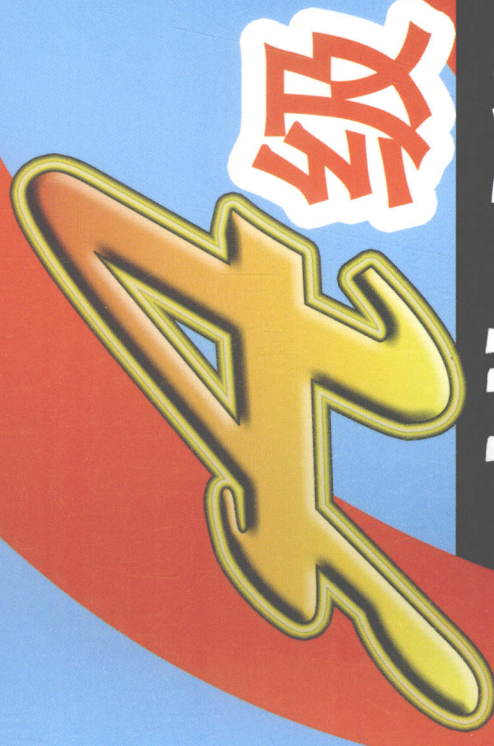


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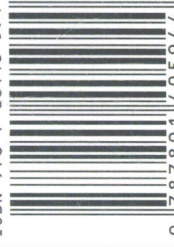
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11	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]	26	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]	41	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]	56	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]	71	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]					
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Model Test 1

Part I Listening Comprehension

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

- You will read:
- A) New York City.
 - B) An evening party.
 - C) An air trip.
 - D) The man's job.

From the dialogue we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore, C) An air trip is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre. Now the test will begin.

1. A) Her suitcase.
B) Some rocks.
2. A) Catch a cold.
B) Hurry to get the bus.
3. A) Buying a new typewriter.
B) Finding a new place for the typewriter.
4. A) He was understanding.
B) He was apologetic.
5. A) A visitor has borrowed it.
B) She had given it to her guide.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short conversations. There are two recorded conversations in it. After each conversation, there are some recorded questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken two times. When you

hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Conversation 1

Questions 6 to 8 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

6. A) Mr. Lin isn't in just now.
B) Mr. Lin is having a meeting.
7. A) He will come again.
B) He will call Mr. Lin.
8. A) He works in a food factory.
B) He works in an office.

Conversation 2

Questions 9 to 10 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

9. A) The clock doesn't work.
B) The alarm doesn't work.
10. A) There's nothing wrong with the clock.
B) The shop doesn't have another clock like this one.
C) The man doesn't have the receipt with him.
D) The saleswoman does not like the man.

Section C

Directions: This section is to test your ability to comprehend short passages. You will hear a recorded passage. After that you will hear five questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should complete the answer to it with a word or a short phrase (in no more than 5 words). The incomplete answers are printed both in your test paper and on the Answer Sheet. You should write your answers on the Answer Sheet correspondingly. Now the passage will begin.

Questions 11 to 15 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. The customer has to wait _____.
12. They can order _____.
13. By _____.
14. To _____.
15. _____ of the total cost.

Part II Vocabulary and Structure

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to construct meaningful and grammatically correct

sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

Section A

Directions: There are 10 incomplete statements here. You are required to complete each one by deciding on the most appropriate word or words from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

16. I would appreciate _____ me the samples as soon as possible.
A) you to send C) your sending
B) you send D) you're sending
17. You can't go home _____ your work unfinished.
A) during B) until C) with D) as
18. But for your help, I _____ the chance.
A) can't get C) haven't got
B) can't have got D) couldn't have got
19. We'll attend the ceremony _____ we are invited.
A) lest C) unless
B) until D) provided
20. Hangzhou has lots of tourist attractions, _____ is the West Lake.
A) the most famous of which C) the most famous
B) the most famous of that D) the most famous of them
21. It is announced that the next train _____.
A) is to leave C) is to leaving
B) is about to leave D) is about to leaving
22. I have to _____ the appointment because of something unexpected.
A) call for C) call off
B) call on D) call in
23. This brand of products is superior _____ others in quality.
A) with B) for C) to D) of
24. Barely had he entered the office _____ the director came in.
A) then B) that C) than D) when
25. _____ made him such a good manager was the training that he had in ICUC.
A) What B) Which C) Who D) That

Section B

Directions: There are also 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

26. You must have your letter neatly (print) _____ so as to leave a good impression on the receiver.

27. Neither the food nor the service (satisfy) _____ the customers in this restaurant.
28. (Arrive) _____ at a decision, they immediately set to work.
29. She (marry) _____ to Robert for 3 years.
30. He has a strong objection to (conduct) _____ business with small companies.
31. (Tire) _____ as he was, he went on working without any complaints.
32. The salesman has trouble (persuade) _____ his customers to buy the product.
33. To our (disappoint) _____, they didn't deliver the goods on time.
34. They (success) _____ doubled their production as they had expected.
35. The more he knew about the job, (little) _____ he seemed to like it.

