

# A DICTIONARY OF COLLEGE ENGLISH

## 大学英语

# 词汇宝典



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东北大学出版社

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A Dictionary of College English

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• 沈阳 •

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# 《大学英语词汇宝典》

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## 前 言

《大学英语词汇宝典》是按照教育部最新颁布的“大学英语课程教学要求”(新大纲)而编写的。由于“大学英语课程教学要求”中对词汇量的要求有大幅度的提高,加之新题型更加侧重于英语综合素质的考核,所以出版一本适应形势变化、满足学生需求的大学英语词典就成了当务之急。正是出于这些考虑,我们组织教学经验丰富的大学英语教师精心编写出这本《大学英语词汇宝典》,其目的就是满足新形势下广大学生日常学习、应对四六级考试的需要。

词汇用法规则千变万化,如何更好地运用英语词汇语法,成为大学生学好英语、顺利通过四六级考试的关键。本词典旨在帮助英语学习者抓住语言学习的要领,将英语词汇的习得与大学英语四六级考试的复习融为一体,培养学生的英语综合应用能力,为学习者掌握最新、最全的四六级词汇提供有效的帮助。

本词典以“大学英语课程教学要求”为准则,以大学英语参考词汇表为依据,结合近年来各级考试命题特点和英语教学改革的发展趋势,具有一定的前瞻性。在内容上力求系统性、知识性和实用性,为学习者提高学习兴趣和语言应用能力提供有力帮助。同时,本词典还突出以下特点:

1. 收录的词条较全。本词典收录了新大纲词汇表所有的单词及词汇,共计 6000 余个单词,1800 余条词组。
2. 例句丰富,贴近实际。通过大量经典、准确、有一定难度的例句,为学习者提供较完整的语篇环境,从而对学习者的记忆单词、领会词义、掌握用法起到事半功倍的作用,也为英语写作打下了基础。

3. 编排新颖, 考点突出。本词典收录了新大纲中大学英语积极词汇表上所有 2354 个积极词汇。这些积极词汇均为大学英语学习的重点词汇, 为了明晰起见, 在其左上角用 “\*” 予以注明。
4. 近义词辨析简明易懂。对英语学习过程中常见的近义词, 通过汉语诠释及大量例证, 进行详尽比较和辨析, 便于学习者在记忆词汇过程中, 提高辨别异同的能力, 准确地掌握单词的用法。
5. 广泛的代表性。本词典的编写者均为长期从事大学英语教学的教师, 具有丰富的教学经验, 深知大学生的实际需要, 因此本书编排体例和例证更具代表性。

本词典虽力求审慎, 但难免有疏漏之处, 盼广大读者不吝指正。

编 者

2007 年 4 月

## 凡 例

1. 单词用黑正体按字母顺序排列, 凡左上角有“\*”者, 表示该单词为新大纲所列的积极词汇, 亦即重点词汇。

2. 一个完整词条的主要部分包括词目、音标、词性、释义及例句等, 其他部分根据需要收列。

3. 单词后注有国际音标, 凡发音不同而涉及词义或词性不同的, 则把发音分别标注在各词性缩写之前; 否则并列在一起, 用逗号分开。

4. 同形异义词一般不分列词条, 读音不同的异义词则分列, 并在右上角示以1、2等数码。如:

**abstract**<sup>1</sup> ['æbstrækt] *a.* ① 抽象的 ② 抽象派的 *n.* [C] ① 摘要, 梗概 ② 抽象派艺术作品

**abstract**<sup>2</sup> [æb'strækt] *vt.* ① 做…的摘要 ② 提取, 抽取

5. 单词的词性用斜体英语缩写形式表示:

<i>n.</i> 名词	<i>a.</i> 形容词	<i>ad.</i> 副词
<i>prep.</i> 介词	<i>art.</i> 冠词	<i>pron.</i> 代词
<i>v.</i> 动词	<i>vi.</i> 不及物动词	<i>vt.</i> 及物动词
<i>aux. v.</i> 助动词	<i>conj.</i> 连词	<i>int.</i> 感叹词

这里, *v.* 表示既可作及物动词又可作不及物动词。

单个单词有不同词性时, 其词性按使用程度排列。

6. 同一单词拼写形式不同时分别列出。

7. 义项按使用程度排列, 并用顺序号标明。

8. 名词的可数与不可数、单复数的用法在方括号内标注:

[C] 可数名词

[U] 不可数名词

[C, U] 既可以作可数名词, 又可以作不可数名词

[pl.] 用复数形式

[常 pl.] 常用复数形式

[sing.] 用单数形式

[常 sing.] 常用单数形式

[sing. 同 pl.] 单复数形式相同

9. 辨析部分的同义词(或词组)按字母顺序排列, 辨析内容列于第一个单词, 其他同义词(或词组)标有参见字样。

10. 词组分别列在相关的词条中, 同一词条下有多个词组时, 按中心词的第一个字母顺序排列。词组条目用黑体标出。

### 11. 符号用法说明

#### (1) 圆括号“( )”用于:

1) 对释义的补充说明。如:

**a** [强 ei; 弱 ə]; **an** [强 æn; 弱 ən.n] *art.* ① (非特指的)一个(个) ② (同类事物中的)任何一个

2) 释义中可以替换的部分。如:

**adult** [ə'dʌlt, 'ædʌlt] *n.* [C] 成年人(或动物)

3) 可以省略的部分。如:

**drawing** [drɔ:ɪŋ] *n.* [C] ① 图画, 素描(画)

4) 动词、形容词常用的搭配关系。如:

**hunger** ['hʌŋgə] *vi.* (for, after) 渴望, 渴望得到

5) 可数名词复数的不规则变化形式。如:

**woman** ['wʊmən] *n.* (women ['wɪmɪn]) 成年女子, 妇女

6) 动词不规则变化形式。如:

**lie** [lai] (lay [lei], lain [lein]; lying [laiɪŋ]) *vi.* ① 躺, 平放

7) 其他需要说明的内容。如:

(喻)意为比喻用法, (谚)指谚语, (计)指计算机用语等。

#### (2) 单斜线“/”用于近义句或近义词之间的分隔。如:

He is as deaf as a post. / He is stone-deaf. 他全聋了。Let's do/make a deal with each other and stop fighting. 让我们订个协议, 不要再争斗了。

#### (3) 方括号“[ ]”除以上用法外用于音标前后。

#### (4) 符号“\*”用于表示例证的分隔。



## A

## A

- \* **a** [强 ei; 弱 ə] *art.* (一般用于读者以辅音因素开始的词前); **an** [强 æn; 弱 ən, n] *art.* (一般用于以元音因素开始的词前) ① (非特指的)一(个): Please give her a cup of tea. 请给她一杯茶。② (同类事物中的)任何一个: A lion is a dangerous animal. 狮子是猛兽。③ 用于前有形容词或后有短语的不可数名词前: a sadness that won't go away 挥之不去的悲愁 \* She has a good knowledge of English. 她精通英文。

- \* **abandon** [ə'bændən] *vt.* ① 离弃, 丢弃: The lost car of the Less was found abandoned in the woods off the highway. 兰斯家丢失的汽车被发现扔在公路旁的树林里。\* He gave the order to abandon ship. 他下令弃船 ② 遗弃, 抛弃: He abandoned his wife and went away with all their money. 他遗弃妻子并带走了俩人所有的钱。\* abandon one's obligation 推卸义务 ③ 放弃, 中止: They had to abandon the match because of crowd trouble. 因为观众闹事, 他们只好中止比赛。

【词组】**abandon oneself to** 沉溺于: abandon oneself to pleasure/despair/grief 纵情享乐/极度绝望/极为悲痛 \* Jack abandoned himself to grief. 杰克极度悲伤。 **with abandon** 尽情地, 任意地: His son signed cheques with careless abandon. 他的儿子无所顾忌地乱开支票。

- \* **ability** [ə'biliti] *n.* [C; U] (有时跟不定式作定语) ① 能力, 本领: He had lost all faith in his ability to succeed. 他已不再相信自己具有成功的能力。② (常作复数)才能, 才智: He is a man of extraordinary abilities. 他才干卓著。\* Most schools cater for children of different abilities. 大多数学校能够满足具有不同能力的儿童的需要。

【词组】**to the best of one's ability** 尽自己最大的努力: I will carry out your instructions to the best of my ability. 我会尽全力执行您的指示。

【辨析】**ability, capability, capacity** 和 **competence** 这组词均指能力。**ability** 指做事的智力或体力, 后接不定式。如: I don't doubt your ability to write a thesis for a doctor's degree. 我并不怀疑你有写博士论文的能力。**capability** 常作复数, 指潜在的能力; 单数指本领、能力, 后常接 of 或不定式。如: Animals in the zoo have lost the capability to catch/of catching food for themselves. 动物园里的动物已经丧失自己捕食的能力。\* People have different capabilities for learning. 人们都各有不同的学习潜力。**capacity** 指生产和容纳的能力, 如人的理解和学习能力。如: The capacity of our school hall is 2000 persons. 校礼堂可容纳 2000 人。\* The introduction tells us that this book is within the capacity of younger readers. 序言告诉我们这本书年轻的读者也能看懂。**competence** 胜任某项工作的能力。如: gain a high level of competence in English 获得高水平的英语能力 \* We must constantly help them improve their professional competence. 我们必须不断地帮助他们提高专业能力。\* No one doubted the teacher's competence. 没人怀疑这位老师的能力。

