



考研英语红宝书系列
主编 王建华

考研英语 词汇全解

一本书+30天=6000词+考点

改“背”单词为“联记”单词

核心词、经典考题、必备超纲词



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考研英语红宝书系列

考研英语词汇全解

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前言

长期以来,有许多考生记忆单词的数量不少,却很难在考试中夺得高分,本书旨在帮助你解决这一问题。记最常用的词,学最实用的词,考最理想的分。

本书以最新的《研究生入学考试英语考试大纲》为依据,参照大学英语四、六级考试大纲,精心编写而成。

全书分为六个部分:第一部分,考研核心词汇中四级词;第二部分,考研核心词汇中六级词;第三部分,考研核心词汇中基础词;第四部分,考研核心词汇中较难词;第五部分,考研必备超纲词系统归类;第六部分,十年真题超纲词再现。

每部分按字母顺序排列单词,根据不同情况提供每个单词的[词义]、[同义]、[反义]、[辨析]、[词组]、[典型考题]、[试题分析]、[真题实例]、[派生]等项。

本书的优势是:

1. 全面:汇集考研大纲的全部词汇,而且提供每个词的全部信息,提供了考研单词一个全面的考点链,使考生一册在手,考研单词一网打尽,不仅仅记住每个单词,而且一些单词在考试中将如何出现也为读者所掌握。

2. 新颖:无论是按部分归类的方法,还是各单词下属栏目和解析都能使考生从简单的“背”单词中解放出来,真正做到“学”单词和会“用”单词。

3. 实用:不仅适合考研学生,对四、六级考生也完全适用,更是一部考生能够当词典使用的单词全解。

本书由长期从事考研辅导的一线专家精心编写而成,必将引您步入考研英语单词记忆的轻松境地,您只须仔细研学一遍,定能过目不忘,而且直接在考试中发挥您单词储量的优势,夺得高分。

编者

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第一部分 考研核心词汇中四级词

A

abandon [ə'bændən] *v.*

[词义] ①放弃: She ~ed the estates when she inherited them. 她在继承遗产时把它们全部放弃了。

②抛弃: ~ one's child (wife) 遗弃孩子(妻子)/ ~ one's obligation 推卸责任

[同义] desert, leave, quit, drop, for-sake, discard

[辨析] abandon, desert, discard

① abandon 意为“放弃, 遗弃”(leave completely and forever). The sailors abandoned the sinking ship.

②desert 是指违背允诺、誓言或责任; 背叛, 失去, 离去。Her husband deserted her years ago. / All his courage deserted him.

③discard 强调抛弃、丢弃无用的事物或永远放弃某个信念。Read the manufacturer's guidelines before discarding the box.

[反义] maintain, retain

[词组] ~ oneself 放纵; 使沉溺于: The lost child ~ed himself to despair. 迷路的孩子陷入了绝望。/ He ~ed himself to the beautiful landscape. 他沉浸在美丽的景色之中。

[典型考题] The girl had to _____ her journey because of her mother's illness.

A. leave

B. desert

C. abandon

D. quit

[试题分析] 答案 C。译文: 这个女孩由于母亲生病, 不得不放弃旅行。本题是近义词辨析题, 四个选项均有离开、背弃、放弃之意, 要求考生用心掌握细微差别和常用词语搭配。leave 是一般用语着重强调“离开”、“遗留下”的意思, 如: leave the lunch at home 指“将午餐留在了家里”。desert 指抛弃、遗弃某人, 此用法与 abandon 相同, 但不用于放弃计划、打算等。quit 指停止、中止或放弃(信仰、行动、工作等)。如: quit smoking 停止吸烟; quit the job 辞职。

[真题实例] A lateral move that hurt my pride and blocked my professional progress prompted me to **abandon** my relatively high profile career. 译文: 一次侧面的人事变动伤害了我的自尊心, 并阻断了我的事业发展, 这促使我放弃自己地位较高的职业。

