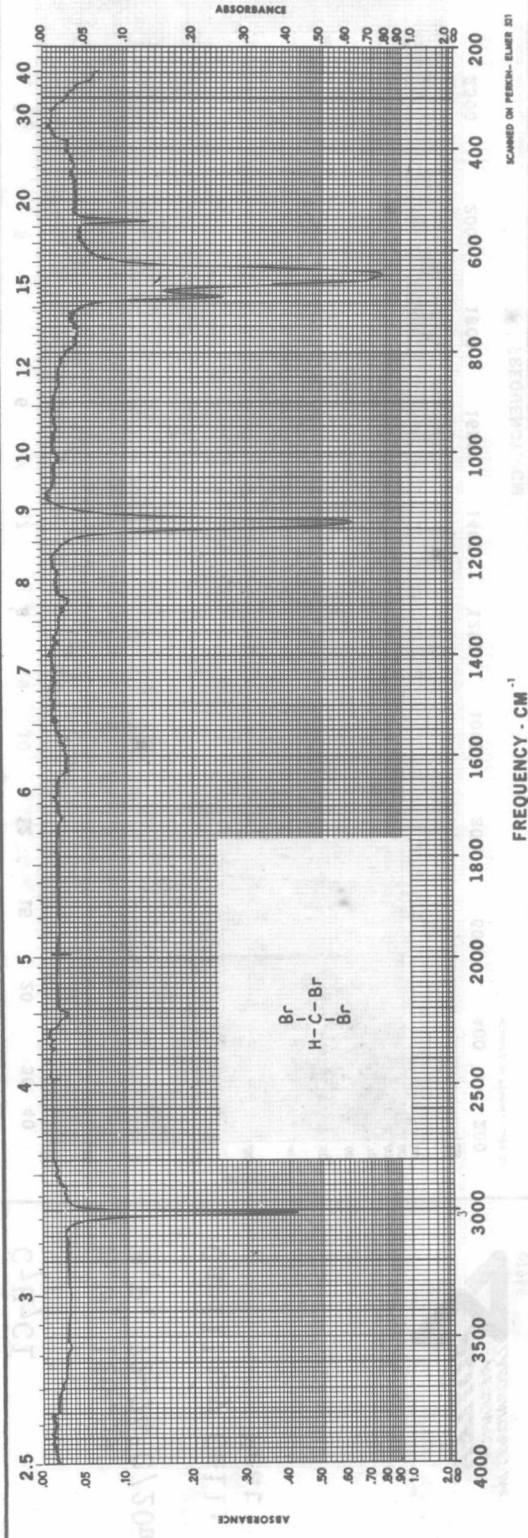
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: Fluka AG, Buchs, Switzerland

TRIBROMOMETHANE

O-CHLOROTOLUENE



CHBr₃

M.W. 252.76

M.P. 8.3°C

B.P. 149-150°C

d₁₅¹⁵ 2.902

n_D¹⁵ 1.6005 (lit.)

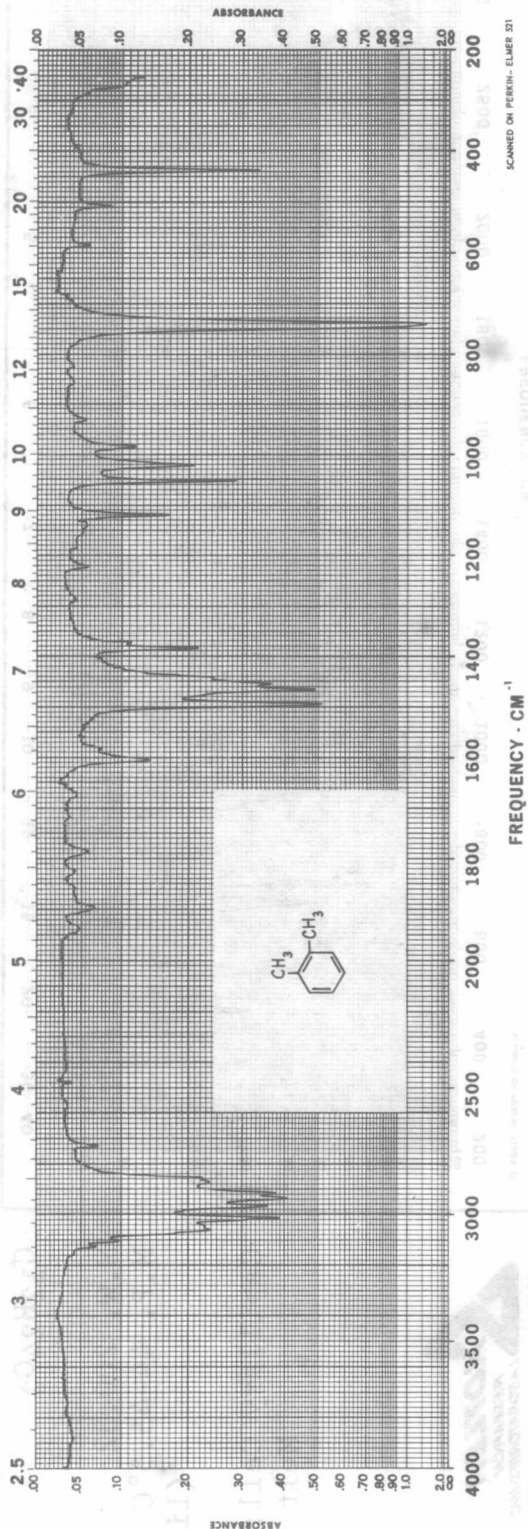
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: The Matheson Co., Inc., East Rutherford, N.J.

8 K

O-XYLENE



C₈H₁₀

M.W. 106.17
B.P. 143.5-144.5°C

²⁰n_D 1.4998 (lit.)