**able** ['eɪbl] *a.* ① (后接不定式)能够…的, 得以…的(一般作表语): I haven't been able to get in touch with her. 我还未能同她取得联系。\* I didn't feel able to disagree with him. 我觉得无法不同意他的意见。② 有才干的, 能力出众的: the ablest student in the class 班上最有才华的学生 \* an able speech 一篇出色的演说 \* We aim to help the less able in society to lead an independent life. 我们的宗旨是帮助社会上能力较弱的人独立生活。

**【辨析】** **able**, **capable** 和 **competent** 这组词均指有能力的。**able** 强调做事有足够的才干, 常用句型 be able to do sth. 如: They are willing and able to help. 他们愿意也有能力给予帮助。**capable** 强调做事的实际能力, 有“可以做的”、“能胜任的”的意思, 含义较 **able** 弱, 常用句型为 be capable of doing sth. 如: He is hardly capable of executing such a difficult task. 他几乎不可能完成这样一项艰难的任务。**competent** 强调能胜任的, 有合格的意思。如: He is competent for teaching. 他能胜任教学工作。

**abnormal** [æb'nɔ:məl] *a.* 反常的, 变态的: an abnormal amount of snow 异乎寻常的过多雪量 \* an abnormal child 一个畸形儿 \* abnormal behavior 反常的行为

**aboard** [ə'bɔ:d] *prep.* 在船(飞机, 车)上, 上船(飞机, 车): He was already aboard the plane. 他已经登机了。

▲ *ad.* 在船(飞机, 车)上, 上船(飞机, 车): It's time to go/climb aboard. 上船(车)/登机时间到了。

**【词组】** **come/get aboard** 加入, 加盟: She has got several promotions since her coming aboard. 自从她加盟以来, 已升职多次。

**abolish** [ə'bɒlɪʃ] *vt.* 彻底废除, 废止: Slavery was abolished in the U.S. in 1865. 美国在 1865 年废除了奴隶制度。\* How can we abolish poverty, unemployment and war? 我们怎样才能消除贫困、失业和战争呢?

**【辨析】** **abolish**, **cancel**, **recall** 和 **withdraw**. 这组词均有“取消, 废除”之意。**abolish** 取消, 废除法律、习惯、习俗、制度等: There are many obsolete laws that ought to be abolished. 有许多过时法规应该废除。**cancel** 删除, 取消已做的决定或安排: She cancelled her order for the books. 她取消了这些书的订单。\* We had to cancel the projected outing on account of the weather. 由于天气关系, 我们不得不取消原定出行计划。**recall** 召回, 收回, 也指制造商主动召回有瑕疵的产品: Time lost cannot be recalled. 时机一失不再来。\* The company has recalled all the faulty hairdryers. \* 那家公司收回了所有有问题的吹风机。**withdraw** 撤销(诺言、提议、言论等), 取回存款, 撤回, 不参加: withdraw the remark 撤回前言 \* withdraw money from a bank account 从银行账户中取钱 \* The candidate decided to withdraw from the presidential election. 那位候选人决定退出总统选举。

**abortion** [ə'bɔ:ʃən] *n.* ① [C; U] 堕胎, 人工流产: do (or perform) an abortion on sb. 给…做流产手术 \* She had (or got) an abortion. 她流产了。② 失败, 中断: This project has proved to be a complete abortion. 这个计划结果表明完全失败了。

\* **about** [ə'baʊt] *prep.* ① 关于, 对于: They are full of good advice about reading. 这是有关劝学的金玉良言。② 在…周围, 在…各处: The children had left their toys lying about the room. 孩子们把玩具扔得满屋都是。

▲ *ad.* ① 大约, 差不多: The work is about finished. 工作差不多做完了。\* The tickets cost about £ 20 each. 票价每张约 20 英镑。② 在四周, 到处: Nothing gets about faster than bad news. 好事不出门, 坏事传千里。\* The boys were rushing about in the garden. 男孩子们在花园跑来跑去。③ 在附近: There was a lot of flu about. 这一带流感肆虐。

【词组】**be about to (do)** 刚要, 即将: I was about to ask you the same thing. 我正要问你同一件事。

【辨析】**about**, **approximately** 和 **around**。这组词均有“大约”之意。**about** 用在表示时间、数量的“大约”时, 实际数量可能多, 也可能少: It cost you about \$ 10. 这需 10 美元左右。**approximately** 多用于书面语, 意为“最接近地”, 误差可忽略不计: The flight takes approximately 3 hours. 飞行时间大约需要三小时。**around** 同 **about** 用法相同, 常见于美式英语: You can expect to earn around £ 40 000 a year. 你可望一年赚 4 万英镑。