[派生] ①abandoned [ə'bændənd] *adj.* 被放弃的, 被遗弃的; 无约束的; 狂放的 an ~ child 弃儿/ ~ laughter 纵声大笑

②abandonment [ə'bændənmənt] *n.* 放弃, 遗弃; 放纵 sing in a spirit of utter ~ 引吭高歌

ability [ə'biliti] *n.*

[词义] ①能力, 智能: Many cour-

ses have a primary objective for the development of students' reading and writing ~. 许多课程都把提高学生的读写能力作为主要目标。

②才能,才干: From each according to his abilities, to each according to his work. 各尽所能,按劳分配。

[同义] capacity, capability

[辨析] ability, capacity, capability

①ability 指人们现有的能力、学习能力或技能。如: Tom has the ~ to speak three languages. 汤姆能说三种语言。

②capacity 指容纳能力、容量。如: The premier is a man of immense ~. 那位总理气度很大。/ The hall has a ~ of 5 000 people. 大厅能容纳 5 000 人。

③capability 指实际能力或潜在能力。如: China's nuclear ~ is only for defence purposes. 中国的核能力只以防御为目的。

[反义] inability

[词组] to the best of one's ability 尽自己最大努力: I will carry out your instructions to the best of my ability. ability 只用于 ability to do 的词型中, 用于 n. + to do 句型的名词还有 intent, attempt, capacity, wish, will.

aboard [ə'bo:d]

[词义] ①adv. 上(船、飞机、火车等): When the boat went ashore, we all got ~. 当小船靠岸时, 我们全上

了船。

②prep. 在(船、飞机、火车等)上: It's time to go aboard. 上船(或上车、登机)的时间到了。

[词组] ①go aboard 上(船、飞机等)

②All aboard! 各位, 请上车(船、飞机)!

③Welcome aboard! 欢迎搭乘本车(船、飞机)! (欢迎语)

abroad [ə'brɔ:d] adv.

[词义] ①到国外, 在国外: After his graduation from post-graduate school, he stayed ~. 他在研究院毕业后留在国外。

②到处, 传开: A rumour of his defeat is ~. 他遭到失败的谣言在传开。

[词组] ①at home and abroad 国内外

②go abroad 出国

③spread abroad 传播得很广

absence ['æbsəns] n.

[词义] ①缺席, 不在场: John will act as chairman in your ~. 你不在时由约翰当主席。

②缺乏, 没有: The police were delayed by the ~ of information about the murder. 警察没有获得有关谋杀的信息, 因而来晚了。

[反义] presence n. 在场

[词组] ①absence from 缺勤, 缺席

②absence of (+ 名词) 缺少, 缺乏

③in the absence of (某人) 不在

时, (在某人)背地里

④absence of mind 心不在焉, 精神恍惚

[派生] ①absent *adj.* 不在场的

②present *adj.* 在场的

absolute [ˈæbsəlu:t] *adj.*

[词义] ①纯粹的, 完全的: have ~ trust in sb. 无保留地相信某人/do one's work with ~ precision 一丝不苟地工作

②地道的, 十足的: an ~ fool 十足的大笨蛋

③不受任何限制(或约束)的: enjoy ~ power 享有无限权力

④基本的: ~ knowledge 基本知识

[同义] complete, perfect, thorough, total, essential, entire, positive

[反义] relative, limited, restrained

[派生] absolutely [ˈæbsəlu:tli]

adv. 完全地, 非常; 肯定地; 绝对地 She found the place ~ delightful. 她发现这地方令人心旷神怡。/It is ~ the best show in city. 这无疑是城里最好的演出。/Protein is ~ necessary. 蛋白质是绝对必需的。

absorb [əb'sɔ:b] *v.*

[词义] ①吸收; 吸进: A sponge ~s water. 海绵吸水。

②吸引……的注意: The game ~ed the boy completely. 这男孩完全被游戏吸引住了。

③占去(时间、注意力等): Work ~s most of his time. 工作花去他大部分时间。

④承受, 忍受: The government is not strong enough to ~ vigorous criticism by its citizens. 政府地位不够稳固, 无力承受公民激烈的批评。

