



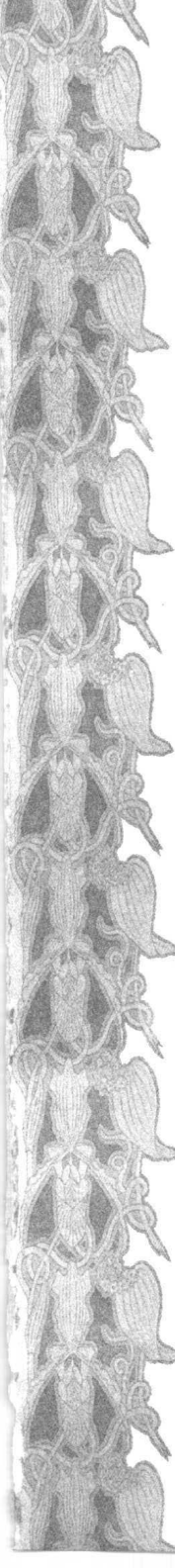
大学英语 听力 自助读本



张翼鸿 肖名丽 史大胜 编著

TEACH-YOURSELF
TEXTBOOK
OF COLLEGE
ENGLISH
LISTENING

中国书籍出版社



大学英诒 听力 自助读本



张翼鸿 肖名丽 史大胜 编著

TEACH-YOURSELF
TEXTBOOK
OF COLLEGE
ENGLISH
LISTENING

9787309068

H37-7

71

中国书籍出版社 1839203

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

大学英语听力自助读本/张翼鸿, 肖名丽, 史大胜编著. - 北京: 中国书籍出版社, 2000.8
ISBN 7-5068-0839-0

I. 大… II. ①张…②肖…③史… III. 英语-视听教学-高等学校-自学参考资料 IV. H319.9

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2000) 第 36345 号

书 名 / 大学英语听力自助读本
书 号 / ISBN 7-5068-0839-0/H.105
责任编辑 / 郝 捷
责任印制 / 王大军 刘颖丽
封面设计 / 北京夸菲特艺术设计事务所
出版发行 / 中国书籍出版社
地 址 / 北京市丰台区太平桥西里 38 号
邮 编 / 100073
电 话 / (010) 63455164 (总编室)
 (010) 63454858 (发行部)
经 销 / 全国新华书店
印 刷 / 北京地矿印刷厂印刷
开 本 / 850 毫米×1168 毫米 1/48 12.625 印张 310 千字
版 次 / 2000 年 8 月第 1 版 2000 年 8 月第 1 次印刷
印 数 / 0001-2000 册
定 价 / 18.00 元 (册)

版权所有 翻印必究

前 言

英语的五种基本技能听、说、读、写、译,以听力领先。这既说明听力是提高其他四种技能的基础,也显示出听力的首要地位。但长期以来,我国的中学英语教学的听力训练普遍比较弱,使英语学习者的积极性和信心受到挫伤。有鉴于此,我们几位在高校从教十余年英语教学的教师合作编写了这本《大学英语听力自助读本》。

本书共 30 课,每课四个部分。1~20 课包括以下四部分:第一部分,基本听力技巧训练(辨音、数字、句子结构、字母、连读等)。本部分旨在帮助学习者打下扎实的基本功;第二部分,对话(包括日常生活的基本情景对话,如问候、介绍、在医院、在邮局、在银行、打电话等)。听说不分家,本部分一方面训练学习者的听力,同时也帮助学习者掌握日常会话的基本情景句型;第三部分,文章(每课两篇),训练学习者篇章理解能力,一些课的该部分也是欣赏部分的背景知识,起双重作用;第四部分,欣赏(歌曲、演讲、优秀电影片段、诗歌、小说等),本部分旨在增加学习者的学习兴趣,提高学习者对各种语言环境中的英语的敏感度。21~30 课的第一和第二部分做了调整:第一部分是新闻短讯(取材近年的 BBC,VOA,CNN 等特殊和标准英语新闻),第二部分为新闻报道(取材于近年的 BBC,VOA,CNN 等特殊和标准英语新闻报道),这两部分