\* **above** [ə'bv] *prep.* ① 在…上方: We are flying above the clouds. 我们在云层上面飞行。\* Truth always rises above falsehood, as oil rises above water. 真理总是高于谬误, 就像油总是浮在水面。② 多于…, 大于…: children above the age of 10 十岁以上儿童 \* The temperatures have been above average. 气温一直比平均温度高。③ 高于, 优于: I rate her above most other players of her age. 我认为她优于大多数同龄参赛者。\* You are far above me in every aspect. 你在各个方面都远胜过我。④ 超出, 超过: A true gentleman is above envy and jealousy. 真正的绅士没有嫉妒和猜疑之心。\* He's above suspicion. 他无可置疑。

▲ *ad.* ① 在(或向)上面, 在顶上: I live in the room above. 我住上面的房子。\* Seen from the above the cars look tiny. 从高处往下看, 车辆显得很小。② (在级别、权力、数目等方面)在上, 以上: be referred to the court above 被提交上级法院 \* increase of 6% and above 增加 6% 或以上 ③ 在上文: As was stated above... 如上所述 \* the facts mentioned above 上文提到的事实

▲ *a.* 上述的: as stated in the above sentence 如前句所述 \* The above reasons are important. 上述理由很重要。

【词组】**above all** 首要的: Above all, make sure you keep in touch. 最要紧的是你们要保持联系。\* I would like to rent a house, modern, comfortable and above all in a quiet neighborhood. 我想租一幢即现代又舒适的房子, 尤其要在安静地段。

\* **abroad** [ə'brɔ:d] *ad.* ① 到国外, 在国外: go/travel abroad 出国/到国外旅行 \* He is famous, both at home and abroad. 他享誉国内外。② 在传播, 在流传: A rumor is abroad that the company will close. 到处谣传说那家公司要倒闭了。\* There was news abroad that a change was coming. 盛传即将有一个变化。

**abrupt** [ə'brʌpt] *a.* ① 突然的, 意外的: Occasionally the highlands rose into abrupt cliffs. 偶尔高地突然拔起成为峭壁。\* He was surprised at the abrupt change. 他为突如其来的变化惊呆了。② (举止、言谈)唐突的, 鲁莽的: an abrupt manner 唐突的举止。

**absence** ['æbsəns] *n.* ① [U] (from) 缺席, 不在: ask for leave of absence 请假 \* absence of mind 心不在焉 \* His absence from the meeting was not noticed. 没有人注意

到他未出席会议。② [C] 缺席的时间, 外出期: A little absence does much good. 小别好处多。\* The decision was made in my absence. 我不在时做出了这个决定。③ (an absence/the absence of) 缺乏, 不存在: The police were delayed by the absence of information about the crime. 警察因为缺乏有关此案的信息, 行动被耽搁了。\* He shows an absence of initiative. 他表现出缺乏首创精神。

【词组】in the absence of 没有, 缺乏: The case was dismissed in the absence of firm evidence. 此案因缺乏确凿证据而不予受理。

\* **absent** ['æbsənt] *a.* ① (from) 缺席的, 不在场的: You shouldn't be absent from the class. 你不应该缺课。\* He was absent from work with a cold. 他因感冒而没有上班。② 缺乏的, 不存在的: Snow is absent in some countries. 有些国家从不下雪。\* Revenge is absent from his mind. 他压根就没有复仇的念头。③ 心不在焉的, 出神的: an absent expression 心不在焉的表情 \* The teacher noted the absent fixity of his stare. 老师注意到他那茫然凝视的目光。

\* **absolute** ['æbsəlu:t] *a.* ① 十足的, 道地的: There's absolute rubbish on television tonight. 今晚的电视节目糟透了。② 绝对的, 完全的: "You are wrong." She said with absolute certainty. "你错了。" 他斩钉截铁地说。\* absolute truth/confidence/trust 绝对真实/充满信心/绝对信任 ③ 不受任何限制(或约束)的: He has an absolute power among the executives. 他在管理人员中有绝对权威。\* an absolute authority 绝对权威 ④ 确定的, 肯定的: He taught us that the laws of physics were absolute. 他教导我们说, 物理定律是不容置疑的。

\* **absorb** [əb'sɔ:b] *vt.* ① 吸收, 吸取(液体、声音、光线等); 吸收, 理解(知识等): Plants absorb energy from the sun. 植物吸收太阳的能量。\* Black absorbs more heat than red. 黑色比红色更能吸热。\* The clever boy absorbed all knowledge that his teacher could give him. 那个聪明的男孩吸收了老师所能向他传授的全部知识。② (in) 吸引...的注意, 使全神贯注(常用于被动语态): The work had absorbed him for several years. 这项工作曾使他着迷了好几年。\* She was completely absorbed in her own affairs. 她正全神贯注于她自己的事务。③ 把...并入, 同化: The larger firm has gradually absorbed the smaller one. 那家大公司逐渐吞并了这家较小的公司。