[同义] incorporate, assimilate, take in

[词组] ①be ~ed in 专心于: A woman was ~ed in taking down the data shown on an instrument. 一位妇女正专心致志地记录仪表上显示的数据。

②be absorbed into

△吸收: Certain chemicals are easily absorbed into the bloodstream, while others are not. 某些化学制品易被血液所吸收, 另一些则不然。

△把……并入; 同化: The area is being absorbed into its neighbouring country. 这一地区正在并入邻国。/ People of many different nationalities have, over the years, been absorbed into the population of the city. 各种国籍的人们经过多年以后, 已同化为这个城市的居民了。

[典型考题] Susan was ____ taking down the data shown on the screen.

A. observed B. absorbed

C. absorbed by D. absorbed in

[试题分析] 答案 D。译文: 苏珊正专心致志地记录屏幕上显示的数据。本题是形近词(组)辨析题。absorbed in 专心致志于……; absorbed by 着重强调动作, 为某事所吸引; observe 是观察的意思。

[真题实例] Changing from solid to

liquid, water takes in heat from all substances near it, and this **absorption** produces artificial cold surrounding it. 译文:当水从固态转化成液态时,会从周围的所有物质中吸收热量,使周围产生非天然的低温状态。

[派生] ① **absorbent** [əb'sɔ:bənt] *adj.* 能吸收(水、光、热等)的 be as ~ as a sponge 像海绵一样能吸水

② **absorbing** [əb'sɔ:biŋ] *adj.* 极有趣的;吸引人的 These topics may be of ~ interest to almost anyone. 几乎任何人都会对这些题目产生兴趣。

③ **absorption** [əb'sɔ:pʃən] *n.* 吸引,吸收过程;专心致志;合并 in the ~ of moisture from the air 在从空气中吸收水分的过程中/complete ~ in sport 对体育运动的极度迷恋/With his new appointment in 1911, his ~s shifted. 1911 年他接受新任命之后,就开始关注起别的事情来。/The small farm faced ~ into a big one. 这家小农场将要被并入一个大农场。

abstract

[词义] ① ['æbstrækt, æb'strækt] *adj.* 抽象的: A flower is beautiful, but beauty itself is ~. 花是美丽的,可美丽本身则是抽象的。/abstract noun 抽象名词

[同义] vague

[反义] concrete, pictorial

② ['æbstrækt] *n.* (书、文、案情等的)摘要,梗概: make an ~ of

做……的摘要

[同义] summary, outline

③ [æb'strækt] *v.* 提取,抽取:

~ iron from ore 从矿石中提取铁

[同义] remove, erase

[派生] ① **abstraction** [æb'strækʃən]

n. 抽象;抽象概念(名称);提取,抽取 Whiteness, courage, and length are ~s. “白”、“勇气”和“长度”都是抽象概念。/the ~ of juice from oranges 从橘子中榨出的汁

② **abstractive** [æb'stræktiv] *adj.* 具有抽象能力的;抽象性质的 ~ analysis 抽象分析

abundant [ə'bundənt] *adj.*

[词义] (in) 丰富的,充分的,充裕的: The cultural life in big cities is much more varied and ~ than that in smaller towns. 大城市的文化生活比小城镇的(文化生活)更加丰富多彩。

[同义] ample, plentiful

[反义] scarce, in short supply, insufficient

[词组] abundant in + 名词: ……很充足的

[典型考题] There are _____ supplies of firewood in the forest.

