

○ 策 划 北京弘哲教育研究中心

○ 总主编 滕 纯

弘哲书系  
HONGZHE SHUXI

*Dianjin Xunlian*

# 点金训练

适用于新课标北师大版

高中英语

必修模块 2

四川教育出版社  
广西教育出版社

弘修福泽 智慧授业

青春  
qingchun

挣脱的风筝

燃烧的理想

『点金』

舞动青春的翅膀



# 弘哲书系 伴你成长

## 《点金教练》系列丛书



本系列丛书以新课程标准为设计理念，以学生为主体，以教与学之间的互动为灵魂，从完整的学习过程入手，构建探究型学案式学习方式，达到促进学生高效巩固基础、快速提升能力的目的。

## 《点金训练》系列丛书



本系列丛书注重学生综合能力的升级，并体现快乐学习、有序训练、轻松过关的理念。特色为：梯度分层细，实用价值高；习题编选新，训练效果好；装帧设计巧，一书两形妙。

## 《麻辣阅读》系列丛书



本系列丛书是第一套文学趣味性阅读读本。运用“阅读兴趣”和“阅读刺激”交替循环的方式来达到阅读生理功能的平衡，在佳篇美文后加入讽刺、幽默、哲理、寓言、奇文等带有麻辣元素的文章来刺激阅读，逐步实现快乐阅读和激情阅读。

## 《地道英语》系列丛书



本系列丛书为学生创设了与英美生活、文化亲密接触的语言环境和仿真的考试场景，使学生在地道的英语环境下，提高英语素养及应试能力。





**随**着课改的不断深入,为了充分阐释课程标准的要求,鼓励、引导学生在共同发展中富有个性、自主地学习,我们特约北京、山东、江苏、广东等课改省份及教育发达地区百余位特、高级教师精心打造、倾力编写了这套《点金训练》丛书。它将优化训练与答案详解融为一体,针对课堂作业、课后自测、阶段评估的学习过程设置梯级习题,能让你练得巧妙、学得扎实!本丛书具有如下特色:

**☆梯度、分级** 丛书特有的“梯级集训”模式,极大地优化了思维的发散性和学习的层次感。丛书课节训练按AB卷编写。A卷为课堂针对训练,按“双基再现”“变式活学”和“实践演练”分类优化;B卷为课外提升训练,按“理解整合”“拓展创新”“综合探究”和“高考模拟”梯度编排。着重体现了课堂作业和课后练习的功能。在题目编排难度上由易到难,用“★”(1~5个)标识;在课堂同步性上设置课节训练、单元训练、模块训练三部分,让学生在学习的每个阶段都可获得能力提升。这些匠心独运的设计让你仿佛置身于一个广阔而奇妙的演练场。这里处处充满乐趣和挑战,让你大展拳脚,练就一身绝世“武功”。

**☆科学、质优** 丛书集训练过程的“学、练、测”于一体,化方法、能力、创新于一炉,融山东、江苏、广东等地优质教育资源于一书,汇百余名特、高级教师智慧于一身,将会带给你全程的学习指导,点亮你学海航行的明灯。

**☆轻负、稳健** 丛书题量适中,题型丰富,题目经典,各梯度间循序渐进,层次性和难易度适当,使你能有选择地做题,练得充分、精当。同时,丛书大力引入原创题、变式题、探究题,增强题目的独创性、新颖性和时代感,使你训练得心应手、扎实有效。答案中点拨到位,警示思维误区,点击解题关键,令人有茅塞顿开之感。

**☆高能、高分** 在同步训练中链接高考,引入最新高考真题和模拟题,引导你走进高考、感受高考,帮助你适应高考、决胜高考。

《点金训练》是一艘带领师生畅游蔚蓝学海的旗舰。通过亲切的指导、耐心的训练、愉快的测试、精当的评价,相信《点金训练》会让每一位“航海员”都获得属于自己闪光耀眼的奖牌!那么还等什么呢,现在就和《点金训练》一起开始你激动人心、充满乐趣和挑战的“点金”之旅吧!