Part III Reading Comprehension

(40 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

Task 1

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) or D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Brazilians are warm and friendly people and building personal relationships with associates is an important part of the business culture. Loyalty and trust are highly valued and you will be unlikely to begin business negotiations until continuity has been established in your working relationship.

As a general rule, Brazilians are relaxed about timekeeping. Meetings may run on longer than planned and usually start with small talk and have an informal air.

English is widely spoken in business circles. If your Brazilian counterparts (交易对方) are reluctant to conduct negotiations in English, don't use Spanish—although it is the official language of the rest of South America, Portuguese is the first language in Brazil. Business cards should be printed in both Portuguese and English.

Brazilians are open-minded and are receptive to new ideas and concepts. Negotiations tend to focus on achieving short-term results and the decision-making process is likely to be strongly influenced by subjective feelings. Keep in mind that effective personal interaction (交往) is crucial (至关重要的) to your business success and may carry more weight than an impressive presentation (陈述, 表达) package.

At the end of a meeting, don't rush off, even if you are in a hurry. Brazilians may take this as a personal insult.

36. To start business negotiations in Brazil, it's very essential _____.

A) to be careful with your business counterparts

- B) to have a good reputation in your business circle
C) to have a continuous working relationship with your counterparts
D) to have VIP friends in the government
37. It's very likely that _____.

- A) Brazilians get down to work as soon as they meet
B) Brazilians start with an informal chat when meeting each other
C) Brazilians highly value a formal business culture
D) Brazilians do not trust their business counterparts

38. What is the official language of Brazil?

- A) Portuguese.
B) English.
C) Spanish.
D) None of the above.

39. All the following are true EXCEPT _____.

- A) Brazilians are open-minded
B) Brazilians are reluctant to accept new concepts
C) Brazilians prefer to focus on the short-term outcomes in the negotiations
D) Brazilians make decisions on the basis of personal feelings rather than a presentation package

40. The best title for this passage is _____.

- A) Relationship-centered Brazilians
B) Short-sighted Brazilians
C) Business in Brazil
D) Brazilians in Business

Task 2

Directions: This task is the same as task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 through 45.

Located in North Holland Province, Amsterdam is the commercial, financial, and cultural center of The Netherlands. It is not only the largest city in the Netherlands, but also one of Europe's cultural and economic centers.

More than 160 canals divide the city into about 90 islands, which are joined by more than 1,000 bridges. By daytime the canals are charming; by night they become even more **enchanting** because many canal houses and bridges are beautifully illuminated (照明, 照亮). For a refreshingly different view of Amsterdam, try a canal boat tour. You'll understand why the city is known as "Venice of the North".

Amsterdam is the country's official capital; however, the real center of national government is in The Hague.

The Hague is the nation's third largest city and its chief administrative center. The Supreme Court of the Netherlands and the States-General (parliament) are located here.

The Hague is also a great place for a vacation. As the traditional seat of Holland's Royal Family and Government, The Hague never fails to impress visitors with its relaxed and elegant (优雅的) atmosphere. On top of that are the seaside resorts, luxurious (豪华的) residences, many museums, tree-lined avenues, elegant palaces and parliament buildings.

41. The word "**enchanting**" (Line 3, Para. 2) probably means _____.

- A) bright
B) charming
C) exciting
D) impressive

42. Amsterdam is known as "Venice of the North" because of _____.

- A) its canals
B) its islands
C) its beach resorts
D) historic buildings

43. Which of the following is NOT TRUE?

- A) Amsterdam is the largest city in the Netherlands.
B) Amsterdam is located in North Holland Province.
C) Amsterdam is the official capital of the Netherlands.
D) Amsterdam is the seat of the central government.

44. It can be inferred that the Hague is more important than Amsterdam in _____.

- A) culture
B) politics
C) finance
D) commerce

45. The main attractions of the Hague EXCLUDE _____.

- A) parliament buildings
B) pretty avenues
C) romantic atmosphere
D) coast resorts

Task 3

Directions: The following is a short passage. After reading it, you are required to complete the outlines below it numbered 46 through 50. You should write your answer briefly (in no more than 5 words) on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

To use the power of the mind, the first essential is to direct every mental action toward the goal in view, and this direction must be constant. Most minds, however, do not apply this law. Sometimes the goal in view is one thing, and sometimes another, so the actions of the mind are mostly scattered. On the contrary, great minds are always working themselves steadily toward what they wish to accomplish. In their mind not a single mental action is wasted.