A. plentiful B. abundant

C. plenty of D. many

[试题分析] 答案 B。译文:森林里有充足的木柴供应。本题为近义词辨析题。abundant 一般指数量充足,多指人、动物、物产、雨量、资源

等充沛,富足,含有“过多”之意; plentiful 一般指量很多,用于指食物、收获、财产、金钱等丰富,不能用于时间、语言、思想等方面; plenty 为指数量充足而多于需要,强调富足或充裕的状况; plentiful 和 plenty of 都不用于修饰 supply 或 supplies; many 指很多,修饰可数名词。

abuse

[词义] ① [ə'bjuz] *v.* 滥用: ~ one's authority (office) 滥用权威(职权) He had ~d my confidence in him. 他辜负了我对他的信任。

② 虐待: The arrested men have been physically ~d. 被捕的人遭受了肉体上的摧残。

③ 辱骂: They ~d each other. 他们互相谩骂。

[同义] injure, damage, mistreat

④ [ə'bjuz] *n.* 滥用: drug ~ 滥用毒品

⑤ 虐待: child ~ 虐待儿童/ human rights ~s 侵犯人权的行为

⑥ 辱骂: greet sb. with a stream of ~ 迎头臭骂某人一顿

[典型考题] She has _____ my confidence in her.

- A. dragged B. abused
C. chilled D. drafted

[试题分析] 答案 B。译文: 她辜负了我对她的信任。本题是难词辨析题。选项均为动词, 考生只有掌握每个词的意义, 才能作出正确选项。drag 拖, 拉; chill (使) 寒冷; draft

起草(文件)。

[派生] abusive [ə'bjuziv] *adj.* 满口脏话的, 恶言谩骂的; 虐待的; 被滥用(或妄用)的 That night he was drunk and grew pretty ~. 那天晚上他喝醉了, 恶声恶气地骂起人来。/ an ~ letter 一封污蔑信/use ~ language to sb. 恶言谩骂某人/receive ~ treatment 受到虐待/an ~ exercise of power 滥用权力的行为

academic [ækə'demik] *adj.*

[词义] ① 学院的: She recollected her ~ days at Oxford. 她回忆起在牛津大学时的岁月。

② 学术的: He advocated ~ freedom. 他主张学术自由。

[同义] educational, scholastic

[词组] ① academic freedom 学术自由

② academic year (大学的) 学年

③ academic discussion 学术讨论

[派生] ① academicals *n.* 博士服, 硕士(学士)服

② academy *n.* 私立中学, (中等以上) 专业学校, 研究院

③ academician *n.* 学会会员, 院士, 墨守成规的学者

④ academicism *n.* 墨守成规
academy [ə'kædəmi] *n.*

[词义] 学院: an ~ of music 音乐学院 / an ~ of art 艺术学院 / a naval ~ 海军学院 / a military ~ 陆军学院

[同义] college, school, educational

institution

accelerate [æk'seləreit] *v.*

【词义】①加速, 增速: ~ one's steps 加快速度 / ~ economic growth 加速经济发展

②促进: ~ world peace 促进世界和平 / ~ the fall of a government 促使一个政府倒台

③增长, 增加: a pace that neither ~s nor lags 不疾不徐的步速 / The number of literary magazines ~d. 文学杂志的数量增加了。

【同义】hurry, hasten, quicken, speed up

【反义】decelerate, lag

【典型考题】Their political action _____ the fall of the government.

- A. promoted B. accelerated
C. quickened D. advanced

【试题分析】答案 B。译文: 他们的政治行动加速了政府的垮台。本题为近义词辨析题, 四个选项中的词都有“加快”“促进”之意, 要求学生掌握细微差别。accelerate 主要指动作加快, 速度提高, 促进生长等; promote 指促进生长(繁荣, 谅解)或增进友谊和了解等, 多用于褒义。如: The meeting discussed how to promote co-operation between the two countries. 会议讨论了如何促进两国间的合作问题。quicken 一般指加快速度、速率等; advance 也指加快进程, 促进发展, 多指褒义。

【派生】①accelerated [æk'seləreitid]

adj. 加快的; 提早的 be ~ in intelligence 智力上的早熟 / an ~ class (学习上的) 快班 / give sb. ~ promotion to Associate Professor 将某人破格提升为副教授

