

SECOND EDITION [第二版]

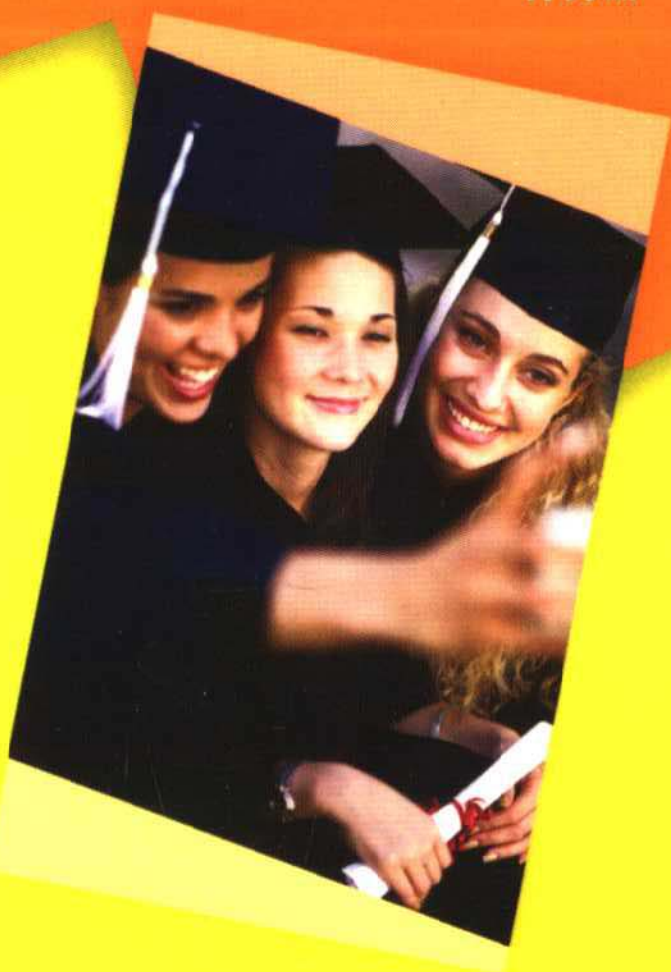
NEW COLLEGE ENGLISH

新编大学英语

综合辅导 3

词汇助记与段落诵读手册

主 编： 栾述文
孙秀丽



外语教学与研究出版社
FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING AND RESEARCH PRESS

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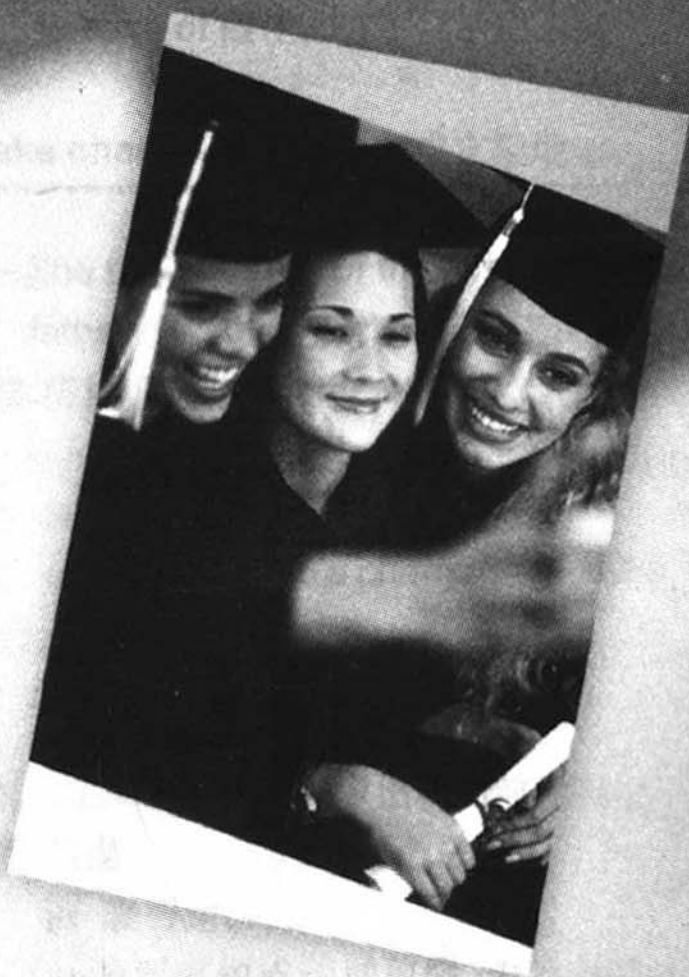
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Personality