In using the power of mind, the first question to answer is what we really want to accomplish; and when this question is answered, the one thing that is wanted should be fixed so clearly in thought that it can be seen by the mind's eye every minute. But the majority does not know what they really want. They may have some vague (模糊的) desire, but they have not determined clearly, and this is one of the principal causes of failure.

When we know what we want and proceed to work for it with all the power and ability, it is not difficult to understand why success in a greater and greater measure must be realized.

How to Use the Power of the Mind

The first essential to use your mind power is:

46 _____ toward the goal in view.

Most minds do not have a constant goal, this often leads to the result that:

What great minds are always doing is:

To work themselves invariably toward 48.

To the majority, one of the main reasons for their failure is:

They don't have 49.

Success in a great measure is based on:

A clear goal and working for it with 50.

Task 4

Directions: The following is a list of public signs at the airport. After reading it, you are required to find the items equivalent to (与……等同) those given in Chinese in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in the brackets on the Answer Sheet, numbered 51 through 55.

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| A—Airport lounges | K—Left baggage |
| B—Airports shuttle | L—Lost property |
| C—Arrivals | M—Luggage from flights |
| D—Inquiries | N—Luggage reclaim |
| E—Check in zone | O—No smoking except in designated area |
| F—Departures | P—Passport control |
| G—Destination airport | Q—Queue here |
| H—Domestic flights | R—Reserved seating |
| I—Emergency exit | S—Short stay |
| J—Flight connections | T—Stay close |

Example: (C) 进港

(F) 离港

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| 51. () 机场班车 | () 入境检验 |
| 52. () 跟紧 | () 国内航班 |
| 53. () 失物招领 | () 在此排队 |
| 54. () 转机处 | () 办理登机区 |
| 55. () 取行李 | () 预定的座位 |

Task 5

Directions: The following is a passage. After reading it, you are required to complete the statements that follow the questions (No. 56 through No. 60). You should write your answers on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

When invited to visit an American family, you should just make yourself at home. That's what hospitality is all about: making people feel at home when they're not.

The question of whether or not to bring a gift often makes guests squirm (局促不安). Giv-

ing your host a gift is not just a social nicety in some cultures—it's expected. But in American culture, a guest is not obligated to bring a present. Of course, some people do bring a small token (象征) of appreciation to their host. Appropriate gifts for general occasions might be flowers or candy. If you choose not to bring a gift, don't worry. No one will even notice.

American hospitality begins at home—especially when it involves food. When invited for a meal, you might ask, "Can I bring anything?" Unless it's a potluck, where everyone brings a dish, the host will probably respond, "No, just yourself." For most informal dinners, you should wear comfortable, casual clothes. Plan to arrive on time, or else call to inform your hosts of the delay. During the dinner conversation, it's customary (惯例的) to compliment (称赞) the hostess on the wonderful meal. Of course, the biggest compliment is to eat lots of food!

56. What does hospitality mean in this passage?

57. When visiting an American family, what is unnecessary for a guest to do?

58. For an informal dinner, what clothes are appropriate for a guest?

59. Unable to come on time, what should a guest do by call?

60. During the dinner conversation, what is a guest supposed to do?

Part IV Translation—English into Chinese (25 minutes)

Directions: This part, numbered 61 to 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. Each of the four sentences (No. 61 to No. 64) is followed by four choices of suggested translation marked A), B), C) and D). Make the best choice and write the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet. And for the paragraph numbered 65, write your translation in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

61. After a couple of such dealings, he found he could feed himself this way.

A) 经过几次这样的交易后,他发现他可以这样养活自己。

B) 经过几次练习,他发现他可以这样喂自己饭了。

C) 经过几次买卖之后,他觉得他可以这样挣钱了。

D) 经过几次实践,他发现他可以这样挣钱了。

62. Most importantly, keep discs of unknown origin away from your computer if they are not necessary.

- A) 首先,没有必要时就不要在计算机上使用未知来源的磁盘。
B) 首先,必要要让计算机远离来路不明的磁盘。
C) 最为重要的是,没必要时不要在计算机上使用来路不明的磁盘。
D) 最为重要的是,没事不要让计算机接触未知来源的磁盘。

63. Parents and children usually have similar intelligence, and this clearly suggests that intelligence depends on birth.

- A) 父母和子女通常有相类似的智力,这清晰地说明智力靠天生。
B) 父母和子女通常智力相近,这清晰地表明智力是先天的。
C) 子女通常和父母一样聪明,这清晰地表明智力是生出来的。
D) 父子、母女通常智力接近,这清晰地说明智力取决于生育。

64. If you plan to travel, booking a room in advance can save a lot of trouble, especially during the busy time of the year.

