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TONGBU DAOXUE

新课程

同步导学

XINKECHENG

高中

模块 11

英语



凤凰出版传媒集团

译林出版社

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凤凰出版传媒集团
译林出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

新课程同步导学·高中英语. 模块 11 / 卢德亮主编.

—南京: 译林出版社, 2007. 8

ISBN 978-7-5447-0373-4

I. 新 ... II. ①卢... III. 英语课-高中-教学参考资料
IV. G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2007)第 134634 号

- 书 名 新课程同步导学·高中英语(模块 11)
主 编 卢德亮
责任编辑 陆 明
封面设计 顾晓军
出版发行 凤凰出版传媒集团
译林出版社(南京市湖南路 47 号 210009)
电 话 025-83242700(总机)
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网 址 凤凰出版传媒网 <http://www.ppm.cn>
译 林 出 版 社 <http://www.yilin.com>
印 刷 南京捷迅印务有限公司
开 本 787×1092 毫米 1/16
印 张 7.5
版 次 2007 年 8 月第 1 版 2007 年 8 月第 1 次印刷
标准书号 ISBN 978-7-5447-0373-4
定 价 10.00 元

本书若有印装错误可与出版社联系
(联系电话:025-83242790)



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Unit 1 Careers and skills

本单元重点归纳

重点 单 词	1. 深思 _____	2. 行李箱 _____	3. 直升飞机 _____
	4. 钻石 _____	5. 女服务员 _____	6. 升(容量单位) _____
	7. 坐垫 _____	8. 精神压力 _____	9. 有轨电车 _____
	10. 木匠 _____	11. 难对付的 _____	12. 总的来说 _____
	13. 赡养 _____	14. 理发师 _____	15. 勇气; 神经 _____
	16. 批评 _____	17. 炸, 煎 _____	18. 体弱的人; 野草 _____
	19. 对照 _____	20. 护理者 _____	21. 对付, 处理 _____
	22. 松鼠 _____	23. 坚决的 _____	24. 改正, 修正 _____
	25. 地带 _____	26. 理想的 _____	27. 有条理的 _____
	28. 指出 _____	29. 现实的 _____	30. 社团, 协会 _____
	31. 物质 _____	32. 实干家 _____	33. 生物化学家 _____
	34. 氢 _____	35. 地质学家 _____	36. 有事业心的 _____
	37. 长矛 _____	38. 侄女 _____	39. 腰部 _____
	40. 绷带 _____	41. 项目 _____	42. 获利, 利润 _____
	43. 时尚 _____	44. 总理 _____	45. 行李 _____
重点 短 语	1. 适合 be _____ to	2. 青少年杂志 a _____ magazine	
	3. 可利用的 be _____ to	4. 少数 a small _____ of	
	5. 承受压力 under _____	6. 有做……的雄心 have _____ to do	
	7. 节食 be on a _____	8. 在商界 in the _____ world	
	9. 目的是, 旨在 be _____ at	10. 卷入做某事 involve _____ sth	
	11. 做出决定 _____ decisions	12. 整理, 消除 _____ up	
	13. 相反 in _____	14. 经历; 仔细检查 go _____	
	15. 分析形势 _____ a situation	16. 公共服务 public _____	
	17. 除……之外 _____ from	18. 通常, 大体上, 一般而言 in _____	
	19. 忍受, 遭受 suffer _____	20. 因……感谢某人 be _____ to sb for ...	
	21. 一份, 一册 a _____ of		
	22. 把……列成清单 make a _____ of sth		
	23. 雇佣 take _____	24. 从……恢复知觉, 恢复 _____ from	
	25. 详细地 in _____	26. 与……相符 correspond _____	
	27. 在某方面有才能 be _____ in	28. 完成, 实现 carry _____	
29. 一个很有帮助的人/事物 a great _____			