②acceleration [æk'selə'reiʃən] *n.* 加快, 增速; 促进; (汽车等的) 加速能力 Acceleration of tooth decay is caused by lack of care. 不注意保护, 牙齿会加速腐坏。 / ~ of a timetable 加速时间表的进展 / The car had a top speed of 129 mph and terrific ~. 这汽车最高速度为每小时 129 英里, 且有极好的加速性能。

accent [ˈæksənt] *n.* 口音, 腔调: a voice without (a trace of) ~ 不带(丝毫)地方口音的声音。

acceptance [ək'septəns] *n.* 接受, 验收, 承认, 认可: Your ~ of my recommendation will be highly appreciated. 你若能接受我的推荐, 将不胜感谢。

access

【词义】①[ˈækses] *n.* 接近(或进入)的机会: have regular and immediate ~ to the President 有经常、即刻见到总统的机会 / gain ~ to a country's trading ports 获得进入一个国家贸易港口的权利

②享用机会: be given first ~ to government credit 得到第一个享用政府信贷的优先权 / free ~ to the

library's scientific literature 免费使用
图书馆科学文献的机会

③接近, 进入: The place is within
easy ~. 那地方很容易进入。

④入口, 通道: The bathroom gives
~ to the corridor. 浴室通向走廊。

[同义] way of approach

[反义] retirement, retreat

[词组] ①have ~ to 有机会接近
.....

②give sb. ~ to 提供某人接近(进
入).....的机会

③easy of ~ 易于接近

④difficult of ~ 难以接近

⑤['ækses] *v.* 存取(计算机文
件): He accessed three different files
to find the correct information. 他存取
了三个不同的文件以找寻所要的信
息。

[派生] **accessible** [æk'sesəbl] *adj.*
可(或易)接近(进入)的; 可(或易)
得到的; 易相处的 a town ~ by rail
有铁路通达的城镇/a collection of
books recently made ~ to the public
近来才向公众开放的一批藏书/~
evidence 现有证据/~ people 易于
接近的人们/not ~ to pity 不大有同
情心

accidental [æk'si'dentl] *adj.*

[词义] 偶然的, 意外的: Our
meeting in London was merely ~. 我
们在伦敦相遇纯属偶然。

[反义] intentional

[派生] ①**accident** *n.* 事故, 横祸,

不幸

②**accidentally** *adv.* 偶然地, 意外
地

accommodation(s)

[ə,kɒmə'deɪʃən(z)] *n.*

[词义] ①住宿, 留宿: The hotel
has ~ for 600 people at a time. 这旅
馆一次能住 600 人。

②[*pl.*] 膳宿供应: Jane reserved a
luxury ~s in New York. 珍妮在纽约
订了一个有豪华膳宿供应的房间。

[同义] supply, have room for

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni] *v.*

[词义] ①陪伴, 伴随: She was ac-
companied to a dinner by her friend.
她由朋友陪同去赴宴。/~ a friend
on a walk 陪朋友散步/Thunder ac-
companies lightning. 雷声伴着闪
电。/He accompanied his speech
with gestures. 他演讲时附带做手
势。/an ~ing diagram 所附图表

②为.....伴奏(或伴唱): She ac-
companied the chorus on the piano. 她
为合唱做钢琴伴奏。

[反义] leave

[派生] **accompaniment**

[ə'kʌmpənɪmənt] *n.* 伴随发生(或存
在)的事物; 伴奏, 伴唱 Disease is of-
ten an ~ of famine. 疾病常伴随饥荒
发生。/a piano ~ 钢琴伴奏/She
sang to (a) violin ~. 她在小提琴伴
奏下演唱。

accomplish [ə'kʌmplɪʃ] *v.*

[词义] ①达到(目的), 完成(任

务),实现(计划、诺言等): ~ one's purpose 达成目的/~ one's mission 完成任务/~ much (nothing) 有很多(没有任何)建树

②做到,做成: We can ~ whatever you can ~, and with better results. 你能做到的事情,我们也能做到,而且会做得更好。/ They need experienced hands, ideas just don't ~ themselves. 他们需要有经验的老手,光有主意并不能成事。

③走完(距离等),度完(时间): At that rate we'll ~ only half the distance. 照这样的速度,我们只能走完一半的路程。/ She had ~ed 90 years of her life. 她已达 90 高龄。

[同义] realize, do, complete, perform, achieve, fulfil, finish, carry out

[辨析] accomplish, complete, finish

①accomplish 表示成功,强调完成的结果而不是过程: Because of his efforts, things are accomplished.

