新世纪 英语考试大纲 词汇手册丛书

大学英语四级词汇详解手册

王勋 主编

名校大学英语教师的解读 严格依据最新教学大纲 全面注解词汇释义 例句解读重点释义 重点解析核心词汇的惯用法

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内容简介

本书以教育部高等教育司最新颁布的《大学英语课程教学要求(教学大纲)》为依据,共收录了大学英语四级考试大纲词汇 5 000 多个、词组 1 000 多个。

书中词汇皆出自《大学英语课程教学要求(教学大纲)》中的词汇表。根据词汇在考试中的出现形式,将词汇分为听、写所必须掌握的复用词汇和阅读所需掌握的一般词汇。对复用词汇进行比较详细的注释,并给出应用例句,以帮助考生熟练掌握词汇的词义,同时能灵活运用;而对阅读所必须掌握的词汇,则给出词汇的多种注释,同时对较难理解的注释给出了例句,帮助考生从多角度全面理解词汇,以满足阅读考试的要求。对一些重点、常考词汇,给出了其惯用法。对每个词都标有音标,列出动词、名词、形容词和副词的不规则变化,便于学习使用。本书主要读者对象为准备参加大学英语四级考试的考生。

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全国大学英语四、六级考试是由教育部高教司组织的一项大规模标准化考试,其目的是检查和督促大学英语教学大纲的实施,推动英语教学改革,进而提高英语教学质量。大学英语六级考试自1989年9月首次举办,迄今每年参加考试的人数数以百万。

国家考试中心确定,2007年1月全面实施改革后的四级考试,2007年6月全面实施改革后的六级考试。改革后的四、六级考试成绩将采用满分为710分的计分体制,不设及格线;成绩报道方式为考后向每位考生发放成绩报告单,报道内容包括:总分、单项分等。

在考试内容和形式上,四、六级考试将加大听力理解部分的题量和比例,增加快速阅读理解测试,增加非选择性试题的比例。试点阶段的四、六级考试由四部分构成:听力理解、阅读理解、综合测试和写作测试。听力理解部分的比例提高到35%,其中听力对话占15%,听力短文占20%。听力对话部分包括短对话和长对话的听力理解;听力短文部分包括短文听写和选择题型的短文理解;听力题材选用对话、讲座、广播电视节目等更具真实性的材料。阅读理解部分比例调整为35%,其中仔细阅读部分(careful reading)占25%,快速阅读部分(fast reading)占10%。仔细阅读部分除测试篇章阅读理解外,还包括对篇章语境中的词汇理解的测试;快速阅读部分测试各种快速阅读技能。综合测试比例为15%,由两部分构成。第一部分为完型填空或改错,占10%;第二部分为短句问答或翻译,占5%。写作能力测试部分比例为15%,体裁包括议论文、说明文、应用文等。目前,考试大纲四、六级考试各部分测试内容、题型和所占比例如下表所示:

试卷构成	测试内容		測试題型	比例
第一部分: 听力理解	听力对话	短对话	多项选择	35%
		长对话	多项选择	
	听力短文	短文理解	多项选择	
		多项选择	复合式听写	
第二部分: 阅读理解	仔细阅读理解	篇章阅读理解	多项选择	35%
		篇章词汇理解	选词填空	
	快速阅读理解		是非判断 + 句子填空或其他	
第三部分:综合测试	完型填空 或 改错		多项选择	15%
			错误辨认并改正	
	篇章问答 或 句子翻译		简短回答	
			中译英	
第四部分:写作	写作		短文写作	15%

改革后的大学英语四、六级考试更加注重和加强对学生英语综合应用能力特别是听说能力的测试,而词汇的应用能力则是英语综合应用能力的基石。因此,熟练使用英语词汇,特别是教学大纲上要求的词汇,是提高英语综合应用能力的基础,同时也是提高英语应试能力的重中之重。为了帮助准备参加大学英语四级考试的考生更好地理解和掌握教学大纲上所要求的词汇及其用法,引导考生正确地复习应考,我们编写了本书。同时,编写本书的目的还有助于考生加深对改革后大学英语四、六级考试大纲的理解。

与普通的大纲词汇手册不同的是,本书为每个词汇给出了读音、全面释义、重点释义例句等,且所有释义例句皆出自以往的大学英语四、六级考试和硕士研究生英语入学考试·等考试试题,特别是给出了一些易混淆词的惯用法,因而具有较高的针对性和科学性。本书作者大部分是来自英语基础教学与研究第一线的青年教师,是相应教学和科研岗位上的中坚分子,他们中的一些人直接参与了大纲的制定或修订工作,因而本书具有较强的权威性。



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- a/an[ei,ə]/[æn,ən] art. ①(非特指的)—(个) ②(同类事物中的)任何—(个)③每(一)
- abandon [ə'bændən] vt. ①抛弃,遗弃: He abandoned his dog, though it is loyal to him. ②放弃,停止做(某事): In his early days he abandoned medicine for literature. ③离弃: The order was given to abandon the ship.
- ability [ə'biliti] n. ①能力,本领: the ability to speak a foreign language 说一种外语的能力 ②才能,才智: have both ability and moral integrity 德才兼备

to the best of one's ability 尽自己最大的努力

able ['cibl] a. ①有才干的,有能力的: He is old but still quite able. ②显示出才华的: an able portrait 笔法娴熟的肖像画 be able to 能…的,会…的

[惯用法] can 无法构成将来时和完成时,因而常用 shall, will, have to 后接 be able to do sth. 来表示。

在用法上, can 表示会做或能做某事, 而 be able to 则表示不仅能做, 而且能做成某事。如: I could swim, but I wasn't able to save the boy。