第一部分 词汇学习与助记

In-Class Reading

The Misery of Shyness

1. 单词

acquaintance *n.* 相识的人, 泛泛之交; 认识, 相识, 了解

【课本句】 (l. 70) Try making one **acquaintance** at a time; eventually you will circulate in large groups with skill and self-assurance. 设法一次结识一位朋友; 最终你将能够娴熟而自信地在众人中周旋。

【用法】 1) make the acquaintance of sb. = make sb.'s acquaintance 与人结识

— I'm pleased to make your **acquaintance**. 我很高兴认识你。

2) have some/an acquaintance with 对……有所了解
— He has some **acquaintance** with French, but does not speak it fluently. 他懂一点法语, 但讲得不流利。

■ 拓展记忆 acquaint *vt.* 使认识, 使了解, 使熟悉

■ 构词法 -ance 是名词后缀, 表示“行动”、“过程”、“状况”或“性质”。如:

acceptance 接受; 赞同 assurance 信心; 保证

attendance 出席; 照料 performance 演出; 表现

■ 辨析 表示“结识”的短暂动作用 make the acquaintance of sb./ make sb.'s acquaintance,

know 虽也可作“认识”讲，但它是持续性动词。

contrast *n./v.* 对比，对照

【课本句】(I. 18) In **contrast**, shy people, having low self-esteem, are likely to be passive and easily influenced by others. 相比之下，羞怯的人自尊心较弱，往往消极被动并且容易受他人影响。

【用法】1) in/by contrast 对比之下

— She had almost failed the exam, but her sister, by **contrast**, had done very well. 她考试差点儿不及格，而相比之下她妹妹考得很好。

2) in contrast to/with 与……形成对比，与……截然相反

— In **contrast** to the city life, time seems to pass slowly in the country. 与都市生活相比，在乡村时间似乎过得慢些。

3) contrast...with 把……与……相对比

— In this book the author **contrasts** Europe with America. 在这本书中，作者将欧洲与美洲作了对比。

4) contrast with 和……形成对比

— The sufferings in the old society **contrast** sharply with the happiness in the new society. 旧社会的苦难与新社会的幸福形成鲜明对比。

➤ 拓展记忆 **contrastive** *adj.* 对照的，对比的

➤ 辨析 **compare/contrast**

compare 指比较两个或更多东西的异同优劣，如：

— The results have been carefully checked and **compared**. 这些结果已经过仔细核对和比较。

contrast 指比较两个或更多的东西之间的差异，着重强调不同点，如：

— They recalled their sufferings in old society and

contrasted them with the happiness in the new society. 他们忆旧社会的苦，思新社会的甜。

四级真题例句

— **Contrast** may make something appear more beautiful than it is when seen alone. 对比会使东西显得比单独看时更美。

criticism *n.* 批评，指责，评论

【课本句】 (l. 15) People with high self-esteem are not hurt by **criticism**; they do not regard criticism as a personal attack. 有很强自尊心的人不会被批评所伤害；他们不会把批评看作是人身攻击。