- A) 如果打算旅行,提前预订房间会省去许多麻烦,尤其是在一年里忙碌的时节。
B) 如果计划旅行,进行房间预订会省去不少麻烦,尤其是在忙碌的季节。
C) 如果准备旅行,事先预订房间会省去很多麻烦,尤其是在旅游旺季。
D) 如果盘算旅行,事先预订房间不会招惹太多麻烦,尤其是在一年里最忙的时候。

65. I am a 22-year-old energetic young man. I specialized in advertising and business at Bingham College, from which I graduated in July. I have unusual letters of recommendation from my teachers in these subjects. I should like the opportunity of showing them to you. I shall appreciate a personal interview at your convenience.

Part V Writing (25 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write an English introduction according to the instructions given below in Chinese. Remember to write it on the corresponding space of the Answer Sheet.

请根据以下中文内容,填写英语产品介绍:

C600 MP3 播放器

产品说明:

音质上乘,设计时尚,功能强大,易于操作。

性能:

- * 支持 MP3 和 WMA 音乐文件

- * 内置 FM 广播
- * 液晶显示器(LCD)上同步(Synchronously)显示歌词(lyrics)
- * FM 及麦克录音
- * 黑、白、红、黄,银色外壳可供选择

规格:

- * 容量: 128 兆, 256 兆, 512 兆, 1G
- * 操作系统: Windows 98, Windows 2000, Windows XP
- * 硬件: 带 USB 端口(USB port)的台式(desk-top)计算机和笔记本电脑
- * 净重: 20 克
- * 尺寸: 70 毫米长×29 毫米宽×20 毫米高

*(66)

Product Description

- *(67)
- *(68)
- *(69)
- *(70)

Features

- *(71)
- * Built-in FM
- * Synchronously display lyrics on LCD
- *(72)
- *(73) casing for choose

Specifications:

- * Capacity: 128MB, 256MB, 512MB, 1G
- * OS: Windows 98, Windows 2000, Windows ME, Windows XP
- *(74)
- *(75)
- * Dimensions: 70.2mm (L) × 29mm (W) × 20.6mm (H)

答题卡

Part I Listening Comprehension

(15 minutes)

Section C

- 11. _____
- 12. _____
- 13. _____
- 14. _____
- 15. _____

Part II Vocabulary and Structure

(15 minutes)

Section B

- 26. _____
- 28. _____
- 30. _____
- 32. _____
- 34. _____
- 27. _____
- 29. _____
- 31. _____
- 33. _____
- 35. _____

Part III Reading Comprehension

(40 minutes)

Task 3

- 46. _____
- 47. _____
- 48. _____
- 49. _____
- 50. _____

Task 4

- 51. _____
- 52. _____
- 53. _____
- 54. _____
- 55. _____

Task 5

- 56. _____
- 57. _____
- 58. _____

Part IV Translation—English into Chinese

(25 minutes)

- 59. _____
- 60. _____
- 65. _____

Part V Writing

(25 minutes)

- * (66) _____
- Product Description
- * (67) _____
- * (68) _____
- * (69) _____
- * (70) _____
- Features
- * (71) _____
- * (72) _____
- * (73) _____
- Specifications
- * (74) _____
- * (75) _____

学校代码									
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Model Test 2

Part I Listening Comprehension

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) New York City.

B) An evening party.

C) An air trip.

D) The man's job.

From the dialogue we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore, C) An air trip is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre. Now the test will begin.

1. A) Curious.

B) Surprised.

2. A) He wants to help her at two.

B) He wants to help her in two hours.

3. A) It was too long.

B) It was very interesting.

4. A) Who will write the paper.

B) Why the paper is not written yet.

5. A) He refuses to lend the money.

B) He agrees to lend the money.

C) He is sorry for not being able to lend the money.

D) He is glad to lend the money.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short conversations. There are two recorded conversations in it. After each conversation, there are some recorded

questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Conversation 1

Questions 6 to 7 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

6. A) She is a secretary. C) She is the man's wife.

B) She is the woman's daughter. D) She is a clerk in a company.

7. A) 4:00 p.m. B) 5:00 p.m. C) 6:00 p.m. D) 7:00 p.m.

Conversation 2

Questions 8 to 10 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

8. A) Read newspapers. C) Go to the cinema.

B) Stay at home. D) Finish her work.

9. A) A western film. C) A horrible (恐怖的) film.

B) A violent film. D) A comedian (喜剧的) film.

10. A) At 7 o'clock. C) At 8 o'clock.

B) At 7:30. D) At 9 o'clock.

Section C

Directions: This section is to test your ability to comprehend short passages. You will hear a recorded passage. After that you will hear five questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should complete the answer to it with a word or a short phrase (in no more than 5 words). The incomplete answers are printed both in your test paper and on the Answer Sheet. You should write your answers on the Answer Sheet correspondingly. Now the passage will begin.