②complete 表示积极的完成、完整的终结,更具体的指建筑、工程、书籍等的完成: I need one more stamp before my collection is completed.

③finish 最常用,表示在一个活动的连续过程中完成了最后的一步或阶段: I'll finish the job alone.

[典型考题] We can _____ whatever we set out to do.

- A. finish B. achieve
C. complete D. accomplish

[试题分析] 答案 D。译文: 我们能完成我们想要做的事情。本题是近义词辨析题。accomplish 指成功地完成预期的计划、任务等,后面可以不接具体的事物; achieve 指排除困难去完成计划或大业; complete 指完成某一工程、建筑等,也可指使事物完整、完善,比 accomplish 完成的事更具体; finish 着重指完成应做的事,也可用来指完成日常小事,如吃完、用完等,而这些意思不可用 accomplish, complete 或 achieve 来表达。

[真题实例] Is this what you intended to **accomplish** with your careers? 译文: 这就是你们要成就的事业吗?

[派生] ①**accomplished** [ə'kʌmplɪʃt] *adj.* 完成了的,已实现的;熟练的,有造诣的,有才艺的 accept sth. as an ~ fact 把某事当作既成事实予以接受/be ~ in (或 at) the left-handed manipulation of the dinner fork 熟练地用左手使用餐叉/an ~ scholar 有造诣的学者/an ~ artist 精湛的艺术家

②**accomplishment** [ə'kʌmplɪmənt] *n.* 成就,成绩;[常作 ~s] 造诣,技能,才艺;完成,实现 He is known for his ~ in improving the country's hospitals. 他因在改进国内医院方面卓有成就而著名。/ a girl of many ~s 多才多艺的姑娘/be difficult (easy) of ~ 难(易)完成/The ~ of their plan took four weeks. 他们为了完成计划

花了四星期时间。

accordance [ə'kɔ:dəns] *n.*

〔词义〕①一致,符合: I am in ~ with him in this matter. 在这件事情上,我和他是一致的。

②授予,给予: the ~ of rights and privileges 权利和特权的赋予

〔词组〕in ~ with 与……一致,根据: The type of cars will be sent in ~ with the order. 汽车型号将与订货单相一致。

〔派生〕**according** to *prep.* 按照,根据: Everything goes on smoothly ~ plan. 一切按计划顺利进行。

accordingly [ə'kɔ:diŋli] *adv.*

〔词义〕①因此,从而,于是: ~, many people donate a certain sum of money to Project Hope. 因此,许多人向“希望工程”捐款。

②相应地,照着(办): The professor asked us to hand in our papers at the time given and we acted ~. 教授要求我们在规定的上交论文,我们照办了。

account [ə'kaunt]

〔词义〕① *n.* 记述,叙述: give a brief ~ of what has happened 就发生的情况做一简短描述/The book presents an unbiased ~ of the historical event. 这部书对那次历史事件作了不偏不倚的描述。

②账,账目,账户,账单: The ~s show that you have spent more than you received. 账面显示,你们花去的

钱比你们的收入多。/open (close) an ~ with (或 in) a bank 在一家银行开立(结清)一个账户/Please render (或 send in) your ~. 请将账单送来。

〔同义〕description, explanation, bill, check

〔词组〕①on all ~s (或 on every account) 无论如何: You must do it on all ~s. 你无论如何得做这件事。

②on any ~ 无论如何(一般用于否定句): Do not on any ~ walk home by yourself. 你无论如何不能独自回家。

③on no ~ 决不: On no ~ should you go. 你绝对不能去。

④on (或 for) sb's ~ 为某人的缘故,为了某人的利益: I hope you didn't bring beer to the picnic just on my ~. 我希望你不是单单为了我的缘故才带啤酒来野餐的。