\* **abstract** <sup>1</sup> ['æbstrækt] *a.* ① 抽象的: An abstract idea may mislead the readers. 抽象的观念可能会误导读者。② 深奥的: Astronomy is an abstract subject. 天文学是一门深奥的学科。③ 抽象派的: an abstract artist 抽象派画家 \* an abstract painting 抽象画

▲ *n.* [C] ① 摘要, 概要: an abstract of the article 一篇文章的摘要 \* I then read the abstract at the meeting. 后来我在会上读了摘要。\* Please write the abstract of this scientific article. 请写这篇科学论文的摘要。② 抽象派艺术作品: There are three abstracts on the wall. 墙上挂着三幅抽象派画。

【词组】in the abstract 抽象地, 在理论上: Legal questions rarely exist in the abstract; they are based on real cases. 法律问题极少以抽象形式存在, 而是以实际案例为基础。

\* **abstract** <sup>2</sup> [æb'strækt] *vt.* ① 做...的摘要: She abstracted the chairman's lengthy re-

port. 她把主席的长篇报告加以摘要。\* abstract a story for a book review 为一篇书评撰写故事梗概 ② (from) 提取, 抽取: abstract water from river 从河流中抽取水 \* It's possible to abstract several good points from this discussion. 从这次讨论中可以提取几个好的观点。

A

**abundant** [ə'bʌndənt] *a.* ① 大量的, 充足的: We have abundant evidence of the danger of smoking. 我们有充足的证据证明抽烟有害。\* The country has abundant supplies of oil and gas. 这个国家的石油、天然气供应非常充足。② (in, with) (作表语, 正式用法) 富足的: be abundant in natural resources 自然资源丰富 \* The river is abundant in salmon. 这条河盛产鲑鱼。

**abuse**<sup>1</sup> [ə'bjʊz] *n.* ① [C] (of) (通过欺骗、窃取手段) 滥用, 妄用: There were several abuses of the honor system at the military academy last year. 去年军校发生了数起考试作弊事件。\* the abuse of the veto right by some members 几个成员对否决权的屡屡滥用 \* alcohol abuse 酗酒 \* drug abuse 嗜用麻醉毒品 ② [U] 虐待, 伤害: The abuse of the helpless prisoner made him bitter. 对无助的囚犯横加虐待使他怒火中烧。\* The boy was beaten and starved, he was a victim of abuse. 这个男孩时常受到虐待, 挨打而且挨饿。③ [U] 辱骂, 毁谤: He made a mistake, and the boss shouted abuse at him. 他做错了事, 老板辱骂他。\* I don't see why I should put up with this kind of abuse. 我不明白我为什么要忍受这种毁谤。

**abuse**<sup>2</sup> [ə'bjʊz] *vt.* ① 滥用, 妄用: He abused his car by not changing the oil, and now it needs major repair. 他不好好保养他的汽车, 常常不换油, 现在车需要大修了。\* He abuses his job by coming to work late and leaving early. 他不好好工作, 常常迟到、早退。② 虐待, 伤害 (常用被动语态): The arrested men have been physically abused. 被捕的人曾遭受肉体上的摧残。\* Provide help for the abused children. 为被虐待的儿童提供帮助。③ 辱骂, 毁谤: She abused him roundly for his neglect. 他因疏忽而被她痛骂了一顿。\* They abused each other. 他们互相辱骂。

**academic** [ækə'demik] *a.* ① 学校的, 学院的: an academic degree 学位 \* the academic year 学年 ② 学术的: an academic discussion 学术讨论 \* the academic world (community) 学术界 \* academic exchanges between China and Canada 中国和加拿大之间的学术交流 ③ 纯理论的, 不切实际的: She realized that his protest must have been more or less academic. 她认识到他的抗议或多或少都只是口头说说而已。

▲ *n.* 大学教师, 专业学者: My uncle, who has been an academic all his life, teaches at a university. 我叔叔一生以教书为业, 现在一所大学任教。

**academy** [ə'kædəmi] *n.* [C] ① 研究院, 学会: the Chinese Academy of Sciences 中国科学院 \* the Royal Academy (of Arts) 皇家(艺术)学会 ② (中等以上) 专门学校: an academy of music 音乐学院 \* the U.S. Military Academy at West Point 美国西点军校

**accelerate** [æk'seləreit] *v.* ① (使) 加快, (使) 增速: accelerate one's steps 加快步伐 ② 加速, 加快: The heat causes the reaction to be accelerated. 高温使反应加速。

**accent**<sup>1</sup> [ˈæksənt] *n.* ① [C; U] 口音, 腔调: with a strong (或 marked) Shanghai accent 带有很重的上海口音 \* a voice without (a trace of) accent 不带(丝毫)地方口音的声音 ② [C] 重音, 重音符号: In the word "thunder" the accent is on the first syllable. "thunder" 这个词的重音在第一音节。③ [C, 常 sing.] 强调, 重点: choose

with the accent on quality 注意质量地挑选

**accent**<sup>2</sup> [æk'sent] *vt.* 重读: He accented the wrong syllable. 他读错重音音节了。

A

**\*accept** [ək'sept] *vt.* ① 接受, 领受, 收受: accept a gift, a piece of advice, an apology 接受礼物、劝告、道歉 \* We don't accept traveller's checks. 我们不收旅行支票。② 承认, 同意, 认可: accept the judge's decision 同意法官的判决 \* Government accepted the whole affair to be an unfortunate accident. 政府承认整个事件是一桩不幸的意外。③ 相信: Don't accept everything you see on TV as true. 别以为在电视上看到的東西都是真实的。

**\*acceptable** [ək'septəbl] *a.* ① 可接受的: Is the proposal acceptable to you? 这个建议你可以接受吗? ② 可忍受的: an acceptable risk 可承受的风险

**acceptance** [ək'septəns] *n.* ① [C; U] 接受, 接纳: I've had acceptances from three universities. 有3所大学同意录取我。\* My friend was thrilled by his acceptance into the club. 我的朋友因被接纳加入俱乐部而极为高兴。② [U] 赞同, 承认: The new law gains widespread acceptance. 新的法律获得广泛赞同。③ [U] 容忍: the acceptance of poor living conditions 忍受恶劣的居住条件

**\*access** [ˈækses] *n.* [U] ① 通道, 入口: The bathroom gives access to the corridor. 浴室通向走廊。② 接近, 进入: Access to the resort is quite easy. 那个旅游胜地很容易去。③ 接近(进入, 享用)的机会: Every student has free access to the library. 每个学生都可以免费借用图书馆的书刊。

▲ *vt.* 存取(计算机文件): The files were accessed everyday to keep them up to date. 文件每日存取, 使之不断更新。

**accident** [ˈæksɪdənt] *n.* [C] ① 意外遭遇, 事故: This is the place where the hunting accident happened. 这就是发生猎枪走火事故的现场。② 意外, 意外因素: My meeting her at the station was a pure accident. 我在车站遇见她纯属偶然。

**[词组] by accident** 偶然: She stepped on his toe by accident. 她无意中踩了他的脚。

**accidental** [ˌæksɪ'dentl] *a.* 意外的, 偶然发生的: an accidental death 意外的死亡 \* The murder was meticulously planned; there was nothing accidental about it. 谋杀经过精心策划, 决不是偶然的。

**accommodation** [əˌkɒmə'deɪʃən] *n.* [常 pl.] 住处, 膳宿: top quality hotel accommodations 一流的旅馆住宿条件 \* Hotel accommodation was scarce during the Olympic Games. 奥运会期间住宿紧张。

**\*accompany** [əˈkʌmpəni] *vt.* ① 陪伴, 陪同: He was accompanied to a dinner by his friend. 他由朋友陪同去赴宴。② 伴随, 和...一起发生: fever accompanied with delirium 伴有昏迷的发烧 \* Please see the accompanying booklet for instructions. 请看所附手册上的说明。③ 为...伴奏(或伴唱): She accompanied the chorus on piano. 她为合唱作钢琴伴奏。

**\*accomplish** [əˈkɒmplɪʃ] *vt.* 达到(目的), 完成(任务), 实现(计划、诺言等): accomplish one's purpose 达到目的 \* We tried to arrange a peace, but accomplished nothing. 我们试图调停以实现和平, 但未成功。

**accomplished** [əˈkɒmplɪʃt] *a.* (in sth.) 有技巧的, 熟练的: an accomplished scholar 有造诣的学者 \* an accomplished young lady 年轻的才女 \* be accomplished in (at) the

left-handed manipulation of the dinner fork 熟练地用左手使用餐叉

\***accord** [ə'kɔ:d] *n.* ① [U] 一致, 符合: reach a certain accord in regard to ethical principles 就道德准则达到某种一致 ② [C] (国与国之间的) 谅解, 协议: an accord banning nuclear weapons in space 太空禁止核武器的协议

▲ *vi.* (with) 相符合, 相一致, 相和谐: It ill (well) accords with my wishes. 这同我的心愿不(恰好)一致。

▲ *vt.* 授予, 赠予, 给予: He was accorded permission to use the library. 他被允许使用该图书馆的书刊。

【词组】**in accord with** 与...一致, 与...相符合: They live in perfect accord with each other. 他们生活在一起十分融洽。**of one's own accord** 出于自愿, 主动地: They give generously of their own accord. 他们自愿慷慨解囊。**with one accord** 一致地, 一致同意地: With one accord the crowd shouted its approval. 人群异口同声地高呼同意。

**accordance** [ə'kɔ:dəns] *n.* [U] 一致, 和谐, 符合

【词组】**In accordance with** 与...一致, 依照, 根据: In accordance with your request I am sending you sample pages of the dictionary. 根据你的要求, 现寄上词典的样张。

\***according to** [ə'kɔ:diŋ tu] *prep.* ① 据...所说, 按...所载: According to John, the bank closes at 4 p.m. 据约翰说, 银行下午 4 点关门。② 根据, 按照: Everything went according to plan. 一切都是按照计划进行的。

**accordingly** [ə'kɔ:diŋli] *ad.* ① 因此, 于是: He was told to speak briefly, and accordingly he cut short his remarks. 他被告知说话要简短, 于是他就长话短说了。② 照着, 相应地: Please inform us of your decision and we will act accordingly. 请把你们的决定通知我们, 我们会照着去办的。

\***account** [ə'kaunt] *n.* ① [C] (of) 记述, 叙述, 报道: Keep account of your daily activities. 把你每天的活动都记下来。\* a detailed account of the accident 事件的详细叙述 (报道) ② [C] 账, 账户: The accounts are perfectly in order. 账目完全清楚。\* The sum of money has been transferred into my account. 那笔钱已转到我账户上了。③ [U] 解释, 说明: No satisfactory account was given of these phenomena. 对这些现象不曾提供令人满意的解释。

▲ *vi.* ① (for) 说明...的原因, 是...的原因: How do you account for losing five games in a row? 你如何解释一连输了五场比赛呢? \* His illness accounts for his absence. 他因病缺席。② (在数量、比例方面) 占: It accounts for 30 percent of all railway accidents. 这占了全部铁道事故的 30%。

【词组】**of great (no, some) account** 很(不, 有些)重要的: a man of great account 一个很重要的人物 \* make no account of difficulties 蔑视困难 **on account of** 因为, 由于: resign on account of age 因年迈辞职 **on no account** 绝不, 绝对不: On no account should you go. 你绝对不应该去。\* a sight one must on no account miss 人们绝不可错过的胜景。 **take account of/take sth. into account** 考虑到, 顾及, 体谅: You must take his inexperience into account. 你必须考虑到他无经验而予以原谅。\* Taking account of all the circumstances, he thought it wise not to say anything further. 考虑到所有的情况, 他想还是不要再说什么为妙。

**\*accumulate** [ə'kju:mjuleit] *vt.* 积累, 积聚: He gradually accumulated an impressive collection of paintings. 他逐渐积聚起一批可观的绘画收藏品。

▲ *vi.* 累积, 聚积: Dust soon accumulates in rooms that are not cleaned. 房间不打扫很快就会积满灰尘。

**accuracy** [ækjʊrəsi] *n.* [U] 准确(性), 精确(性): accuracy of missiles 导弹的精确性  
\* with pinpoint accuracy 毫厘不爽地

**\*accurate** [ækjʊrit] *a.* 准确的, 精确的: an accurate diagnosis 正确的诊断 \* an accurate typist 准确率高的打字员

**[辨析]** **accurate**, **correct**, **exact**, **precise** 和 **right**。这一组词均有“准确、正确”之意。**accurate** 表示精确度, 强调为达到这一精确度所作的努力: A scientist must be accurate in what he says. 科学家讲话必须力求精确。**correct** 是最普通的用词, 指正确无误, 并符合某种标准: The girl was taught the correct manners at table. 那位姑娘被教给用餐时的礼貌规矩。**exact** 表示在数量意义上的极度准确: The exact time is two minutes and fifteen seconds past nine. 确切的时间是9点2分15秒。**precise** 强调在细节上的精确: The teacher's directions were very precise. 老师的讲解很严谨。**right** 同 **correct** 有时可互换, 但常暗示道德、理解、做法等方面的正确: Always do what is right and honourable. 做事永远要光明正大。

**accurately** [ækjʊritli] *ad.* 准确地, 精确地: He described the accident accurately. 他确切地描述了事件。

**\*accuse** [ə'kju:z] *vt.* 指控, 控告, 指责: The company was accused of failing to safeguard the public. 这家公司被控未能保护公众的利益。

▲ the accused *n.* (复数不变) 刑事被告: Several of the accused were found guilty. 被告中有数人被判定有罪。

**[辨析]** **accuse** 和 **charge**。二者均为“指控, 控告”, 常可通用。**accuse** 较常用, 可用于各种正式或非正式场合, 被指控的事有时并不一定很严重, 如: He accused me of lying. 他指责我说谎。**charge** 往往用于指较严重的错误或罪行, 并被正式控告, 如: He was charged with murder. 他被控犯有谋杀罪。(比较: He was accused of murder. 他被控犯有谋杀罪。)\* They charged bribery against him. 他们控告他犯了受贿罪。

