



银博士

轻巧夺冠

优化训练

全国著名特级、高级教师联合编写

人民教育版

八年级英语

下



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Qingdao Publishing House

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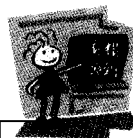
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Unit 1 Will people have robots? (A 卷)



基础知识巩固

I. 英汉互译。

1. 在太空站 _____
2. 预测未来 _____
3. 能够做 _____
4. 好几千 _____
5. 活到 200 岁 _____
6. fall in love with _____
7. come true _____
8. keep pets _____
9. dress more casually _____

II. 词形变化。

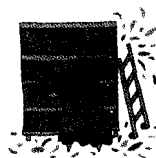
1. few(比较级) _____
2. little(最高级) _____
3. predict(名词) _____
4. impossible(反义词) _____
5. swim(现在分词) _____
6. fall(过去式) _____
7. person(形容词) _____
8. company(复数) _____
9. write(过去式) _____
10. human(复数) _____

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. — Will people live to be 300 years old?
— _____
A. No, they aren't
B. No, they won't
C. No, they don't
D. No, they can't
- () 2. I hope we will have _____ people and _____ pollution.

- A. fewer; less B. more; fewer
C. less; fewer D. less; more

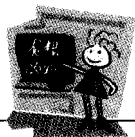
- () 3. I think people here are friendly. Do you agree _____ me?
A. with B. to
C. on D. from
- () 4. — Where is Miss Wang?
— She went to Hainan Island last week and will return _____ six days.
A. ago B. later
C. behind D. in
- () 5. My mother likes cats very much, so she _____ one at home.
A. buys B. takes
C. has D. keeps
- () 6. In AD 20000, what _____ the world be like?
A. is B. will
C. was D. are
- () 7. This coat doesn't fit him well, as he has _____ a huge body and the coat is _____ small.
A. so; such B. so; so
C. such; such D. such; so
- () 8. — How many birds can you see in the trees?
— I can see _____ birds in them.
A. hundreds of B. five hundreds
C. hundred of D. five hundreds of
- () 9. His mother wants him _____ at home every day.
A. to stay B. stay
C. staying D. stays
- () 10. After you get to Beijing, please _____.
A. call up me B. call me up
C. call up I D. call I up



重点难点突破

IV. 根据句意和所给单词首字母提示补全句中 所缺单词。

1. There are a lot of high b_____ in the city.



2. The work is too difficult. It doesn't f _____ me.
3. I will fly r _____ to the moon and the stars.
4. Zu Chongzhi is one of the greatest s _____ in the history of China.
5. I often u _____ my dictionary in class.
6. I can do my homework by m _____.
7. I want to have a r _____ that can clean my house.
8. There are many t _____ on either side of the road.

V. 根据汉语提示完成句子。每空一词。

1. 我去年去了大连,并且爱上了那座城市。

I went to Dalian last year and _____ that city.

2. 6岁时,我就会游泳了。

I was _____ swim when I was six _____.

3. 明天将会是多云天气。

It _____ cloudy tomorrow.

4. 苏珊喜欢每周日去滑冰。

Susan likes _____ every Sunday.

5. 看,有一个女孩正在教室里跳舞。

Look, _____ a girl _____ in the classroom.

6. 未来,到处都是机器人,而人们可干的事会更少。

_____, there will be more robots everywhere, and humans will have _____.

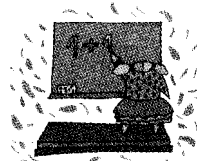
VI. 根据句意选择合适的动词并以其正确形式填空。

start, play, exercise, win,
fly, get, talk, buy

1. I'll _____ from Dalian to Beijing after the vacation.
2. I want to be a reporter because I enjoy _____ with people.
3. How old were you when you _____ learning

English?

4. Maria _____ the first prize in the singing competition yesterday.
5. I saw Sally _____ a new watch yesterday.
6. Are you _____ football this weekend?
7. Don't _____ stressed out. It's not healthy.
8. Grandpa is pretty healthy because he _____ every day.



综合能力提升

VII. 完形填空。

读短文,掌握其大意,从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填入文中相应空白处的最佳答案。

We live in computer age(时代). People 1 scientists, teachers, writers and even students use computers to do all kinds of work. But more than 30 years ago, 2 couldn't do much. They were very big and expensive. Very 3 people were interested in them and knew how to use them. Today computers are smaller and 4. But they can do a lot of work, many people like to use them. Some people 5 have them at home.

Computers become very important because they can work 6 than people and make fewer mistakes. Computers can 7 people do a lot of work. Writers now use computers to 8. Teachers use them to help teaching. Students use them to 9. Computers can also remember what you 10 them. Computers are very useful and helpful. They are our friends.

Do you want to have a computer?

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| () 1. A. like | B. as |
| | C. and |
| | D. with |
| () 2. A. students | B. scientists |
| | C. teachers |
| | D. computers |
| () 3. A. few | B. a few |
| | C. little |
| | D. a little |
| () 4. A. cheap | B. cheaper |
| | C. more expensive |
| | D. expensive |
| () 5. A. even | B. still |
| | C. already |
| | D. yet |
| () 6. A. fast | B. faster |
| | C. slow |
| | D. slower |

- () 7. A. help B. make
C. stop D. use
- () 8. A. write B. play
C. study D. learn
- () 9. A. sing B. study
C. dance D. watch
- () 10. A. put in B. put on
C. put out D. put up

VIII. 阅读理解。

Life in the future will be different from life today. Between then and now many changes will happen. But what will the changes be?

The population (人口) is growing fast. There will be many people in the world and most of them will live longer than people live now.

Computers will be much smaller and more useful, and there will be at least one in every family. And computer studies will be one of the important subjects in schools then. People will work fewer hours than they do now and they will have more free time for sports, watching TV and travel. Traveling will be much cheaper and easier. And many more people will go to other countries for holidays.

There will be changes in our food, too. More land will be used for building new towns and houses for all the people. Then there will be less room for cows and sheep, so meat will be more expensive. Maybe no one will eat it every day. Instead they will eat more fruit and vegetables. Maybe people will be healthier. Working in the future will be different, too. Robots will do dangerous and hard work. Because of this, many people will not have enough work to do. This will be a problem.

阅读短文,根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

- () 1. In the future there will be _____.
A. much more fruit B. more people
C. less vegetables D. less people
- () 2. Every family will have at least a _____ in the future.
A. robot B. cow
C. TV set D. computer
- () 3. In the future people don't have to _____.
A. work long hours B. work fast
C. walk on foot D. eat meat
- () 4. People may not eat _____ as much as they do today.
A. fruit B. fish
C. meat D. rice
- () 5. One big problem in the future is that _____.

- A. many people don't have to work
B. many people will not be able to find work
C. people have to work fast
D. all the work will be done by robots

IX. 书面表达。

What will your life be like in ten years? Write answers to the questions below.

eg: Where will you live?

I'll live in New York.

1. What job will you have?

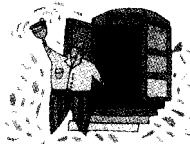
2. What music will you like?

3. Will there be more or less pollution?

4. Will kids go to school or study on computers?

5. What kind of food will people eat?

6. What will the traffic be like?



中考真题实战

X. 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填入句中相应空白处的最佳选项。

1. So _____ homework really makes the students feel tired. (2005 · 河北)
A. many B. much
C. few D. little
2. I'm sorry to have kept you _____ for almost two hours. (2005 · 重庆)
A. wait B. waited
C. to wait D. waiting
3. Nine _____ pounds a week? That's pretty good. (2006 · 沈阳)
A. hundred of B. hundreds of
C. hundred D. hundreds
4. — Can you _____ the kids? I am cooking now.
— All right. I'll do it right now. (2005 · 菏泽)
A. wear B. put on
C. dress D. have on

Unit 1 Will people have robots? (B 卷)

I. 单项选择。(15 分)

- () 1. — I'm sorry I broke the window.
— I'm afraid you have to _____ it.
A. look for B. get back
C. cut up D. pay for
- () 2. — I think people will use the bicycles
_____ in ten years.
— I agree. More and more people will go
to work by car.
A. fewer B. less
C. more D. much
- () 3. They can't sing. We can't sing, _____.
A. too B. also
C. neither D. either
- () 4. Mrs Smith eats _____ meat, so she is
_____ fat now.
A. too much; too much
B. much too; too much
C. too much; much too
D. much too; much too
- () 5. She finds _____ hard to finish the work
in two days.
A. it B. that
C. this D. its
- () 6. If there are _____ trees, the air in our
city will be _____ cleaner.
A. less; more
B. more; more
C. more; much
D. much; more
- () 7. There were many famous predictions that
never _____.
A. come true
B. came real
C. came true
D. be true
- () 8. It _____ that everyone _____ to laugh.
A. seems; loves
B. seem; love
C. seems; love
D. seem; loves
- () 9. He likes the same color _____ I do.
A. as B. with

C. than D. to

- () 10. My teacher always tells me _____ late
for class.
A. don't be B. not be
C. not to be D. to be

II. 综合填空。(15 分)

读短文,在从方框中选择合适的单词并以其
正确形式填空。

about, pay, steal, happen, hundred
own, run, with, worthy, lose

A rich American went into a shop in London.
He wanted very much to buy a nice-looking watch,
but the 1 of the shop asked five 2 dollars
for it. Suddenly a young man came into the shop,
took the watch out of the owner's hands and ran out
with it. It all 3 in a few seconds. When the
owner 4 out into the street, the young man was
already 5 among the people.

The American went on. At the next door, he
saw the young man 6 the stolen watch in his
hand. "Do you want to buy a good watch, sir?"
he asked in a low voice. "It's only a hundred
dollars." "The young man didn't know that I saw
him 7 the match," he thought. The American
8 at once and went back to his room with the
watch. He told his friend 9 the fine watch.

His friend took a look at the watch and started
to laugh. He said, "You are a fool. This watch
isn't 10 even ten dollars. I'm sure the shop
owner and the young man planned this together."

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____
5. _____ 6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____
9. _____ 10. _____

III. 阅读理解。(30 分)

A

Swimming is very popular in summer. People
like swimming in summer because water makes them
feel cool. If you swim in a wrong place, it may not
be safe. These years, more than ten people died in
this city while they were enjoying in the water and
most of them were students. But some people are

still not careful in swimming. They often think they swim so well that nothing will happen to them in water. Summer is here again. If you go swimming, don't forget that better swimmers have died in water. They died because they were not careful, not because they were not good at swimming. So don't get into water when you are alone. If there is a "No swimming" sign, don't get into water, either. If you remember all these, swimming will be safer.

根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。

- () 1. Swimming is a very safe sport.
 () 2. We shouldn't swim in some wrong places.
 () 3. Only students died in water.
 () 4. If you are good at swimming, you will not die in water.
 () 5. If we often practice swimming, we will be safer.

B

People are so busy these days that many people have no time to cook. This becomes a problem, because most families love home cooking! The food tastes(吃起来) good and warm, and a family meal brings everyone together. In some families, meals are often the only time that everyone sees one another same.

Another reason(原因) people enjoy home cooking is that it is often a way of showing love. A parent who makes some cookies(小甜饼) is not just satisfying(满足) child's sweet tooth. She or he is sending a message. The message says, "I care about you enough to spend an hour making cookies that you will eat up in 15 minutes if let you."

There is also something about the smell of home cooking. The smell of home cooking pleases people of all ages. It makes most of us feel good and loved even if we are the ones doing the cooking! Next time you smell a cake making, stop for a moment and pay attention to(关注) your mood.

阅读短文,根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

- () 6. Why do fewer people cook now?
 A. They have enough time.
 B. Many people are too busy.
 C. Many people don't like cooking.
 D. They don't like family meals.
 () 7. A parent spends an hour making cookies _____.
 A. just to satisfy her or his child's sweet

tooth

- B. only to send a message
 C. to let a child eat up in 15 minutes
 D. often to show her or his love
 () 8. The writer thinks the smell of home cooking _____.
 A. makes us happy
 B. makes us be interested in cooking
 C. makes us pay attention to our moods
 D. makes us love others
 () 9. What's the meaning of the word "mood" in this passage?
 A. 运气 B. 心情
 C. 好奇 D. 胃口
 () 10. What's the main(主要的) idea of this passage?
 A. Family meals are important.
 B. How to make cookies.
 C. People are too busy to cook.
 D. Homemade cookies taste better.

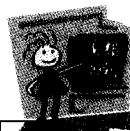
C

Mr King had a shop in a town. He liked skating but there was no stadium(体育场) there. On Sunday he often went skating on a large lake which was near a village.

One winter Sunday, it was very cold. Mr King was happy and got up early that morning. After a quick breakfast he started at seven o'clock. He drove his car, but the roads were covered with thick snow and it took him an hour to get to a small station. The snow on the road turned thicker and thicker and it was difficult for him to go on driving. He had to park his car at the station and took a slow train. There was much snow on the railway too, and the train went very slowly. It stopped at the village. Soon it stopped at another small station again. He had a look at his watch and found it was half past eleven. It seemed that he had little time left to skate when he got to the lake. He couldn't bear it any longer and jumped off the train.

"How slow the train is!" Mr King said to the conductor. "Can't you go a little faster?"

"Yes, we can, sir," answered the conductor.
 "But we can't leave the train!"



根据短文内容填空。

Mr King was a 11 in a town. He liked skating very much, but he had to go to a lake 12 from the town.

One 13 winter morning, Mr King was very 14 and he went to the lake by 15. But the roads were covered with thick snow. When he got to a small station only seven kilometers away from the town, it was already 16 o'clock. It was hard for him to drive on, so he had to park his car at the station and took a slow train. He thought the train could go much 17 but the train went very slowly, 18, because there was much snow on the railway. Mr King found if he waited for the train to get to the lake, he would have 19 a little time left to skate. So he decided to 20 to the lake.

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____

15. _____ 16. _____ 17. _____ 18. _____

19. _____ 20. _____

IV. 句型转换。(15分)

按要求改写句子。每空一词。

1. There will be some robots in people's home. (改为一般疑问句。)

_____ robots in people's home?

2. Everyone will have a credit card in 30 years. (就画线部分提问。)

_____ a credit card?

3. Kids will use computers to study at home. (改为同义句。)

Kids will _____ at home _____ computers.

4. It seemed that he lost his book. (改为同义句。)

He _____ his book.

5. There will be fewer cars, _____? (改为反意疑问句。)

V. 选择合适的句子补全对话, 其中有两项多余。(10分)

A: Hi, Joe, 1 in ten years?

B: Oh, I think 2.

A: An astronaut? Are you sure?

B: Yes, I'm serious. 3. Maybe there will be flights to other planets.

A: Oh, and 4?

B: I will live on a space station and 5.

- A. I will fly rockets to the moon and the Mars
- B. what do you think your life will be like
- C. how will the world be different
- D. I will have a pet dog with me
- E. where will you live
- F. who will you live with
- G. I will be an astronaut
- H. I will be a computer programmer

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____

4. _____ 5. _____

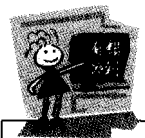
VI. 书面表达。(15分)

随着社会的发展,我们的生活正发生着翻天覆地的变化。请以“*Our life in the future*”为题写一篇80~100词的短文,从学习、工作、住房、健康、交通、饮食、衣着、居住环境等各个方面预测一下未来我们生活的变化。

参考句型: We will...

There will be...

Unit 2 What should I do? (A 卷)



基础知识巩固

I. 英汉互译。

- 过时的;不时髦的 _____
- 不让……进入 _____
- 一方面……另一方面 _____
- 与……相处得好
- 压力过大 _____
- play CDs too loudly _____
- talk about it on the telephone _____
- a ticket to a ball game _____
- get a part-time job _____
- have a fight with _____

II. 词形变化。

- argue(名词) _____
- wrong(反义词) _____
- we(反身代词) _____
- own(名词) _____
- organize(形容词) _____
- inexpensive(同义词) _____
- will(过去式) _____
- pay(过去式) _____
- free(名词) _____
- send(过去式) _____

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. When you lose your way in the city, you can _____ the policemen _____ help.
A. look; for B. find; out
C. ask; for D. ask; of
- () 2. The whole class went on a school trip _____ George.
A. without B. not
C. except D. besides

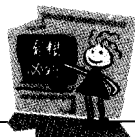
- () 3. Your haircut is _____.
A. as good as my sister
B. the same as my sister's
C. the same as my sister
D. as the same as my sister
- () 4. I argue _____ my best friend.
A. with B. about
C. at D. and
- () 5. Could you give me _____ advice?
A. some B. any
C. many D. a lot
- () 6. My friend is angry with me. What should I _____ to him?
A. say B. speak
C. argue D. talk
- () 7. When I arrived home, I remembered that I _____ my key in the classroom.
A. forget B. forgot
C. leave D. left
- () 8. Don't speak to me like that! You _____ be a polite boy.
A. shall B. will
C. would D. should
- () 9. My English teacher gave me some advice _____ how to study English well.
A. about B. at
C. with D. on
- () 10. I want to go to his house to _____ him.
A. surprised B. surprise
C. surprising D. be surprised at



重点难点突破

IV. 根据句意和所给单词首字母提示补全句中 所缺单词。

1. Please c _____ this book with that one and find the differences between them.
2. It is a very important party. Please don't dress too c _____.
3. I f _____ my English test, and I was very upset.
4. The parents are always c _____ about their



children's rudeness.

5. She is clever. She often has o ideas.
6. They are (plan) how to spend the summer holiday.
7. I found it difficult (listen) to the teacher in class.
8. My best friend is (friendly) than you.
9. We should stop the (argue) between them.
10. I need some money (buy) a gift for father.

V. 根据汉语提示完成下列句子。每空一词。

1. 这种款式的女装现在正流行。
This style of dress now.
2. 如果你有什么需要问我的,请给我打电话。
If you have anything to ask me, please .
3. 王立和我同龄,我们经常互相帮助。
Wang Li is . We often help each other.
4. 我认为你应该尽可能多的练习英语。
I think you should practice English .
5. 孩子们应该有足够的空闲时间来放松自己。
Children should have enough .

VI. 用所给动词的适当形式填空。

1. When I crossed the street, I saw him (lie) on the street.
2. I (not argue) with her yesterday.
3. We should tell them (not wear) the casual clothes.
4. She had a letter (send) in the post office.
5. We made them (sing) an English song.

6. They had a lot of fun (dance) on the beach yesterday.
7. My grandfather needs (take) care of at home.
8. It's easy to get (lose) in a big city.
9. You may get a tutor (teach) you English.
10. I don't think this coat (fit) you. That red one is better.



综合能力提升

VII. 完形填空。

读短文,掌握其大意,从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填入文中相应空白处的最佳答案。

Last week Bruce wrote 1 Dick, telling him that he wasn't 2 the new school in Richmond at all. As all the 3 students were from the same junior middle school, they got on 4 with each other. Instead, they made fun of (取笑) him, for he was the 5 in the class. He had no idea about 6 to do. So Bruce needed some 7 from his best friend, Dick. Now, in his 8 back to Bruce, Dick gave him two pieces of advice: First of all, 9 worry about being short. And the 10, think about looking for a good friend.

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| () 1. A. on | B. at |
| C. to | D. from |
| () 2. A. thinking | B. listening |
| C. liking | D. enjoying |
| () 3. A. other | B. another |
| C. others | D. anothers |
| () 4. A. good | B. friendly |
| C. careful | D. well |
| () 5. A. shortest | B. small |
| C. tallest | D. interesting |
| () 6. A. what | B. how |
| C. where | D. when |
| () 7. A. money | B. homework |
| C. pens | D. help |
| () 8. A. bag | B. letter |
| C. school | D. home |
| () 9. A. don't | B. can't |
| C. doesn't | D. please |
| () 10. A. two | B. next |
| C. second | D. third |

VIII. 阅读理解。

Experts (专家) say that students usually need eight to ten hours' sleep at night, but most Chinese students do not get enough sleep. Some Chinese parents are usually glad to see their children studying late. They will think their children work very hard, but not all parents are happy about this. Once a mother told us that every morning her 10-year-old boy put up one finger (手指) with his eyes still closed, begging (请求) for one more minute to sleep. Like thousands of students "early birds" in China, he has to get up before six every morning.

A report shows that without a good night's sleep, students seem to be weaker (虚弱) than they should be. Many students have fallen asleep during class at one time or another. Too much homework is not the only reason why students stay up late. Some watch TV or play the computer games late into the night.

Experts have ever said that the students should develop good study habits. So some clever students never study late, they are able to work well in class.

根据短文内容选择最佳答案。

- () 1. The 10-year-old boy begged for one more minute to sleep because _____.
A. he didn't have enough sleep
B. it wasn't time for him to get up
C. he didn't want to go to school
D. he wanted his mother to wake him up
- () 2. In this passage we know if students don't get enough sleep, they may _____.
A. become too weak to sleep
B. not work well in class
C. go to bed early
D. be weak in English
- () 3. In this passage "early birds" means "persons who _____.
A. get up early
B. get up late
C. sleep less
D. don't want to sleep
- () 4. "stay up late" here means "_____".
A. study late
B. watch TV late
C. not go to bed until late
D. stay outside
- () 5. According to the passage, which of the following is right?
A. If you want to study better, you must work hard at night.

- B. Sleeping less means working hard.
C. Some clever students are able to work well in class because they have good study habits.
D. Students don't have enough sleep because they have lots of homework to do.

IX. 书面表达。

现在很多孩子晚睡早起整天忙于学习, 学校老师布置的作业很多, 父母对学习成绩的要求很高。作为其中的一员, 你是否也深有感触呢? 请参考下面的提示词汇, 用 7 个句子说出自己的感受。

参考词汇: time, study, homework, after-school, activities, friends, hobbies

eg: I have to get up early and go to school to study all day.

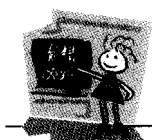
1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____



中考真题实战

X. 按要求完成下列各题。

1. My best friend is _____ (popular) than me. (2006 · 上海)
2. — _____
— I have a headache, doctor. (2005 · 菏泽)
- A. What's your trouble?
B. What's your wrong?
C. How do you do?
D. How are you?
3. How much money did the book _____ you? (2006 · 天津)
- A. take B. cost
C. spend D. pay
4. 他在这里一直待到我回来。(根据汉语完成句子。每空一词。) (2005 · 沈阳)
- He stayed here _____



Unit 2 What should I do? (B 卷)

I. 单项选择。(15 分)

- () 1. She looks very sad. I want to help her, but I just don't know _____ to do.
A. what B. when
C. how D. which
- () 2. — Do you know where John went, Sally?
— He _____ went skating with his sister.
A. may be B. might
C. probably D. maybe
- () 3. Toby often talks _____ but does _____. So everybody says he is a good boy.
A. little; many B. less; more
C. more; less D. much; little
- () 4. He could do nothing except _____ TV.
A. watch B. watches
C. watching D. will watch
- () 5. Please _____ who broke the window.
A. find out B. find
C. look for D. look out
- () 6. — _____ I speak to Anna?
— Sorry, she's out. She _____ be back in ten minutes.
A. May; need B. Can; may
C. Should; must D. Must; may
- () 7. Maybe he put it in his pocket, _____ he?
A. does B. doesn't
C. did D. didn't
- () 8. When they saw the famous star, they got _____ excited _____ they cried out.
A. too; to B. enough; to
C. so; that D. very; that
- () 9. — When shall I phone, in the morning or afternoon?
— _____, I'll be in all day.
A. None B. Neither
C. Either D. Any
- () 10. — Bad luck! I left my homework at home this morning.
— _____
A. You should put away your things before you go to bed.
B. You should be earlier.

C. You should finish your homework on time.

D. You should get a new one.

II. 综合填空。(15 分)

读短文,从方框中选择合适的单词并以其正确形式填空。

child, tell, spend, feeling, become, stay
get on well with, have, argue, same

The generation gap (代沟) 1 a serious problem. I read a report about it in the newspaper. Some children have killed themselves after 2 with parents. I think this is because they don't often have a talk with each other. Parents now 3 more time in the office, so they don't have much time 4 with their children. As time passes, they both feel that they don't have the 5 topic (题目) to talk about. I want to tell parents to be more with your 6, get to know them and 7 them. And for children, show your 8 to your parents. They are the people who love you. So 9 them your thoughts. In this way, you 10 a better understanding of each other.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____
5. _____ 6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____
9. _____ 10. _____

III. 阅读理解。(30 分)

A

In 1995, Ray visited a small restaurant in California (加利福尼亚). The owner of it was the McDonald (麦当劳) brothers. They built it by the road, so people could drive up to the restaurant, buy food without getting out of their cars and drive away easily. They called it "drive-in" restaurant. Ray saw the bright future of the restaurant of this kind. He bought the restaurant and used the brothers' family name for his new restaurant. The first McDonald's restaurant chain was born. Now there are more than 5000 restaurants in the United States and in 60 other countries. The largest McDonald's restaurant is in Beijing, China. It has

1000 workers. About seven hundred people can sit and eat there at one time.

根据短文内容判断正(T)误(F)。

- () 1. Two brothers opened the first McDonald's restaurant chain.
- () 2. You have to get out of your car to buy food.
- () 3. Ray bought the two brothers' restaurant because it would bring him a lot of money.
- () 4. We can find a McDonald's restaurant only in America.
- () 5. About 700 people can sit and eat in the biggest McDonald's restaurant at one time.

B

A young man couldn't sleep well every night. He was very worried. One day he went to see a doctor. The doctor looked him over carefully. But nothing was wrong with him. The doctor told him to count from 1 to 10 again and again. "Keep doing it until you fall asleep," the doctor said.

After a few days, the young man came to the doctor again. But to the doctor's surprise, he found the young man was even worse than before! "Didn't you count as I told you?" the doctor asked. "Yes, I did," the young man answered, "But every time when I reached eight, I couldn't help jumping from bed."

"But why?" the doctor wanted to know. The young man said, "I am a boxer(拳击运动员)."

根据短文内容完成下列句子。

6. The young man had to go to see a doctor because _____
7. Was there anything wrong with the young man? _____
8. The doctor told the young man to _____
9. The young man came to the doctor again because _____
10. What is the young man? _____

C

Nancy's hobby is (1) _____ sharpeners. She spends a lot of time on it after school. She has been collecting over one hundred sharpeners from different countries. They are all different in color and size. (2)

Nancy likes sharpeners with pictures of animals and birds on them. In this way, she learns the names of many animals and birds. She also borrows books on animals and birds from their school library. (A) She learns a lot about them from books.

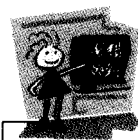
Sometimes Nancy has many sharpeners of the same kind. (B) Then they give her other different sharpeners in return.

Nancy has many pen pals in many countries. (C) She sends them sharpeners of her. In return, they send her sharpeners of theirs. Nancy's father also gives her sharpeners. He brings them to her from his friends. (3)

Many of Nancy's friends collect other things. Some collect coins and others collect matchboxes or stamps. But, all of them say that Nancy's collection is the most interesting.

根据短文内容完成下列任务。

11. 在文中(1)处填入一个适当的单词。
12. "She gives them to her friends."应放在文中(A)、(B)、(C)三处中的_____处。
13. 写出文中(2)、(3)两处的汉语意思。
- (2) _____
- (3) _____
14. Choose the right answers.
- () (1) _____ Nancy's sharpeners are different in color and size.
- A. All of B. Some of
- C. Many of D. Most of
- () (2) What don't Nancy's friends collect?
- A. Sharpeners.
- B. Coins.
- C. Matchboxes and stamps.
- D. We don't know.
15. How does Nancy collect sharpeners?
- (1) _____
- (2) _____
- (3) _____



7

- Yang Li asked his teacher _____
_____.

- Mary bought _____ beautiful red dress as I _____.

- 7

My brother _____ some money _____

- We found _____.

- 7

I find _____ learn English.

7

- A: 1**

B: I'm not getting along well with it.

A: Why not?

B: Well, I seldom have chances to meet English people.

A: 2

B: Where should I go?

A: 3

B: But... it seems English people never speak to me.

A: Oh! 4

B: 5

11

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____
4. _____ 5. _____

读一读笔友张岩给你的来信,并结合你自己的学习经验给他回信,谈一谈如何才能取得好成绩。

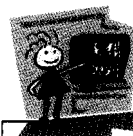
Dear Li Jun,

I feel upset these days. It's only two weeks before I take the final examinations. I really want to get good grades, but I'm afraid I can't. You know, I always feel nervous about exams. You are so good at schoolwork. Could you please give me some advice?

Yours,
Zhang Yan

[illegible]

Unit 3 What were you doing when the UFO arrived? (A 卷)



基础知识巩固

I. 英汉词组互译。

1. 从……出来

2. 睡懒觉

3. 起飞

4. 一次不同寻常的经历

5. 理发店

6. at the doctor's

7. take place

8. in silence

9. become/be famous for

10. have meaning to

II. 词形变化。

1. lie(现在分词)

2. hero(复数)

3. win(过去式)

4. mean(名词)

5. silence(形容词)

6. usual(反义词)

7. destroy(过去分词)

8. ring(过去式)

9. cut(现在分词)

10. fly(过去式)

III. 单项选择。

() 1. Alan was doing homework when I _____.

- A. was arriving B. arrived
C. arrived at D. arrived at there

() 2. While the plane _____, the pilot didn't talk at all.

- A. was taking off B. took off
C. take off D. was take off

() 3. What _____ you _____ when she came in?

- A. did; do B. are; doing
C. do; do D. were; doing

() 4. The girl is ill. She's _____.

- A. in hospital
B. in the hospital
C. at hospital
D. at the hospital

() 5. Where was Davy _____ Linda was looking for him?

- A. that B. while
C. at D. where

() 6. They are thinking about _____ the poor children.

- A. help B. to help
C. helping D. helps

() 7. The woman couldn't see her son _____. She's very worried.

- A. anywhere B. somewhere
C. nowhere D. where

() 8. The teacher asked the students _____ him _____ the experiment.