⑤take into ~ 考虑到,顾及,体谅: Taking into ~ all the circumstances, he thought it wise not to say anything further. 考虑到所有的情况,他还想是不要再说些什么为妙。

⑥by/from all accounts 据说;根据报道: I've never been there but it is, by/from all accounts, a lovely place. 我从来没去过那地方,人家都说那里很好。

⑦by one's own account 据某人自己说: By his own account he has made that pretty girl his girlfriend. 他自称

已把那漂亮女孩变成了自己女友。

③ *v.* 说明, 解释

[词组] ~ for 解释; 导致; (在数量, 比例方面) 占: Late frosts ~ed for the poor fruit crop. 晚霜导致水果歉收。/ It ~s for 30 per cent of all railway accidents. 这占了全部铁路事故的 30%。

accumulate [ə'kju:mjuleit] *v.*

[词义] 积累, 积攒, 积聚: ~ wisdom 积累聪明才智 / True poetry ~s meaning every time it is read. 真正的好诗每读一遍都会有新的含义。/ Dust soon ~s in rooms that are not cleaned. 房间不打扫很快就积满灰尘。

[同义] gather, amass, increase, collect, assemble, store up, pile up, compile, bring to

[反义] waste

[典型考题] He _____ great wealth by hard work.

- A. accumulated B. assembled
C. gathered D. collected

[试题分析] 答案 A。译文: 他靠勤劳积累了大量财富。本题是近义词辨析题。accumulate 指成年累月、长时间积累; assemble 指零散的东西或分散的人收集或集合在一起; gather 指人自发地或有意地集合起来, 也指把分散的东西或人聚集起来; collect 收集。

[派生] ① **accumulation**

[ə'kju:mju'leifən] *n.* 积累, 积攒, 聚

积物 the steady ~ of knowledge 知识不间断的积累 / huge ~s of sand at the mouth of a river 河口处大堆淤积的泥沙

② **accumulative** [ə'kju:mjuleitiv] *adj.* 积累而成的, 累积(性)的 ~ evidence 累积证据 / ~ rainfall 累积降雨量

accuracy ['ækjʊrəsi] *n.*

[词义] 准确性 [u]: We have some doubts about the ~ of the information. 我们对这信息的准确性有些怀疑。

accurate ['ækjʊrət] *adj.*

[词义] ① 准确的, 精确的: an ~ estimate 准确的估计

② 正确无误的: You must be more ~ in your work. 你必须在工作中更加注意正确性。

[同义] perfect, correct, exactly right

[反义] inaccurate, incorrect

[派生] **accuracy** ['ækjʊrəsi] *n.* 准确(性), 精确(性) ~ of missiles 导弹的准确性 / with great (pinpoint) ~ 非常精确(毫厘不差)地

accuse [ə'kju:z] *v.*

[词义] 指控, 指责: They ~d her publicly of stealing their books. 他们公开指控她偷他们的书。/ ~ sb. for the delay 把拖延的责任推到某人身上

[同义] blame, charge, prosecute

[辨析] accuse, charge, prosecute

① **accuse** 意为“控告, 谴责”, 一般搭配为 **accuse sb. of sth.** (表过失或罪行的词)。His assistant was accused of theft and fraud by the police. / He was accusing her of having an affair with another man.

② **charge** 意为“控诉, 指责”, 一般搭配为 **charge sb. with sth.** (表做错或罪行的词)。The police have charged him with rape.

③ **prosecute** 意为“对……起诉, 告发”, 一般搭配为 **prosecute sb. for sth.** He is being prosecuted for two criminal offences.