- abnormal [æb'nɔ:məl] a. 反常的, 异常的: This is an abnormal phenomenon.
- aboard [ə'bɔ:d] ad./prep. 在船(飞机、车)上, 上船(飞机、车): It's time to go aboard.
- abolish [ə'bəlif] vt. 废除,废止,取消: to abolish the outdated law
- **abortion** [ə'bɔ:ʃən] n. ①流产,堕胎: induced abortion 人工流产 ②(计划等的)失败,夭折: prove an abortion 终于失败
- about [ə'baut] *prep.* ①关于,对于: What is all this about? ②在…周围,在…附近: Have you a

pen about you? **ad.** ①在周围,到处,附近: Don't drop cigarette ashes about. ②大约,差不多,左右: The work is about finished.

be **about** to (do) 即将,马上就

above [ə'bʌv] prep. ①在…上方: The sun rose above the horizon. ②多于,大于: It weighs above five tons. ③高于,优于: The girl's voice rose above the piano's sound. ad. ①在上面,向上,在高处: His room is just above. ②(指书籍文章)上文,前文: as indicated above 如上面所指出a.上面的,上述的: for the above reasons 根据上述的理由 n. 上面,上级: We should rely on our own efforts instead of asking help from above.

above all 首先,尤其

- abroad [ə'brə:d] ad. ①到国外,在国外: Nowadays, many young people want to go abroad. ②到处,广泛:The news quickly spread abroad.
- abrupt [ə'brʌpt] a. ①突然的,意外的: The train came to an abrupt stop, making many passengers fell off their seats. ②(举止、言谈等)粗鲁的,生硬的; an abrupt manner 粗鲁的态度
- absence ['æbsəns] n. ①(from)不在,缺席:Please look after my house during my absence. ②缺乏, 缺少: in the absence of these conditions 在缺乏 这些条件的情况下 ③缺席的时间,外出期:He returned home after an absence of two years.
- absent ['æbsənt] a. ①(from) 不在场的,缺席的: He was absent from the meeting. ②心不在焉的: He was absent in his mind then.
- absolute ['æbsəlu:t] a. ①绝对的,完全的: He is a man of absolute honesty. ②纯粹的,完全的: absolute liberty 完全自由
- **absorb** [əb'sɔːb] **vt.** ①吸收: Sponge absorbs water. ②吸引…的注意,使全神贯注:The TV was

totally absorbing the children's attention. ③把… 并入,同化

be absorbed in 专心于

[惯用法] absorb 作"使专心致志"、"使全神贯注"解时,常用被动语态,后接 in 或 with。

abstract ['æbstrækt] a. ①抽象的: an abstract noun 抽象名词②抽象派的: an abstract artist 抽象派画家 n. ①摘要,文摘,梗概: an abstract of a lecture 讲演的摘要②抽象派艺术作品 vt. [əb'strækt]提取,抽取: to abstract metal from ore 从矿石里提炼金属

in the abstract 在理论上的,抽象的

- absurd [əb'səːd] a. 荒谬的,荒唐的,可笑的: He looks absurd in that hat!
- abundance [ə'bʌndəns] n. 丰富, 充裕, 大量:
 There is a great abundance of sunshine here.
 in abundance 充足,丰富,充裕
- abundant [ə'bʌndənt] a. (in)丰富的,大量的,充 足的: abundant proof 充分的证据
- abuse¹ [ə'bju:z] vt. ①滥用(职权等),妄用: l'll lend you my camera but don't abuse it. ②(常用被动语态)虐待,伤害,辱骂: a much abused wife 备受虐待的妻子
- abuse² [ə'bju:s] n. ①滥用,虐待: an abuse of power 滥用权力 ②辱骂,谩骂: He greeted me with a stream of abuse.
- academic [ˌækə'demik] a. ①学院的,学校的; the academic year 学年 ②学术的; The question is purely academic.
- academy [ə'kædəmi] n. ①高等学校,专科学校: a military academy 军事学院 ②学会,研究院:the Chinese Academy of Sciences 中国科学院
- accelerate [æk'selərcit] vt./vi. (使)加快,(使)加速:to accelerate the growth of crops 加快作物的生长
- acceleration [ækiseləˈreiʃən] n. 加速(度): This bus has good acceleration.

- accent ['æksənt] n. ①口音,腔调:He speaks English with a French accent. ②重音符号③ 重音: In this word the accent is on the second syllable. vt. 重读:accent the second syllable 重读第二个音节
- accept [ək'sept] vt. ①接受, 收受: accept a gift 接 受礼物 ②同意, 承认, 认可: accept the view 同意 这观点
- acceptable [ək'septəbl] a. 可接受的: His proposal is quite acceptable.
- acceptance [ək'septəns] n. ①接受,接纳: The proposal met with general acceptance. ②赞同,承认: The new laws gained widespread acceptance.
- access ['ækses] n. ①通路,人口: access to the mountain 到达山峰的通路 ②接近,进入: We gained access into the house through the window. vt. 存取(电脑文件): He accessed the data from his personal computer.

have/gain access to 有机会,可以获得

- accessory [æk'sesəri] n. ①(常用复数)附件,零件,配件:computer accessories 电脑配件 ②同谋者,从犯:an accessory to murder 谋杀案的从犯③(常用复数)(妇女的手提包等)装饰品:fashion accessories 时装饰品
- accident ['æksidənt] n. 事故,意外的事,偶然的事;He was killed in a motoring accident.
 by accident 偶然
- accidental [æksi'dentl] a. 偶然的, 意外的: It is by no means accidental.
- accommodate [ə'kəmədeit] vt. ①向…提供住处 (膳宿): The hotel can accommodate 500 guests. ②使适应,顺应:accommodate oneself to changed conditions 使自己适应变化的情况 ③容纳:This elevator accommodates twelve people.
- accommodation [əˌkəmə'deifən] n. ①(用复数) (膳宿)供应: This hospital has accommodations for 300 patients. ② (用复数)留宿,住宿: top quality hotel accommodation 一流的旅馆住宿

条件

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni] vt. ①陪伴,陪同: accompany a guest to the door 送客到门口 ②伴随,和…—起发生: The storm was accompanied with thunder.

