



二十一世纪全国高职高专公共英语教材配套用书

# 高职高专 实用英语 综合教程

主编 凌双英

总主编 Practical  
English  
for  
Professional  
Colleges

毕兆年

凌双英

同步练习册

1



中国时政经济出版社

二十一世纪全国高职高专公共英语教材配套用书

# 高职高专实用英语综合教程

## 同步练习册 1

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# Unit 1

## Starting College Life

### PRACTICAL ENGLISH TEST FOR COLLEGES (Level B)

#### Model Test Paper 1

#### Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

#### Section A

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A.), B.), C.) and D.) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

**Example:** You will hear:

You will read: A. I'm not sure.

B. You're right.

C. Yes, certainly.

D. That's interesting.

From the question, we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C.) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark C.) on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center. Now the test will begin.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. A. I am very nice.<br>B. That's quite all right.                      | C. How do you do?<br>D. Thanks a lot.                  |
| 2. A. My friend says it is very good.<br>B. It's beautiful.              | C. I like it.<br>D. Nobody knows.                      |
| 3. A. Yes, he is.<br>B. No, he didn't.                                   | C. No, he isn't.<br>D. Yes, he does.                   |
| 4. A. I like both of them.<br>B. It is impossible to come here by plane. | C. I flew here.<br>D. Yes, I came here a few days ago. |
| 5. A. I had no time.<br>B. I'm a freshman.                               | C. I am very busy.<br>D. I like it so much.            |

## Section B

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A.), B.), C.) and D.) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 6. A. Friends.<br>B. Strangers.  | C. Teacher and student.<br>D. Guest and waitress. |
| 7. A. In the street.<br>B. In the dorm.                                  | C. In the factory.<br>D. In a hotel.              |
| 8. A. No, she doesn't.<br>B. Many classes.                               | C. It's hard to say.<br>D. Yes, she does.         |
| 9. A. In a hotel.<br>B. On campus.                                       | C. In a bookstore.<br>D. In the restaurant.       |
| 10. A. The man's parents are very strict.<br>B. The man is not an adult. |   |

- C. She hates the man.  
D. The man should adjust himself to college life.

### Section C

**Directions:** In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed on the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

The most important thing is to 11 that college is the last time in your life when you are surrounded by people of your 12. Take advantage of it. Join some student organizations that match your interests. 13 new friends. Try new things. But most of all have an open mind. Have the quality of allowing 14 of others and enjoy yourself. 15. I hope your experiences will be as good as mine have been so far.

### Part II

### Vocabulary & Structure

(15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to use words and grammar correctly to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

### Section A

**Directions:** There are 10 incomplete statements here. You are required to complete each statement by choosing the appropriate answer from the 4 choices marked A.), B.), C.) and D.). You should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

16. The letter \_\_\_\_\_ I received from him yesterday is very important.  
A. who C. when  
B. that D. where
17. To what \_\_\_\_\_ would you believe it?  
A. extent C. extend  
B. intent D. intend



18. People are not allowed \_\_\_\_\_ here.  
A. smoking  
B. smoke  
C. to smoke  
D. smoked
19. In \_\_\_\_\_ students, I always tell them to study hard.  
A. advice  
B. advised  
C. advise  
D. advising
20. He came all the way to China for promoting friendship \_\_\_\_\_ for making money.  
A. other than  
B. more than  
C. better than  
D. rather than
21. Paul said he could be happy to teach the children tennis, though he certainly did not regard himself as \_\_\_\_\_ expert.  
A. a  
B. an  
C. the  
D. some
22. It is because she is so inexperienced \_\_\_\_\_ she does not know how to deal with the situation.  
A. therefore  
B. that is why  
C. so that  
D. that
23. \_\_\_\_\_ terrible weather we had last week!  
A. What a  
B. What  
C. How  
D. How a
24. I think this film is \_\_\_\_\_ that one we saw yesterday.  
A. as good or better than  
B. as good as or better than  
C. good as or better than  
D. so good or better as
25. Before trains were invented people \_\_\_\_\_ on horse backs or in carriages.  
A. used to traveling  
B. used to travel  
C. was used to traveling  
D. was used to travel

## Section B

**Directions:** There are 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in the brackets. Write the word or words in the



corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

26. I don't feel like (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to the movie.
27. The (deep) \_\_\_\_\_ of the river which runs through our village is over 15 feet.
28. While (show) \_\_\_\_\_ around the campus, we met a lot of teachers and students.
29. That was the most (attract) \_\_\_\_\_ novel I could think of.
30. It gave me much (please) \_\_\_\_\_ to hear of your success.
31. Whenever I went (shop) \_\_\_\_\_ with my sister, I had the urge to buy everything I saw.
32. Every day the boy is the (early) \_\_\_\_\_ pupil to get to school.
33. He actually doesn't have any (able) \_\_\_\_\_ to deal with this kind of situation.
34. Mother told me an (excite) \_\_\_\_\_ story the other day.
35. Though my knowledge is (limit) \_\_\_\_\_, I can solve this problem.