Questions 11 to 15 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. Because he couldn't _____.

12. He must _____.

13. Because he didn't _____.

14. To _____.

15. He _____.

Part II Vocabulary and Structure

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

Section A

Directions: There are 10 incomplete statements here. You are required to complete each one

by deciding on the most appropriate word or words from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

16. I really appreciate _____ to help me, but I am sure that I will be able to manage by myself.

- A) you to offer
B) that you offer
C) your offering
D) that you are offering

17. Any student _____ in English can apply for the membership.

- A) having a keen interest
B) with a keen interesting
C) who is keenly interested
D) when keenly interested

18. Because the first pair of shoes did not fit Lisa properly, the shop assistant showed her _____.

- A) another pair
B) the other ones
C) others shoes
D) another shoes

19. _____ it was! We enjoyed every minute of it.

- A) How an exciting game
B) How exciting a game
C) How exciting the game
D) How the game exciting

20. There were other players as big as Wilt, but _____ was so skillful at shooting baskets.

- A) no one else
B) no another one
C) not any else one
D) any other one

21. The authorities cannot work out _____ in Guangzhou this spring.

- A) businessmen that will come to the trade fair
B) which trade fair will businessmen take part in
C) how many businessmen will attend the trade fair
D) where will the trade fair open

22. Norman wishes that the editors _____ to publish his article in the next issue.

- A) agree
B) will agree
C) could agree
D) should have agreed

23. The accident resulted _____ the driver's carelessness.

- A) for
B) on
C) in
D) from

24. The climate in the valley is quite different from _____ in the plain areas.

- A) what
B) which
C) that
D) the one

25. I don't remember the name of the music teacher, _____ course I took last term.

- A) the
B) which
C) that
D) whose

Section B

Directions: There are also 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

26. Yesterday, when customers (lay) _____ their umbrellas on the counter and paid their bills, they usually walked off without them.

27. Had I known the result, I (not ask) _____ you to tell me.

28. Every child expected Jimmy and Tommy (can reward) _____ for good behavior yesterday.

29. (Cover) _____ an area of over 35000 square kilometers, the island of Taiwan is the largest in China.

30. China has made (impress) _____ reductions in human poverty in the past fifty years.

31. Research (show) _____ that pipe smokers usually take longer to make a decision than cigarette smokers or non-smokers.

32. I have friends who could give me good advice about (handle) _____ a personal crisis.

33. Each year, millions of smokers around the world make New Year's (resolve) _____ to stop smoking although time after time they fail.

34. After graduation from university, Chen got a job in a state-owned company that was then under (construct) _____.

35. Through these years, he has accumulated something that is very important and (value) _____ — knowledge and experience.

Part III Reading Comprehension

(40 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

Task 1

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) or D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

In 1880, a French company contracted to build a waterway across the Isthmus of Panama. The French laid out the route and started the digging but had to abandon the project several years later when, in addition to health and construction problems, they ran out of funds.

At that time, the United States was also interested in building a canal. A route through Nicaragua (尼加拉瓜), thought Congress, would be easier to build and cheaper to maintain. The lawmakers were ready to endorse (签署) this project.

But a French engineer named Bunau-Varilla, fighting to save his Isthmus waterway, decided to change the mind of Congress.

He remembered that, years before, Nicaragua had issued a stamp bearing a picture of Mo-

motombo, a famous volcano(火山) near the route of the proposed canal. The country badly needed the money the canal would bring and had assured the United States that all local volcanoes were inactive. Yet the stamp showed the peak crowned (笼罩) with smoke was active.

Bunau-Vorilla sent the stamp to every Senator. A few days later, the Senate voted to pick up the unexpired (未到期的) French contract and build the waterway.

36. The French had to abandon the great project because _____.

- A) the countrymen were in poor health at that time
- B) the Colombia government cancelled the contract
- C) the lawmakers had not endorsed this project
- D) the French company had no money yet

37. In 1901, the Congress of the United States decided to open a canal _____.

- A) through Panama
- B) through Nicaragua
- C) near Momotombo
- D) near the route of the proposed canal

38. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

- A) The French was indeed interested in building a canal.
- B) The United States was indeed interested in building a canal.
- C) Philippe Bunau was indeed interested in building a canal.
- D) Nicaragua was indeed interested in building a canal.

39. The phrase "to pick up" in the last sentence probably means _____.

- A) to give up
- B) to take over
- C) to make up
- D) to run up

40. Which of the following could probably be the title of this passage?

- A) A Stamp Made the Canal
- C) The Americans Built the Canal
- B) The Panama Canal
- D) A Stamp of Momotombo

Task 2

Directions: This task is the same as task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 through 45.