[惯用法] 表示"陪某人去学校"时,不能用accompany sb. to go to school,因 accompany 本身已包含 go with sb. 的意思,to go 应去掉,但可以用accompany sb. to go with。汉语中"与某人作伴"应用 keep sb. accompany。

accomplish [ə'kəmplif] vt. 完成(任务),实现(计划、诺言等),达到(目的): We can not accomplish this on our own.

accord [ə'kɔ:d] vt./vi. ①(with)—致,符合: Your words should accord with your deeds. ②给 予,授予: They accorded a warm welcome to me. n. ①—致,符合②谅解,协议:peace accord 和平 条约

in accord with 与…一致
of one's own accord 出于自愿,主动地
with one accord 一致地,一致同意地

accordance [ə'kɔ:dəns] n. 一致,和谐,符合 in accordance with 与…一致,依照,根据 according to 按…所载,据…所说;根据,按照

accordingly [ə'kɔːdiŋli] ad. ①因此,所以,于是:
He was tired out, accordingly, we sent him to
bed. ②照着,相应地: You told me to lock the
door and I acted accordingly.

account [ə'kaunt] n. ①账目,账户: cast accounts 算账 ②记述,描述,报告: When you return, please give an account of your trip. ③说明,解释: No satisfactory account was given of these phenomena. vi. (for)说明,解释: He could not account for the mistake.

of no account 不重要 on account of 为了…的缘故,因为,由于 on no account of 决不,绝对不

take account of 考虑到, 顾及, 体谅 take into account = take account of

accountant [əˈkauntənt] **n.** 会计人员,会计师: a chartered accountant 会计师

accumulate [ɔ'kju:mjuleit] vt. /vi. 积累,积蓄,堆积,积聚: Dust soon accumulates if a house is not cleaned regularly.

accuracy ['ækjurəsi] n. 准确(性),精确度(性):
I wasn't convinced about the accuracy of the report.

accurate ['ækjurit] a. 准确的,精确的,正确无误的: Your statements about the cost of the house were not accurate.

accurately ['ækjuritli] ad. 准确地,精确地:report the situation accurately 如实地反映情况

accuse [ə'kju:z] vt. ①谴责,指责: accuse sb. of carelessness 指责某人粗心大意 ②(of)控告,告发: He accused Bill of hitting his cat.

accustom [ə'kʌstəm] vt. (to)适应,使习惯: accustom oneself to country life 使自己适应乡村生活

accustomed [ə'kʌstəmd] a. ①惯常的,通常的 ②(to)习惯于…的,适应了的: I soon got accustomed to his strange ways.

ache[eik] n. 疼痛,酸痛 vi. 疼痛,酸痛

achieve [ə'tfi:v] vt. ①完成,达到(目的): By hard work we can achieve anything. ②得到,达到: achieve one's purpose 达到目的

achievement [ə'tʃi:vmənt] n. ①完成,达到(目的),实现: the achievement of one's object 达到目的②成就,成绩,成功:The inventor was rewarded by the government for his scientific achievements.

acid ['æsid] a. ①酸的: A lemon is an acid fruit. ②尖刻的,刻薄的: His remarks were rather acid. n. ①酸: Strong acid corrodes metal. ②酸性物质 acknowledge [ək'nɔlidʒ] vt. ①承认,承认…的权 威(主张): acknowledge defeat 承认失败 ②公认

为,认为: He was acknowledged as their leader. ③致谢,鸣谢:We should acknowledge his services to the town. ④告知收到,确认: We must acknowledge his letter.

acquaint [ə'kweint] vt. (with) 认识,相识,了 解: I am acquainted with him, but only on a professional basis.

acquaintance [ə'kweintəns] n. ①(with)熟悉,熟 知,相识,了解:a little acquaintance with English 稍微会一点英语 ②熟人,相识的人: He is an old acquaintance.

acquire [əˈkwaiə] vt. 取得,求得,获得,学得: He acquired an appreciation of classical music.

acquisition [akwi'zifən] n. ①取得,获得: Some people are only interested in the acquisition of wealth. ②获得物,增添的人(物); the library's most recent acquisitions 图书馆最近增添的书籍 acre ['eikə] n. 英亩(约合 0.4 公顷)

across [əˈkrɔs] prep. ①穿过,越过,横越: They built a bridge across the river. ②在…对面,在… 那边: My house is across the street. ad. ①有… 宽:The river is a mile across. ②从一边到另一 边,横过: Can you swim across?

act [ækt] vt. /vi. ①行动,做: Think carefully before you act. ②(on)起…作用: The brakes refused to act. ③表演,扮演: He acted Sampson very well. n. ①行为,动作: an act of justice 正义 行为 ②法令,条例 ③(戏剧的)一幕:a play in three acts 三幕剧

act on 遵守…行动,奉行;作用于,影响 act up 出毛病,运转不正常;耍脾气,捣蛋 in the act of 正在…的过程中

action [ˈækʃən] n. ①行动,动作: The continuous action of the sewing machine shook the table. ②作用:It resists the action of acids.

out of action 不起作用

activate ['æktiveit] w. 使活动起来,使开始起作 用: The smoke activated the fire alarm.

a. ①活跃的,活泼的,积极的; active ['æktiv] His personal life is very active. ②主动的,起作用 的:an active volcano 活火山

actively ['æktivli] ad. 活跃地,积极地: actively expand production 努力发展生产

activity [æk'tiviti] n. ①活动,所做的事情: practical activities 实践活动 ②活跃,活力,活动性: be in activity (火山等)在活动中

actor[ˈæktə] n. 男演员 a screen actor 影视演员

actress['æktris] n. 女演员

actual ['ækt juəl , 'ækt fuəl]

a. 现实的,实际的, 事实上的: Is this vase an actual antique or a copy?

acute [ə'kjuːt] a. ①严重的: an acute shortage of water 严重缺水 ②敏锐的: Dogs have an acute sense of smell. ③锐的,尖的 ④(疾病)急性的: Dogs have very acute hearing.

adapt [əˈdæpt] vt. ①使适应,使适合 ②改编,改 写:The novel has been adapted for radio. vi. (to) 适应: He adapted quickly to the new procedures.

adaptation [ˈædæpˈteiʃən] n. ①适应: adaptation to the ground 适应地形 ②改编: The movie was an adaptation of a classic novel.

vt. ①添加,增加: Three added to four add [æd] makes seven. ②进一步说(写),附带说明: I'll add a few words when you finish the letter. vi. (to) 增添: Fireworks added to the attraction of the festival night.

add up 加起来;说得诵

add up to 合计达,总括起来,意味着

addict¹ [ə'dikt] vt. 使成瘾,热衷于: He is addicted to alcohol.

addict² [ˈædikt] n. ①有瘾的人 ②人迷的人: John is an addict when it comes to cigarettes.

addition [ə'diʃən] n. (增)加,加法,附加物: valuable additions to the library 图书馆中新添的有 价值的书刊

in addition 另外,加之 in addition to 除…之外(环)

additional [ə'diʃənl] a. 附加的,额外的,另外的: An additional charge is made for heavy bags.

address [ə'dres] n. ①通讯处,地址: He wrote wrong address on the envelope. ②致词,讲话:The headmaster gave a short address to the boys. vt. ①向…致词(说话):address to the meeting 向大会演讲②(在信封或包裹等上)写姓名地址: The letter was wrongly addressed to our old home.

adequate ['ædikwit] a. ① 充足的,足够的: What you have given us is not adequate, you must find more. ②适当的,胜任的: take adequate precautions 采取适当的预防措施

adhere [əd'hiə] vi. ①(to)粘着,附着: We use paste to make one surface adhere to another. ②(to)忠于,拥护: adhere to a political party 拥护一个政党 ③(to)坚持,坚信: We should always adhere to the truth.

adjacent [ə'dʒeisənt] a. (to) 邻近的,毗邻的: Their house is adjacent to ours.

adjoin [ə'dʒɔin] vt. /vi. 贴近, 与…毗连: The playground adjoins the school.

adjust [ə'dʒʌst] vt. ①(to)调整,调节: The boy adjusted the TV to get a clearer picture. ②整理,使合适: She carefully adjusted her clothes before going out.

administer [ədˈministə] vt. ①管理,照料: The personnel director administers the attendance policy. ②给予,实施: administer medicine to the patient 给病人服药

administration [ədˌminis'treifən] n. ①管理,经营,支配:under his administration 在他的管理下②管理部门,行政机关,政府:the college administration 大学行政部门 ③实行,执行:the administration of the law 执行法律

admiration [ˌædməˈreifən] n. 赞美, 羡慕, 钦佩:
The Nanjing Yangtse River Bridge is the admira-

tion of us all.

admire [əd'maiə] vt. ①钦佩,赞赏,羡慕: I admire him for his success in business. ②称赞,夸奖: I have always admired my mother's charm.

[惯用法] admire 可用在讥讽的语句中作反语。 该词后面可接名词、代词或动名词,但不能接 that 引导的从句。

admission [əd'miʃən] n. ①准许进入,准许加入:
No admission after 5 p. m. ②承认,供认: She
made an admission that she had lied. ③人场费,
人场券: Admission \$10.

admit [əd'mit] vt. /vi. ①准许…进来,准许…加入: He was admitted into the school. ②(to)承认,供认: The club was sued for refusing to admit minorities. ③(of)容许有: The matter admits of no delay.

adolescence [,ædəu'lesns]n. 青春期,青春adolescent [,ædəu'lesnt]a. 青少年的,青春期的:adolescent boys 青春期的男孩子 n. 青少年

adopt [ə'dɔpt] vt. /vi. ①采用,采纳,采取; adopt an idea 采纳意见 ②正式通过,批准; The committee adopted the report. ③收养(子女); an adopted son 养子

adore [ə'dɔ:] vt. ①崇拜,敬慕,爱慕: Grandpa adored Grandma from the day they first met. ②非 常喜爱: adore ice cream 喜欢冰淇淋

adult ['ædʌlt] a. 已成熟的,成年人的: adult vote 成人票 n. 成年人(动物): The movie is suitable for adults only.

advance [əd'vɑ:ns] vi. ①前进 ②取得进展: Has civilization advanced during this century? ③(价格等)上涨: Prices have advanced 5 percent during the past year. ④促进,推进,助长: advance the growth of wheat 促进小麦生长 vi. ①预先发放,预先支付: He asked his employer to advance him a month's salary. ②提前,使提前发生 ③提出(建议等): Tom advanced his idea at the beginning of

the meeting. n. ①前进,进展,发展: make an advance in science 科学上取得进步 ②预付;提前: He asked for an advance on his salary.

in advance 在前面;预先,事先

- advanced [əd'vɑ:nst] a. ①超前的,先进的: advanced experience 先进经验 ②高等的,高级的 ③年迈的,后阶段的: She died at an advanced age.
- advantage [ədˈvɑːntidʒ] n. ①优点,有利条件,有利因素: The advantages of a good education are great. ②利益,好处: What are the advantages of air travel?

gain/have an advantage over 胜于,优于 take advantage of 利用,占…便宜 to advantage 有利地,使优点突出地

- adventure [əd'ventʃə] n. ①奇遇,异乎寻常的经历:I had a singular adventure. ②冒险,冒险活动:a story of adventure 历险故事
- adverse ['ædvə:s] a. ①不利的,有害的: The adverse weather conditions made travel difficult. ②相反的,逆的: adverse winds 逆风
- advertise ['ædvətaiz] vt. ①为…做广告,宣传: advertise a job 登一则招聘广告 ②(在报刊、电视、广播等中)公告,公布: The time and place of the meeting will be advertised later.
- advice [əd'vais] n. ①忠告,劝告,意见: I want your advice on this work. ②(医生等)的建议: You won't get well unless you follow your doctor's advice.
- advisable [əd'vaizəbl] a. 适当的,明智的,可取的: It is advisable to save part of your paycheck each month.

[惯用法] 在"It is advisable that..."结构中, that 从句中的谓语动词要用虚拟语气。

advise [əd'vaiz] vt. ①劝告,建议,向…提供意见: We advise that steps be taken at once. ②通知,告知: I have advised her that we are coming.

- [惯用法] advise 可接动名词作宾语或"名词 (代词)+不定式"作复合宾语,不能接不定式 作宾语。该词表示"劝告"、"建议"时,可用 that 从句作宾语,从句中的谓语动词要用虚拟语气。
- advocate ['ædvəkit] n. ①倡导者,拥护者: an advocate of world peace 世界和平的倡导者 ②辩护人 vt. ['ædvəkeit]拥护,提倡,主张: He does not advocate building large factories.
- aerial ['səriəl] n. 天线: Put up the car's aerial.
 a. ①空中的,架空的: an aerial railway 架空铁道
 ②飞机的,航空的,由飞机进行的: an aerial attack 空袭
- aerospace ['ɛərəuspeis] n. 宇宙空间,太空,宇宙空间学
- aesthetic, esthetic [i:s'θetik] a. ①美学的,美感的,美的: I added an aesthetic touch to the living room with silk flowers. ②审美的,有审美能力的: aesthetic standards 审美观
- affair [əˈfɛə] n. ①事情,事件: a public affair 件公事②(用复数)业务,事务: The minister deals with important affairs of state.
- affect [əˈfekt] vt. 影响: Smoking affects health.
- affection [ə'fekfən] n. 喜爱,慈爱,感情,爱慕之情: have an affection for sb. 喜欢某人
- affiliate [ə'filieit] vt. /vi. ①(使…)加入,联合: an affiliated middle school 附属中学 ②(to, with) 使隶属(附属)于: We chose not to affiliate with our competitors. n. 附属机构,分公司
- affirm [ə'fə:m] vt. ①坚持声称,断言: She affirmed her innocence. ②(在法庭上)证实,确认:
 He was affirmed as a candidate.
- affirmative [ə'fə:mətiv] a. 肯定的: an affirmative sentence 肯定句
- afflict [əˈflikt] vt. 使苦恼,折磨; be afflicted with a disease 害病
- afford [ə'fɔ:d] vt. ①(与 can, could, be able to 连用)买得起,担负得起; We can't afford the waste

of a single minute. ②提供,给予: History affords us lessons that merit attention.

afraid [əˈfreid] a. ①恐惧的,害怕的: A postman is not afraid of dogs. ② 恐怕: I'm afraid I am late.

[惯用法] afraid 后可接不定式、介词 of 引起的短语或以 that (lest) 引起的从句。 afraid to do sth. 表示"因害怕而不敢做某事"; afraid of sth. (doing sth.)表示"害怕某事或害怕做某事"; afraid that(lest)表示"担心…"、"恐怕会…"。

after ['a:ftə] prep. (表示时间)在…以后,(表示位置顺序)在…后面:We shall leave after breakfast. ad. ①后来,以后:He left on Monday and returned two days after. ②后面: look before and after 向前看再向后看 conj. 在…后: After the work was done, we sat down to sum up experience.

[惯用法]表示位置时,常用 behind。

afternoon ['a:ftə'nu:n] n. 下午,午后

[惯用法] this afternoon 等短语作状语时,前面不用 in 或 on。

- afterward(s)['a:ftəwəd(z)] ad. 其后,以后,后来:She stayed for a while afterwards.
- again [ə'gen, ə'gein] ad. ①再(次), 义, 重新: Let me try once again. ②此外,还有: Then again, we must consider the other aspects of the problem. again and again 再三地,反复不止地
- against [ə'genst, ə'geinst] *prep*. ①对(着),相反, 逆: No one is against this proposal. ②和…比: Red flags stand out brightly against the blue sky. ③靠着,倚着:Place the ladder against the wall.
- age [cid3] n. ①年龄,年纪: They two are of an age. ②时代,时期 vi. /vt. ①变老,老化:An unusual amount of wear aged the door hinges prema-

turely. ②成熟,变陈旧

- **agency** ['eidʒənsi] **n.** ①代理行,代办处,经销店: an employment agency 职业介绍所 ②(政府等的)专业行政部门:the Central Intelligence Agency 中央情报局
- agenda [ə'dʒendə] n. 议事日程: Now let's come to the next item on the agenda.
- agent ['eidʒənt] n. D代理人,代理商,经纪人: a shipping agent 运货代理商②政府特工人员,政府代表③(发生作用或影响的)动因,力量: a natural agent 自然力(如风、水等)④剂: drying agent 干燥剂
- aggravate ['ægrəveit] vt. ①加剧,加重,使恶化:
 Tom aggravated his financial difficulties by spending more money than he made. ②激怒,使恼火:
 She was aggravated by his stupid questions.
- aggregate [ˈægrigit] n. ①总数,合计: Society is not just an aggregate of individuals. ②集结,集合 vt. [ˈægrigeit]①合计达,总计: The TV audience aggregated 50 million. ②使聚集,使积累 in the aggregate 总共,作为总体
- aggressive [a'gresiv] a. ①进攻的,侵略的,侵犯的: an aggressive policy 侵略政策②敢作敢为的,有进取心的:The young man is rather aggressive.
- **ago**[əˈɡəu] *ad.* (常和一般过去时的动词连用) 以前,以往,…前
- agony ['ægəni] n. 创痛、(极度的)痛苦: He lay in agony until the doctor arrived.
- agree [ə'gri:] vi./vt. ①(to)同意、(on)赞同: I agree with what you say. ② 相符,一致: The two don't agree at all, we have to do more ideological work with them. ③应允: He agreed to help us...

[惯用法] 1. agree 后的 that 从句可用或不用虚拟语气。2. agree with 表示同意某人(的意见、想法、解释等); agree on(about)表示在某件事上取得一致意见; agree to 表示同意某事或某项建议,有时表示不但同意而且愿意协力合作。

agreeable [ə'griəbl] a. ①令人愉快的, 惬意的: agreeable weather 舒适的天气②易相处的③(to)(欣然)同意的, 乐意的: I am agreeable to do what you suggest.

agreement [ə'gri:mənt] n. ①同意, 达成协议: We are in agreement on that point. ②协定,协议, 契约:sign an agreement 签订协议

agricultural [ˌægri'kʌltʃərəl] a. 农业的: agricultural economy 农业经济

agriculture [ˈægrikʌltʃə] n. 农业,农学: the modernization of agriculture 农业现代化

ahead [ə'hed] ad. 向前,在前,提前,前头: He will get ahead of others in English.

ahead of 比…提前,比…更早

aid [eid] vt. 帮助,援助,救援; aid him in his work 在工作中助他一臂之力 n. ①帮助,救护; He went to the aid of the hurt man. ② 助手,辅助物,辅助手段: A dictionary is an important aid in language learning.

aim [eim] vt. /vi. ①(at)(以枪等)瞄准,把…对准: The archer aimed the arrow at the target. ②(for)旨在,目的在于: What are you aiming at? n. ①瞄准,对准②目的,目标,意图: What is your aim in life?

[惯用法] 1. aim 通常与 at 连用。如果着重指 达到最终目的,而不强调所做的努力,可用 for。 2. aim at 可用被动语态, aim for 不能。3. aim to do sth. 表示"打算做某事",常用于美国英语中。

air [ɛə] n. ①空气,大气: fresh air 新鲜空气②天空,空中: the open air 露天,户外 vt. ①晾(干): Grain must be aired in the sun. ②使(房间等)通风: Let's open the windows and air this smoky room.

air one's view 道出自己的看法 air-conditioning 空调设备,空调系统 clear the air 消除误会(或猜疑等) in the air 流传中 off the **air** 停播

on the air 广播

up in the air 悬而未决的

aircraft ['eəkro:ft] n. (单复数同形)飞机,航空器

airline [ˈɛəlain] n. ①(用复数)航空公司: United Airlines 联合航空公司 ②(飞机的)航线

airmail ['ɛəmeil] n. 航空邮件,航空邮政: I sent the letter by airmail.

airplane['səplein] n. 飞机

airport['eəpɔ:t] n. 航空站, 航空港: Beijing International Airport 北京国际机场

aisle [ail] n. 过道,通道: the aisle seats 靠走廊 的座位

alarm [ə'lu:m] n. ①警报,警报器,警铃: air alarm 空袭警报 ②惊慌,忧虑: This news fills me with alarm. vt. ①向…报警 ②使惊恐,使不安,惊吓: There's nothing to get alarmed about.

album [ˈælbəm] **n.** 粘贴簿,相片簿,集邮簿,签 名纪念册; a photo album 相片簿

alcohol ['ælkəhɔl] n. 酒精,含酒精的饮料: He does not touch alcohol.

alert [ə'lə:t] a. ①注意的,警惕的,留神的: be alert to possible dangers 对可能发生的危险有警觉②机灵的,活跃的: She's old but still very alert. n. ①警戒(状态),警戒(期间)②警报 vt. 使警觉,使…处于待命状态: The troops were alerted.

on the alert 警戒着,随时准备着,密切注意着

alien ['eiljən] a. ①外国的,陌生的: Rabbits are really alien creatures in Australia. ②(to)与…不同的,相异的③性质不同的,不相容的 n. ①外国人,外侨 ②外星人

alienate ['eiljəneit] vt. ①使疏远,使不友好,离间: The comedian alienated his audience by making mean jokes that weren't funny. ②转让(财产): alienate lands to another 把土地转让给别人

alike [ə'laik] a. (常作表语)相似的,相像的,相 同的:The two sisters are very much alike.