中央教科所前副所长 研究员



# 第二届全国“点金之星”创新学习大赛

## ——改变学习方法 体验学习乐趣

全国初、高中师生朋友们：

北京弘哲教育研究中心与多家省市级教研中心、教育出版社继去年成功举办首届全国寻找“点金·创意之星”活动之后，于今年4月隆重推出第二届全国“点金之星”创新学习大赛。现在，只需你转动脑筋拿起纸笔参与本次大赛，就有机会成为全国“点金之星”，获得星级证书并赢取精美奖品。

### 活动介绍

参赛者需围绕《点金教练》或《点金训练》丛书的使用心得，以“改变学习方法，体验学习乐趣”为主题，向全国的朋友们介绍和分享自己最拿手的学习方法。参赛者介绍的学习方法或针对全学科，或针对某学科，或针对某学科的某一部分，或针对某一类问题等均可。参赛作品请注明作品名称、作者姓名、年龄、所在学校或单位、通讯地址、邮政编码和联系电话。同时，我们也诚恳地期望各界朋友能借此机会对我们图书的不足之处提出批评和建议。届时，我们将组织创新教育专家对所有作品进行评审，最终评出725位具有示范意义、拥有优异创新学习能力的获奖者，颁发“点金之星”荣誉证书和精美奖品。欢迎全国在校初、高中学生和教师踊跃报名参加。

### 奖项设置

- 钻石星：5名——价值2000元高级电子辞典一部
- 铂金星：20名——价值800元时尚MP4一部
- 白银星：200名——《点金教练》丛书一套
- 青铜星：500名——精美礼品一件

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第二届全国“点金之星”创新学习大赛组委会收

邮政编码：100029

E-mail: hongzhe2008@gmail.com

咨询电话：(010)64411197 64411172

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本活动法律顾问：鼎立律师事务所 沈春林

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参考答案



# Unit 4 Cyberspace



## Lesson 1 Tomorrow's World



### A 卷(课堂针对训练)



#### 双基再现

#### I. ★英汉短语互译

1. virtual offices \_\_\_\_\_
2. the Net/ Internet \_\_\_\_\_
3. in the future \_\_\_\_\_
4. as if /as though \_\_\_\_\_
5. go wrong \_\_\_\_\_
6. in the next few years \_\_\_\_\_
7. be pessimistic about sth \_\_\_\_\_
8. shop on the Internet \_\_\_\_\_
9. a part of modern life \_\_\_\_\_
10. take immediate action \_\_\_\_\_
11. 发现, 查明 \_\_\_\_\_
12. 各种各样的 \_\_\_\_\_
13. 实现 \_\_\_\_\_
14. 秘密地; 暗中 \_\_\_\_\_
15. 明显的证据 \_\_\_\_\_
16. 全球变暖 \_\_\_\_\_
17. 对……乐观 \_\_\_\_\_
18. 在刚过去的五年中 \_\_\_\_\_
19. 想要做某事 \_\_\_\_\_
20. 时光旅行 \_\_\_\_\_

#### II. ★★单词拼写

根据所给单词首字母或汉语意思, 并结合句意写出下列各句中所缺单词的正确形式。

21. How will these changes a \_\_\_\_\_ us?
22. Crime figures in that country are rising r \_\_\_\_\_.
23. A woman was a \_\_\_\_\_ and robbed by a gang of youths.

24. Heavy snow has caused total c \_\_\_\_\_ on the roads.
25. The hotel o \_\_\_\_\_ excellent facilities (设施) for families.
26. It was \_\_\_\_\_ (明显的) to everyone that the child had been badly treated.
27. The plane \_\_\_\_\_ (消失) behind a cloud.
28. The police prevent and detect (侦查) \_\_\_\_\_ (犯罪).
29. This is an event which has \_\_\_\_\_ (损害) relations between the two countries.
30. Lack of water will stunt (阻碍……的正常生长或发展) the plant's \_\_\_\_\_ (生长).