First it catches your eye, then it tracks it. It's Canon ES5000, the only camcorder(便携式录像机) that offers an auto-focus system and special functions that are controlled by the movement of your eye.

To operate the ES5000's Eye Controlled Focus, simply look through the viewfinder, direct your eye to any subject within the frame, and the camcorder automatically focuses there. Redirect your eye somewhere else within the frame and instantly the camcorder refocuses at the new position. With the ES5000 what you see is actually what you film.

Other ES5000 functions can be made active through our exclusive(独一无二的) Eye Control technology. You can start and stop recording, display dates and titles and operate digital effects, all with just a glance.

But there's more to the ES5000 than just what meets the eye. Consider its many other features such as a powerful Optical (光学的) Digital Zoom (a camera which can move quickly between a distance and a close-up view), Optical Image Stabilization(稳定) system, a Super-Resolution Color Viewfinder, and a high-quality format for truly professional results.

For more information on the ES5000, simply call us at 1-800-OK-CANON.

41. The Canon ES5000 is controlled by _____.

- A) the movement of the photographer's eyes
- B) its Eye Controlled Focus system
- C) its high resolution color viewfinder
- D) its Optical Image Stabilization system

42. To film with the Canon ES5000, you need _____.

- A) to make sure your eyes are looking at the viewfinder
- B) to move what you want to film within the frame
- C) to direct your eye first at one thing, then at another
- D) to direct your eye to the object through the viewfinder

43. In the 3rd paragraph, the "exclusive Eye Control technology" is a technology that _____.

- A) is widely used by other manufactures
- B) is not allowed to be used by other manufactures
- C) is a special use of modern technologies
- D) is excluded from Eye Controlled Focus system

44. Which of the following features does not contribute to the excellent recording of ES5000?

- A) Its powerful digital zoom.
- B) Its graceful and metallic design.
- C) Its high-quality format.
- D) Its super-resolution color viewfinder.

45. This passage is most probably taken from _____.

- A) a preface
- B) a user's manual
- C) an advertisement
- D) a news report

Task 3

Directions: The following is a short passage. After reading it, you are required to complete the outline below it numbered 46 through 50. You should write your answer briefly (in no more than 3 words) on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

Today I'm going to consider a problem concerned with the competition for land use, that is, whether crops should be used to produce food or to produce fuel.

In considering the historical background we should look at the oil crisis of the 1970s. Many countries have looked for alternative energy sources to make them independent of other countries' fossil(矿物) fuels. An interesting possibility for many developing countries has been the conversion of plant material to alcohol. This is interesting because in many developing countries there is a large agricultural sector and at the same time a small industrial sector and thus the possibility of using the agricultural sector to produce fuel is of interest to those

countries.

Research is going on in the production of alcohol from sugar and there are two economic reasons for this. First of all, the world price of sugar has fallen dramatically in the last decade. This has caused a problem for those economies which are dependent on their sugar production, thus it gives them an alternative possibility for using their sugar. And secondly sugar is the most efficient source of alcohol, therefore, it is relatively economical to make fuel by distilling (蒸馏) alcohol from it.

Crops—Food or Fuel?

The Problem Concerned: Crops should be used to produce 46 .

The historical background to the problem: 47 of the 1970s.

Possible solution to the problem: the conversion of 48 .

Main economic reasons for the production of alcohol from sugar:

- A) The world price of sugar 49 .
B) Sugar is the most efficient source 50 .

Task 4

Directions: The following is a list of CD player Instructions. After reading it, you are required to find the items equivalent to (与……等同) those given in Chinese in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in the brackets on the Answer Sheet, number 51 through 55.

- A—Total 10
B—Disc 1, Disc 2, Disc 3
C—Open
D—Close
E—No Disc
F—Select
G—Play
H—Continue
I—Stereo
J—Step Play
K—Repeat One
L—Repeat All
M—Repeat Discs
N—Resume
O—Volume
P—Surround Pattern
Q—Hall Pattern
R—Normal Pattern
S—Program Play
T—Disc Select

Example: (C) 开仓

51. () 无碟
52. () 播放
53. () 立体声
54. () 单曲重复
55. () 全部重复
(D) 关仓
() 音量
() 环绕声模式
() 标准模式
() 碟片选择
() 逐步播放

Task 5

Directions: The following is a letter. After reading it, you are required to complete the statements that follow the questions (No. 56 through No. 60). You should write your answers in no more than 3 words on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

Dear Gentlemen,

We are so pleased to have received your letter of 29th August and very much appreciate that your factory has taken over the 50 sets of our shaver parts. Now we have, as desired, established direct contact with your organization for the purpose of developing a mutually beneficial business relationship.