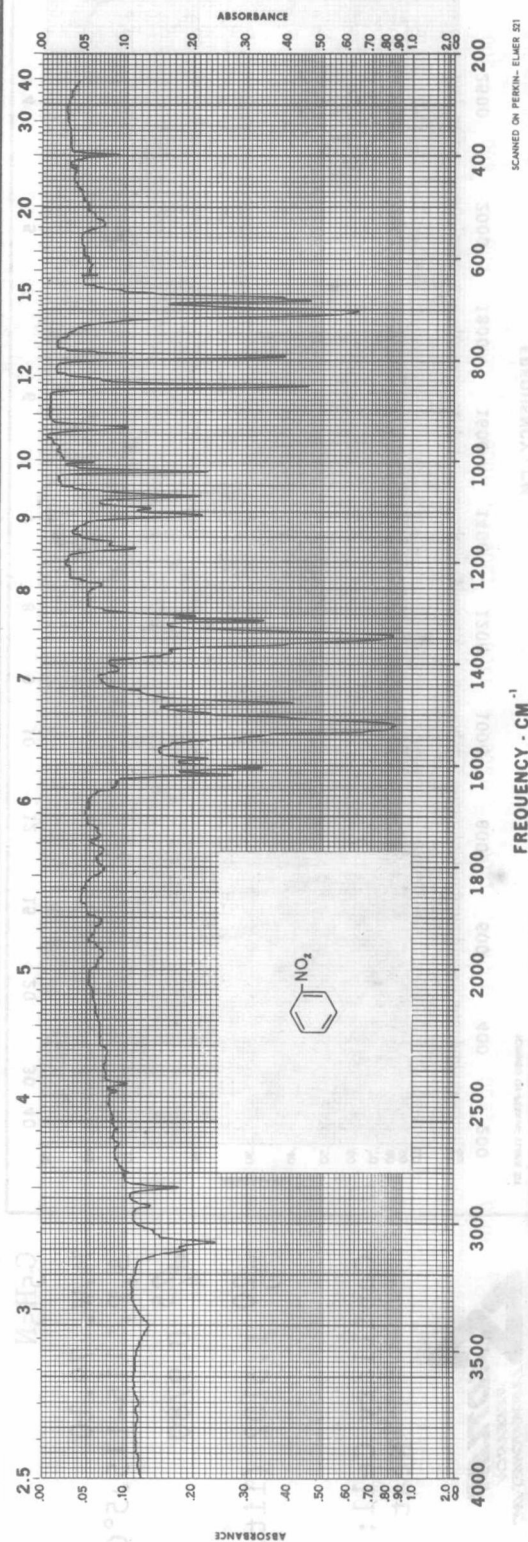
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: The Matheson Co., Inc., E. Rutherford, N.J.

9 K

NITROBENZENE



C₆H₅NO₂

M.W. 123.11
B.P. 210-211°C

d₄¹⁵ 1.205

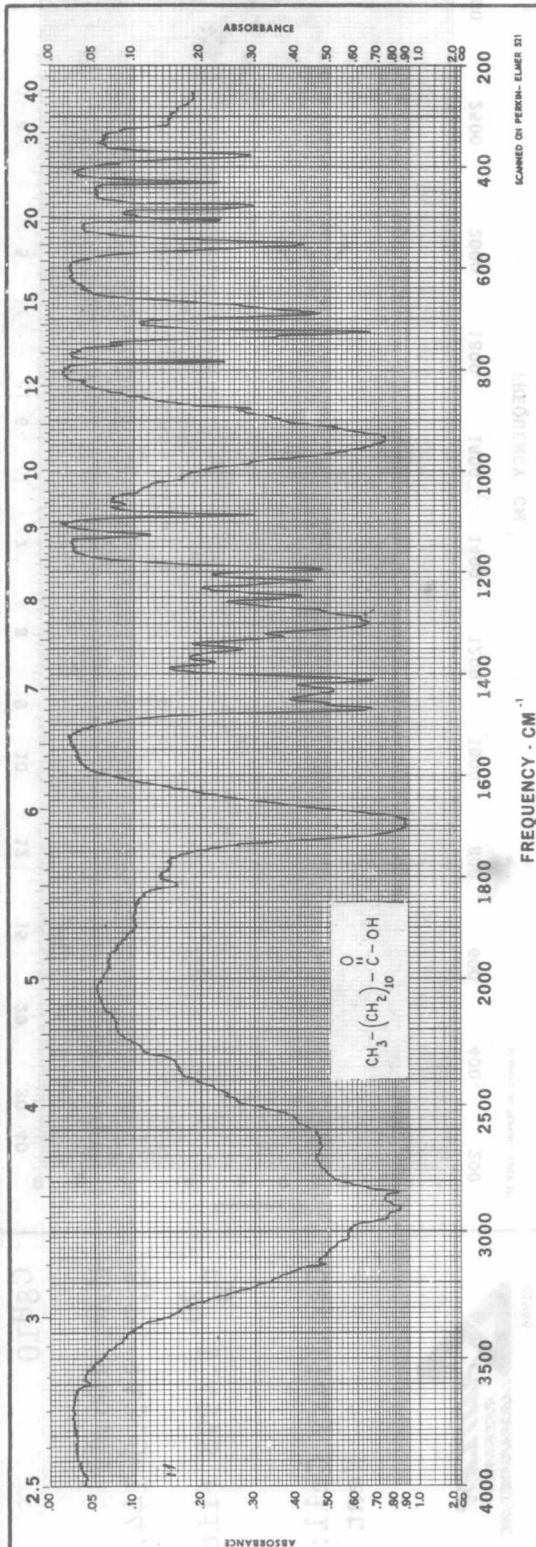
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: J. T. Baker Chemical Co., Phillipsburg, N.J.

10 K

LAURIC ACID



$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_2$

M.W. 200.32

M.P. 44-45.5°C

(lit.)