主要是为了帮助学习者提高对新闻的理解力,同时编者做了比较详尽的注释,通过语言材料和注释,拓宽学习者的新闻背景知识面。本书中各课练习以主观题为主,编者认为,主观题更有助于提高学习者英语听力水平和英语应用能力。

本书遵循由浅入深的原则,帮助学习者逐步提高听力水平。本书适合高中以上水平的广大英语学习者,通过本书学习,学习者不仅可以提高听说能力,还可欣赏名歌、世界优秀影片、著名演讲等。掌握此书,学习者的听力可达到大学英语四级听力水平。

本书配有磁带。磁带由英美专家灌制,由专业录音公司编辑,质量上乘,使学习者在语言享受中,轻松地提高英语水平。

由于编者水平有限,难免有疏漏之处,请专家和学习者批评指正。

编 者
2000年5月

CONTENTS

(目录)

WORKBOOK(练习)

Lesson 1	Greetings and Introductions	[1]
Lesson 2	Farewells	[10]
Lesson 3	Thanks and Replies	[16]
Lesson 4	Apologies	[22]
Lesson 5	Asking for Permission	[29]
Lesson 6	Asking for Help	[36]
Lesson 7	Making Suggestions	[43]
Lesson 8	Making an Appointment	[51]
Lesson 9	At the Post Office(I)	[60]
Lesson 10	At the Post Office(II)	[68]
Lesson 11	Asking the Way	[76]
Lesson 12	Booking a Ticket	[83]
Lesson 13	Weather	[91]
Lesson 14	Dates and Time	[99]
Lesson 15	Going Shopping(I)	[108]
Lesson 16	Going Shopping(II)	[116]
Lesson 17	Telephone Calls(I)	[126]
Lesson 18	Telephone Calls(II)	[132]
Lesson 19	Seeing the Doctor	[139]
Lesson 20	At the Bank	[145]
Lesson 21	China	[152]

Lesson 22	United States	[159]
Lesson 23	United Nations	[167]
Lesson 24	WTO	[175]
Lesson 25	Science	[184]
Lesson 26	Israel	[190]
Lesson 27	Finance	[197]
Lesson 28	From Italy	[205]
Lesson 29	Disasters	[214]
Lesson 30	Diana	[224]

TAPESCRIPT(录音)

Lesson 1	Greetings and Introductions	[232]
Lesson 2	Farewells	[235]
Lesson 3	Thanks and Replies	[237]
Lesson 4	Apologies	[239]
Lesson 5	Asking for Permission	[242]
Lesson 6	Asking for Help	[245]
Lesson 7	Making Suggestions	[247]
Lesson 8	Making an Appointment	[251]
Lesson 9	At the Post Office(I)	[254]
Lesson 10	At the Post Office(II)	[258]
Lesson 11	Asking the Way	[261]
Lesson 12	Booking a Ticket	[263]
Lesson 13	Weather	[266]
Lesson 14	Dates and Times	[270]
Lesson 15	Going Shopping(I)	[273]
Lesson 16	Going Shopping(II)	[276]
Lesson 17	Telephone Calls(I)	[280]

Lesson 18	Telephone Calls(II)	[282]
Lesson 19	Seeing the Doctor	[285]
Lesson 20	At the Bank	[289]
Lesson 21	China	[293]
Lesson 22	United States	[296]
Lesson 23	United Nations	[300]
Lesson 24	WTO	[304]
Lesson 25	Science	[308]
Lesson 26	Israel	[314]
Lesson 27	Finance	[316]
Lesson 28	From Italy	[320]
Lesson 29	Disasters	[323]
Lesson 30	Diana	[327]
SUGGESTED ANSWER(参考答案)		[331]

WORKBOOK

(练习)

Lesson 1

Greetings and Introductions

Part I Sound Recognition

Drill 1. Draw a circle around the letter beside the word you hear. (10 points)

- | | | |
|------------|----------|----------|
| 1. a. feel | b. fill | c. fell |
| 2. a. bag | b. big | c. beg |
| 3. a. sat | b. seat | c. sit |
| 4. a. lest | b. list | c. least |
| 5. a. foot | b. food | c. feet |
| 6. a. fund | b. found | c. fond |
| 7. a. luck | b. lock | c. lark |
| 8. a. wife | b. five | c. fine |

9. a. shank b. sank c. thank

10. a. bus b. base c. boss

Drill 2. Underline the words or phrases you hear on the tape.