### Part III

### Reading Comprehension

(40 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfil. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

#### Task 1

**Directions:** After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 through 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A.), B.), C.), and D.). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the centre.

Education is compulsory(强制的) and free for every child in the United States. Most children start school by the age of six. They attend eight years of elementary school

and four years of high school (or secondary school). The money for free public schools comes from taxes, and each state is responsible for its own educational system. State governments set the educational requirements by leaving the management of the schools in the hands of the local communities(社团). Most states require their children go to school until a certain age. This age varies from 16 to 18 according to the laws of individual (个别的) states. The American government gives money to the states for additional schools and school services.

After graduation from high school, a student can start his higher education in a two-year college, a four-year college, a university, or a specialized professional school, either public or private. Most colleges admit students on the basis of their high-school records. The cost of college education is expensive in private universities, but it is much less in those supported by states and cities. Many students receive scholarships from the schools, the government, or private foundations(基金会) and organizations. More than 50 percent of the college students work to help pay their college expenses.

36. How many years do the children need to stay in schools for their schooling before they go to college?  
A. Eight  
B. Four  
C. Twelve  
D. Fourteen
37. Who manages the schools?  
A. The state governments.  
B. The local communities.  
C. The American government.  
D. The city government.
38. Which of the following is not mentioned for the students' higher education?  
A. A two-year college.  
B. A four-year college.  
C. A university.  
D. A research institute.
39. Which kind of college education is less expensive?  
A. Private universities.  
B. Colleges supported by states or cities.  
C. Colleges supported by private foundations.  
D. Specialized schools.
40. From the last sentence of the passage we can learn that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. A lot of American college students take jobs in order to pay their way through college.  
B. American college students are more hardworking than Chinese college students.

- C. American college expenses are so high that students have to take part-time jobs
- D. American families don't want to pay for their children's college expenses

## Task 2

**Directions:** This task is the same as Task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 through 45.

Most American colleges permit foreign students to live in college housing or housing not owned by the university, such as an apartment. College housing is usually in a dormitory, or dorm for short.

Many foreign students say the dorms are less costly than apartments. They say dorms offer quiet study areas and areas for social activities or sports. They say dorms are close to places they go every day, like the library, computer center and classrooms. They also say that living in the room provides the best chance to get to know other students.

Dormitories may have as few as twelve students or as many as one thousand. Some dorms are organized into areas called suites. Suites have several bedrooms, a large living area and a bathroom. Six or more people may live in one suite. Other dorms have many rooms along a hallway. Two students usually live in each room. On each floor there is a large bathroom for all the students who live on that floor. Sometimes there is also a kitchen for preparing food.

In most universities, males and females live in the same dorm. They may even live on the same floor. But they usually may not live in the same room or suite. Most universities have some dorms for men and women.

41. Where do some foreign students in American colleges prefer to live?

- A. In a hotel.
- B. In a house.
- C. In an apartment.
- D. In a friend's home.

42. What may be the reason for a foreign student to choose to live in a dorm?

- A. It is cheaper.
- B. It has a big living room.
- C. It is cleaner.
- D. It is owned by the university.

43. How many students can a dorm hold at most according to the passage?

- A. Two.
- B. Six.
- C. Twelve.
- D. About one thousand.

44. One of the advantages of living in a dorm is that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. it is easier for the students to get in touch with other students

- B. the students can go to school library every day
- C. the students can use personal computers freely
- D. more than two students may live in one room

45. Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. All the students in a dorm share one large bathroom.
  - B. Students are not allowed to cook in the dorm.
  - C. Female students and male students cannot live in the same dorm.
  - D. Living in the dorm is helpful to develop your relations with others.

### Task 3

**Directions:** The following is an introduction about the Harvard University Library System. After reading it, you should complete the information by filling in the blanks marked 46 through 50 in the table below. For each blank, you should write **no more than 3 words**.

The Harvard University Library System is the largest university library system in the world. It is centered on the Harry Elkins Widener Memorial Library. There are over 90 individual libraries and over 14.5 million volumes in it. As is known to all, the Library of Congress is the second-largest library system in the United States. Harvard also has several important art museums, including the Fogg Museum of Art whose galleries feature history of Western art from the Middle Ages to the present, with particular strengths in Italian early Renaissance, British pre-Raphaelite and 19th century French art; the Busch-Reisinger Museum (central and northern European art); the Sackler Museum (ancient Asian, Islamic and later Indian art); the Museum of Natural History, which contains the famous glass flowers exhibit; the Peabody Museum of Archaeology and Ethnology and the Semitic Museum.

#### Introduction to Harvard University Library System

Harry Elkins Widener Memorial Library is 46 the Harvard University Library System.

The Harvard University Library System includes 47 individual libraries.

Harvard has 48 art important museums.

There is mainly central and northern European art in the 49 Museum.

You can go to the Museum 50 to see the glass flowers exhibit.



## Task 4

**Directions:** The following is a list of schooling expressions. After reading it, you are required to find the items equivalent to those given in Chinese in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in the brackets on the Answer Sheet, numbered 51 through 55.