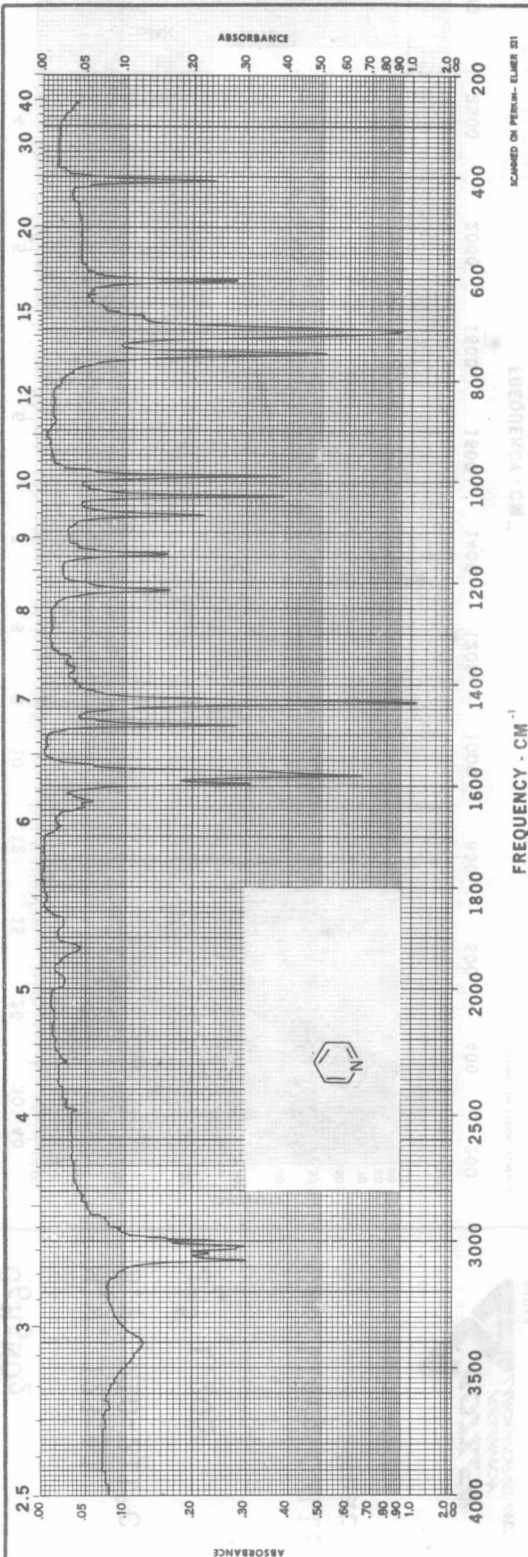
Capillary Cell:
Melt



Source: The Matheson Co., Inc., E. Rutherford, N.J.

11 K

PYRIDINE



$\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N}$

M.W. 79.10

B.P. 115-115.5°C

d_4^{25} 0.9780

n_D^{20} 1.5102 (lit.)

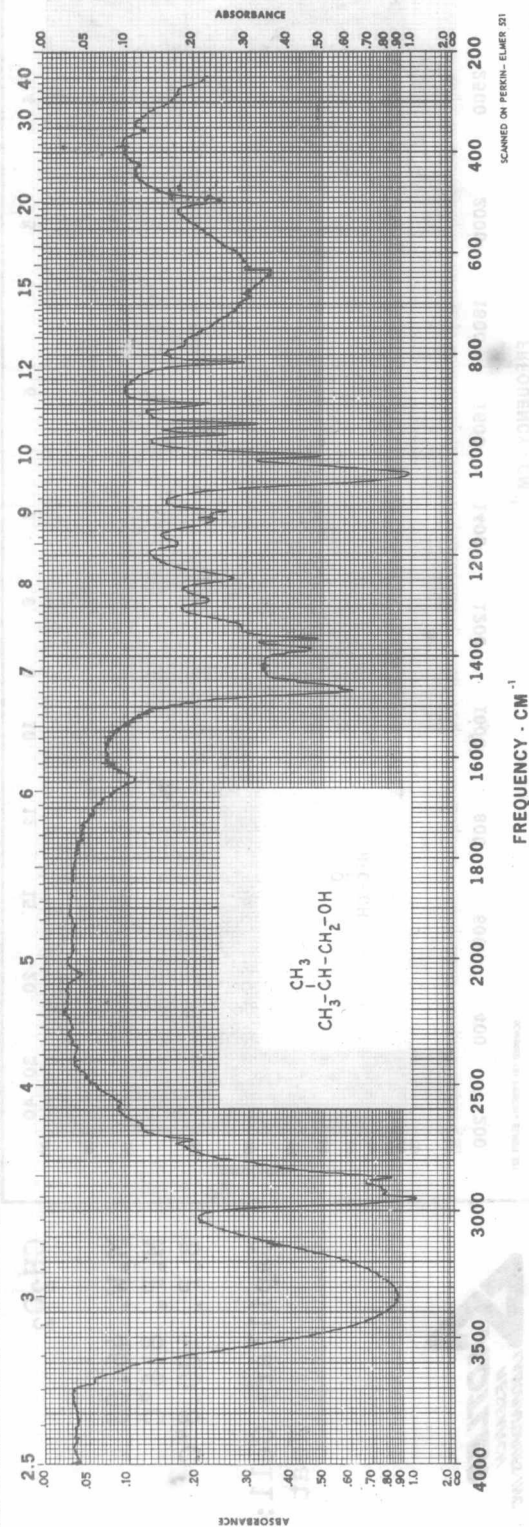
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: The Matheson Co., Inc. E. Rutherford, N.J.

12 K

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL



C₄H₁₀O

M.W. 74.12
B.P. 107.4°C
(lit.)

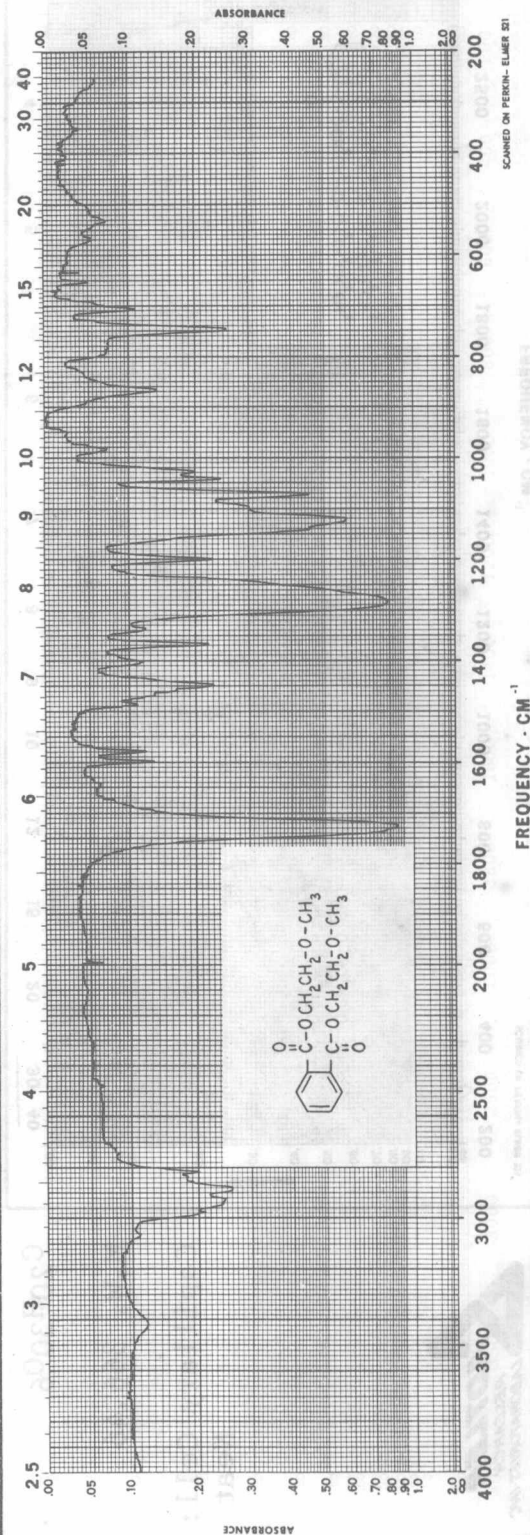
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: Eastman Chemical Products, Inc., Kingsport, Tennessee

13 K

PHTHALIC ACID, BIS(2-METHOXYETHYL) ESTER



C₁₄H₁₈O₆

M.W. 282.30

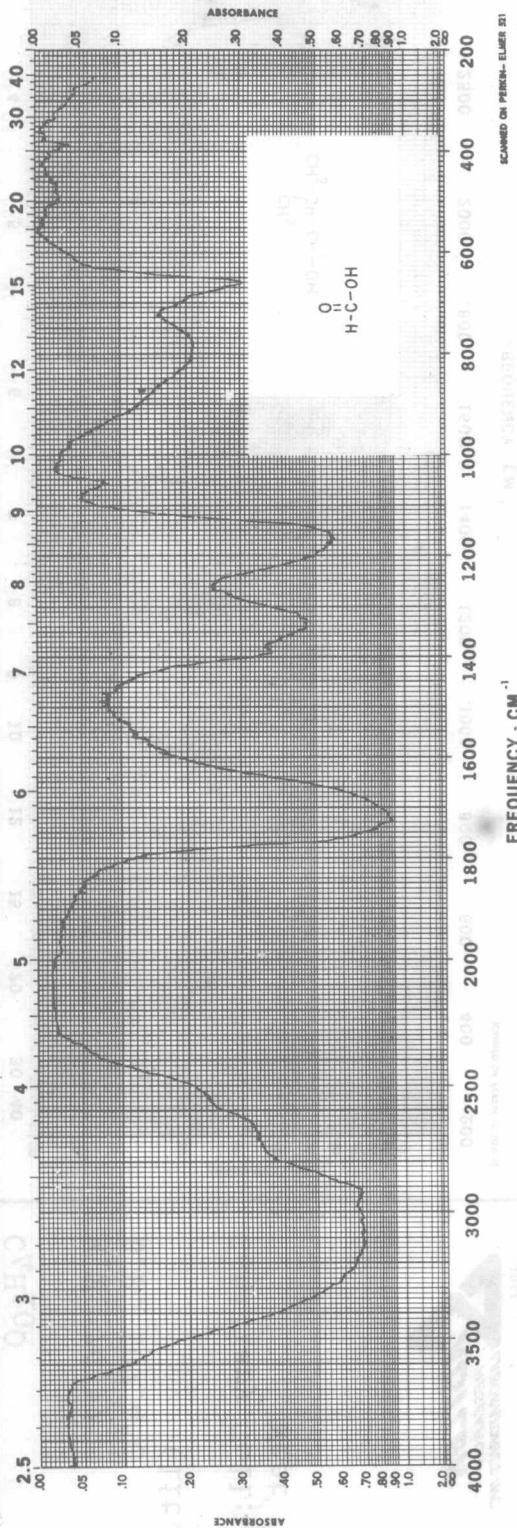
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: Ohio Apex, Inc., Nitro, W. Va.

14 K

FORMIC ACID



CH₂O₂

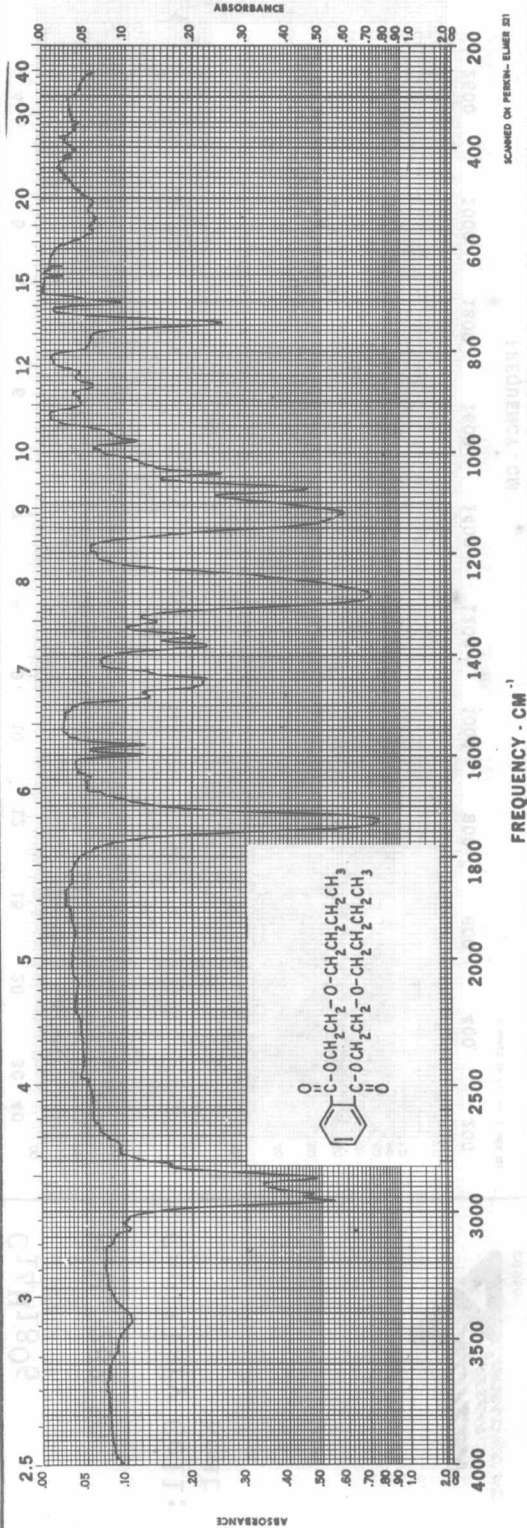
M.W. 46.03
M.P. 8.6°C
B.P. 100.8°C

Capillary Cell:
Neat



15 K

PHTHALIC ACID, BIS(2-BUTOXYETHYL) ESTER



C₂₀H₃₀O₆

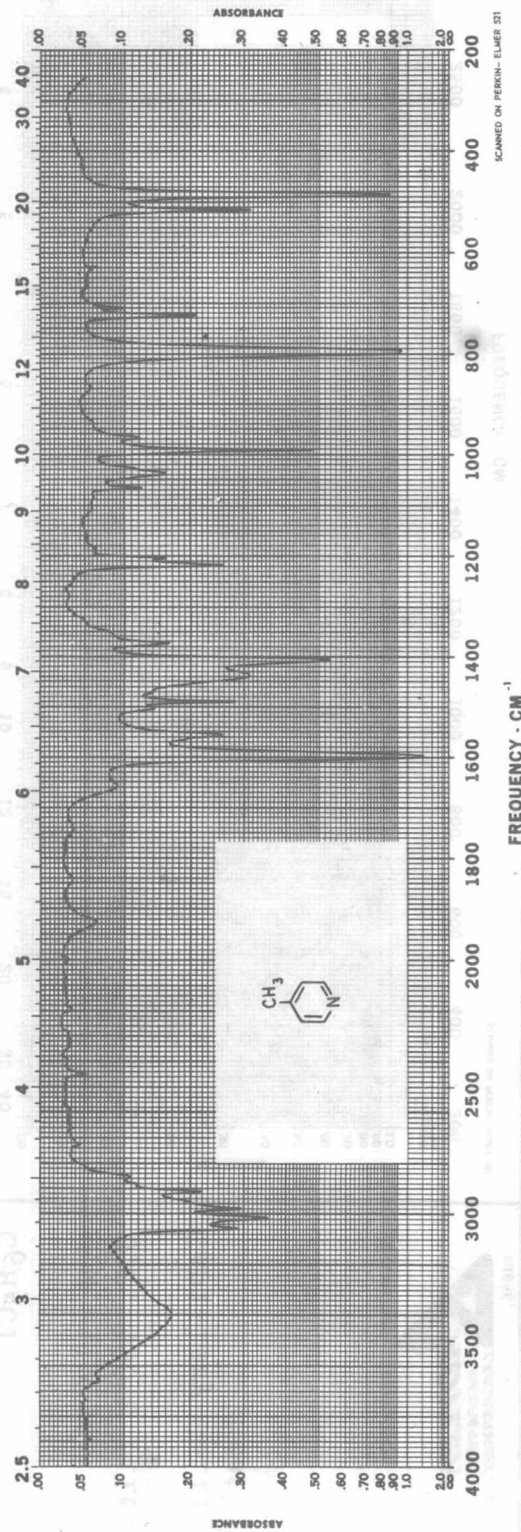
M.W. 366.46

Capillary Cell:
Neat



16 K

4-PICOLINE



C₆H₇N

M.W. 93.13
B.P. 142-145°C

d₄²⁰ 0.956

n_D²⁰ 1.506

Capillary Cell:
Neat

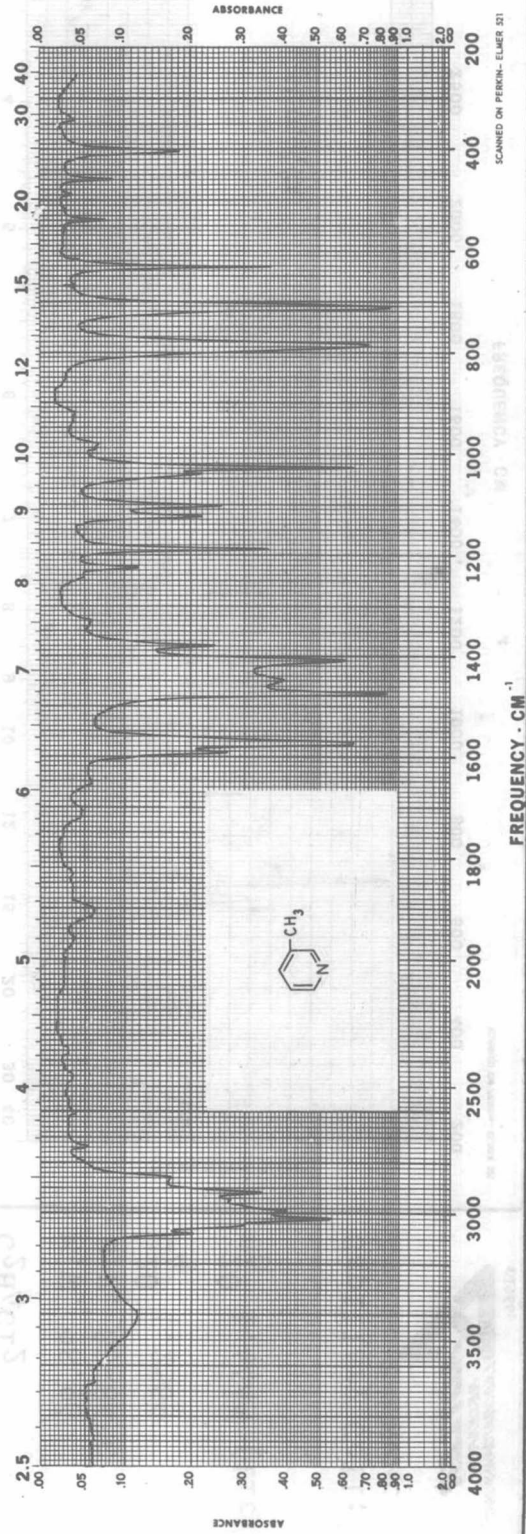


©1966

Source: Fluka AG, Buchs, Switzerland

17 K

3-PICOLINE



C₆H₇N

M.W. 93.13
B.P. 141-144°C

d₄²⁰ 0.957

n_D²⁰ 1.506

Capillary Cell:
Neat

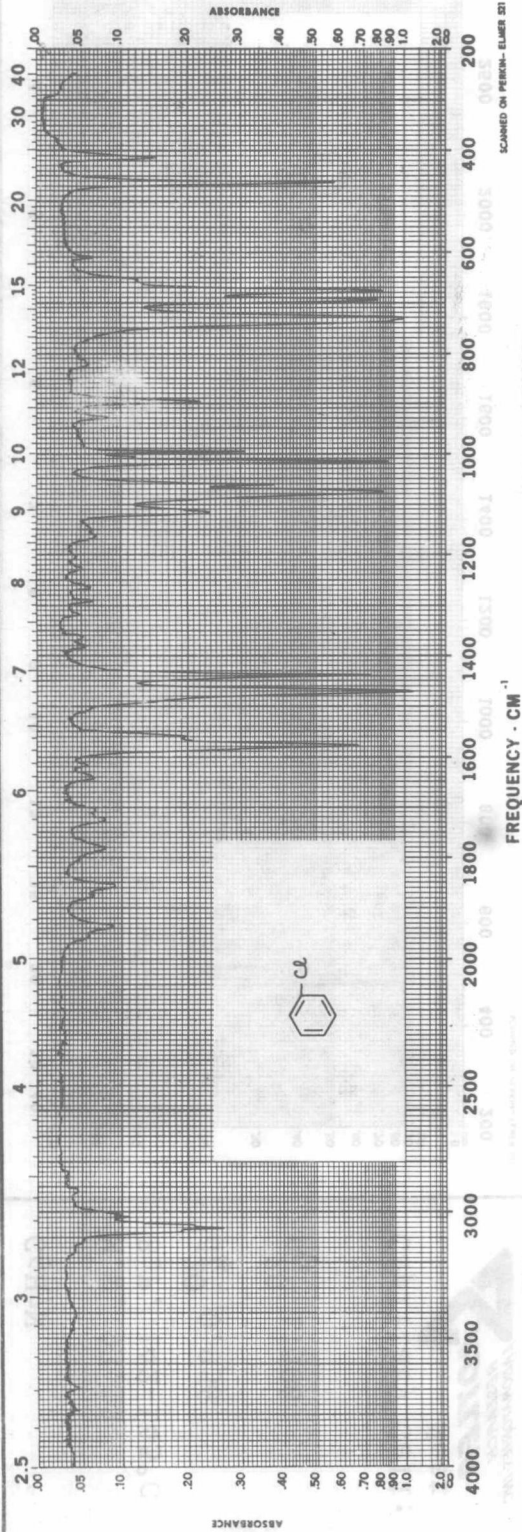


©1966

Source: Fluka AG, Buchs, Switzerland

18 K

CHLOROBENZENE



C₆H₅Cl

M.W. 112.56
B.P. 130°C (lit.)

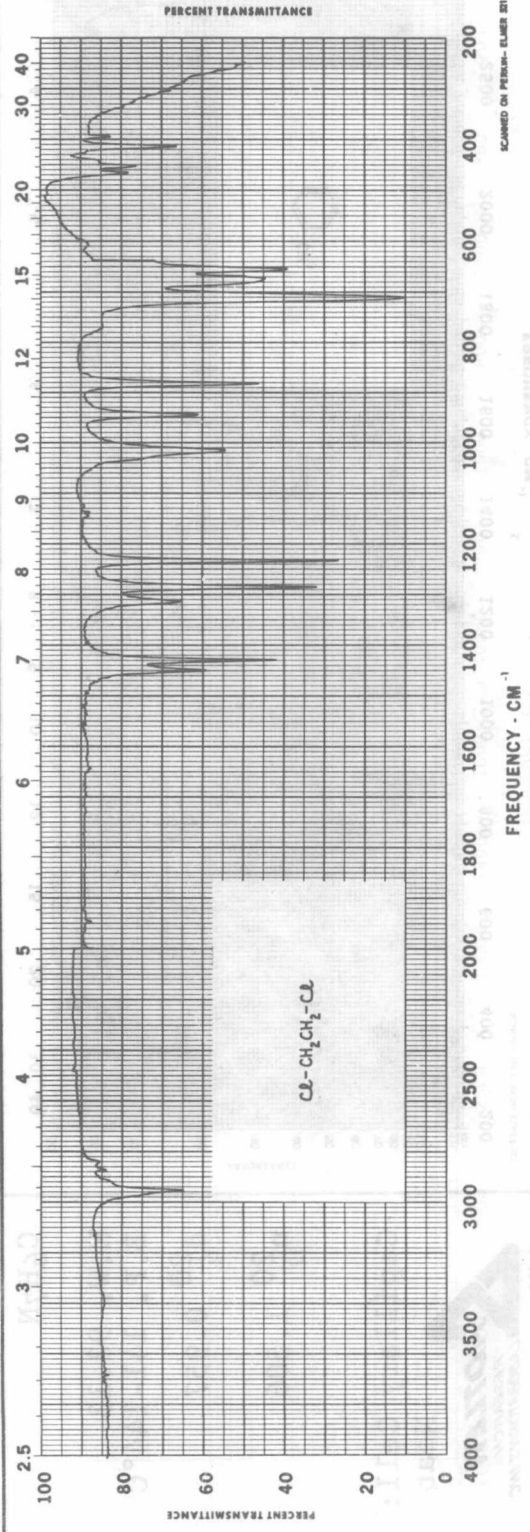
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: Hooker Electrochemical Co., Niagara Falls, N.Y.

19 K

1,2-DICHLOROETHANE



C₂H₄Cl₂

M.W. 98.96
B.P. 83-84°C

d₄²⁰ 1.2569

n_D²⁰ 1.4443 (lit.)

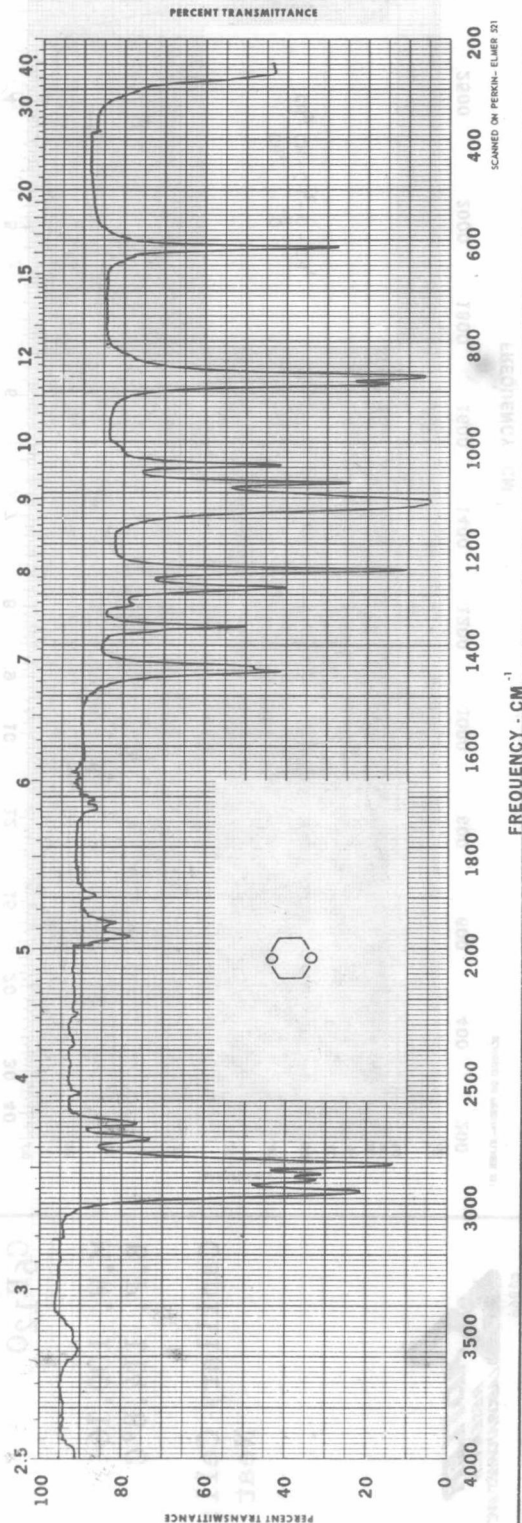
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: United States Testing Co., Inc., Hoboken, N.J.

20 K

p-DIOXANE



C₄H₈O₂

M.W. 88.11

M.P. 11°C

B.P. 101°C

d₄²⁰ 1.030

n_D²⁰ 1.4232 (lit.)

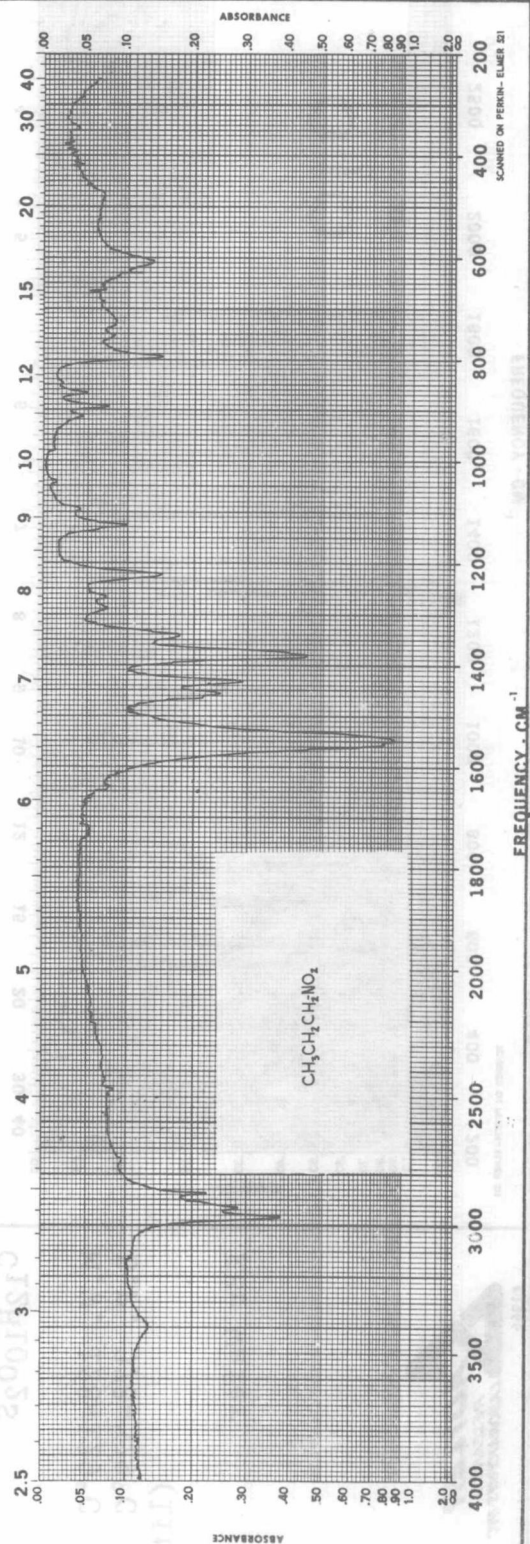
Capillary Cell:

Neat
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RESEARCH
LABORATORIES, INC.