重点 短语	30. 从不同的角度 from a different _____ 31. 创造一个欢快的氛围 create a _____ atmosphere 32. 对……感到好奇 be _____ about 33. 记录…… keep a _____ of 34. 计算出;断定;领会到 figure _____ 35. 以……为乐 take (a) pleasure _____
重点 句型	1. When choosing a career , you should consider all the aspects of a job. 选择职业时,你应该全面考虑这个工作。 2. ... being a lawyer can involve facing tough moral issues. 做律师会涉及到处理一些棘手的道德问题。 3. ... if no one was to collect the rubbish, the streets would soon become very dirty and unpleasant, ... 如果没有人收垃圾,那么街道不久就会变得很脏,令人不舒服,…… 4. When you think about your future career, remember that some glamorous jobs can be rather difficult and that some ordinary jobs can be quite important. 在考虑未来的职业时,你要记住有些富有魅力的工作可能是很难做的,而有些普通工作可能是相当重要的。
重点 语法	比喻 1. 明喻 2. 暗喻

Part I Welcome to the unit & vocabulary in Reading

一、将单词与释义配对

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| 1. reflection | A. pressure or worry caused by the problems in one's life |
| 2. option | B. bags, cases, etc that contain someone's clothes and things when they are travelling |
| 3. cushion | C. opinions about one's faults or bad qualities |
| 4. baggage | D. sth that one can choose to have or do |
| 5. hydrogen | E. a person whose job is to cut men's hair and sometimes to shave them |
| 6. criticism | F. a person whose job is baking and selling bread and cakes |
| 7. surgery | G. careful thought about sth, sometimes over a long period of time |
| 8. baker | H. the element that combines with oxygen to form water |
| 9. stress | I. a company that makes beer |
| 10. brewery | J. a fabric bag filled with soft material or feathers that is used, for example, to make a seat more comfortable |



11. tram _____ K. medical treatment that involves cutting open the body and often removing or replacing some parts
12. barber _____ L. a vehicle driven by electricity, running on rails along the streets of a town and carries passengers

二、根据句子意思,用表示职业的词填空

1. A _____ rescues people from fires.
2. A _____ takes care of sick or injured people in a hospital.
3. A _____ makes things from wood.
4. A _____ teaches students in a school.
5. A _____ gives sick people medicine or treatment to help them get better.
6. A _____ prepares food for people in places like restaurants and hotels.
7. An _____ designs and builds engines, machines, roads, bridges and so on.
8. An _____ keeps or checks financial accounts.
9. An _____ designs the buildings that we live and work in.
10. A _____ plays a music instrument very well or as a job.

三、用适当的介词填空

1. They both knew they wanted to work with wildlife in distant places _____ the world.
2. You should discuss the following questions _____ a partner in the class.
3. As students, we should study hard to be well prepared _____ the future construction of the countryside.
4. What kinds of jobs do you think are suitable _____ young girls?
5. _____ contrast to the new teachers, the middle-standing and veteran teachers (老教师) seem to have made a remarkable improvement in their ability to present materials clearly.
6. Maybe you will find some jobs available _____ you in today's newspaper.
7. Personally a male nurse may be better suited _____ you if you still can't find a job in the town.
8. Although you may feel that a message in a certain advertisement is aimed directly _____ you, _____ reality, it is directed at large groups of people.
9. The driver finally stopped the bus _____ the pressure of the passengers.
10. Most actors and models are always _____ a diet in order to appear young and beautiful.

四、阅读短文,根据所读内容在文章后 1-10 的空格里填上适当的单词或短语(每空不超过 3 个单词)

Getting a good education may be the most important price you can pay, because, perhaps more than anything else, what you do with that huge gray matter between your ears will

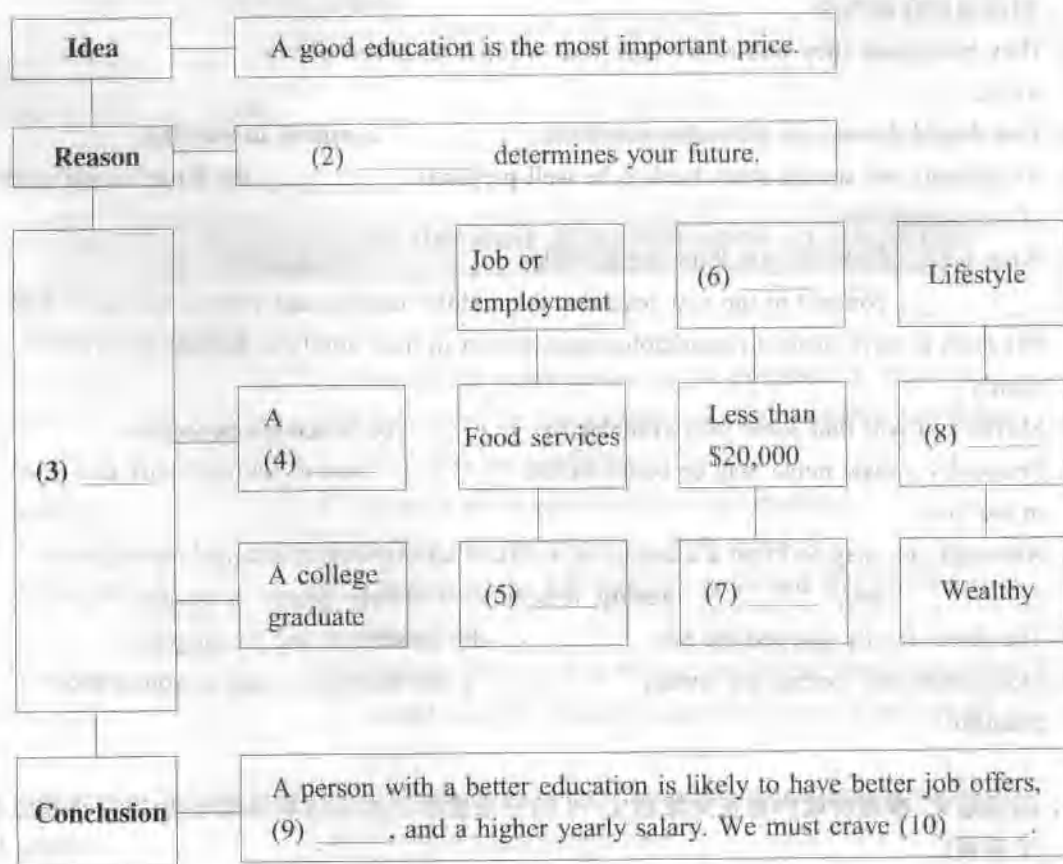
determine your future. These words actually describe millions of people worldwide who choose to limit their potential ability by not widening their education.

A person is much more likely to have better job offers, a more successful career, and a higher yearly salary with a better education. This, in turn, would allow for a much better lifestyle. For example, compare two people. The first person is a high school dropout. The second has a law degree. The high school dropout will be fortunate to get a job in food services, making less than twenty thousand dollars a year, barely surviving each week. To contrast this, the person with the law degree will certainly have a successful career as a lawyer, making over \$70,000 annually. The lawyer will, of course, have a very wealthy lifestyle. Statistics show that high school dropouts make 42% less money than college graduates.

Our generation will become the doctors, lawyers, teachers and leaders of tomorrow. To do this successfully, a higher level of education is very important! A higher education will mean a better lifestyle, better ability to adjust to new technologies, and a various life. Our world cannot afford any unused potential.

We must crave learning. This, in turn, will not only pay for our future but will also help to insure success for those who follow.

Title: The (1) _____ of a Good Education





Part II Reading

一、根据首字母或汉语提示完成句子

1. They found the job is too t_____ to finish. They turned to their teachers for help.
2. The s_____ in cigarettes that causes death is nicotine.
3. He now found a job in a w_____ company, so he didn't worry about money any more.
4. People who work under s_____ can get illnesses easily.
5. She f_____ the eggs in a frying-pan.
6. The _____ (钻石) ring is very expensive.
7. This student is a _____ (模范) of diligence.
8. These two _____ (批评意见) provide a good starting point.
9. I've just been informed that my _____ (行李) had already arrived.
10. The _____ (松鼠) in the tree was lucky that it just missed being caught.

二、辨析填空

1. substance/matter/material
 - a. The universe is made up of _____.
 - b. Which _____ did the salesgirl recommend to you for the dress?
 - c. Water and ice are the same _____ in different forms.
2. rescue/save
 - a. They weren't told what was inside it, but they realized it could _____ their lives.
 - b. This small book _____ me from the depression of hard work and warmed my tired heart.
3. aspect/inspect/respect/suspect
 - a. The customs officers _____ our passports carefully.
 - b. We should _____ students' privacy.
 - c. What made you _____ her of cheating in the exam?
 - d. Every _____ of the problem has been considered.
4. support/maintain/uphold
 - a. How can we _____ a balance between tourism and environment?
 - b. The Great Depression in the 1930s forced him to work desperately to _____ his family.
 - c. It is a duty for every citizen to _____ the law.
5. fit/suit/match
 - a. In the busy streets of Hong Kong, the shopping heaven, there is something to _____ every taste.
 - b. Specialized training _____ her for the job as a stunt woman.
 - c. The hotel can't be _____ in terms of service and facilities.

三、单项填空

- Why has he been staying at home these days?
—He _____ since a month ago.
A. has been out of work B. was out of work
C. has lost his work D. had left from his work
- We forgave his bad temper because we knew that his son's illness had put him under great _____.
A. emotion B. excitement C. crisis D. stress
- There are no tickets _____ for Sunday's movie.
A. possible B. considerable C. available D. preferable
- They had to go on looking for two months before they eventually found a house that _____ them.
A. suited B. admired C. noticed D. appealed
- Please tell me the way you thought of _____ the garden.
A. take care of B. to take care of C. taking care of D. taken care of
- The _____ of the trees in the water was very clear.
A. mirror B. sight C. reflection D. shadow
- Pollution, which is just like crimes, is also a danger to _____.
A. the society B. a society C. societies D. society
- Teaching as a career _____ to many people owing to the long holidays.
A. attracts B. calls C. appeals D. pulls
- His _____ had always been to become an architect.
A. want B. imagination C. ambition D. direction
- The project is one of the government programmes _____ the situation for the poorest people.
A. aiming at improving B. aiming at accelerating
C. aimed at improving D. aimed at accelerating
- The main road through Littlebury was blocked for three hours today after an accident _____ two lorries.
A. containing B. connecting C. involving D. including
- Jeff is coming here in an hour; _____ let's have a drink, shall we?
A. besides B. meanwhile C. however D. publicly
- The circus is always a big _____ for children.
A. attract B. attraction C. attractive D. attractively
- Could you _____ your room? It looks too messy.
A. open up B. set up C. clear up D. build up
- By the end of 1908, most scientists began to accept the aeroplane _____.
A. a reality B. to be a reality C. as a reality D. being a reality



四、阅读理解

Lifeguard, sportscaster, movie star, governor, president—there wasn't much Ronald Reagan didn't do in life.

"The world was a vast opportunity for him," Lou Cannon wrote in his biography (传记) of the former US president, who died on June 5, aged 93.

Reagan's final years saw him fight a losing battle against Alzheimer's disease (老年痴呆症). But his positive attitude toward life has given hope to many people.

Born in 1911 to a poor family in a small town in Illinois, his father was a failed salesman who drank too much. It was in these difficult times, though, that Reagan developed the powerful optimism that would serve him so well. He always believed better times lying ahead, and this was reflected in his high school yearbook entry. "Life is one grand, sweet song, so start the music," he wrote.

As a teenager, Reagan spent summers working as a lifeguard at a local beach, saving 77 lives in seven years. He graduated from college in 1932 with a degree in economics and sociology (社会学). But America was still in the middle of the Great Depression (经济大萧条), and jobs were hard to find. Reagan finally found work as a radio sports announcer and this road led him to Hollywood in 1937.

During the 20-year film career, he never became a leading star. As in his lifeguard days, Reagan loved to play the hero and only took the role of a bad guy once in more than 50 films. A talented speaker who was always able to connect with his audience, Reagan became involved in politics in the 1950s. This popular touch led to him being elected the governor of California in 1967.

All the while Reagan was in California, he had his eye on the White House. In 1980, aged 69, he became the oldest man ever elected president.

He held office from 1981 to 1989, the first president to serve two complete terms after World War II. When he left, aged 77, he held the highest popularity rate of any retiring (离职的) president in US history.

He remained positive even when he discovered he had an illness that would destroy him. "I will leave with the greatest love for this country of ours and eternal (永恒的) optimism for its future," he wrote.

1. Reagan can be best described as a man with _____.
A. firmness B. humour C. optimism D. talent
2. What didn't Reagan do in his life time?
A. Playing the role of a bad guy. B. Being a leading film star.
C. Saving people's lives. D. Working as a radio sports announcer.
3. Which is the correct order of events described in the passage?
a. Reagan fought a losing battle against Alzheimer's disease.
b. Reagan became an actor.
c. Reagan worked as a lifeguard.
d. Reagan graduated from college.



e. Reagan was elected the governor of California.

A. a, c, d, e, b

B. e, c, d, b, a

C. b, a, c, d, e

D. c, d, b, e, a

4. When the author of Reagan's biography says "The world was a vast opportunity for him", he really means that _____.

A. Reagan achieved much in his whole life

B. Reagan could have done much better

C. Reagan did much for America and the world

D. Reagan was a very lucky man

Part III Word power

一、选用方框中的词或短语填入下面的句中

equipment	as essential as	issue	function	vital
make decisions	It is clear that	consume	transport	spread

- _____ the author is biased in favour of ordinary careers and dislikes some popular careers.
- On the other hand, it calls attention to important _____ the mayor is trying to deal with at present.
- His old car _____ much more gasoline than his friends'.
- According to the latest report, the _____ of AIDS and the virus that causes it, HIV, is particularly destructive in Africa.
- As a boss in a company, you find it difficult to _____ that hurt other people.
- As _____ proves to be slow or inefficient, new machines will be invented. Technology responds to our needs in helping us maintain our standard of living.
- In this way, passengers are _____ to the centre of the city.
- Personally, I think a lot of ordinary jobs are _____ water to our society.
- Overall, the text does make me aware that all jobs are _____ to make our society function.
- It is only with an extra video _____ that makes an MP4 differ from an MP3.

二、单项填空

- Why _____ a lawyer a good job?
A. is being B. is C. are being D. is to
- The matter _____ your study surely requires _____ carefully.
A. relating to; dealing with B. related to; dealt with
C. related to; being dealt with D. relating to; having dealt with
- The president expressed his thought to the media _____ this dispute between two countries should be resolved in time.
A. which B. that C. what D. in which



4. This research has attracted wide coverage in the _____ and has featured on BBC television's *Tomorrow's World*.
A. data B. source C. message D. media
5. It's absolutely essential that all the applicants _____ one by one.
A. be interviewed B. are interviewed C. should interview D. were interviewed
6. After several part-time jobs, he's now got a _____ job in a bank.
A. precious B. scary C. specific D. stable
7. That way of living is _____ to people in this small part of the country.
A. specific B. available C. peculiar D. particular
8. In aerospace devices the weight of the necessary power producing equipment is _____.
A. vital B. possible C. capable D. reliable
9. Vitamins are complex _____ that the body requires in very small amounts.
A. matters B. materials C. particles D. substances
10. Apart from caring for her children, she has to take on such heavy _____ housework as carrying water and firewood.
A. time-consumed B. timely-consumed C. time-consuming D. timely-consuming

三、用适当的单词或短语完成句子

1. Being a babysitter is all about responsibility. So a babysitter is _____, _____ and _____.
2. To be a good teacher, you should be knowledgeable, _____, _____ and _____.
3. Firefighters must _____ and _____ so they can save people's lives.
4. Trying to do all these things at the same time is part of the challenge and excitement of being an architect, so an architect should be _____, _____ and _____.
5. Being a nurse means that one should be _____, _____ and _____.
6. Scientists like Einstein and Hawking must be very _____, _____ and _____, besides working hard.
7. Being a musician means writing the lyrics, composing the music, and playing. Musicians should be _____ and _____.
8. A police officer is _____, _____ and _____ especially in time of danger.
9. Engineers need to be _____, _____ and _____.
10. Many teens want to be actors or actresses because they think actors and actresses are _____ and _____, and live an exciting life.

四、完形填空

Early in the morning, I was taken in a nylon bag into a truck. I felt horrible as well as

1. What would she do with me? She was almost mad after the 2 of her husband.



A few minutes later, I heard the truck 3 its engine and move fast. I kept making sounds to show my protest, but failed to make any 4. Finally she put me down in a 5 place. Maybe she didn't want me to die from lack of air; she untied the bag.

I 6 out and looked up, only to see many strange faces and fingers pointing at me.

It turned out that my owner meant to 7 me. I saw my owner on the truck, which was going farther and farther away. So I cast my head 8 the direction of the truck. The days we spent together were like a movie playing in front of my eyes as I ran after the truck. I saw my male owner, who suffered liver cancer, looked at me with his sad eyes. I saw myself 9 my owner everywhere; I saw him lie in his dying bed, she all 10.

I ran as fast as I could. And the 11 I saw her wave to me, my eyes became wet. I wouldn't blame her for treating me like this for she was such a (an) 12 lady. She seemed even somewhat 13 at his leaving her alone, trying many ways to 14 the pains of losing him. She 15 his pictures and clothes; she redecorated the whole house. Now I was the only 16 thing to remind her of him. 17 later, I am pretty sure that she would realize how mad she was to do this ...

The truck finally stopped when I was almost 18. She ran up to me and hugged me 19. I heard her 20, "I know you are a present he left to me."

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|
| 1. A. frightened | B. excited | C. delighted | D. puzzled |
| 2. A. death | B. absence | C. separation | D. departure |
| 3. A. run | B. begin | C. start | D. operate |
| 4. A. sense | B. difference | C. effort | D. trouble |
| 5. A. usual | B. dark | C. familiar | D. strange |
| 6. A. struggled | B. walked | C. ran | D. rushed |
| 7. A. desert | B. harm | C. punish | D. sell |
| 8. A. into | B. at | C. in | D. to |
| 9. A. guide | B. follow | C. support | D. bring |
| 10. A. in peace | B. in silence | C. out of breath | D. in tears |
| 11. A. time | B. way | C. direction | D. moment |
| 12. A. cruel | B. unfortunate | C. unfavorable | D. unfriendly |
| 13. A. depressed | B. sad | C. angry | D. calm |
| 14. A. prevent | B. remove | C. bear | D. kill |
| 15. A. burned | B. kept | C. sold | D. hid |
| 16. A. walking | B. moving | C. existing | D. blessing |
| 17. A. But | B. And | C. Thus | D. Then |
| 18. A. made out | B. knocked out | C. left out | D. worn out |
| 19. A. tightly | B. patiently | C. desperately | D. sadly |





20. A. shout B. whisper C. speak D. talk

五、翻译句子

1. 与那个村庄形成鲜明对照,这个村庄显得很小。(in contrast to/with)

2. 凯特想成为医生的雄心源于她帮助别人的愿望。(ambition)

3. 她决定不动手术了。(go through with)

4. 今天下午你有空吗?(available)

5. 这套食谱适合每一个希望迅速减肥的人。(be suited to)

Part IV Grammar and usage

一、判断下列句子是明喻(S)还是暗喻(M)

1. She gave a crystal (水晶般的) explanation. ()
2. The sky was as clear as the inside of a brass bell. ()
3. Her eyes were small blue circles of ice. ()
4. Kissinger has always been a political chameleon (变色龙), able to take on the coloration (着色) of his environment. ()
5. The evening sun was now ugly to her, like a great inflamed (发炎的) wound in the sky. ()
6. A real friend is like a mirror that helps you see your mistakes clearly. ()
7. The sky above our heads was inky black (漆黑的). ()
8. My love is like a red, red rose. ()
9. The whole world was as black as in a pit (坑). ()
10. He is as strong as an ox. ()
11. He is as busy as a bee. ()
12. A long, thin cloud of pink hung in midair, shaped like some island in a far-off sea. ()

二、将列谚语翻译成汉语

1. Like author, like book. _____
2. Actions speak louder than words. _____
3. Life is but a span. _____
4. Knowledge is power. _____
5. Industry is the parent of success. _____
6. A cat has 9 lives. _____

7. Like a rat in a hole.
8. A fox may grow gray, but never good.
9. A man of words and not of deeds is like a garden full of weeds.

三、用适当的单词填空

Trees are amongst the biggest and longest living things on Earth, some dating back longer ⁽¹⁾ the oldest buildings. But as well as being nice to look at, ⁽²⁾ also play an important role in improving the quality of our lives.

On a world-wide scale (范围), forests help to slow down the effects of global warming by using up the gas known ⁽³⁾ carbon dioxide (二氧化碳) and giving out the oxygen we need to ⁽⁴⁾. At local neighbourhood level, trees also bring important environmental benefits. They offer shade and shelter, ⁽⁵⁾ in turn reduce the amount of energy needed to cool nearby buildings; at the same ⁽⁶⁾, they also remove other impurities (不洁物) from the air we breathe.

Urban (城市的) trees ⁽⁷⁾ especially important because for many people they provide the only daily contact with the natural world. What's ⁽⁸⁾, urban trees also provide a home for birds, small animals and butterflies. Without the trees we would lose the pleasure of seeing these creatures in our cities. Regrettably, ⁽⁹⁾, trees in cities are now coming under threat. There is a limit to the level of pollution they can put up with and, down at street level, their roots are being seriously disturbed by the digging needed ⁽¹⁰⁾ make way for modern telephone, television and other cables.

四、阅读理解

A

COURTS

SALE

AN EXTRA
£100 OFF*
THIS WEEKEND!

LESS THAN
HALF PRICE
SAVE
£700
£495

SEATTLE
3-seater black leather faced sofa with
double reclining action, provides the
ultimate in comfort, style and value. Was £1109.99.
Sale £695 Sale Extra £595



1. What is the sofa's price? _____
2. What's the original price? _____
3. When is the "£ 100 off" available? _____
4. What material is the sofa made of? _____
5. Where can this sofa be bought? _____
6. What does the phrase "reclining action" mean? _____

B

In the United States in recent years, camping has become very popular. Every summer, thousands of families leave the city behind to spend weekends and vacations outdoors. Some families take along trailers (拖车). Others load their cars with tents, small stoves, and air-filled sleeping mattresses (床垫). Then they head for one of the country's many campgrounds.



Some campgrounds offer campers little more than clean water and places to put up their tents or park their trailers. People who go to these places like to "rough it". Other campgrounds offer campers such comforts as electricity, outdoor fireplaces, and even showers.

In the United States, most campgrounds are publicly owned. The national parks and many national monuments and national forests have land set aside for campers. State governments also run campgrounds in state-owned parks and forests. Even countries and cities may have their own campgrounds.

A few years ago, campers could always find room to camp in a public campground. But today, government-owned campgrounds are often overcrowded. To meet the needs of the ever-growing number of campers, some business people are opening privately-owned land to campers.

More private campgrounds are opening across the country. The campers usually pay a higher fee than they pay at government-owned grounds. But many private parks also offer more comforts. And as public parks and forests become greatly overcrowded, private campgrounds will give more people the chance to enjoy camping.

7. What is camping like in the USA in recent years? _____
8. Where do many families go to spend their weekends and vacations? _____
9. Most campgrounds in the USA are _____ owned.
10. What do the underlined words "rough it" mean, "live without the usual comforts and conveniences of life" or "live with the usual comforts and conveniences of life"? _____
11. This passage makes us think that there are _____ private campgrounds than public ones.
12. Why do business people open privately-owned land to campers? _____