alive [ə'laiv] a. (常作表语)①活着的,在世的: She is still alive. ②(继续)存在的,在起作用的: Ancient traditions are still very much alive in rural areas.

all [o:1] a. 所有的,整个的,全部的: all the year 全年 pron. 每个人,全体,全部,一切 ad. (加强 语气)①全体,全部,完全: I am all for adopting the new technique. ②更加,越发,很:Well I know htat there's danger ahead, but I am all the more set on driving forward.

above all 首先,尤其,最重要的是

after all 毕竟,终究;虽然这样

all but 几乎,差不多;除了…都

all in all 从各方面说,总的说来

all out 全力以赴,竭尽全力

all over 到处,四处,遍及

all right 行,很好;顺利,良好

at all (用于否定句)完全不,根本不

for all 尽管,虽然

in all 总共,总计

not at all 一点儿也不

allege [ə'ledʒ] vt. 断言,宣称,声称: The report alleged that the prominent lawyer was caught shoplifting.

alleviate [ə'li:vicit] vt. 减轻(痛苦等),缓解,缓和:The doctor gave her an injection to alleviate the pain.

alliance [ə'laiəns] n. 结盟,联盟,同盟: The two countries formed an alliance to protect themselves against enemies.

in alliance with 与…结盟

allied [ə'laid] a. 联合的,同盟的: allied country 盟国

allocate [ˈæləkeit] vt. 分配,分派,把…拨给: The government allocated funds to aid flood victims.

allow [ə'lau] vt. ①允许,准许,容许: Smoking is

not allowed here. ②认为,承认: The whole group allows him to be a good comrade. **allow** for 考虑到,顾及,为…留出余地

allow of 容许,容许有…的可能

allowance [ə'lauəns] n. ①津贴,补助,零用钱:
Most people who travel in the course of their work
are given traveling allowances. ②宽容,体谅: You
must make allowances for him because he has been
ill.

make **allowance**(s) for 考虑到,顾及;体谅,原谅 **alloy** ['ælɔi, ə'lɔi] n. 合金

ally [ə'lai, 'ælai] wt. (with, to)(使)结盟,(使)联姻,(使)联合: The U. S. S. R. allied itself with the United States during World War II. n. ①同盟国,同盟者: In that war the United Kingdom was not an ally, she was neutral. ②支持者

almost ['ɔ:lməust] ad. 几乎,差不多: Almost no one took any rest.

[惯用法] 1. almost 用于肯定句,要放在实义动词前,系动词、助动词后,不能放在句末。在否定句中,almost 要放在否定式动词前。2. almost 后可接 no, none, nothing 或 never 等具有否定意义的词。

alone [o'lloun] a. ①(只作表语,不用在名词前)单独的,孤独的: I was lonely because I was all alone. ②单单,仅,只: You can't live on bread alone. ad. ①单独地,孤独地: He likes living alone. ②(用在名词或代词后)独个儿,仅仅: leave/let alone 听其自然,不要去管

along [ə'ləŋ] ad. ①向前地,往前: Move along, please! ②一道,一起: We traveled along with his two friends. prep. 沿着,循着: We went for a walk along the road.

all along 始终,一直

along with 和…—道、和…—起

alongside [ə'ləŋ'said] ad. 横靠着,并排地,并肩地:We brought our car alongside. prep. 横靠,

- 在…旁边:The car drew up alongside the curb.
- aloud[əˈlaud] ad. 出声地,大声地
- alphabet [ˈælfəbit] n. 字母表
- already [ɔ:l'redi] ad. 已,已经,早已; They continued working, thought it was already near midnight.
- also ['ɔːlsəu] ad. ①而且(也),此外(还): That dress is pretty, and cheap also. ②同样地: Since you are having another cup of tea. I'll also have one.
- alter ['o:ltə] vt. /vi. 改变,改动,变更: Dad altered his old pants because they didn't fit any more.
- alteration [ˌoːltəˈreiʃən] n. 改变,变更: make alterations to a dress 修改衣服
- alternate¹ [ɔ:l'tə:nit] a. ①交替的,轮流的: He and I go to the spare-time school on alternate days. ②间隔的: He works alternate days.
- alternate² ['ɔːltəːneit] vt./vi. (使)交替, (使)轮流: The weather alternates between sunshine and rain.
- alternative [5:1/tə:nətiv] a. 二者选一的,供选择的: I have an alternative plan in case it rains during the picnic. n. 可供选择的事物,抉择对象,替换物
- although [ɔːl'ðəu] conj. 尽管,虽然: He didn't light the fire although it was cold.
- altitude ['æltitju:d] n. ①(尤其指海拔)高度: What is the altitude of this village? ②高处,高地: from a high altitude 从高处
- altogether [10:ltə'geðə] ad. ①完全地,全然: He felt not altogether satisfied. ②总之,总的来说:
 Altogether the teacher is satisfied.
- aluminium [ˌæljuˈminjəm] n. 铝
- always ['ɔːlwəz, 'ɔːlweiz] ad. ①始终,永远: Be always loyal to the Party and the people. ②总是,一直:The sun always rises in the east.
- amateur [ˈæmətəː] n. ①业余爱好者,业余运动

