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金榜夺魁系列丛书

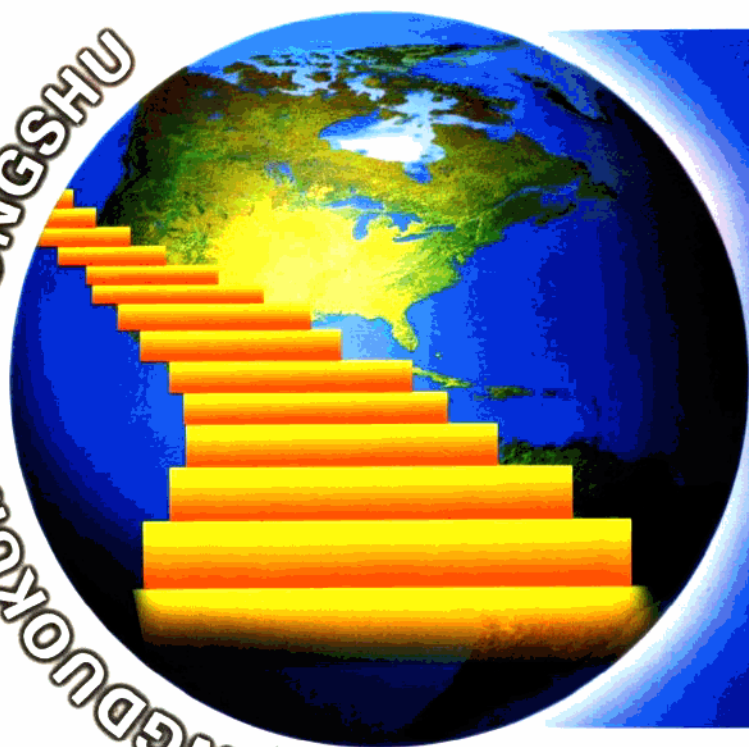
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新 课 标



金榜夺魁

JINBANGDUOKUJILIECONGSHU



单元同步精讲巧拔

英语

内蒙古人民出版社



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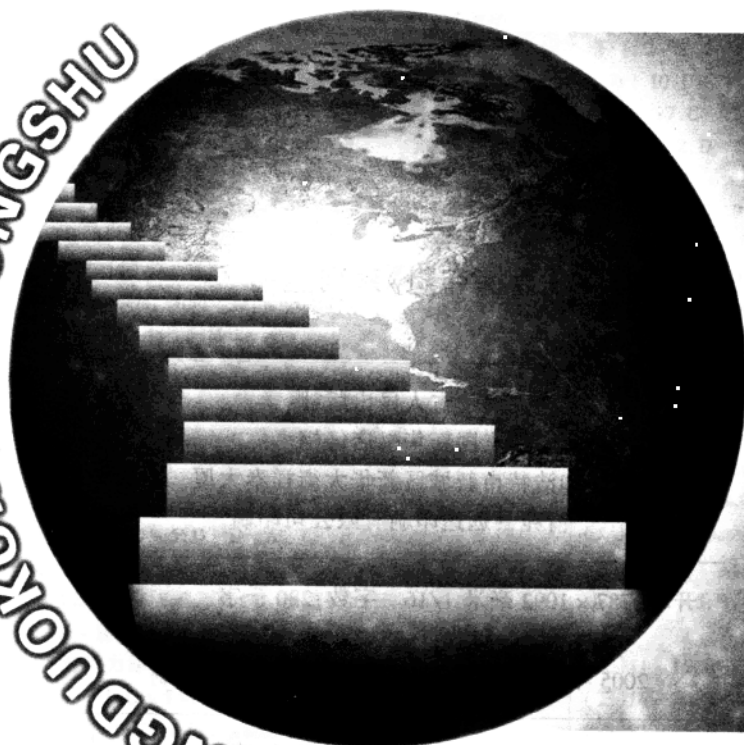
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单元同步精讲巧拨

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前 言

随着素质教育的全面推进,教育改革方兴未艾,提高学生整体素质,培养学生综合能力,特别是创新能力和实际应用能力,已被放到了教学的首要位置。而中考已由单纯对知识的考查改为逐步增加对能力的考查。对于广大中学生师生而言,相对稳定平淡的初中教材、全新的教育和评估模式如何接轨,便成为首当其冲的问题。为此,我们编写了这套多元化初中课程辅导用书,通过全新的教育理念,揭开新中考的神秘面纱,帮助广大中学生朋友轻松学习、从容应考。

本书遵循“以学习者为中心”的理念,具体特点如下:

一、一切为了学生:本书以问题法为主要建构核心,引导、诱思、解惑,使每个学生都溶入本书创设的“自主课堂”,让学生成为学习的主人。

二、为了一切学生:本书为教师提供了一套帮助学生调节自我学习的模式,立足营造积极的课堂环境,培养每个学生成为自主学习者。

三、为了学生一切:本书引入思维教学、智能教学理论,全面培养学生多元智能,挖掘每个学生的天赋,培养聪明的学习者。

“操千曲而后晓声,观千剑而后识器”,愿您能得本书之助——金榜夺魁!

*

丛书编委会

2005年春于北京

目 录

Unit 1 In the library	(1)
Lesson 1	(1)
Lesson 2	(2)
Lesson 3	(3)
Lesson 4	(4)
单元达标检测	(6)
Unit 2 Water sports	(11)
Lesson 5	(11)
Lesson 6	(12)
Lesson 7	(13)
Lesson 8	(14)
单元达标检测	(17)
Unit 3 Make our world more beautiful!	(21)
Lesson 9	(21)
Lesson 10	(23)
Lesson 11	(24)
Lesson 12	(25)
单元达标检测	(27)
Unit 4 Travel	(32)
Lesson 13	(32)
Lesson 14	(33)
Lesson 15	(34)
Lesson 16	(35)
单元达标检测	(38)
Unit 5 Have a good time!	(42)
Lesson 17	(42)
Lesson 18	(44)
Lesson 19	(45)
Lesson 20	(47)
单元达标检测	(50)
Unit 6 Mainly revision	(54)
Lesson 21	(54)
Lesson 22	(55)
Lesson 23	(57)
Lesson 24	(59)
单元达标检测	(62)

第一学期期中测验题	(67)
Unit 7 A man who never gave up	(72)
Lesson 25	(72)
Lesson 26	(73)
Lesson 27	(76)
Lesson 28	(78)
单元达标检测	(80)
Unit 8 Merry Christmas!	(85)
Lesson 29	(85)
Lesson 30	(86)
Lesson 31	(88)
Lesson 32	(90)
单元达标检测	(93)
Unit 9 What is it made of?	(97)
Lesson 33	(97)
Lesson 34	(98)
Lesson 35	(100)
Lesson 36	(102)
单元达标检测	(104)
Unit 10 When was it built?	(108)
Lesson 37	(108)
Lesson 38	(110)
Lesson 39	(112)
Lesson 40	(114)
单元达标检测	(117)
Unit 11 Planting trees	(123)
Lesson 41	(123)
Lesson 42	(124)
Lesson 43	(126)
Lesson 44	(128)
单元达标检测	(132)
Unit 12 Maily revision	(137)
Lesson 45	(137)
Lesson 46	(139)
Lesson 47	(141)
Lesson 48	(143)
单元达标检测	(146)
第一学期期末测验题	(150)
详解答案	(155)



Unit 1 In the library



DANYUANXUEXI MUBIAO

单元学习目标

一、掌握下列单词和词组

several, already, hobby, knowledge, yard, step, pay, librarian, sadly, encourage, once, abroad, copy, as, used to, put sth. down, pay for sth, come up with, think of, pick up

二、掌握下列句型并能熟练运用

1. Excuse me, have you got...?

Yes, I think I've got one. Sorry, I haven't got one.

2. Have you seen it anywhere?

3. It must still be there.

4. She used to be a history teacher.

5. Her hobby is reading.

6. She likes reading on many different subjects.

7. They make me happy.

8. Sometimes she reads a few lines, puts down the book, walks a few steps, and thinks for a while and then walks away with the book.

9. She left for home.

10. A few days later, the book was still missing.

11. What was worse,...

12. She was worried and so was the librarian.

13. ... put a bookmark in each of the borrowed books.

14. Have you ever spoken to a foreigner?

15. Have you ever been abroad?

16. I guess somebody else has borrowed it.

三、掌握语法:现在完成时态(一)

课文
KE WEN



JINGLIAN
精练

Lesson 1

I. 单项选择。

1. I've lost my pen. I can't find it _____.

- A. somewhere B. anywhere
C. everywhere D. nowhere

2. When did you finish _____ the book?

- A. readed B. reading
C. read D. to read

3. Why _____ a walk?

- A. don't you B. don't take
C. not you take D. not take

4. It looks like _____ car, but it isn't

- A. them, their B. their, them
C. their, theirs D. theirs, them

5. "_____ Have you got a ruler?" "Yes. Here you

are."

- A. Sorry B. I beg your pardon
C. Excuse me D. Hi

6. I want to borrow a pencil - sharpener from Jim, but he hasn't got _____.

- A. one B. some
C. it D. a pencil - sharpener

7. There is a pen lying on the ground. It _____ John's.

- A. maybe B. may be
C. may is D. may

8. —Do you have any fish?

—Sorry. We don't have any _____.

- A. this moment B. at that time
C. from now on D. at the moment

9. There are many bottles on the table. Some are full, _____ are empty.



Unit 1 In the library

- A. the others B. others
C. other D. the other

10. — Would you like _____ rice?

— Yes, please.

- A. come B. much C. any D. no

II. 用所给单词的适当形式填空。

- I've _____ (get) some story books. They are on the shelf.
- You can ask Wei Hua, perhaps he's _____ (see) it.
- Little Tom lives with his parents, but he doesn't feel _____ (happy).
- My mother makes me _____ (get) up early every morning.
- We won't go to the farm if it _____ (rain) tomorrow.
- I drive _____ (careful) than I did two years ago.
- The twins _____ (be) here five minutes ago.
- "Where is Jack?" "He _____ (mend) his watch in his room."
- Please remember _____ (turn) off the TV when you leave.
- It's very important for us _____ (learn) English well.

III. 完成句子。

- 劳驾,你有关于生物的书吗?
_____, have you got any books _____?
- 我把字典丢了。
I've _____ my _____.
- 你见过我的历史书吗?
_____ you _____ my _____ book?
- 我有几本关于化学的书。
I've got _____ books about _____.
- 此刻我们一本书也没有。
We haven't got any books _____.

IV. 完形填空: 阅读下列短文, 选出一个最佳答案。

Once a Frenchman got to England. He knew only _____ 1 _____ English. One day when he was sitting by

the window of a restaurant(餐馆) and _____ 2 _____ lunch, he heard _____ 3 _____ "Look out!" so he put his head out of the window to _____ 4 _____ what _____ 5 _____ outside. Just then a basin of dirty water poured(倒) over his head. Then another. He was very _____ 6 _____. He shouted, "Damn you(该死)! See _____ 7 _____ you have done". The men passing by laughed _____ 8 _____ him and he got _____ 9 _____ angrier. One of the men said, "You must be a foreigner, 'Look out' in English means '_____ 10 _____'".

(2004, 甘肃省)

- A. a few B. few C. a little D. little
- A. had B. having C. has D. has had
- A. a voice B. voice C. a sound D. sound
- A. look over B. look up C. find D. find out
- A. was happening B. has happened C. happened D. is happening
- A. happy B. hungry C. angry D. surprised
- A. that B. what C. which D. how
- A. at B. to C. with D. for
- A. even B. more C. most D. many
- A. Put one's head out to look.
B. Look outside
C. Be careful
D. Get ready to look

Lesson 2

I. 单项选择。

- My father _____ a teacher.
A. was used B. used to be
C. used being D. used to being
- Would you like _____ bread?
A. some any B. any more
C. some more D. more some
- I _____ the book _____ to the library yesterday.
A. borrowed; back B. returned; back
C. borrowed; from D. returned; ×



4. I've never seen such a beautiful city, _____?

- A. have I B. have you
C. haven't you D. do I

5. At last Mary _____ an answer.

- A. came with B. thought out
C. had something with D. came up with

6. He _____ the heavy bag and had a rest.

- A. took away B. put away
C. put down D. push down

7. I'm a student and so _____ they.

- A. are B. can C. do D. am

8. How much did you _____ the book?

- A. pay B. spend for
C. take D. pay for

9. I came to the policeman _____ for help.

- A. asking B. to ask
C. asked D. to asked

10. The good news makes us _____.

- A. happily B. happy
C. to happy D. happiness

II. 完成句子。

1. 我兄弟过去在医院工作。

My brother _____ in a hospital.

2. 最后吉姆想出了一个好主意。

At last Jim _____ a good idea.

3. 如果你丢了那本书,恐怕你得赔偿了。

If you've lost the book, I'm afraid you have to _____ it.

4. 今天早晨他迟到了,我们也迟到了。

He was late this morning. So _____.

5. 努力学习,迟早他会赶上你的同学。

Study hard, then you'll catch up with your classmates _____.

III. 阅读短文,然后根据短文内容写出下列画线部分的同义词或词组。

Libraries in Large Towns

There are libraries in large towns. Many kinds of

books are collected(收集) and kept in the libraries.

(1) Men, women, boys and girls visit the libraries every day and borrow the books they (2) would like. If they (3) like stories, they can choose fiction(小说) books. If they are teaching, they can choose educational(教育的) books. And if they are workers, they can choose the books (4) on machines.

The books in the libraries help us to get those which we can't get in school. By reading books we can not only open our eyes to something new and correct our wrong ideas, but we can also get pleasure. If we don't read, we won't get knowledge and happiness. We shall always come to the libraries if we (5) are free.

(1) _____ (2) _____ (3) _____

(4) _____ (5) _____

Lesson 3

I. 根据汉语意思写出英语单词。

1. He has a wide _____ (知识) of history.

2. This helps to _____ (鼓励) the students to study harder.

3. The teacher asked us to _____ (抄写) the new words three times.

4. I've never been _____ (出国).

5. English is a _____ (外国的) language in China.

6. I got a lot of _____ (礼物) on my birthday.

7. Have you finished your _____ (作文)?

8. English is my favourite _____ (学科).

9. Don't worry. We'll _____ (可能) find it soon.

10. The _____ (图书管理员) is very friendly to us.

II. 单项选择。

1. Try to think _____ another way to find the library book quickly.

- A. about B. for C. of D. over

2. My brother has gone _____ abroad, he will come back next month.



A. to B. in C. / D. out

3. —Have they visited the farm?

—

A. ever B. No, only once

C. No, never D. Yes

4. They travelled to America _____ plane.

A. by a B. in a

C. on a D. on

5. My father _____ CCTV news every day.

A. hears B. listens

C. sounds D. listens to

6. When I saw something lying on the ground, I stopped to _____.

A. pick it up B. pick them up

C. pick up it D. pick up them

7. I've just finish my work, _____?

A. haven't you B. haven't I

C. don't I D. don't you

8. I _____ until six o'clock tomorrow morning.

A. won't start B. don't start

C. will start D. start

9. He returned the book to the library very _____.

A. fast B. quick

C. quickly D. fastly

10. I hurried to school, but I _____ my English book at home.

A. forgot B. have forgotten

C. left D. have left

III. 完成句子。

1. 昨天我把我的英语书忘在吉姆的房间了。

I _____ my English book _____ Jim's room yesterday.

2. 我刚刚吃过午饭。

I _____ just _____ my lunch.

3. 你能想出解这道题的另一种方法吗?

Can you _____ another way to work out the problem?

4. 爸爸经常鼓励我努力学习英语。

My father often _____ me _____

_____ hard at English.

5. 王先生从未跟外国人说过话。

Mr Wang has never _____ a foreigner.

IV. 完形填空。

In our country every school has a library. You can read many interesting books. These 1 come from the school 2, I'm sure. Perhaps you also get 3 from the public library in your town. Then books are sometimes given to you as presents by your parents or friends. If you like 4 and want to 5 more, I'm sure that you buy books 6.

Have you thought how books are 7? Well, after a book is written, it passes through the hands of many different workers. Each one 8 very carefully, for there must not be any 9 in the book. It is read many times by different people before it is finished.

Millions of books are printed (出版) in our country every year. So people can get 10 to read.

1. A. books

B. things

C. teachers

D. students

2. A. gate

B. classroom

C. teachers' office

D. library

3. A. food

B. pictures

C. books D. things

4. A. teaching B. watching C. playing D. reading

5. A. learn B. look C. remember D. forget

6. A. all B. also C. yourself D. either

7. A. produced B. made C. bought D. given

8. A. does B. is C. works D. looks

9. A. mistakes B. questions C. wrong D. thing

10. A. a lot of B. enough C. anything D. great

Lesson 4

I. 用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空。

1. How long _____ your mother _____ (work) in the library.

2. Do you enjoy _____ (read) story books?

3. — _____ you ever _____ (hear) of the



story about "Harry Potter"?

—Of course. Look! I _____ (read) a book about him now.

4. Don't speak to your father when he _____ (write).

5. Neither you nor your brother _____ (wash) your clothes yet.

6. We'll go to the library when the rain _____ (stop).

7. — _____ he _____ (finish) his homework yet?

—Yes, he _____ (do) it an hour ago.

8. The children _____ (dance) under the tree over there! Why not _____ (join) them?

9. — _____ your brother _____ (return) the video tape to the library?

—No. They are still on his desk.

II. 单项选择。

1. —May I use your bike?

—Sorry, _____ has borrowed it.

- A. others B. somebody else
C. else somebody D. somebody other

2. Could you _____ who has taken my pen?

- A. look for B. find
C. find out D. to find

3. Can you _____ me your dictionary?

- A. borrow B. lend
C. keep D. lending

4. You can _____ the books for two weeks.

- A. keep B. keeping
C. lend D. borrow

5. My bag is _____ on the ground.

- A. already B. still
C. yet D. maybe

6. _____ of us has a key to our classroom.

- A. Every B. Each
C. All D. Both

7. Has he _____ these things?

- A. paid B. paid for
C. paid for D. spent on

8. Sorry! I have _____ my homework in my bedroom.

- A. forgot B. left
C. forgotten D. leave

9. We'll have a talk _____ the history of the party tomorrow afternoon.

- A. of B. on C. in D. with

10. You can find the information _____ the computer.

- A. in B. about C. on D. by

IV. 阅读理解。

The word hobby is an interesting word. Every person has one thing he or she likes to do for fun(娱乐). Some people like to collect(收集) things like stamps or story books. Others like to play football or go window shopping where you can look at many beautiful things without buying them.

I have many hobbies I do for fun. I sometimes play golf with my sons. I play tennis with all the family. I like to collect music books. I also collect musical instruments(乐器) from China like the erhu, the dizi, the xiao, the suona, and the pipa. These are the instruments of China which cannot be found in America.

My favourite hobby is fishing. I like to go and see my brother in the state(州) of Alaska where fishing is wonderful. The two of us take a boat and go to a small river where we fish for salmon, America's most famous fish.

1. The word "hobby" means _____.

- A. collecting stamps
B. playing tennis with your friends
C. something you enjoy doing in your free time
D. something you can see at the window shopping

2. What's the writer's most liked hobby?

- A. Playing golf with his son.
B. Fishing.
C. Collecting Chinese musical instruments.
D. Collecting music books.

3. Salmon is _____.



- A. a river where people can go fishing
B. a town near Alaska
C. a kind of instrument
D. a kind of fish

V. 书面表达。

假如今天你是值日生, 请根据下表的提示, 写一篇 80 词左右的值日生报告, 开头语已为你写好。

[注意]文中应包括表中所有的内容, 可以适当增加细节, 使内容连贯。

日期	6 月 22 日 星期五
天气	晴
出勤情况	汤姆缺席(上周回英国度假)
一件事	1. 梅梅拾到我丢失的一本图书馆的书 2. 送还图书馆 3. 图书馆的王老师告诉我今后应…… 4. 感谢梅梅

开头语: It's my turn to be on duty today...



中考 ZHENTIZHANSI
ZHONGKAO 真题展示

A) 根据句意及首字母提示, 将所空单词补充完整, 首字母不必重复。(一空一词)

- China has the 1 _____ population in the world.
- The medicine tastes very terrible, but it is really good _____ for your health.
- Don't worry. I'll 1 _____ a message on the headmaster's desk.
- Chinese families get 1 _____ and celebrate the bright round moon.
- If we try our best, the world will become much more beautiful sooner or 1 _____ later.

B) 阅读短文, 并用括号中所给动词的适当形式填空。

I'm busy working these days. I 1 _____ (not receive) any news from my family since last Sunday. Now I 2 _____ (send) an e-mail to them. My father 3 _____ (tell) me to buy him a new TV set. He enjoys 4 _____ (watch) TV plays. If I am free, I'll buy one for him. I think he will be very happy 5 _____ (see) it.

(2004, 山西省)

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____
4. _____ 5. _____



DANYUAN DABIAOJIANCE
单元 达标检测

I. 听力测试。

(一) 辨音, 选出你在句子中所听到的单词或短语。

1. A. interested B. interesting
C. listening D. exciting
2. A. thought B. bought
C. taught D. brought
3. A. happy B. heavy
C. happen D. healthy
4. A. wake up B. look for
C. wait for D. pay for
5. A. his full name B. his family name

C. his first name D. his pen name

(二) 从下面的句子中选出一个与你听到的句子意义最接近的句子。

6. A. The twins didn't go to the zoo.
B. All of them went to the zoo.
C. None of them went to the zoo.
D. The twins went to the zoo.
7. A. It's early, I shall play.
B. It's late, I can stay with you.
C. It's getting dark, I must leave now.
D. It's late, I'm afraid.
8. A. He didn't go to bed before his mother came



back.

B. He has been asleep until his mother came back.

C. He didn't want to sleep after his mother came back.

D. He went to bed as soon as his mother came back.

9. A. The weather in Gulin is neither hot nor cold.

B. The weather in Gulin is very hot in summer.

C. The weather in Gulin is colder than any other city of China in winter.

D. The weather in Gulin is very bad.

10. A. Mother was ill.

B. Betty was ill.

C. The hospital is near the home.

D. The hospital is new.

(三) 听问句, 选出能回答该问题的正确答语。

11. A. He is good.

B. Very well.

C. Next year.

D. Twenty.

12. A. Yes, please.

B. Tea, please.

C. Here you are.

D. Sorry.

13. A. I feel great today.

B. It's OK, mum.

C. You too, mum.

D. Yes, it's a nice day today.

14. A. Phone me at 5 o'clock.

B. Yes, of course.

C. Sorry, wrong number.

D. Yes, it's my phone.

15. A. Last night.

B. At lunch time.

C. sometimes.

D. Two days ago.

(四) 听下面的对话, 回答问题, 读两遍。

16. Why does Henry borrow a book about the earth?

A. He will give a talk about the earth.

B. He is interested in it.

C. He borrows it for his friend.

17. How many books can Henry borrow at a time?

A. One.

B. Two.

C. Three.

18. What kind of books is Henry interested in?

A. Science books.

B. Sports books.

C. History books.

19. When isn't the library open?

A. On Tuesday.

B. On Wednesday.

C. On Thursday.

20. How long can Henry keep the books?

A. Two days.

B. Two weeks.

C. A week.

II. 单项选择。

1. —Have you ever _____?

—No, never.

A. abroad

B. go abroad

C. going abroad

D. been abroad

2. —Lucy did quite well in the exam.

—_____.

A. So is Lily

B. So did Lily

C. So Lily is

D. So Lily did

3. —Have you finished reading the book?

—_____. I'll finish it next week.

A. Already

B. What a pity

C. Maybe

D. Not yet

4. I've found your watch. You _____ it on my desk yesterday.

A. left

B. have left

C. forgot

D. have forgotten

5. We'll have a picnic _____ next week.

A. some time

B. sometimes

C. sometime

D. some times

6. —What _____ he _____ to be?

—A worker.

A. does, use

B. did, use

C. does, used

D. is, used

7. —I think I've lost the library book.

—_____.

A. I'm happy to hear that

B. Thank you for telling me

C. It doesn't matter. Thank you all the same.

D. I'm sorry to hear that

8. Mr Wang _____ be in Nanjing now, he went to Beijing only this morning.

A. mustn't

B. may not

C. can't

D. needn't

9. The window is broken. Try to _____ who broke it.

A. find out

B. find



- C. look D. look for
10. The students _____ their pens when the teacher told them to stop writing.
A. took off B. put down
C. put on D. took down
11. —I'm sorry, I'll have to _____ my office.
I've had a good time here.
—It's a pleasure to have you here.
A. get to B. return
C. leave for D. reach
12. —How long have you _____ the book?
—Two weeks.
A. bought B. lent
C. had D. borrowed
13. What _____ when you lost the library book?
A. did happen B. is happening
C. happened D. was happening
14. She borrowed some books _____ Chinese history.
A. in B. at C. with D. on
15. If you've finished _____ the book, please _____ it on time.
A. reading, return B. reading, return back
C. read, return again D. to read, to return
16. The book is too hard for me _____.
A. to read it B. not to read it
C. to read D. not to read
17. The young women told us _____ so loudly in the library.
A. not talk B. don't talk
C. didn't talk D. not to talk
18. —_____ you _____ a pencil?
—Yes, I do.
A. Have, got B. Do, have
C. Do, get D. Do, have got
19. The boy _____ football with his friends after school when he lived in Beijing two years ago.
A. is used to playing B. used to playing
C. was used to playing D. used to play
20. My mother _____ a teacher for 20 years.
A. is B. used be
C. has been D. was

III. 完形填空。

Our school has a big library. There are many _____
1_____ in it. All the students in our school can borrow
books _____ 2_____ the library but they can't keep them for
_____ 3_____ two weeks. Everyone must return the library
books _____ 4_____.

One afternoon, Miss Yang was working at the desk in the library when Han Meimei _____ 5_____. "Excuse me, Miss Yang," she said. "I'm very sorry. I borrowed a book ten days ago. But I can't _____ 6_____ it. I think I've lost it." "Oh dear!" said Miss Yang, "What was the name of the book?" "It was 'Harry Potter'." "What a pity! I'm _____ 7_____ that if you've lost it, you must pay for it," said Miss Yang.

_____ 8_____ Lucy came into the library. "Excuse me, Miss Yang. I've just found this library book. I like the book very much, but I think it's _____ 9_____, so I come to return it." "Oh good girl!" Miss Yang got the book and said, "It's 'Harry Potter'. Come on, Meimei! Is it the book you've lost?" "Yes," Han Meimei said. "Thank you, Miss Yang!" "Don't thank me, we _____ 10_____ thank Lucy!" said Miss Yang.

1. A. kind of book B. kind of books
C. kinds of book D. kinds of books
2. A. in B. to C. from D. out
3. A. more than B. less than
C. more D. less
4. A. on the time B. on time
C. at times D. in the time
5. A. comes B. came
C. came in D. came into
6. A. see B. look C. look for D. find
7. A. glad B. sorry C. surprised D. sad
8. A. When B. At the moment
C. As soon as D. While
9. A. the library's B. other's
C. Han Meimei's D. Miss Yang's
10. A. both can B. can both
C. both must D. must both

IV. 阅读理解。

A

School Library

To Joy Lee,

Just to remind you that you have four overdue
(超过归还期的) books.



Title(题目)	Author(作者)	Due date(归还日期)
The Age of Innocence	Edith Wharton	due 22/1
Mr Standfast	John Buchan	due 24/1
Imagine	Alison Lester	due 26/1
Selected Tables	Jacob and Wilhelm Grimm	due 26/1

Please return these books tomorrow. Other people may be waiting to borrow them.

Mrs Jane Jones

Librarian

Date: 3/2/2003

Note: You may not borrow any new books until these books have been returned.

- This note was sent by _____.
A. Alison Lester B. John Buchan
C. Joy Lee D. Mrs Jane Jones
- From this note we know that _____.
A. Joy doesn't like reading
B. Joy likes reading very much
C. Mrs Jane Jones has borrowed these books
D. Joy may not know any new books at the moment
- John Buchan was _____.
A. the writer of Mr Standfast
B. Mr Standfast
C. the headmaster of this school
D. a friend of Joy Lee's
- Can Joy borrow more books if he returns these books at once?
A. Yes, he can. B. No, he can't.
C. We don't know. D. Other people can borrow.
- _____ was the librarian.
A. Joy Lee B. Jane Jones
C. Alison Lester D. Edith Wharton

When we think of Hollywood, we think of films and famous film stars. They are part of Hollywood's history. Today people make films in other places, too. Not all famous film stars live in Hollywood. But Hollywood is still a very special city in Los Angeles. There is a big sign on the hills. It says "HOLLYWOOD". The white letters are fifty feet tall. You can see the sign from far away. The Hollywood sign is a famous Hollywood landmark(标记) in Los Angeles. Many postcards show this famous Hollywood landmark.

In the hills of Hollywood, there is also the Holly-

wood Bowl. This is an open-air theatre. It is one of the largest open-air theatres in the world. It has seventeen thousand seats and a very different stage(演奏台). The design(设计) of the stage was done by a great American named Frank Lloyd Wright. You can listen to all kinds of concerts at the Hollywood Bowl.

- The best title for the reading should be _____.
A. Hollywood
B. Famous Films and Film Stars
C. The History of Hollywood
D. Famous Hollywood
- We learn from the reading that _____.
A. "HOLLYWOOD" can just be seen from far away
B. Hollywood is now a place only for travellers
C. all the films are made in Hollywood
D. Hollywood is one part in Los Angeles
- The word "special" in the reading means _____.
A. new B. rich C. famous D. unusual
- At the Hollywood Bowl _____.
A. all postcards are made
B. only 7000 people can get together
C. music can be enjoyed
D. you can hardly listen to different kinds of concerts
- It seems that _____.
A. some famous film stars don't choose to live in Hollywood.
B. film stars don't think Hollywood a good place to make films.
C. the Hollywood Bowl is larger than any other open-air theater in the world.
D. the Hollywood Bowl is a hill in Hollywood.

C

You might think the largest library in the world would be in Europe. But it's wrong. It's in Washington D.C. of the United States. We call it the Library of Congress(国会图书馆). President(总统) John Adams started the library for members of Congress. He wanted them to be able to read books about law(法律). They bought the first 740 books in Europe. They only set up the books in the room where Congress met. Then Thomas Jefferson sold many books of his own to Congress. He left Congress. He thought Congress should have books on all subjects not just on law. This idea



changed the library for good. The library grew and grew. Now it covers acres(公顷) of land. It has 20 million books and lots of pictures, films, the stars and machines. Experts(专家) in every field(领域) work there. Hundreds of people call every day with all kinds of questions. Many of them get answers right over the phone. The library is a large store(shop). Thomas Edison's first film and Houdini's Magic Books were placed in the library. And it's the proud owner of the world's best collection(收集) of books.

1. The Library of Congress has kept _____.
A. the earliest books on law in the world
B. 740 books on law
C. the books on law of about 200 years ago
D. books of all kinds in the world
2. From this passage, we know that Thomas Jefferson was _____.
A. president of the USA before John Adams, another president
B. president of the USA after John Adams
C. one successful Congress member selling books to the library
D. a successful book-seller in history
3. "This idea changed the library for good" means that the library _____.
A. changed forever(永久)
B. became better than before
C. can be made good use of
D. became a large storehouse(储藏室) for the members of Congress
4. Today the library is opened to _____.
A. the members of Congress
B. the public
C. experts in every field
D. lawyers(律师) and politicians(政治家)
5. _____ can come or call to the Congress Library if he or she has any question.
A. Anyone in the world
B. The Congress member
C. The US president
D. An expert

V. 选择与句中画线部分意思相同或相近的选

项。

1. He hasn't got a house at the moment.
A. just now B. just then
C. now D. in a moment
2. Maybe John is reading a book in the room.
A. May be B. Perhaps
C. Possible D. Of course
3. Don't worry. I'll be back in a minute.
A. very soon B. very fast
C. after a minute D. in no time
4. Have you taken any medicine?
A. got B. bought
C. had D. carried
5. Would you like one more apple?
A. one B. another
C. other D. the other

VI. 根据下面句子的意思及所给的汉语, 写出空缺处单词的正确形式。

1. Have you had your breakfast _____ (已经)?
2. She has _____ (说) to a foreigner before.
3. I've just _____ (吃) fish and chips.
4. He _____ (完成) his homework hours ago.
5. Yesterday he _____ (付款) 168 yuan for his new shoes.

VII. 书面表达。

根据下面各图提示, 写一篇英语短文, 要求叙事完整, 句子通顺, 内容与图片相符。开头已给出, 续写部分不少于 70 个词。



提示: 今天下午我帮助一位老人找到了在图书馆工作的儿子。



Unit 2 Water sports



DANYUANXUEXI MUBIAO

单元学习目标

一、能听、说、读、写下列单词和词组

surf, wave, beach, twice, none, describe, especially, attract, possible, although, fit, prize, competition, event, such, fail, practice, business, cross, channel, mainland, journey among, pride; have a try, all over, no matter, both... and..., give up, ever since, the Olympic Games, come true, slow down, be proud of, speak highly of, not only... but also...

二、掌握下列句型, 交际用语, 并能熟练运用

1. What's the surfing like today?
2. —How long have you been here in Sydney?
—Since last Wednesday.

3. I know you've come to see your father.
4. Have you ever been to Hawaii?
5. I don't know how to surf.
6. It is enjoyed by people all over the world.
7. They live to surf.
8. He has not had a night off for two months.
9. Surfing makes me very fit.
10. His dream came true.
11. —Where's your uncle?
—He's gone to New Zealand on business.
12. How many songs have you learned so far?

三、语法: 现在完成时态(二)

课文



JINGLIAN

精练

Lesson 5

I. 单项选择。

1. The news was _____. We were _____ to hear it.
A. exciting, excited B. excited exciting
C. exciting, interesting D. exciting, interested
2. Miss Gao is one of _____ in our school.
A. popular teachers
B. popular teacher
C. the most popular teachers
D. the most popular teacher
3. —How long have you been in Hawaii?
—_____ last Sunday.
A. On B. Since C. For D. In
4. Would you like _____ with us?
A. staying B. to stay
C. stayed D. stay
5. "Where is Mary?" "She _____ to school."
A. went B. goes
C. has gone D. has been
6. Mike's just come back from Beijing, _____?
A. hasn't he B. has he
C. isn't he D. is he
7. He hasn't _____ Cape Town before.
A. been to B. been in
C. gone to D. went to
8. I like surfing very much. It's _____ great fun.
A. so a B. such
C. so D. such a
9. Don't worry, I will show you _____.
A. how to do it B. what to do it
C. how to do D. to do what
10. —_____ is your English teacher _____?
—He is very short.
A. How, like B. What, think of