拓展记忆

criticize *v.* 批评 critic *n.* 批评家，评论家
critical *adj.* 批评的，危急的，紧要的

四级真题例句

— **Criticism** from coaches, parents, and other teammates, as well as pressure to win can create an excessive amount of anxiety or stress for young athletes. 除了要取胜的压力，来自教练、父母和队友的批评，也会给年轻运动员造成过度的焦虑或压力。

enthusiastically *adv.* 满腔热情地

【课本句】 (l. 13) Self-confident people participate in life **enthusiastically** and spontaneously. 自信者热情、自发地投入生活。

拓展记忆 enthusiastic *adj.* 热心的，热情的

enthusiasm *n.* 热心，热情 enthusiast *n.* 热心者

- 构词法 enthusiastic + -al + -ly → enthusiastically
以-ic结尾的形容词变副词时，要加-al再加-ly。如：
basic → basically economic → economically
historic → historically

excessively adv. 过多地

【课本句】(I. 3) Shy people are anxious and self-conscious; that is, they are **excessively** concerned with their own appearance and actions. 羞怯的人会焦虑不安，感到不自然；也就是说，他们过分地关注自己的外表和举止。

- 拓展记忆 exceed v. 超出，超过

excess n. 过多，过量

excessive adj. 过多的，过量的

exceedingly adv. 非常

- 构词法 excess (n.) + -ive → excessive (adj.)

excessive (adj.) + -ly → excessively (adv.)

- 辨析 exceedingly/excessively

exceedingly = very much, “极端地，非常”，如：

—They are **exceedingly** hospitable. 他们极为好客。

excessively = too much, “过分地，过度地”，如：

—They are **excessively** hospitable. 他们过于殷勤。

四级真题例句

- They will soil your house, destroy your belongings, bark **excessively**, fight other dogs and even bite you. 它们会弄脏你的房子，破坏你的财物，狂吠，和其他狗斗，甚至还会咬你。

impression n. 印象，感觉，印记，压痕

【课本句】(I. 5) What kind of **impression** am I making?

我给人留下的是什么印象?

【用法】 1) leave/make a(n)...impression on sb.
给……留下……印象

—The book left/made a deep **impression** on him. 这本书留给他深刻的印象。

2) have the impression that... 觉得……

—Everybody had the **impression** that she was a good match for the young man. 每个人都觉得她和那年轻人是天造地设的一对。

■ 拓展记忆 **impress vt.** 给……以深刻的印象, 使铭记 **impressive adj.** 给人印象深刻的

四级真题例句

—The words of his old teacher left a lasting **impression** on his mind. 老教师的话给他留下了持久的印象。

inferior adj. 差的, 次的

【课本句】 (I. 29) It is not fair for them to label themselves as **inferior** because they have difficulty in some areas. 如果仅仅因为在某些领域有困难就把自己列为差生, 这不恰如其分。

【用法】 be inferior to 比……差, 比……低劣, 不如……

—This machine is **inferior** to that one in many respects. 这台机器在许多方面不如那一台。

■ 解析 以后缀 -ior 结尾的形容词, 本身有比较级的意思, 形式上无比较级, 引出比较对象, 后用介词 to 而不用 than。

■ 反义词 **superior adj.** 较高的, 优于……的

■ 拓展记忆 **inferiority n.** 低劣

四级真题例句

- Their products are frequently overpriced and **inferior** in quality. 他们的产品经常要价过高且质量低劣。

isolate v. 使隔离, 使孤立

【课本句】(I. 70) Don't **isolate** yourself from people. 不要把你自己同他人隔离开来。

【用法】isolate...from... 把……与……隔离开

- Patients will be **isolated** from other people for about two weeks after treatment. 病人在治疗后将 被隔离约两周时间。

辨析 isolate/separate

isolate “把……从……孤立, 使……与……隔离”, 指把一种东西从其他的东西中分离, 强调“孤立”; 如:

- Several villages have been **isolated** by the lack of buses. 有些村庄由于不通公共汽车而与外界隔绝。

separate “将……与……分开”, 指把原来连在一起或靠近的东西分隔开来; 如:

- England is separated from France by the English Channel. 英国和法国被英吉利海峡隔开。

四级真题例句

- Because it was **isolated** and because the weather was almost always clear and peaceful, a spot of desert near Alamogordo was chosen as the test site for the first atomic bomb ever exploded. 因为 Alamogordo 与其他地方不搭界, 且天气几乎总是晴朗宁静, 它附近的一个地方被选作第一颗原子弹爆炸的测试地点。

overcome v. 消除, 克服; (感情等) 压倒, 使受不了 【overcame, overcome】

【课本句】 (I. 25) Fortunately, people can **overcome** shyness with determined and patient effort in building self-confidence. 幸运的是, 人们能够通过坚持不懈的努力建立自信从而克服羞怯。

■ 构词法 over- (在……之上) + come (到达) → overcome

■ 同(近)义词 conquer v. 征服 defeat v. 击败, 战胜

■ 辨析 conquer/defeat/overcome

conquer 为正式用语, 指用战争或强力征服对方, 取得具有决定性的胜利, 还用于指克服困难, 改掉不良习惯或克制感情;

defeat 指在战争、比赛、辩论中击败对方, 获取暂时的胜利, 也指希望破灭, 计划失败;

overcome 为普通用词, 在比赛中指压倒对方, 现在多用来指克服困难, 改掉习惯或克制感情等。

四级真题例句

— Whatever difficulties we may come across, we'll help one another to **overcome** them. 不管我们遇到什么困难, 我们都会互相帮助, 克服困难。

uncomfortable adj. 不自在的, 不舒服的

【课本句】 (I. 7) It is obvious that such **uncomfortable** feelings must affect people adversely. 很显然这种不安的感觉会对人产生不利的影响。

■ 构词法 comfort + -able → comfortable

un- (否定前缀) + comfortable → uncomfortable
有些同词根的名词与形容词的否定前缀不同:

comfort → discomfort

comfortable → uncomfortable

able → unable

ability → inability

fortunate → unfortunate

fortune → misfortune

just → unjust

justice → injustice

stable → unstable

stability → instability

同(近)义词 *uneasy* *adj.* 不安的, 不自在的

四级真题例句

— The shy girl felt awkward and **uncomfortable** when she could not answer her teacher's questions.

那个害羞的女孩回答不出老师的提问, 感觉尴尬不安。

2. 短语与词组

a good/great/many (l. 1) 很多

解析 **a good/great many** + 复数可数名词, 这个结构作主语时, 谓语动词用复数。

拓展记忆 表示“很多, 大量”之意的词或词组:

- 1) 只可接可数名词的: *many*, *many a* (接单数可数名词), *a good/great many*, *a large number of*
- 2) 只可接不可数名词的: *much*, *a good/great deal of*, *a large amount of*
- 3) 既可接可数名词, 又可接不可数名词的: *plenty of*, *a lot of*, *lots of*, *large quantities of*

四级真题例句

— **A good many** proposals were raised by the delegates, as was to be expected. 不出所料, 代表们提出了许多建议。

hand in hand (I. 27) 相伴，行影相随地；手拉手地

■ 相关词汇 **at hand** 近在手边，在附近

by hand 用手，用体力

in hand (工作等) 在进行中，在控制中

in sb.'s hand 在某人掌握中，在某人控制下

join hands 联手，携手

lend...a hand 帮助某人

on hand 在手边，在近处

out of hand 无法控制；马上，立刻

take/have a hand in 参与，介入

wash one's hands of 对……不再负责，洗手不干

■ 拓展记忆 人体器官相关成语：

face to face 面对面地

nose to nose 相对

arm in arm 手挽手

neck and neck (赛跑时) 并肩，激烈竞争

hand to hand 短兵相接

hand in hand 手拉手；密切相关地

knee by knee 相邻接的

mouth to mouth 嘴对嘴的

四级真题例句

— Happiness often goes **hand in hand** with pain.