#### 对比闯关

#### III. ★★用第一句中的黑体单词的适当形式完成第二个句子

31. Are all small children so **destructive**?  
They've \_\_\_\_\_ all the evidence.
32. They are travelling all round the **globe**.  
Because of \_\_\_\_\_ warming, the sea has already destroyed parts of Britain.
33. Bob and Liz **entertained** us to dinner last night.  
He fell in the water, much to the \_\_\_\_\_ of the children.
34. My passport has **disappeared**; it was in my pocket a moment ago.  
At first nobody noticed the child's \_\_\_\_\_.
35. The **terrors** of the night were past.  
The \_\_\_\_\_ are threatening to blow up the hijacked airliner.







36. Obviously, she needs help.  
Spending less money is the \_\_\_\_\_ answer  
to his financial problems.
37. In the past thirty years, the Internet has grown  
**rapidly**.  
The disease is spreading at a \_\_\_\_\_ rate.
38. The growth of violent crime is a very **real**  
problem.  
The plan will soon become a \_\_\_\_\_.
39. It's **criminal** the way she lies and cheats to  
get what she wants.  
It's a \_\_\_\_\_ to waste money like that.
40. Of course, this is just a **personal** opinion.  
—Is it worth the effort?  
—Speaking \_\_\_\_\_, yes.

## IV. ★★用适当的介词或副词填空

41. The meeting was held \_\_\_\_\_ secret.
42. In 1983, there were only 200 computers  
connected \_\_\_\_\_ the Internet; now there  
are \_\_\_\_\_ 50 million.
43. Some experts are pessimistic \_\_\_\_\_ the  
future.
44. I believe that, in the future, we will get  
entertainment \_\_\_\_\_ the Net and that the  
television will \_\_\_\_\_ disappear.
45. It's the last ten minutes of a basketball  
match \_\_\_\_\_ Russia and the USA.
46. Even now, young hackers can get \_\_\_\_\_  
the computers of banks and governments.
47. Already, users can buy books, find \_\_\_\_\_  
about holiday offers, book tickets, and get all  
sorts of information \_\_\_\_\_ the Internet.
48. He is an expert \_\_\_\_\_ the environment.
49. In the past thirty years, the Internet has  
grown \_\_\_\_\_.
50. The earth is going to become more crowded  
and we are going to have more problems  
\_\_\_\_\_ traffic.



## 实践演练

## V. ★★★根据课文内容判断正误, 正确的写T, 错误的写F

51. In the last thirty years, the Net has grown  
rapidly.

52. All the experts are optimistic about the  
future of the Internet.
53. Angela Rossetto says, "In the next few  
years, it is clear that we are going to see a  
huge growth in shopping on the Internet."
54. All experts see our future in virtual reality.
55. Peter Anderson, an American expert, says  
that he will work in virtual offices, shop in  
virtual supermarkets, and we will even study  
in virtual schools.

## VI. ★★★根据所给短语翻译下列句子

56. 我们必须采取行动防止疾病传播。(take  
action)  
\_\_\_\_\_
57. 我们有明确的证据证明, 未来几年地球气  
候将会有很大的变化。(in the next few  
years, clear evidence)  
\_\_\_\_\_
58. 很显然, 不久的将来我们就会看到网上购  
物的狂潮。(an explosion of shopping)  
\_\_\_\_\_
59. 在将来, 恐怖分子可能会“攻击”世界上的电  
脑, 引起混乱, 使飞机和火车撞毁。(cause  
chaos)  
\_\_\_\_\_
60. 他对于自己的前途很悲观。  
(be pessimistic about)  
\_\_\_\_\_
61. 股东们对公司的未来很乐观。  
(be optimistic about)  
\_\_\_\_\_
62. 我个人认为虚拟现实将成为现代生活的  
一部分。(virtual reality)  
\_\_\_\_\_
63. 股骨连着髌骨。(be connected to)  
\_\_\_\_\_
64. 他装作若无其事的样子。(as if)  
\_\_\_\_\_
65. 她设想自己走进办公室, 对每个人都说出  
自己对他们的看法。(imagine doing)  
\_\_\_\_\_

## VII. ★★★填入动词的适当形式

66. I think we \_\_\_\_\_ (be) able to have  
holidays on the moon in twenty years' time.
67. I \_\_\_\_\_ (expect) to hear from you this

afternoon.

68. I \_\_\_\_\_ (do) some reading this evening.

69. Watch out, you \_\_\_\_\_ (fall).

70. They \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) at the gate of the Palace.

# Ⅷ. ★★语法训练

71. —Oh, it's you. I \_\_\_\_\_ you.

—I've just had my hair cut, and I am wearing new glasses.

A. didn't recognize

B. hadn't recognized

C. haven't recognized

D. don't recognize

72. Because the Beijing Olympic Games \_\_\_\_\_, more stadiums and sports venues are being built.

A. has arrived

B. arrived

C. is arriving

D. had arrived

73. My dictionary \_\_\_\_\_. I have looked for it everywhere but still \_\_\_\_\_ it.

A. has lost; don't find

B. is missing; don't find

C. has lost; haven't found

D. is missing; haven't found

74. He was hoping to go abroad but his parents \_\_\_\_\_ that they won't support him unless he can borrow money from the bank.

A. were deciding

B. have decided

C. decided

D. will decide

75. —If the traffic hadn't been so heavy, I could have been back by 6 o'clock.

—What a pity! Tina \_\_\_\_\_ here to see you.

A. is

B. was

C. would be

D. has been

76. Father \_\_\_\_\_ for London on business upon my arrival, so I didn't see him.

A. has left

B. left

C. was leaving

D. had left

77. —What's wrong with your coat?

—Just now when I wanted to get off the bus, the man next to me \_\_\_\_\_ on it.

A. sat

B. had sat

C. had been sitting

D. was sitting

78. Millions of pounds' worth of damage \_\_\_\_\_ by a storm which swept across the north of England last night.

A. has been caused

B. had been caused

C. will be caused

D. will have been caused

79. The coffee is wonderful! It doesn't taste like anything I \_\_\_\_\_ before.

A. was having

B. have

C. have ever had

D. had ever had

80. Mary \_\_\_\_\_ a dress when she cut her finger.

A. made

B. is making

C. was making

D. makes

## B 卷(课外提升训练)



### 基础巩固

#### I. ★★单项选择

从 A, B, C, D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. They've \_\_\_\_\_ us \$ 150,000 for the house.

Shall we take it?

A. provided

B. supplied

C. shown

D. offered

2. I didn't imagine \_\_\_\_\_ a writer in my children.

A. become

B. becoming

C. becomes

D. to become

3. When he was a boy, he used to go there and watch \_\_\_\_\_.

A. to repair bicycles

B. bicycles to be repaired

C. bicycles being repaired

D. repairing bicycles





4. —Have you considered \_\_\_\_\_ your job as a teacher?  
—No. I like the job because a teacher is often considered \_\_\_\_\_ a gardener.
- A. to change; to be  
B. to change; being  
C. changing; being  
D. changing; to be
5. The dog, \_\_\_\_\_, will be made a good watchdog.
- A. to train properly  
B. being trained properly  
C. properly to train  
D. trained properly
6. \_\_\_\_\_ the diamond, he had to look for a place to hide it.
- A. Having stolen  
B. Having been stolen  
C. Stolen  
D. Stealing
7. \_\_\_\_\_ the front door \_\_\_\_\_, he had to enter the room through the back door.
- A. Seen; painted  
B. Seeing; painted  
C. Being seen; being painted  
D. Seeing; being painted
8. \_\_\_\_\_ we have finished the course, we shall start doing more revision work.
- A. For now  
B. Since that  
C. Now that  
D. By now
9. I have been keeping the portrait \_\_\_\_\_ I can see it every day, as it always reminds me of my childhood in Paris.
- A. since  
B. where  
C. as  
D. if
10. \_\_\_\_\_ he was, he stayed up late studying last night.
- A. As tired  
B. Though tired  
C. Tired as  
D. Tired although
11. —Would you like a cigarette?  
—No. It's several years \_\_\_\_\_ I gave up smoking.
- A. after  
B. since  
C. when  
D. before

12. My favorite room is the tidy study with a fireplace, \_\_\_\_\_ we can watch TV and enjoy the nice scenery outside.
- A. where  
B. when  
C. that  
D. which
13. It is an interesting story and one can't put it down \_\_\_\_\_ one has finished reading it.
- A. after  
B. when  
C. unless  
D. until
14. —Will you go to Mary's birthday party?  
—No. \_\_\_\_\_ invited, I can't go. I'll be too busy then.
- A. If  
B. Unless  
C. Even if  
D. When
15. Actually, girls can be \_\_\_\_\_ they want to be just like boys, whether it is a pilot, an astronaut, or a general manager.
- A. wherever  
B. however  
C. whatever  
D. whoever



## 综合应用

## II. ★★★★★完形填空

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后从各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中,选出最佳选项。

One man was to meet his wife downtown and spend some time shopping with her. He waited 16 for 15 minutes. Then he waited impatiently for 15 minutes more. After that, he became 17. When he saw a photograph booth(照相亭) nearby, he had 18. He wore the most unhappy expressions he could manage, which was not 19 in the situation. In a few moments, he was holding four small prints that 20 even him.

He wrote his wife's name on the back of the photos and handed them to a 21 behind the desk in the booth, "22 you see a small, dark lady with brown eyes and an apologetic expression, obviously 23 someone, would you please give her this?" he said. He then 24 his office in Morrison Building, 25 that if a picture is worth a thousand words, then the four photos must be a good 26! He sat down with a smile.



His wife 27 those pictures. She carries them in her purse now and shows them to anyone who asks if she is married...

How are you with 28? One person calls it "wait training". It seems that there is always something we are 29. We wait on traffic and we wait in lines. We wait to hear about a new job. We wait to complete school. We wait for someone to change his or her mind.

Patience is an important 30 of a happy and rewarding life. 31 some things are worth waiting for. 32 presents many opportunities for wait training.

We can hate waiting, 33 it or even get good at it! But one thing is 34 —we cannot avoid it. How is your 35 coming along?

- |                    |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 16. A. proudly     | B. respectfully  |
| C. patiently       | D. curiously     |
| 17. A. angry       | B. hungry        |
| C. frightened      | D. thirsty       |
| 18. A. a question  | B. a reason      |
| C. an opinion      | D. an idea       |
| 19. A. serious     | B. difficult     |
| C. regular         | D. convenient    |
| 20. A. hurt        | B. encouraged    |
| C. attracted       | D. shocked       |
| 21. A. clerk       | B. secretary     |
| C. passer-by       | D. friend        |
| 22. A. Since       | B. Before        |
| C. As              | D. If            |
| 23. A. looking for | B. working for   |
| C. sending for     | D. paying for    |
| 24. A. called up   | B. returned to   |
| C. visited         | D. left          |
| 25. A. worried     | B. disappointed  |
| C. satisfied       | D. surprised     |
| 26. A. description | B. preparation   |
| C. excuse          | D. lecture       |
| 27. A. tore        | B. saved         |
| C. developed       | D. destroyed     |
| 28. A. your wife   | B. your family   |
| C. patience        | D. determination |
| 29. A. hoping for  | B. waiting for   |
| C. ready for       | D. fit for       |

- |                     |                  |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 30. A. lesson       | B. experience    |
| C. purpose          | D. quality       |
| 31. A. For example  | B. After all     |
| C. Right now        | D. So far        |
| 32. A. Every age    | B. Every shop    |
| C. Every day        | D. Every office  |
| 33. A. accept       | B. control       |
| C. change           | D. improve       |
| 34. A. certain      | B. interesting   |
| C. precious         | D. easy          |
| 35. A. photo taking | B. job hunting   |
| C. decision making  | D. wait training |

### III. ★★★★★ 阅读理解

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A, B, C 和 D)中,选出最佳选项。

Like most people, you may have heard a lot about online banking but probably haven't tried it yourself. You still pay your bills by mail much in the same way your parents did, for you're probably afraid of not knowing how to deal with it. Actually, online banking isn't out to change your money habits.

Instead, it uses today's computer technology to give you the choice of bypassing the time-consuming, paper-based ways of traditional banking in order to manage your money more quickly and efficiently. The advantages of Internet and the popularity of personal computers present both an opportunity and a challenge for the banking industry. For years, financial institutions have used powerful computer networks to automate (自动操作) millions of daily transactions (业务). Now that their consumers are connected to the Internet from personal computers, banks begin to expect similar economic advantages by adapting those same internal electronic processes to home use.

Today, most large national banks, many regional banks and even smaller banks and credit unions offer some form of online banking, variously known as PC banking, home banking, electronic banking or Internet banking. Online banks are sometimes referred to as brick-to-click banks. The challenge for the banking industry has been to design this new service channel in





such a way that its consumers will readily learn to use and trust it. Most of the large banks can now offer fully secure, fully functional online banking for free or for a small fee. As more banks succeed online and more consumers use their sites, fully functional online banking will become as common as automated teller machines (ATM).

Online banking has a lot of advantages. Unlike your corner bank, online banking sites never close; they are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and they are only a mouse click away. If you are out of the state or even out of the country when a money problem rises, you can log on instantly to your online bank and take care of your business. Online bank sites generally excuse (执行) and confirm transactions at a quicker speed than ATM does. Many online banking sites now offer advanced tools, including account aggregation, stock quotes, and portfolio managing programs to help you manage all of your assets (资产) more effectively.

36. According to the passage, nowadays online banks are very popular \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. but all consumers still prefer to pay their bills by mail
- B. and it will take the place of automated teller machines
- C. and no one is still worried about its safety
- D. but not every consumer knows how to use it

37. The writer wrote this short passage in order to tell people \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. just to use online banks instead of ATM in the future
- B. how convenient online bank is
- C. how to use online banking to take care of money
- D. online banks are much better than corner banks

38. Online banking is a system that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. will help you get your money needed
- B. helps banks offer better services
- C. will help consumers save money
- D. you can find in your personal computers

39. What would be the best title for this passage?

- A. Online Banking
- B. A Challenge for the Banking Industry
- C. Today's Computer Technology
- D. Do Business Through Online Banking



### 开放探究

#### IV. ★★★★★ 阅读表达

阅读短文, 完成后面的五个问题。

Nuclear radiation has a certain mystery about it, partly because it can not be detected (探测) by human senses. \_\_\_\_\_ There are other things like that. For example, radio waves are all around us but we can't detect them, sense them, without a radio receiver. Similarly, we can't sense radioactivity without a radiation detector. But unlike common radio waves nuclear radiation is not harmless to human beings and other living things.

At very high levels, radiation can kill an animal or human being outright by killing masses of cells in important organs. But even the lowest levels can do serious damage. There is no level of radiation that is completely safe. If the radiation does not hit anything important, the damage may not be significant. This is the case when only a few cells are hits, and if they are killed outright, your body will replace the dead cells with healthy ones. But if the few cells are only damaged, and if they reproduce themselves, you may be in trouble. They can grow into cancer. Sometimes this does not show up for many years.

This is another reason for some of the mystery about nuclear radiation. Serious damage can be done without the knowledge of the person at the time that damage has occurred. A person can be irradiated (放射治疗) and feel fine, then die of cancer five, ten, or twenty years later as a result. Or a child can be born weak or easy to get serious illness as a result of radiation absorbed by its grandparents.

Radiation can hurt us. We must know the truth.









## Lesson 2 Websites



## 双基再现

## I. ★ 英汉短语互译

1. a school history project \_\_\_\_\_
2. for military reasons \_\_\_\_\_
3. in the mid-1990s \_\_\_\_\_
4. make suggestions \_\_\_\_\_
5. be up to \_\_\_\_\_
6. (电话)不挂断 \_\_\_\_\_
7. 闲荡;转悠 \_\_\_\_\_
8. 最新的电影 \_\_\_\_\_
9. 去买东西 \_\_\_\_\_
10. 获知(某事物) \_\_\_\_\_

## II. ★★ 单词拼写

根据所给单词首字母或汉语意思,并结合句意写出下列各句中所缺单词的正确形式。

11. F\_\_\_\_\_ meeting so many people here!
12. Through signs she c\_\_\_\_\_ that she wanted a drink.
13. They s\_\_\_\_\_ in their joys and sorrows.
14. What are you u\_\_\_\_\_ to this weekend?
15. He made a s\_\_\_\_\_ of 90 in the mathematics exam.
16. She was anxious to get in \_\_\_\_\_ (联系) with you.
17. They are very \_\_\_\_\_ (科学的) in their approach.
18. Following the national news we have the \_\_\_\_\_ (本地的) news and weather.
19. Mary Pickford was one of the first stars of the \_\_\_\_\_ (电影).
20. For some \_\_\_\_\_ (原因) he was neither surprised nor frightened.



## 综合应用

## II. ★★★★★ 完形填空

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后从各题所

给的四个选项(A,B,C和D)中,选出最佳选项。

Clay decided to go home and spend the holiday with her parents. The next day she drove her old car home along her road. 21 she found she got a flat. The 22-year-old student 22 to stop her car by the side of the road in the winter night and opened the trunk. No 23 tire.

At this time, a car 24. Paul and Diane told Clay to 25 them to a service station near their 26. They arrived, but found no tire 27 with her car. "Follow us home," said Paul.

The couple called around to find a tire. No 28. They decided to let her use their own car. "Here," Paul said, handing Clay a 29 of keys, "take our car. We 30 be using it over the holiday."

Clay was 31, "But I'm going all the way to South Carolina, and I'll be gone for two weeks," she 32 them.

"We know," Paul said. "We'll be 33 when you get back. Here's our number if you need to 34 us."

Unable to believe our eyes, Clay watched as the 35 put her luggage into their car and then 36 her off. Two weeks later she 37 to find her old car cleaned inside and out with three new tires and the radio 38.

"Thank you so much," she said. "How much should I 39 to you?" "We don't want any money. It's our 40." Clay realized that while it might have been their pleasure, it was now her duty to pass on their "do onto others" spirit.

- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 21. A. Suddenly | B. Finally     |
| C. Immediately  | D. Fortunately |
| 22. A. afforded | B. wanted      |
| C. allowed      | D. managed     |



23. A. spare B. free  
C. full D. empty
24. A. passed B. stopped  
C. paused D. started
25. A. help B. push  
C. take D. follow
26. A. garage B. house  
C. shop D. hotel
27. A. agree B. match  
C. go D. deal
28. A. way B. manage  
C. success D. luck
29. A. set B. number  
C. pair D. chain
30. A. can't B. shouldn't  
C. mustn't D. won't
31. A. satisfied B. worried  
C. astonished D. disturbed
32. A. persuaded B. advised  
C. reminded D. promised
33. A. happy B. here  
C. away D. busy
34. A. get in touch with  
B. keep in touch with  
C. be in touch with  
D. put in touch with
35. A. repairmen B. cleaners  
C. friends D. couples
36. A. sent B. shock  
C. watched D. drove
37. A. shocked B. happened  
C. returned D. came
38. A. loaded B. fixed  
C. tied D. rebuilt
39. A. owe B. lend  
C. give D. offer
40. A. wish B. job  
C. duty D. pleasure

### III. ★★★★★ 阅读理解

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A, B, C 和 D)中,选出最佳选项。

The Internet has become part of teenagers' life.

A new report on 3,375 students aged from 10 to 18 in seven Chinese cities found that 38

per cent of them believe they use the Internet often.

While most of them get useful information and use the Internet to help with their studies, some are not using it in a good way. Many are playing online games too much. A few even visit websites they should not look at. A middle school teacher from Beijing warns that bad things can happen if young people spend too much time on the Internet. She had a student who used to be good at school. But then he started visiting sex websites. He went mad; cheated a girl and was taken away by the police.

In order to help young people use the Internet in a good way, a textbook on good Internet behavior has started to be used in some Shanghai middle schools this term.

The book uses real examples to teach students all about good ways of using the Internet. The book gives useful advice such as it's good to read news or find helpful information to study.

Some students also make online friends. But if you are meeting a friend offline, make sure your parents know. Teachers and parents all think the book is a very good idea. This teacher said the book would be a guide for teens using the Internet. She believes it will keep students away from bad sites. "Many students are using the Internet without guidance from their parents," she said. "The book will teach students how to be a good person in the online world."

41. The third paragraph mainly tells us that

- A. some students are not using the Internet correctly
- B. all students in Beijing use the Internet to help their school work
- C. a teacher in Beijing is worried about her students
- D. some students visit sex websites

42. The textbook mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. why we should use the Internet
- B. not to visit sex websites
- C. how to use the Internet correctly
- D. how to get help from others



43. The writer advises the readers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. let her parents know before visiting their online friends
- B. not to make friends online
- C. read the textbook carefully
- D. only read news on the Internet

44. From this passage we know that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. more and more students have given up visiting bad websites
- B. schools and teachers begin to pay attention to students' use of the Internet
- C. no more homework will be given in Shanghai
- D. less and less information can be found online

### Lesson 3 Virtual Reality



#### A 卷(课堂针对训练)



#### 双基再现

##### I. ★英汉短语互译

- 1. visit virtual museums \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. depend on/upon \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. use modern technology \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. travel around the world \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. not only... but also... \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. the website address \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. the historical sites \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. virtual reality \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. play games \_\_\_\_\_
- 10. do with \_\_\_\_\_
- 11. 更重要的是 \_\_\_\_\_
- 12. 一次环绕世界的旅行 \_\_\_\_\_
- 13. 一所世界闻名的大学 \_\_\_\_\_
- 14. 对……感兴趣 \_\_\_\_\_
- 15. 大量的; 许多的 \_\_\_\_\_
- 16. 假期目的地 \_\_\_\_\_
- 17. 信息系统 \_\_\_\_\_
- 18. 帮助某人做某事 \_\_\_\_\_
- 19. 花费好长时间在乘飞机旅行上 \_\_\_\_\_

##### II. ★★单词拼写

根据所给单词首字母或汉语意思, 并结合句意写出下列各句中所缺单词的正确形式。

21. It has been s \_\_\_\_\_ that bright children should take their exams early.

- 22. Our luggage was checked all the way through to our final d \_\_\_\_\_.
- 23. The man with a pipe in his hand is a heavy s \_\_\_\_\_.
- 24. She's a m \_\_\_\_\_, but she lives a simple life.
- 25. A s \_\_\_\_\_ has been chosen for the new school.
- 26. His poems were published under the \_\_\_\_\_ (题目) of "Love and Reason".
- 27. Was Robin Hood a \_\_\_\_\_ (历史的) figure?
- 28. Do you go \_\_\_\_\_ (野营度假)?
- 29. I'll help you with your \_\_\_\_\_ (课题) if you like.
- 30. New technology has enabled development of an online " \_\_\_\_\_ (虚拟的) reality".



#### 对比闯关

##### III. ★★用第一句中的黑体单词的适当形式完成第二个句子

- 31. I'd like to hear **suggestions** for ways of raising money.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ that we should leave now.
- 32. I have been doing some **historical** research.  
Today is a \_\_\_\_\_ occasion for our country.
- 33. I still have a **million** things to do.  
To sell such a suit to a \_\_\_\_\_! You're a fool.
- 34. The house was just as she had **imagined** it.