We would like to take this opportunity to introduce ourselves to you. Remington Products, INC. was established in 1925 and is a major manufacturer and exporter of light industrial products. Particularly we are famous for electric articles (商品) in Canada and the South America as well as this country, where we maintain offices under local management. Our trading units are composed of personnel who have broad expertise (专门技术) in their field of commodities and in the movement and marketing of their products. Our business volume is in excess of US \$300 million and we have substantial financial resources and bank facilities which suffice (使有能力) us to meet with the enlarging business activities.

Regarding (关于) the 50 sets of Shavers being assembled (装配), please keep us informed of development, especially the cost of assembly (装配).

Looking forward to hearing from you and thanking you, we are,

Yours truly

56. What is the letter about?

It is about _____.

57. What was sent to the receiver of the letter?

_____.

58. What is Remington Products, LD famous for?

_____.

59. What kind of working staff do the trading units have?

_____.

60. What is their business volume?

_____.

Part IV Translation—English into Chinese

(25 minutes)

Directions: This part, numbered 61 to 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. Each of the four sentences (No. 61 to No. 64) is followed by four choices of suggested translation marked A), B), C) and D). Make the best choice and

write the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet. And for the paragraph numbered 65, write your translation in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

61. The output value in the first quarter is ten percent over that of the same period last year.

- A) 今年第一季度的产值比去年同期增长百分之十。
- B) 今年第一季度的产值超过去年百分之十。
- C) 今年第一季度的出口额比去年同期增长百分之十。
- D) 今年第一季度的出口额超过去年百分之十。

62. What you see and hear depends greatly on where you are standing and also on what sort of person you are.

- A) 你所听到和看到的主要取决于你所处的位置以及你是哪个民族的人。
- B) 你所听到和看到的主要取决于你所处的位置以及你属于哪一类的人。
- C) 你所听到和看到的主要取决于你所在的方向以及你的种类。
- D) 你所听到和看到的主要取决于你的标准以及你属于哪一类的人。

63. It is recommended that battery be replaced every 3 years to prevent the chance of malfunctions (发生故障) due to battery leakage.

- A) 推荐三年替换一次电池,以阻止因漏电而发生故障的机会。
- B) 建议每三年取代一次电池,以预防因漏电而引起的故障。
- C) 建议每三年更换一次电池,以预防因漏电而引起的故障。
- D) 推荐三年就拿走电池,以阻止因漏电而发生故障的机会。

64. A child between 2 and 12 years of age is charged at 50% of the adult fare.

- A) 一个2周岁到12周岁的儿童负有成人一半的责任。
- B) 一个2周岁到12周岁的儿童要支付票价的50%。
- C) 已满2周岁未满12周岁的儿童要接受成人一半的管理。
- D) 已满2周岁未满12周岁的儿童按成人票价的50%付费。

65. Identity (身份) Certificate

This is to certify (证明) that Ms. Sally Brown from Canada, aged 40, is a language expert in the employ of our college. She holds a passport issued by Canada and has stayed at Apartment No. 201 of Building 20 of our college. Ms. Sally Brown has registered temporary residence with Xiamen Public Security Bureau since 30 August 1998.

Foreign Affairs Office
Xiamen University

Part V Writing

(25 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write an English letter according to the instructions given below in Chinese. Remember to write it on the corresponding space of the Answer Sheet.

说明: 请根据以下内容,写一封回信。

亲爱的先生:

我外出几天之后于今天上午回到办公室,见到你们为六十年校庆(60th anniversary)所发的邀请,对此向您表示感谢。

我本愿能够接受邀请,但不巧已同几个国外朋友约好会见,他们正好在那天到达,看来我不能如愿以偿了。

这次希望您见谅。我相信今后会有机会见面并结识(make acquaintances with)您的同事。

您忠诚的,
Michael Anderson
2006-05-21

纸
题
答

Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

Section C

11. _____
12. _____
13. _____
14. _____
15. _____

Part II Vocabulary and Structure (15 minutes)

Section B

26. _____

27. _____

28. _____

29. _____

30. _____

31. _____

32. _____

33. _____

34. _____

35. _____

Part III Reading Comprehension (40 minutes)

Task 3

46. _____
47. _____
48. _____
49. _____
50. _____

Task 4

51. _____ 52. _____ 53. _____ 54. _____ 55. _____

Task 5

56. _____
57. _____
58. _____

Part IV Translation—English into Chinese (25 minutes)

59. _____
60. _____

Part V Writing (25 minutes)

- [illegible]

Model Test 3

Part I Listening Comprehension

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken only once. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) New York City.

B) An evening party.

C) An air trip.

D) The man's job.

From the dialogue we learn that the man is to take a flight to New York. Therefore, C) An air trip is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre. Now the test will begin.

1. A) In a store.

B) In a restaurant.

2. A) \$30. B) \$20.

C) \$15.

D) \$12.

3. A) He's willing to read the report.

C) He doesn't want to stop reading.

B) He wants to know where the report is.

D) He doesn't know what to do.

4. A) Practice together.

B) Find out the trouble.

5. A) She's looking for a new job.

B) She'll give up her job in a few days.

C) She'll complain to Miss Green about her job.

D) She can't stay on her present job any longer.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short conversations. There are two recorded conversations in it. After each conversation, there are some recorded questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken two times. When

you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Conversation 1

Questions 6 to 7 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

6. A) A single room without bath and shower. C) A double room without bath and shower.

B) A double room with bath and shower. D) A single room with bath and shower.

7. A) In the hotel.

C) In the restaurant next-door.

B) On the first floor.

D) In his room.

Conversation 2

Questions 8 to 10 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

8. A) In a conference.

C) In a lecture.

B) At a party.

D) In an interview.

9. A) Williams.

C) Tanaka.

B) Sony.

D) Johnson.

10. A) In the sales and marketing department.

C) In IBM.

B) In Sony.

D) In the international section.

Section C

Directions: This section is to test your ability to comprehend short passages. You will hear a recorded passage. After that you will hear five questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should complete the answer to it with a word or a short phrase (in no more than 5 words). The incomplete answers are printed both in your test paper and on the Answer Sheet. You should write your answers on the Answer Sheet correspondingly. Now the passage will begin.

Questions 11 to 15 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. Because she was _____.

12. Because _____.

13. A _____.

14. _____.

15. A sign which said _____.

Part II Vocabulary and Structure

(15 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your ability to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

Section A

Directions: There are 10 incomplete statements here. You are required to complete each one

by deciding on the most appropriate word or words from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

16. The clerk in the shop asked whether they _____.
A) had waited on C) had been waited on
B) were waiting on D) had been waiting on
17. It made him feel _____ to drive his own car.
A) well B) good C) ill D) cold
18. By the end of this century China's total output value will _____.
A) redouble B) redoubled C) have redoubled D) be redoubling
19. The meeting went on the whole day, but the problem remained _____.
A) unsettling B) to settle C) unsettled D) settled.
20. The two-foreigner limit policy means that _____ more than two non-Japanese players on the field.
A) all teams may not put C) not all teams may put
B) any team may not put D) no team may put
21. We'll have to finish the job, _____.
A) long it takes however C) it takes however long
B) long however it takes D) however long it takes
22. Henry Ford, _____ his ability in business and manufacturing, sometimes made mistakes in dealing with people.
A) instead of C) even if D) in spite of
B) because of C) for which D) at which
23. Cells are the smallest units _____ all living things are made up.
A) of which B) into which C) would stop D) stopped
24. It is time the nations of the world _____ manufacturing nuclear weapons.
A) have stopped B) will stop C) had realized D) did realize
25. If I _____ how awful the job was going to be, I wouldn't have accepted it.
A) realized B) was realized

Section B

Directions: There are also 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

26. The experiment (go) _____ on smoothly when suddenly the glass tube burst into pieces.
27. The old lady couldn't do anything except (complain) _____ about something.
28. Thirty minutes (be) _____ more than enough time to finish the translation exercise.
29. Did you have the porter (carry) _____ those bags to my house?
30. The director advises that we (be) _____ on time for the next meeting.
31. Trains (whistle) _____, taxis hooting, porters rushing about shouting at one another, and altogether there was so much noise.
32. The subway is (perfect) _____ safe in the daytime, as long as you know where you are going—up or down, east or west.
33. When he was laid off (下岗), he received many people's (sympathetic) _____ and encouragement.
34. In the case of written translation, it is often (advise) _____ to have important documents translated twice.
35. She usually relies on her husband's judgment. He enjoys her (depend) _____ on him.

Part III Reading Comprehension (40 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

Task 1

Directions: After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) or D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

The energy which the sun radiates goes in every direction, and only a minute part of it falls on the earth. Even so, it represents power of approximately 5,000,000 horsepower per square mile per day; the sun gives us as much energy every minute as mankind utilizes in a year. At present, we use this energy indirectly, and it is our only final source of power. Coal represents the chemical action of the sun on green plants thousands of years ago. Water power results from the sun's creating vapor and subsequent rain. Even windmills operate because of air currents set in motion by the different heating effects of the sun in different places. Someday, through chemistry or some type of solar motors, we shall use this immense source of energy more directly. Already, scientists have worked out a new type of energy, surprisingly efficient, in which the sun's rays are concentrated through mirrors on a tube of water to create steam.

36. The main idea of the passage is that _____.
A) the sun is our ultimate source of energy
B) the tiny part of the sun's energy which we use is used indirectly