- |   |       |                      |
|---|-------|----------------------|
| A | _____ | academic year        |
| B | _____ | required course      |
| C | _____ | syllabus             |
| D | _____ | credit system        |
| E | _____ | sick leave           |
| F | _____ | make-up exam         |
| G | _____ | campus life          |
| H | _____ | English corner       |
| I | _____ | major                |
| J | _____ | diploma              |
| K | _____ | certificate          |
| L | _____ | vocational education |
| M | _____ | term paper           |
| N | _____ | school report        |
| O | _____ | part-time campus job |
| P | _____ | selective exam       |

**Example:** (G) 校园生活

(H) 英语之角

- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| 51. ( ) 职业教育 | ( ) 文凭      |
| 52. ( ) 必修课程 | ( ) 专业      |
| 53. ( ) 学分制  | ( ) 学业成绩报告单 |
| 54. ( ) 补考   | ( ) 学年      |
| 55. ( ) 病假   | ( ) 校内兼职    |

## Task 5

**Directions:** Read the following passage about Rules of a reading room. After reading it, you are required to complete the statements that follow (No. 56 through No. 60). You should write your answers in no more than 3 words on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

### Rules of the Reading Room

Welcome to the library.

1. This reading room is specially for use of all the students of this college.
  2. Please keep quiet and keep the room neat and clean.
  3. Do not talk or laugh loudly; do not smoke or eat; do not litter(乱扔) with waste paper but throw them into the waste basket.
  4. Do not take any newspapers or magazines out of the reading room.
  5. Produce your student card or ID(identity card) when borrowing books. Borrow only one book at a time.
  6. Protect public property. Do not scribble(乱涂) on the pages of books or tear them out. Any damage done will be fined.
  7. Do not move the desks or chairs about.
  8. For any information in relation to the library, please contact the librarian.
56. Who can use this reading room?  
\_\_\_\_\_ of this college.
57. What should a student do if he or she wants to borrow books from the library?  
They should first produce their \_\_\_\_\_ or ID.
58. What are not allowed to be taken out of the reading room?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
59. What will happen if any student does damage to a book?  
The student will \_\_\_\_\_.
60. Whom should a student go to if he or she has any questions?  
The student should contact \_\_\_\_\_.

### Part IV

### Translation —— English to Chinese (25 minutes)

**Directions:** This part, numbered 61 to 65, is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. Each of the four sentences (No.61 through No.64) is followed by four choices of suggested translation marked A.), B.), C.) and D.). Make the best

choice and write the corresponding letter on the Composition/Translation Sheet.

Write your translation of the paragraph (No.65) in the corresponding space on the Composition/Translation Sheet.

61. Most probably the students are lying about how much time they spend on line.
- A. 很可能学生们对别人炫耀他们的上网时间。
  - B. 很可能学生们对自己上网的时间有所隐瞒。
  - C. 很可能学生们对自己的上网时间在说谎。
  - D. 很可能学生们对自己打电话的时间在说谎。
62. The company ended with 200 unsold books because their sales manager overestimated the demand.
- A. 公司剩余了 200 本书没有卖出, 因为经理高估了市场需求。
  - B. 公司剩余了 200 本书没有卖出, 因为市场需求不大。
  - C. 公司卖出了不到 200 本书, 因为市场需求不大。
  - D. 公司卖出了不到 200 本书, 因为经理高估了市场需求。
63. Most people are so busy making a living that they forget to make a life.
- A. 大多数人都忙于求生而忘了美好的生活。
  - B. 大多数人都为了赚钱, 而不顾及别人的生活。
  - C. 大多数人都为了赚钱, 而忘记了美好的生活。
  - D. 大多数人都为了赚钱, 却忘了美好生活。
64. American universities prefer to have letter of recommendation sent directly from the people who write them.
- A. 美国的大学更喜欢有意见的人直接给他们寄建议信。
  - B. 美国的大学更喜欢推荐人直接给他们寄推荐信。
  - C. 美国的大学更喜欢推荐人亲自对他们做出推荐。
  - D. 美国的大学更喜欢有意见的人亲自对他们提出。
65. The first automobile was invented more than 200 years ago. It used steam for power and had wooden wheels. The first automobile may have been simple and primitive, but it was an extremely important invention. The automobile today is the primary means of land transportation. It has produced more changes in our daily life than any other machine.

## Part V Writing (25 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a name card according to the following instructions given in Chinese. Remember to write the name card in no less than 80 words on the Translation/Composition Sheet.

请按以下内容设计一张英文名片:

中山市东区亨达花园 7 栋 702

万发房地产公司

人事部经理: 卢月

电话: 0760-4565 3948 传真: 0760-4546 3949

电子邮件: LUYUE@hotmail.com



# Unit 2

## Study

### PRACTICAL ENGLISH TEST FOR COLLEGES (Level B)

#### Model Test Paper 2

#### Part I                      Listening Comprehension                      (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

##### Section A

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A.), B.), C.) and D.) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

**Example:** You will hear:

- You will read:
- A. I'm not sure.
  - B. You're right.
  - C. Yes, certainly.
  - D. That's interesting.

From the question, we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C.) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark C.) on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center. Now the test will begin.