©1966

Source: The Matheson Co. Inc. E. Rutherford, N.J.

1-NITROPROPANE



C₃H₇NO₂

M.W. 89.09

B.P. 131.6°C/760mm

d₄²⁵ 0.9934

n_D²⁰ 1.4018 (lit.)

Capillary Cell:

Neat

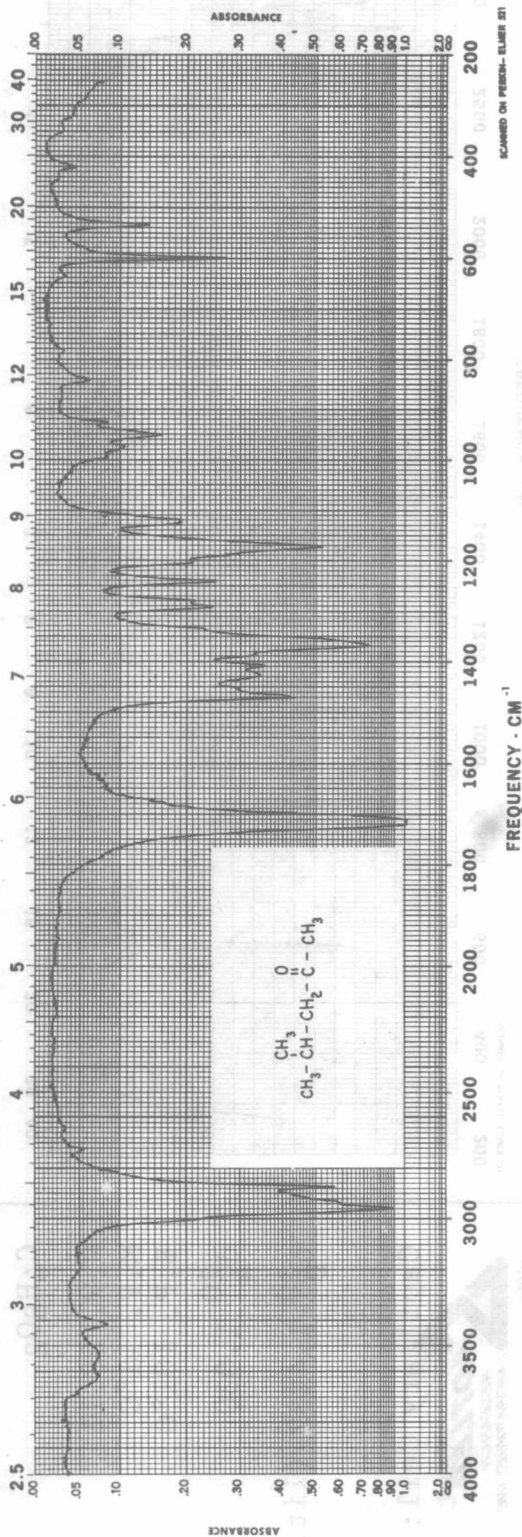
ADTLER
RESEARCH
LABORATORIES, INC.

©1966

Source: Fluka AG, Buchs, Switzerland

22 K

4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE



$C_6H_{12}O$

M.W. 100.16
B.P. 114.8°C

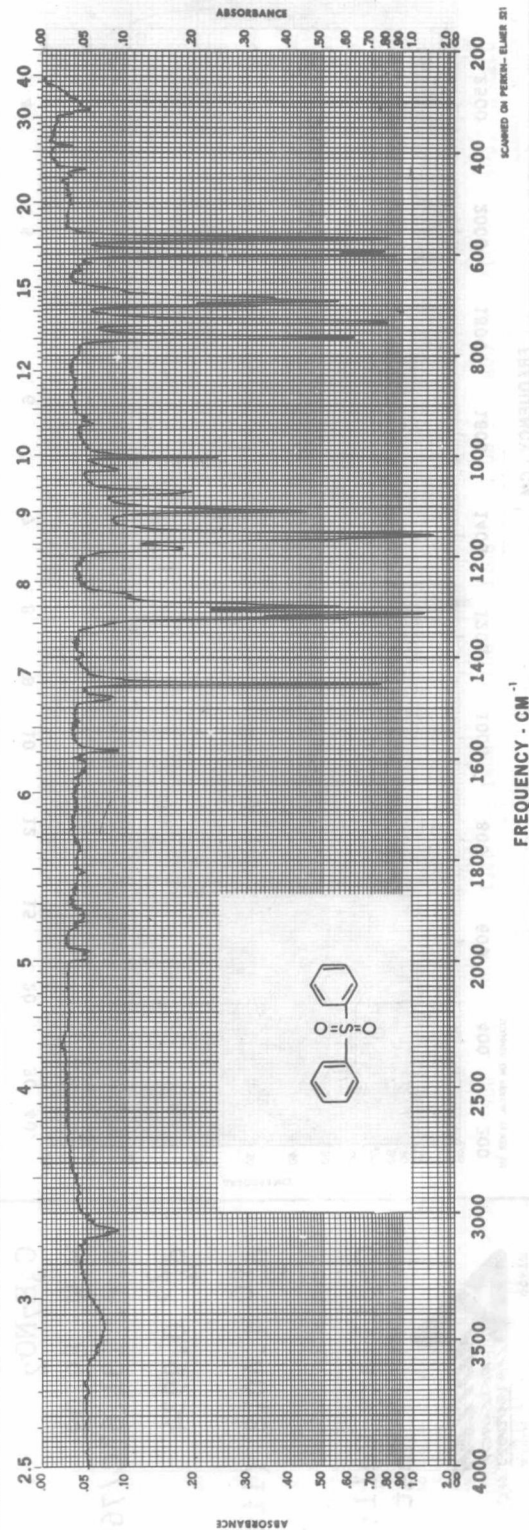
Capillary Cell:
Neat



Source: The Matheson Co., Inc., E. Rutherford, N.J.

23 K

PHENYL SULFONE



$C_{12}H_{10}O_2S$

M.W. 128-129°C
B.P. 378-379°C
(lit.)

KBr Wafer



Source: Aceto Chemical Co., Flushing, N.Y.

24 K