- 5. For an amateur, he was quite a good photographer. ②外行 a. ①业余的 ②外行的: We made an amateur job of painting the house.
- amaze [əˈmeiz] vt. (at)使大为惊奇,使惊愕:She was amazed at the news.
- **amazing** [əˈmeizin] **a.** 令人惊异的: move with amazing speed 以惊人的速度移动
- **ambassador** [æm'bæsədə] *n.* 大使,使节,派驻国际组织的代表: the British Ambassador to Greece英国驻希腊大使
- **ambiguous** [æm'bigjuəs] **a.** ①含糊不清的,引起歧义的,模棱两可的: Poor grammar can lead to ambiguous sentences. ②不确定的,不清楚的
- ambition [æm'biʃən] n. ①雄心, 野心, 抱负:
 He's a man of great ambitions. ②期望得到的东西
- ambitious [æm/biʃəs] a. 有雄心的,有野心的:
 The ambitious lawyer worked 18 hours every day.
- ambulance [ˈæmbjuləns] n. 救护车, 救护船, 救护飞机
- amend [ə'mend] vt. ①修改,改正: amend a law 修改法律 ②改好,改进: amend one's ways 改过自新
- amid [ə'mid] prep. 在…中,在…当中: Amid all the rush and confusion she forget to say goodbye.
- ammunition [æmju'nifən] n. 军火, 弹药
- among(st)[əˈmʌŋ(st)] prep. (一般指在三者或三者以上)在…之中,在…中间: Shanghai is among the largest cities in the world.
- amount [ə'maunt] vi. ①(to)合计,总计,总计达:
 The cost of the two items amounts to 1,000 pounds. ②(在意义、价值等方面)等于,接近:
 Her answer amounts to a refusal. n. 总额,数量:a large amount of coal 大量的煤炭
- ampere ['æmpεə] n. (电流单位)安培; an ampere meter 电流表
- ample ['æmpl] a. ①足够的,充分的: an ample basket of fruit 满满一篮水果 ②宽敞的,面积大

的:ample space 宽敞的空间

amplifier [ˈæmplifaiə] n. 放大器,扩音机

amplify ['æmplifai] w. ①引申,详述: He amplified his statement. ②放大(声音等),增强: Can you amplify the sound so we can hear it better?

amuse [ə'mju:z] vt. ①给…提供娱乐(消遣): He amuses himself by reading. ②使愉快,逗乐,逗笑:His story amused everyone.

amusement [əˈmju:zmənt] n. ①消遣,娱乐: He shook his head in amusement. ②文娱活动: There are not many amusements in this town.

amusing [əˈmjuːzin] **a.** 引起乐趣的,逗人笑的: The story is amusing.

analogy [ə'nælədʒi] n.①(with)类似,相似:trace an analogy between the two 发现两者之间有相似之处②比拟,类推,类比:draw an analogy between the heart and pump 把人的心脏比作打气筒

by analogy 用类推的方法

analysis [ə'næləsis] n. 分析,分析报告: Good analysis is important in all problem solving.

analytic(al)[ˌænə'litik(əl)] a. 分析的,分析法的: She has a very analytic(al) mind.

analyze, analyse[ˈænəlaiz] vt. 分析,细查,细察: analyse the causes of success and failure 分析成功 和失败的原因

ancestor ['ænsistə] n. ①祖先,祖宗: My ancestors came from Chinese. ②原型,先驱: the ancestor of modern computer 现代计算机的雏形

anchor ['æŋkə] n. ①锚,锚状物: We dropped the anchor a few yards offshore. ②给人安全感之物(人)vt./vi. ①抛锚,停泊: We anchored the boat near the shore. ②把…系住,使固定: anchor papers on the desk with a paperweight 用镇纸压住桌上的文件

ancient ['einfənt] a. ①古代的: ancient civilizations 古代文明 ②年老的,古老的: an ancient city 一座古城

and [ænd, ənd] **conj**. ①(表示并列或对称关系, 用来连接词、短语或句子)和,与,同,而且 ②那么

angel ['eindʒəl] n. ①天使 ②安琪儿,可爱的人anger ['æŋgə] n. 怒,愤怒: speak in anger 气冲冲地说话 vs. 使生气,激怒: The little boy's mischief angered his parents.

angle [ˈængl] n. ①角,角度; a dead angle of fire 射击死角 ②观点,立场: Try looking at the affair from a different angle. vt. ①把…放置成一个角度 ②使(新闻、报道等)带上倾向性; angle the news 带着偏见报道新闻

angle for 谋取,猎取

angry ['æŋgri] a.① (with, about) 愤怒的,生气的: be angry at sth. 因某事而生气②(风雨等) 狂暴的; angry winds 狂风

animal ['æniməl] n. 动物,牲畜,畜

ankle ['æŋkl] n. 踝,踝关节;ankle socks 短袜 anniversary [ˌæni'və:səri] n. 周年纪念(日);the fiftieth wedding anniversary 结婚 50 周年纪念

announce [ə'nauns] vt. ①宣告,宣布: The news was announced by Radio Beijing. ②声称 ③预告, 预示: Gathering clouds announced the oncoming storm.

announcer [ə'naunsə] n. 宣告者,广播员,报幕员 annoy [ə'nɔi] vt. ①使烦恼,使恼怒: He was annoyed to learn that he would not be able to catch the train. ②干扰,打扰: The mosquitoes annoyed me so much I could not sleep.

[惯用法] be annoyed 后可接 by, with, about, at 等介词。by 表示烦恼或生气的原因; with 表示生气的对象; about 或 at 均表示对某事感到烦恼。

annual ['ænjuəl] a. 每年的,年度的,一年一次的: an annual report 年度报告 n. 年刊,年鉴annually ['ænjuəli] ad. 每年地,年年