(5 points)

1. His father and mother went through thick and (thin, sin).
2. Her name is (Jane, Joan).
3. Tom hurt his (foot, feet) and was taken to the doctor.
4. The prince and princess led a (healthy, wealthy) life.
5. I took the books out and put them on (myself, my shelf).

Part II Dialogues

Dialogue 1 Hello, Mary!

Words and Expressions

- 1) colleague *n.* 同事
- 2) Britain *n.* 英国 其全称是: The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (大不列颠及北爱尔兰联合王国)。其首都都是伦敦 (London)。
- 3) Canada *n.* 加拿大 首都渥太华 (Ottawa)。
- 4) U.S.A. *n.* 美利坚合众国 (简称美国) 是 United States of America 的缩写, 其首都都是 华盛顿特区 (Washington D. C.)。
- 5) Australia *n.* 澳大利亚 其全称是 Commonwealth of Australia (澳大利亚联邦), 大洋洲一国家, 其首都都是堪培拉 (Canberra)。
- 6) engineering *n.* 工程学
- 7) architecture *n.* 建筑学
- 8) literature *n.* 文学
- 9) philosophy *n.* 哲学

10) the Forbidden City 紫禁城

11) the Great Wall 长城

Notes:

1) I'd like you to meet ... 我想介绍你认识……

这个句型用于介绍别人相互认识。

2) Glad to meet you. 见到你很高兴。

这是初次见面时的问候语。对方可说: Glad to meet you, too. (见到你, 我也很高兴。) 常用的初次见面的问候语还有:

How do you do?

——How do you do (正式用语)

(I'm) delighted to meet you.

——(I'm) equally delighted to meet you.

(I'm) pleased to meet you.

——The pleasure is mine.

(It's nice) to meet you.

——Same here.

3) Are you getting out to see things? 你去观光了吗?

4) It's a pity. 真遗憾。

5) Hope to see you later. 希望以后能再见到你。

这是分别时的告别语。常用表示再见的用语还有:

Good-bye! ——Good-bye!

So long! —— So long!

See you later (tomorrow, next Monday...)! ——See you later (tomorrow, next Monday...)!

Good night! ——Good night!

Exercise 1. Choose the best answer to each of the following questions. (10 points)

1. What's the relationship between Tom and Mary?
 - a. Teacher and student.
 - b. Colleagues.
 - c. Classmates.
 - d. Friends.
2. Where is Tom from?
 - a. Britain.
 - b. Canada.
 - c. U.S.A.
 - d. Australia.
3. How long will Tom stay in Beijing?
 - a. One year.
 - b. Two years.
 - c. Three years.
 - d. Four years.
4. What's Liming's major?
 - a. Engineering.
 - b. Literature.
 - c. History.
 - d. Architecture.
5. Which of the following is not true?
 - a. Tom has been to several places in Beijing.
 - b. Tom is studying Chinese Philosophy.
 - c. Tom is going to the Great Wall next weekend.
 - d. Tom invites Li to go to the Great Wall.

Exercise 2. Supply the missing information according to what you hear on the tape. (10 points)

1. How are you?

_____.

2. I'd like you to _____ Tom from _____.

3. Is this the _____ time you've been in _____?

——Yes, I find Beijing _____.

4. Are you getting out to _____?

5. I'd love to, but _____. I'm _____.

Dialogue 2 How Do You Do?

Words and Expressions:

- 1) reception *n.* 招待会
- 2) corporation *n.* 公司; 法人; (美) 股份有限公司
- 3) president *n.* 总裁, 总统, 校长
- 4) vice *n.* 副
- 5) cheers *n.* 干杯

Exercise: Choose the best answer for each of the following questions. (10 points)

- 1. Where does the conversation probably take place?
 - a. At a post office.
 - b. At a bank.
 - c. At a reception.
 - d. At a cinema.
- 2. Which of the following statements about Mr. Smith is true?
 - a. He is single.

- b. He is the president of a company.
 - c. He knows Miss. Sothernland.
 - d. He knows Mr. Johnson.
3. Who is the president of the Corporation?
- a. Miss Sothernland.
 - b. Mr. Smith.
 - c. Mr. Johnson.
 - d. Mr. Woolf.
4. Who is the vice president of the Corporation?
- a. Miss Sothernland.
 - b. Mr. Smith.
 - c. Mr. Johnson.
 - d. Mr. Woolf.
5. Which of the following is not true according to the conversation you have just heard?
- a. Mr. Smith is an intimate friend of Mr. Woolf.
 - b. Mr. Smith is an acquaintance of Miss. Sothernland.
 - c. Mr. Smith is the executive Manager of Acp Co. Limited.
 - d. Mr. Smith is maybe one of Mr. Johnson's Corporation.

Part III Passages

Passage 1 Christmas Cards

Words and Phrases

- 1) Christmas *n.* 圣诞节 每年 12 月 25 日, 基督教徒纪念耶稣·基督的诞辰。
- 2) living-room *n.* 起居室
- 3) book of addresses 通讯录
- 4) study *n.* 书房

Exercise: Answer the following questions briefly. (10 points)

1. What holiday was coming?
2. Why did Mrs. Smith buy the cards?
3. Where did she put the cards?
4. What did she ask her husband to do?
5. Did the husband do what his wife asked him to do?
6. Where did the husband go then?
7. How did Mrs. Smith feel?
8. What did Mr. Smith bring to his wife?

Passage 2 Christmas Party

Words and Expressions

- 1) bar *n.* 酒吧, 吧台

Exercise 1. Choose the best choice to complete the following statements. (4 points)

1. The story took place at _____.
a. New Year's Day b. Thanksgiving's Day
c. Christmas d. Christ's Day
2. _____ was held in the house.
a. A wedding party b. A big party
c. A small party d. A birthday party
3. When the bell rang, several people shouted _____.
a. Come in! b. Come on!
c. Come along! d. Come up!
4. _____ opened the door and came into the house.
a. A small woman b. A small boy
c. A small girl d. A small man

Exercise 2. Answer the following questions briefly. (10 points)

1. Who knew the newcomer?
2. What did the host do?
3. How long did the newcomer stay in the party?
4. Why did he come to the party?
5. Who was waiting for him and where?

Part IV Appreciation

Spot Dictation: Fill in the blanks with the words you hear on the tape. (8 points)

Words and Expressions

- 1) snowy *a.* 下雪的, 多雪的
- 2) woods *n.* (单复数同形) 森林, 树林, 林地
- 3) queer *a.* 古怪的, 异常的
- 4) harness *n.* 马具
- 5) sweep *v.* (风) 吹, 刮
- 6) downy *a.* 松软的
- 7) flake *n.* 小薄片 (这首诗中指雪花)
- 8) to keep promises 遵守诺言

Culture Notes:

- 1) Robert Frost 罗伯特·弗洛斯特 (1874 ~ 1963) 美国著名诗人。他的诗歌采用新英格兰乡间语言, 语言质朴, 但质朴之中却蕴涵了深刻的哲理。他曾先后四次荣获普利策奖。

Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening

By Robert Frost

Whose _____ these are I think I know.

His house is in the _____, though;
He will not see me _____ here
To watch his woods fill up with _____.

My little horse must _____ it queer
To stop _____ a farmhouse near
Between the woods and _____ lake
The darkest evening of the _____.

He gives his harness bells a _____
To ask if there is _____ mistake.
The only other sound's the _____
Of easy wind and downy _____.

The woods are lovely, dark and _____,
But I have _____ to keep,
And miles to go _____ I sleep,
And miles to go _____ I sleep.