[反义] **defend**

[派生] ① **accused** [ə'kju:zd] *adj.* 被告的 *n.* [单复同] 被告

② **accusingly** [ə'kju:zipli] *adv.* 用指责(或非难)的态度
acid ['æsid]

[词义] ① *n.* 酸: Some ~s burn holes in wood and cloth. 有些酸能把木头和布烧出洞。

② *adj.* 酸的, 尖酸刻薄的: Lemons have an ~ taste. 柠檬带酸味。/ Mark Twain had a sense of humor but sometimes had an ~ tongue. 马克·吐温颇有幽默感, 但有时说话尖酸刻薄。

[同义] **bitter, sour**

[反义] **sweet, alkaline**

acknowledge [ək'nɒlɪdʒ] *vt.*

[词义] ① 承认: The boxer refused to ~ that he was defeated. 那位拳击

手拒绝承认已被打败。

② 致谢: Robert's excellent service with the university was heartedly ~d. 对罗伯特在大学的出色服务表示衷心的感谢。

[同义] **admit, confirm, accept, grant, recognize**

[反义] **deny, contradict, ignore, disregard**

[派生] ① **acknowledged** [ək'nɒlɪdʒd] *adj.* 公认的, 得到普遍承认的

② **acknowledg(e)ment** [ək'nɒlɪdʒmənt] *n.* 承认; 答谢, 致谢, 鸣谢

acquaintance [ə'kweɪntəns] *n.*

[词义] ① 熟人, 相识 [c]: Jane has rented the top floor to three students of my ~ for six months. 珍妮已将顶层租给我的熟人——三个学生, 为期半年。

② 熟悉, 认识 [u]: Many people sought his ~. 许多人都想认识他。

[同义] **friend, companion, associate**

[辨析] **acquaintance, friend, associate** **acquaintance** 只是认识, 交情不深, 谈不上是 **friend** (朋友), **associate** 意为“同事”、“同行”。He has a wide circle of acquaintances but few real friends. 他的相识相当多, 但没有几个是真正的朋友。/ He is not a friend but a business associate. 他不是朋友, 而是业务上的合作者。

[词组] ① **make one's acquaintance** 结识某人

②make the acquaintance of 与某人相配,结识某人

[典型考题] I have a nodding _____ with Mr. Rich.

- A. acquaintance B. familiarity
C. announcement D. friend

[试题分析] 答案 A。译文:我和里奇先生只是点头之交。本题是难词和近义词辨析题,选项 A 和 B 是近义词。acquaintance 指人时,指与之交往不深的熟人或指一般性交往;a nodding acquaintance (with) 点头之交;familiarity 指交往颇深,彼此间无拘无束;friend 是相知的朋友;announcement 通知,通告。

[真题实例] It does not take a life-long acquaintance to pick up various software programs. 译文:学会使用各种不同软件程序不需要毕生的学习。

acquire [ə'kwaiə] vt.

[词义] ①取得,获得: The ability to use a language can be ~d only by using the language. 使用一种语言的能力只有通过运用这种语言才能获得。

②学到: He desired to ~ Spanish within two to three years. 他想要在二到三年内学会西班牙文。

[同义] gain, obtain; earn, win, secure, attain

[辨析] acquire, obtain, secure, attain

① acquire 意为“得到,获得,取

得”,它强调持续、缓慢地逐渐获得的过程,比如表示获得知识、能力等。Having read the book, she will be able to pass on the acquired knowledge to trainee teachers.

②obtain 意为“得到,获得”,它强调经过努力获得自己所需要的东西。Mary was trying to obtain a false passport and other documents.

③secure 意为“得到,保证”,它强调有把握地获得、达到等。His wonderful achievements helped secure him the scholarship.

④attain 意为“得到,达到,到达(后常接水平、速度、荣誉等抽象名词)”。After twenty years of hard work, he finally attained the position of President of this university.

[派生] ①acquired adj. 可得的,养成的

②acquisition n. 可得,获得

③acquisitive adj. 想要的
acquisition [ækwi'ziʃən] n.

[词义] ①获得: Jane devoted her time to the ~ of knowledge of the English language. 珍妮花时间来获得英语方面的知识。

②获得物: The museum displayed its recent ~s. 博物馆展出了最近获得的展品。

[同义] possession, property

[典型考题] These are the latest _____ to my library.

- A. obtaining B. acquisition