幸福与痛苦形影相随。

set aside (I. 68) (为某目的) 节省或保留 (钱或时间)

■ 同(近)义词 **lay/put aside** 留存，储存

■ 拓展记忆

set about 开始，着手

set apart 使分离；使……与众不同

set back 推迟；阻碍

set down 写下，记下
set forth 阐明，陈述
set in 开始（并将延续下去）
set off 出发，激起
set on 袭击，唆使
set out 启程，开始
set up 创立，开业

3. 过渡、衔接性词语

in contrast 对比之下

■ 解析 **in contrast** 用于两件对立的事实，指出其差异之处；如：

— It is hot in the desert in the day, but **in contrast** it is very cold at night. 沙漠里白天很热，但是相比之下夜里却很冷。

■ 辨析 **on the contrary** 用于否定某一个陈述，说明与前面的陈述相反；如：

— “I’m sure you like your new job.” “**On the contrary**, it’s dull.” “我想你一定喜欢你的新工作。”“恰恰相反，它很乏味。”

that is 也就是说，那就是

■ 解析 **that is** 用作插入语，前后用逗号隔开，意为 **that is to say**，对前面的话作进一步解释；如：

— Arabic is written in the opposite direction to English, **that is**, from right to left. 阿拉伯语的书写方向与英语相反，即从右到左。

■ 相关词汇 **namely, i.e.** 也就是说

4. 构词法小结

self- 构成“自己的”，“对自己”，“由自己”，“自动地”等意思的合成词。

本课有很多由self-构成的单词，如：self-assurance (自信心)，self-esteem (自尊心)，self-worth (自我价值)，self-conscious (不自在的，不自然的)，self-concept (自我概念)，self-confident (自信的)，self-confidence (自信)，self-awareness (自我了解，自知)，self-confidence (自信)，self-destructive (自我毁灭的)，self-acceptance (自我认同)，self-rejection (自暴自弃)，等等。

其他由 self- 构成的单词还有：self-centered (自我中心的)，self-contradictory (自相矛盾的)，self-control (自控)，self-criticism (自我批评)，self-defense (自卫)，self-discipline (自律)，self-educated (自学的)，self-evident (不言而喻的)，self-made (靠自己努力而成功的)，self-reliance (自力更生)，self-respect (自尊)，self-satisfaction (自我满足，自负)，self-sufficient (自给自足)等等。

After-Class Reading I

Two Ways of Looking at Life

1. 单词

attach v. 系，贴，连接；使依恋，使喜爱；认为有（重要性等）；使附属

【用法】 1) attach...to 把……系（贴、连接）在……上
— He **attached** a label to my bag. 他把标签贴在我的包上。

2) attach importance/significance to 重视

— Don't **attach** excessive importance to his words, because he is not a reliable person. 别过分重视他的话，他不可靠。

3) be attached to 依恋，喜欢

— She is deeply **attached** to her family. 她对家人有深厚的感情。

4) be attached to 附属

— This institute is **attached** to the University of Texas. 这个研究所隶属于得州大学。

■ 拓展记忆 attachment *n.* 附着，附属，附件；眷恋，爱慕

四级真题例句

— Once **attached** to the rail, the car will become electrically powered from the system, and control of the vehicle will pass to a central computer. 一旦与铁轨连接，汽车就会由系统电力驱动，车辆的控制会传送到一台中央计算机。

confine *v.* 限制，使局限；使不外出，禁闭，监禁

【用法】 1) confine...to 使局限于

— You are asked to **confine** your use of the telephone to business calls alone. 这里的电话只能用于公务。

2) be confined to bed 卧病在床

— She was **confined** to bed for a week with a cold. 她因感冒卧床一周。

■ 拓展记忆 confined *adj.* 受限制的

confinement *n.* 监禁

confines *n.* 界限，范围

■ 构词法 con- (加强意义) + fine (界限) → confine, 另如: