

[英] 丹尼尔・笛福 / 著 青闰 安月英 宣碧 / 译

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[英汉对照]

探险与传奇经典文学 双语系列丛书

鲁滨逊漂流记 Robinson Crusoe

[英] 丹尼尔・笛福 / 著 青闰 安月英 宣碧 / 译

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探险与传奇经典文学 双语系列丛书

"探险与传奇经典文学双语系列丛书"顾名思义是在我们营造的探险与传奇的文学氛围中领略大师经典,让你晓畅自如地穿行在英语世界的广阔天地中,采撷芬芳,咀嚼英华,潜移默化,分享知识带给你的快慰和力量。

在选材上,我们披沙拣金,尽可能多方位、多角度、多层面地体现探险与传奇的风姿与魅力 在翻译上,我们反复斟酌推敲,力求准确到位, 传神达韵,让你体味到汉语言的博大精深和独 特韵味。

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我们相信她们一定会让你赏心悦目、流连忘返, 增加对英语的浓厚兴趣和深切感悟,使你的英 语水平在不知不觉中迅速得以提升,同时也使 你的汉语悟性更上一层楼。



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编者的话

"探险与传奇经典文学双语系列丛书"第一辑《金银岛》、《所罗门王的宝藏》、《冠军的童年》、《死亡诗社》和《月亮宝石》推出后,受到了广大读者的一致好评。应读者的强烈要求,我们又适时组译了第二辑,包括《鲁滨逊漂流记》、《80天环游地球》、《时间机器》和《布哈拉沙漠历险记》。

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使你的汉语悟性更上一层楼。

"探险与传奇经典文学双语系列丛书"在翻译过程中得到了东华大学出版社沈衡先生,以及望岳、常明月、黎明春、丹冰、云中君等同志的悉心指导,在此深表谢忱。

青 闰 2007年6月18日

前言

《鲁滨逊漂流记》是"探险与传奇经典文学双语系列丛书"奉上的第六道精美大餐。

《鲁滨逊漂流记》英国作家丹尼尔·笛福的代表作,也是英国乃至 欧洲文学史上的第一部长篇小说。

18世纪初,一个英国水手在航行中和船长发生冲突,被遗弃在海上。他在南太平洋漂流了一段时间后,流落到一座荒岛上,独自生活了四年。1719年,英国作家丹尼尔·笛福根据这个故事创作了长篇小说《鲁滨逊漂流记》,并因此成为英国和欧洲小说之父。

这部作品通过作者丰富的想像、曲折的情节、朴实的语言,鲜明地 反映了 18 世纪英国社会的时代特征,真实地描写了离开社会 28 年之久 的人所遭遇的逆境和绝望,还有对信仰的感同身受和对生活无尽的挑 战。

主人公鲁滨逊·克鲁索从小就渴望冒险,终于有一天离家航海。后来,船在海上失事,他历尽艰险,独自漂泊到了一座荒岛上。在岛上,他想出了很多具有创意的办法,努力活了下来,并救出了被土著人俘虏到岛上的星期五,使他成了忠实的仆人,最后还机智地救出了一位英国帆船的船长,帮助船长平息了船上的叛乱,一起回到了阔别 35 年的故乡。

笛福擅长描写环境,细节逼真,令人信服。他的语言自然,不引经 据典;故事都是由主人公自述,使读者感到亲切、通俗易懂,具有强烈 的艺术魅力。这正是这部作品历久弥新、雅俗共赏的重要原因。

> 青 闰 2007年6月18日

Contents 目录

I2	XI126
13	11 127
II10	XII 134
211	12 135
III16	XIII 152
317	13 153
IV36	XIV 156
437	14 157
V42	XV 168
543	15 169
VI52	XVI180
653	16181
VII68	XVII190
769	17 191
VIII78	XVIII 198
879	18199
IX94	XIX212
995	19213
X106	XX 226
10107	20227

XXI232	XXV 286
21233	25287
XXII240	X XVI 302
22241	26303
X XIII256	X XVII 334
23257	27335
XIV268	X XVIII 342
24269	28343



主人公鲁滨逊·克鲁索从小就渴望冒险,终于有一天离家航海。后来,船在海上失事,他历尽艰险,独自漂泊到了一座荒岛上。在岛上,他想出了很多具有创意的办法,努力活了下来,并救出了被土著人俘虏到岛上的星期五,使他成了忠实的仆人,最后还机智地救出了一位英国帆船的船长,帮助船长平息了船上的叛乱,一起回到了阔别 35 年的故乡。

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I was born in the year 1632, in the City of York, of a good family. I had two elder brothers, one of which was a lieutenant colonel to an English regiment of foot in Flanders², killed at the battle near Dunkirk against the Spaniards. What became of my second brother I never knew any more than father or mother did know what was become of me.

Being the third son of the family, and not bred to any trade, my head began to be filled very early with rambling thoughts.

But being one day at Hull, where I went casually, and without any purpose of making an elopement³ that time; but I say, being there, and one of my companions being going by sea to London, in his father's ship, and prompting me to go with them, with the common allurement⁴ of seafaring⁵ men, viz.⁶, that it should cost me nothing for my passage.

On the first of September 1651, I went on board a ship bound for London. The ship was no sooner gotten out of the Humber but the wind began to blow hard; and as I had never been at sea before, I was sick and terrified. I began now seriously to reflect upon what I had done.

¹ lieutenant colonel n. 陆军中校

² Flanders 佛兰德斯(包括现比利时东佛兰德省和西佛兰德省及法国北部部分地区)

³ elopement n. 潜逃,私奔

⁴ allurement n. 诱惑物, 魅力

⁵ seafaring adj. 航海事业的,水手工作的

⁶ viz. <拉>即,就是(读做 namely)

1632 年,我出生在约克城的一个体面家庭。我有两个哥哥:其中一个是驻佛兰德斯的英国步兵团的一名中校,在敦克尔克附近与西班牙人作战时阵亡;第二个的下落,我至今一无所知,就像父母亲对我后来的下落一无所知那样。

因为我在家里排行老三,而且学无所长,所以从小我的脑海里就充满了浪迹天涯的念头。

有一天,我偶然来到了赫尔城,当时还没有离家出走的念头;而我到了那里,我的一个伙伴正要乘他父亲的船去伦敦,并用引诱水手的普通方式怂恿我跟他们一起去,也就是说,不收我任何船钱。

1651 年 9 月 1 日,我登上了开往伦敦的一艘轮船。那艘轮船一出亨伯河,风就开始猛刮起来。我以前从未出过海,所以恶心欲吐、胆战心惊。这时,我开始认真反思自己的所作所为。

All this while the storm increased, and the sea went very high. I expected every wave would have swallowed us up, and that every time the ship fell down, as I thought, in the trough¹ or hollow of the sea, we should never rise more; and in this agony of mind, I made many vows² and resolutions³, that if it would please god here to spare my life this one voyage, if ever I got once my foot upon dry land again, I would go directly home to my father, and never set it into a ship again while I lived.

These wise and sober⁴ thoughts continued all the while the storm continued, and indeed some time after; but the next day the wind was abated⁵ and the sea calmer, and I began to be a little inured⁶ to it. However, I was very grave for all that day, being also a little seasick still; but towards night the weather cleared up, the wind was quite over, and a charming fine evening followed; the sun went down perfectly clear and rose so the next morning; and having little or no wind and a smooth sea, the sun shining upon it, the sight was, as I thought, the most delightful that ever I saw.

I had slept well in the night, and was now no more seasick, but very cheerful, looking with wonder upon the sea that was so rough and terrible the day before, and could be so calm and so pleasant in so little time after.

The sixth day of our being at sea we came into Yarmouth Roads; the wind having been contrary and the weather calm, we had made but little way since the storm. Here we were obliged to come to an anchor, and here we lay, the wind continuing contrary, viz., at southwest, for seven or eight days, during which time a great many ships from Newcastle came into the same Roads, as the common harbour where the ships might wait for a wind for the river.

¹ trough n. 槽,水槽

² vow n. 誓约

³ resolution n. 坚定,决心

⁴ sober adj. 冷静的,清醒的

⁵ abate vi. (数量、程度等)减少,减轻,缓和

⁶ inure vt. 使习惯

此时,风暴越刮越猛,海浪滔天,随时会将我们吞没。每次我们的船跌人浪谷,我就想我们再也升不起来了。在这种极端痛苦的心情中,我一次次地发誓,一次次地下决心,说如果上帝在这次航行中饶我一命,如果我再次踏上干燥的陆地,就马上回到父亲身边,这辈子再也不坐船了。

这些明智而清醒的思想,在暴风肆虐、乃至过后的一段时间,一直 萦绕在我的脑海里。但到了第二天,风小了,浪也渐渐静了,我开始对 海上生活有点儿习惯了。然而,我整天仍然闷闷不乐,因为我还有点儿 晕船。傍晚时分,天晴风停,随之而来的是一个美丽迷人的黄昏。当晚 的落日和第二天早上的日出都清澈明朗。此时,风平浪静,阳光照在上 面,我想,那种美景最让人心旷神怡,我以前从未见过。

那天夜里,我睡得很香,现在不再晕船了,心情非常愉快,我惊奇 地望着昨天还是那样汹涌可怕的大海,没过多时却能如此平静宜人。

在海上航行了六天后,我们驶进了雅茅斯锚地。暴风过后,因为逆风、天气平静,所以我们没走多少路,只得在这里下锚停泊。逆风(即西南风)持续刮了七、八天。在此期间,许多艘来自纽卡斯尔的轮船也都驶进了这个锚地,因为这里是海上公用港口,那些轮船都在这里等候进入河口的顺风。

We had not, however, rid here so long, but should have tided it up the river, but that the wind blew too fresh; and after we had lain four or five days, blew very hard. However, the Roads being reckoned as good as a harbour, the anchorage¹ good, and our ground-tackle very strong, our men were unconcerned, and not in the least apprehensive of danger, but spent the time in rest and mirth², after the manner of the sea; but the eighth day in the morning, the wind increased, and we had all hands at work to strike our topmasts³, and make everything snug⁴ and close, that the ship might ride as easy as possible. By noon the sea went very high indeed, and our ship rid forecastle⁵ in, shipped several seas, and we thought once or twice our anchor had come home; upon which our master ordered out the sheet anchor⁶; so that we rode with two anchors ahead, and the cables veered⁷ out to the bitter end.

Such a dismal sight I never saw: the sea went mountains high, and broke upon us every three or four minutes. When I could look about, I could see nothing but distress round us: two ships that rid near us we found had cut their masts by the board, being deep loaden; and our men cried out, that a ship which rid about a mile ahead of us was foundered. Two more ships being driven from their anchors, were run out of the Roads to sea at all adventures, and that was not a mast standing. The light ships fared the best as not so much labouring in the sea; but two or three of them drove and came close by us, running away with only their spritsail out before the wind.

¹ anchorage n. 停泊地点, 抛锚地点

² mirth n. 欢笑,高兴

³ topmast n. 中桅

⁴ snug adj. 建造良好的,紧密牢固的

⁵ forecastle n. 前甲板

⁶ sheet anchor n. 备用大锚,最后的希望,最后的手段

⁷ veer vt. 使转向,放出(锚)

⁸ founder vt. 使沉没, 使摔倒

⁹ spritsail n. 斜杠帆

我们本来不该在此停泊太久,而是应该趁着潮水驶入河口,但风刮得太紧;而停了四、五天后,风势更猛。然而,由于这块锚地一向被认为是一个良港,是理想的停泊地,而且船上的锚索又很结实,因此水手们都满不在乎,一点儿也不担心有什么危险,而是像在海上那样休息作乐。到第八天早晨,风势增大。于是,我们都一起动手拉下中桅,并把船上的一切东西都捆牢扎紧,以便船尽可能轻松航进。到了中午,大浪滔天,我们的船头钻进了水里,好几次都灌进了海水。有一两次,我们以为船锚已经脱离;因此,船长下令放下备用大锚。这样,我们在船头下了两个锚,而目锚索放到了头。

这种凄惨景象,我以前从未见过:海浪像山一样高,每隔三、四分钟就扑向我们。我环顾四周,只见我们周围危机四伏。我们发现,停泊在我们附近的两艘船因吃水深,已经砍掉了下风板边的那些桅杆。随后,我们船上的人大声呼喊。原来停在我们前面大约一海里远的一艘船已经沉没。还有两艘船被吹得脱了锚,冲出锚地,不顾一切地驶向大海,船上一根桅杆也没有了。那些轻型船境况最好,在海上不那么吃力,但也有两三艘只挂着斜桁帆,被风刮得从我们近旁飞驰而过,向大海漂去。