**accustomed** [ə'kʌstəmd] *a.* ① (作定语) 通常的, 惯常的: She greeted me with her accustomed smile. 她带着惯常的微笑迎接我。② (作表语时接 to sth., 相当于 used to sth.) 习惯于某事物: He is accustomed to reading late. 他习惯夜读。\* I quickly became accustomed to the local food. 我很快就习惯了当地的食物。

**ache** [eik] *vi.* ① 痛, 疼痛: I ache all over. 我浑身痛。② 渴望: He was aching for home/to go home. 他渴望回家。

▲ *n.* [C; U] (常以构成复合词) backache (toothache, stomachache) 背痛(牙痛, 胃痛) \* She felt an ache in her back. 她感到背痛。

**\*achieve** [ə'tʃi:v] *vt.* 完成, 实现, 达到: The company has achieved a 100% increase in profits. 这家公司的利润增加了一倍。

▲ *vi.* 成功: He achieved a great deal in his work. 他工作颇有成绩。

**achievement** [ə'tʃi:vmənt] *n.* ① [C] 成绩, 成就: He has broken two world records in



one day, which is quite an achievement. 他一天打破两项世界纪录, 这真是了不起的成绩。② [U] 完成, 达到; achievement of an ambition 抱负的实现

\*acid ['æsid] n. [C. U] 酸, 酸性物质: Some acids burn holes in wood. 有些酸能把木头烧出洞。

A

▲a. ① 酸的, 酸味的: acid drop (英)酸味糖果 ② 尖刻的, 刻薄的: an acid comment 尖刻的评论

\*acknowledge [ə'knɒlɪdʒ] vt. ① 承认, 公认: He refused to acknowledge his fault. 他拒不承认错误。\* She is acknowledged as an expert on the subject. 她被公认为是这一学科的专家。② 对...表示感谢: We must acknowledge his services to the school. 我们必须感谢他对本校所作的贡献。③ 告知收到: acknowledge a letter 告知已收到一封信

\*acquaint [ə'kweɪnt] vt. (with) 使认识, 了解: We are acquainted with each other. 我们彼此认识。\* Please acquaint me with the facts of the case. 请把这事的情况告诉我。

acquaintance [ə'kweɪntəns] n. ① [C] 相识(但不很熟)的人: She has a wide circle of acquaintances. 她交友甚广。② [U] 了解, 认识: He has some little acquaintance with the Japanese language. 他稍微会一点儿日语。

【词组】have a nodding/passing acquaintance with sb./sth. 与某人有点头之交, 对某事物略知一二: I have no more than a nodding acquaintance with her novels. 我对她写的小说不甚了解。make sb.'s acquaintance/make the acquaintance of sb. 结识某人, 与某人相见: I made his acquaintance at the party. 我是在一个聚会上认识他的。of sb.'s acquaintance 某人认识的: a certain lawyer of my acquaintance 我认识的某个律师

\*acquire [ə'kwaɪə] vt. 取得, 获得, 得到: acquire a good knowledge of English 学好英语 \* acquire an antique painting 得到一幅古画

【辨析】acquire, gain, get, obtain 和 procure. 这组词均含有“取得, 获得”的意思。acquire 强调通过不断的和持续的努力而获得某物, 一经获得就永久持有: acquire a college degree 获得大学学位 gain 往往指在竞争或角逐中获得某个有价值的东西, 还可表示增加已有的东西: The troop gained the victory after a bloody battle. 部队经过一场血战之后赢得了胜利。\* The king gained possession of more lands. 国王获得了更多的土地。get 是最普通用词, 指以各种方法或手段取得、提炼得、收得而得到, 也可指被动地、消极地领受某物: They get gold from ore. 他们从矿石中提取金子。\* get a letter 收到一封信 \* get a blow on the head 头上挨了一拳 obtain 也是一个较为常用的词, 指作了不少努力或花了大量时间后才得到所需要的东西或达到某种目的: I obtained permission to go. 我获准离去。\* He obtained a ticket for the Cup Final. 他搞到了一张优胜杯决赛的票。procure 指通过一定的方式占有某物, 带有想方设法、费尽心力才取得之含义: The book is out of print and difficult to procure. 这本书已绝版, 很难弄到。

acquisition [ækwi'zɪʃən] n. ① [U] 取得, 获得, 得到: the acquisition of antiques (knowledge, a fortune) 获得古董(知识, 财富) ② [C] 获得物(尤指有用的), 增添的人(或物): This dictionary is my latest acquisition. 这部词典是我最近添置的东西。\* She is a valuable acquisition to the firm. 她是公司新来的宝贵人才。