新世纪 英语考试大纲 词汇手册丛书

# MBA联考英语词汇详解手册

王勋 主编

名校大学英语教师的解读 严格依据最新考试大纲 全面注解词汇释义 例句解读重点释义

重点解析核心词汇的惯用法



清华大学出版社

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详解手册

清华大学出版社 北京

#### 内容简介

本书以教育部高等学生司、国务院学位委员会办公室和全国工商硕士教育指导委员会联合制定的 《MBA 联考考试大纲》为依据,共收录 MBA 联考英语考试大纲 5 500 多个、词组 1 200 多个。

书中词汇皆出自《MBA 联考考试大纲》中的英语考试大纲词汇表。对所有大纲词汇,进行比较详细 的注释,并给出应用例句,以帮助考生熟练掌握词汇的词义,同时使考生能灵活运用词汇。对一些重点、 常考词汇,给出了其惯用法。对每个词都标有音标,列出动词、名词、形容词和副词的不规则变化,便于 学习使用。本书的主要读者对象为准备参加 MBA 联考的考生。

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工商管理硕士生入学考试是全国统一的选拔性考试,在教育部授权的工商管理硕士生培养院校范围内进行联考。联考科目包括综合能力、英语。英语考试的目的是测试考生的英语综合运用能力,考试形式是笔试,即读、写能力测试,听力的考查放在复试中进行。

考试大纲要求考试应掌握下列语言知识和技能:考生应熟练地运用基本的语法知识,应能熟练地掌握常用词汇5500个左右和1200个左右常用词组,应能根据具体语境、句子结构或上下文理解一些非常用词的词义。应能够读懂不同题材和体裁的文字材料,题材包括经济、管理、社会、文化、科普等,体裁包括说明文、议论文、记叙文等;根据阅读材料,考生应能掌握文章的中心思想、主要内容和重要细节,理解上下文的逻辑关系,根据上下文推断重要生词的含义,进行一定的判断和推理,理解作者的意图、观点或态度。应能根据所给的提纲、情景或图表写出相应的短文,包括日常生活或商务活动中所涉及的短文;要求短文中心思想明确,切中题意,结构清晰,用词恰当,条理清楚,无重大语法结构错误。

在考试内容和形式上, MBA 英语考试由五部分构成:词汇、综合填空、阅读理解、英译汉和写作, 共62 题。考试各部分测试内容、题型和所占比例如下表所示:

内 容	为考生提供的信息	測试要点	题 型	题目 数量	计分
第一部分:词汇	20 个单句题	词汇知识	多项选择(四 选一)	20	10
第二部分:综合填空	1 篇约 300 个词的 文章	英语综合运用能力	多项选择(四 选一)	20	10
第三部分:阅读理解	4 篇或 5 篇文章,共约 1 800 词	理解重要信息,掌握 文章大意,猜测生词 词义并进行推断等	多项选择(四选一)	20	40
第四部分:英译汉(A 或 B)	A: 1 篇约 450 词的文章 5 个划线部分约 150 词 B: 1 个约 200 词段落	理解和表达的准确、 完整、通顺性	英译汉	51	20
第五部分:写作	写作提纲、规定情景、 图、表等	书面表达	150 词以上的 短文写作	1	20

MBA 联考中的英语考试特别注重对考生英语综合应用能力的测试,而词汇的应用能力则是英语综合应用能力的基石。因此,如何熟练使用英语词汇,特别是考试大纲要求的词汇,是提高英语综合应用能力的基础,同时也是提高英语应试能力的重中之重。为了帮助准备参加 MBA 联考的考生更好地理解和掌握英语考试大纲所要求的词汇及其用法,引导考生正确地复习应考,我们编写了本书。同时,编写本书的目的还在于帮助考生加深对MBA 联考英语考试大纲的理解。

与普通的大纲词汇手册不同的是,本书为每个词汇给出了读音、全面释义、重点释义例句等,且所有释义例句皆出自以往的 MBA 联考英语考试,大学英语四、六级考试和硕士研究生英语入学考试等考试试题,特别是给出了一些易混淆词的惯用法,因而具有较高的针对性和科学性。本书作者大部分来自英语基础教学与研究第一线,是相应教学和科研岗位上的中坚,他们中的一些人直接参与了大纲的制定或修订工作,因而本书具有较强的权威性。

## 使用说明

#### 一、编排顺序

①词条 ②音标 ③词性 ④用法

如:abandon[ə'bændən]

vt. ①抛弃,遗弃: He abandoned his dog, though it is loyal to him. ②放弃,停止做(某事): In his early days he abandoned medicine for literature. ③离弃: The order was given to abandon the ship.

### 二、单词

- 1. 一个单词如有两种拼法,在词目上按下列办法处理:
- ① 加圆括号,如 dialog(ue), hono(u)r 等。
- ② 分别排列,英国拼法排在前,美国拼法排在后;如 kilometre, kilometer 等。
- 2. 由形容词加后缀~ly 构成的副词和加后缀~ness 构成的名词,如果词义相同或部分相同,则附在形容词后,不另注释义,或注出其相当的释义。如词义差别太大,则另立词目。

### 三、符号约定

- ① 尖括号〈〉内是学科用语或修饰用语,例如〈物理〉、〈数学〉、〈美语〉、〈英语〉。
- ② 圆括号()表示括号中的词是可有可无的或注释性文字;如果是放在动词的释义中,表示加上括号中的词,该动词可以作为及物动词使用,例如 stand (使)竖立,(使)位于。
  - ③波纹号~表示词目的代替符号。

#### 四、词语的其他形式

本手册在正文中列出了所有不规则动词的过去式,过去分词及第三人称单数形式;不规则名词单数的复数形式和不规则形容词、副词的比较级和最高级。例如 come (came,

~); bath(~s); big(~ger, ~gest); far(~ther, ~thest 又 further, furthest)。

### 五、缩略语

#### 本手册使用的语法缩略语如下:

 a. = adjective
 形容词

 ad. = adverb
 副词

 art. = article
 冠词

 conj. = conjunction
 连词

int. = interjection感叹词n. = noun名词

num. = numeral 数词

prep. = preposition介词pron. = pronoun代词

sb. = somebody 某人

sth. = something 某事

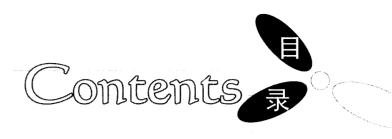
ν. = verb 动词

vi. = verb intransitive 不及物动词

vt. = verb transitive 及物动词

mod. v. = modal verb 情态动词

aux. v. = auxiliary verb 助动词



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## 一、MBA 联考英语考试大纲标准词汇



a/an [ei,ə]/[æn,ən] art. ①(非特指的)—(个) ②(同类事物中的)任何—(个)③每(一)

abandon [ə'bændən] vt. ①抛弃,遗弃: He abandoned his dog, though it is loyal to him. ②放弃,停止做(某事): In his early days he abandoned medicine for literature. ③离弃: The order was given to abandon the ship.

abate [ə'beit] vt. /vi. 减少,减轻: ~a tax 减税 abatement [ə'beitmənt] n. 减(免)税,打折扣,冲销

abide [ə'baid] vt./vi. ①遵守,坚持: abide by revolutionary discipline 遵守革命纪律 ②(用于否定句)容忍:I can't abide such treatment.

ability [ə'biliti] n. ①能力,本领: the ability to speak a foreign language 说一种外语的能力 ②才能,才智: have both ability and moral integrity 德才兼备

**able** ['eibl] *a.* ①有才干的,有能力的: He is old but still quite able. ②显示出才华的: an able portrait 笔法娴熟的肖像画

[惯用法] can 无法构成将来时和完成时,因而常用 shall, will, have to 后接 be able to do sth. 来表示。

在用法上, can 表示会做能做某事, 而 be able to 则表示不仅能做, 而且能做成某事。如: I could swim, but I wasn't able to save the boy。

abnormal [æb'nɔːməl] a. 反常的,异常的: This is an abnormal phenomenon.

aboard [ə'bɔːd] ad./prep. 在船(飞机、车)上,

上船(飞机、车): It's time to go aboard.

abolish [ə'bɔliʃ] vt. 废除,废止,取消: to abolish the outdated law

**abortion** [ə'bɔːʃən] **n.** ①流产, 堕胎: induced abortion 人工流产 ②(计划等的)失败,夭折: prove an abortion 终于失败

abound [ə'bəund] vi. 丰富,盛产: Fish abound in the sea.

about [ə'baut] *prep.* ①关于,对于: What is all this about? ②在…周围,在…附近: Have you a pen about you? *ad.* ①在周围,到处,附近: Don't drop cigarette ashes about. ②大约,差不多,左右: The work is about finished.

above [ə'bʌv] *prep.* ①在…上方: The sun rose above the horizon. ②多于,大于: It weighs above five tons. ③高于,优于: The girl's voice rose above the piano's sound. *ad.* ①在上面,向上,在高处: His room is just above. ②(指书籍文章)上文,前文: as indicated above 如上面所指出 *a.* 上面的,上述的: for the above reasons 根据上述的理由 *n.* 上面,上级: We should rely on our own efforts instead of asking help from above.

abroad [ə'brɔːd] ad. ①到国外,在国外: Nowadays, many young people want to go abroad. ②到处,广泛:The news quickly spread abroad.

absence ['æbsəns] n. ①(from)不在,缺席:Please look after my house during my absence. absence from work 缺勤 ②缺乏,缺少: in the absence of these conditions 在缺乏这些条件的情况下 ③缺席的时间,外出期:He returned home after an absence of two years.

- absent ['websənt] a. ①(from) 不在场的,缺席的: He was absent from the meeting. ②心不在焉的: He was absent in his mind then.
- absolute ['æbsəluːt] a. ①绝对的,完全的: He is a man of absolute honesty. ②纯粹的,完全的: absolute liberty 完全自由
- absorb [əb'sɔːb] vt. ①吸收: Sponge absorbs water. ②吸引…的注意,使全神贯注: The TV was totally absorbing the children's attention. ③把…并入,同化

[惯用法] absorb 作"使专心致志"、"使全神贯注"解时,常用被动语态,后接 in 或 with。

- abstract ['æbstrækt] a. ①抽象的: an abstract noun 抽象名词②抽象派的: an abstract artist 抽象派画家 n. ①摘要,文摘,梗概: an abstract of a lecture 讲演的摘要②抽象派艺术作品 vt. [əb'strækt]提取,抽取: to abstract metal from ore 从矿石里提炼金属
- absurd [əb'səːd] a. 荒谬的,荒唐的,可笑的:He looks absurd in that hat!
- abundance [ə'bʌndəns] n. 丰富, 充裕, 大量:
  There is a great abundance of sunshine here.
- **abuse**<sup>1</sup> [ə'bju:z] *vt.* ①滥用(职权等),妄用:l'll lend you my camera but don't abuse it. ②(常用被动语态)虐待,伤害,辱骂: a much abused wife 备受虐待的妻子
- abuse<sup>2</sup> [ə'bju:s] n. ①滥用,虐待: an abuse of power 滥用权力 ②辱骂,谩骂: He greeted me with a stream of abuse.
- academic [ˌækə'demik] a. ①学院的,学校的: the academic year 学年 ②学术的: The question is purely academic.
- academy [əˈkædəmi] n. ①高等学校,专科学校: a military academy 军事学院 ②学会,研究院:the Chinese Academy of Sciences 中国科学院
- accelerate [æk'seləreit] vt./vi. (使)加快,(使)

- 加速:to accelerate the growth of crops 加快作物的生长
- acceleration [ækˌseləˈreiʃən] n. 加速(度): This bus has good acceleration.
- accent [ˈæksənt] n. ①口音,腔调: He speaks English with a French accent. ②重音符号③重音: In this word the accent is on the second syllable. vt. 重读: accent the second syllable 重读第二个音节
- accept [əkˈsept] vt. ①接受,收受: accept a gift 接 受礼物 ②同意,承认,认可: accept the view 同意 这观点
- acceptable [əkˈseptəbl] a. 可接受的: His proposal is quite acceptable.
- acceptance [ək'septəns] n. ①接受,接纳: The proposal met with general acceptance. ②赞同,承认:The new laws gained widespread acceptance.
- access ['ækses] n. ①通路,人口: access to the mountain 到达山峰的通路 ②接近,进入: We gained access into the house through the window. vt. 存取(电脑文件): He accessed the data from his personal computer.
- accident ['æksidənt] n. 事故,意外的事,偶然的事:He was killed in a motoring accident.
- acclaim [ə'kleim] vt. 向…欢呼,为…喝彩: The crowd acclaimed the hero as he rode through the town.
- accommodate [ə'kəmədeit] vt. ①向…提供住处 (膳宿): The hotel can accommodate 500 guests. ②使适应,顺应: accommodate oneself to changed conditions 使自己适应变化的情况 ③容纳: This elevator accommodates twelve people.
- accommodation [əˌkəməˈdeiʃən] n. ①(用复数) (膳宿)供应: This hospital has accommodations for 300 patients. ②(用复数)留宿,住宿: top quality hotel accommodation 一流的旅馆住宿条件
- accompany [əˈkʌmpəni] vt. ①陪伴,陪同:

accompany a guest to the door 送客到门口 ②伴随,和…一起发生: The storm was accompanied with thunder.

[惯用法] 表示"陪某人去学校"时,不能用accompany sb. to go to school,因accompany 本身已包含 go with sb. 的意思,to go 应去掉,但可以用accompany sb. to go with。汉语中"与某人作伴"应用 keep sb. accompany。

- accomplish [ə'kəmplif] vt. 完成(任务),实现(计划、诺言等),达到(目的):We cannot accomplish this on our own.
- accomplishment [əˈkəmpliʃmənt] n. 完成,成就: sense of ~ 成就感
- accord [ə'kɔːd] vt./vi.①(with)一致,符合:Your words should accord with your deeds.②给予,授予: They accorded a warm welcome to me. n.①一致,符合②谅解,协议:peace accord 和平条约
- accordance [əˈkɔːdəns] n. 一致,和谐,符合
- accordingly [ə'kə:dinli] ad. ①因此,所以,于是: He was tired out, accordingly, we sent him to bed. ②照着,相应地: You told me to lock the door and I acted accordingly.
- account [ə'kaunt] n. ①账目,账户: cast accounts 算账 ②记述,描述,报告: When you return, please give an account of your trip. ③说明,解释: No satisfactory account was given of these phenomena. vi. (for)说明,解释: He could not account for the mistake.
  - accountable [əˈkauntəbl] a. 负有责任的: accountable for one's actions 为自己的行为负责
  - **accountant** [əˈkauntənt] **n.** 会计人员,会计师: a chartered accountant 会计师
  - **accounting** [əˈkauntiŋ] **n.** ①会计,会计学 ②借贷 对照表
  - accumulate [ə'kjuːmjuleit] vt. /vi. 积累,积蓄,堆积,积聚: Dust soon accumulates if a house is not

- cleaned regularly.
- accuracy [ˈækjurəsi] n. 准确(性),精确度(性): I wasn't convinced about the accuracy of the report.
- accurate ['ækjurit] a. 准确的,精确的,正确无误的: Your statements about the cost of the house were not accurate.
- accurately [ˈækjuritli] ad. 准确地,精确地:report the situation accurately 如实地反映情况
- accuse [ə'kju:z] vt. ①谴责,指责: accuse sb. of carelessness 指责某人粗心大意 ②(of) 控告,告发: He accused Bill of hitting his cat.
- accustom [ə'kʌstəm] vt. (to)适应,使习惯: accustom oneself to country life 使自己适应乡村生活
- accustomed [ə'kʌstəmd] a. ①惯常的,通常的②(to)习惯于…的,适应了的:I soon got accustomed to his strange ways.
- ache[eik] n. 疼痛,酸痛 vi. 疼痛,酸痛
- achieve [ə'tʃiːv] vt. ①完成,达到(目的):By hard work we can achieve anything. ②得到,达到: achieve one's purpose 达到目的
- achievement [ə'tfi:vmənt] n. ①完成,达到(目的),实现: the achievement of one's object 达到目的②成就,成绩,成功:The inventor was rewarded by the government for his scientific achievements.
- acid ['æsid] a. ①酸的: A lemon is an acid fruit. ②尖刻的,刻薄的: His remarks were rather acid. n. ①酸: Strong acid corrodes metal. ②酸性物质
- acknowledge [ək'nɔlidʒ] vt. ①承认,承认…的权威(主张): acknowledge defeat 承认失败②公认为,认为: He was acknowledged as their leader. ③致谢,鸣谢: We should acknowledge his services to the town. ④告知收到,确认: We must acknowledge his letter.
- acquaint [ə'kweint] vt. (with) 认识,相识,了解: I am acquainted with him, but only on a

professional basis.

- acquaintance [ə'kweintəns] n. ①(with) 熟悉,熟知,相识,了解:a little acquaintance with English稍微会一点英语②熟人,相识的人:He is an old acquaintance.
- acquire [əˈkwaiə] vt. 取得,求得,获得,学得: He acquired an appreciation of classical music.
- acquisition [ˌækwi'ziʃən] n. ①取得,获得: Some people are only interested in the acquisition of wealth. ②获得物,增添的人(物): the library's most recent acquisitions 图书馆最近增添的书籍

acre ['eikə] n. 英亩(约合 0.4 公顷)

- across [ə'krɔs] *prep*. ①穿过,越过,横越: They built a bridge across the river. ②在…对面,在… 那边: My house is across the street. *ad*. ①有… 宽: The river is a mile across. ②从一边到另一边,横过: Can you swim across?
- act [ækt] vt. /vi. ①行动,做: Think carefully before you act. ②(on)起…作用: The brakes refused to act. ③表演,扮演: He acted Sampson very well. n. ①行为,动作: an act of justice 正义行为②法令,条例③(戏剧的)一幕: a play in three acts 三幕剧
- action ['ækʃən] n. ①行动,动作: The continuous action of the sewing machine shook the table. ②作用: It resists the action of acids.
- activate ['æktiveit] vt. 使活动起来,使开始起作用: The smoke activated the fire alarm.
- active ['æktiv] a. ①活跃的,活泼的,积极的: His personal life is very active. ②主动的,起作用的: an active volcano 活火山
- actively ['æktivli] ad. 活跃地, 积极地: actively expand production 努力发展生产
- activity [æk'tiviti] n. ①活动,所做的事情: practical activities 实践活动 ②活跃,活力,活动性: be in activity (火山等)在活动中
- actor[ˈæktə] n. 男演员: a screen actor 影视演员 actress[ˈæktris] n. 女演员

- actual ['æktjuəl,'æktʃuəl] a. 现实的,实际的,事实上的:ls this vase an actual antique or a copy?
- actuals [ 'ækt ʃuəls ] n. 现货
- acute [ə'kju:t] a. ①严重的: an acute shortage of water 严重缺水 ②敏锐的: Dogs have an acute sense of smell. ③锐的,尖的 ④(疾病)急性的: Dogs have very acute hearing.

A. D. [eid] n. (缩)公元

ad [æd] n. (缩) (=advertisement)广告

- adapt [ə'dæpt] vt. ①使适应,使适合 ②改编,改写: The novel has been adapted for radio. vi. (to)适应: He adapted quickly to the new procedures.
- add [æd] vt. ①添加,增加:Three added to four makes seven. ②进一步说(写),附带说明: I'll add a few words when you finish the letter. vi. (to)增添: Fireworks added to the attraction of the festival night.
- addict¹[ə'dikt] vt. 使成瘾,热衷于: He is addicted to alcohol.
- addict<sup>2</sup> ['ædikt] n. ①有瘾的人 ②入迷的人:John is an addict when it comes to cigarettes.
- addition [ə'diʃən] n. (增)加,加法,附加物: valuable additions to the library 图书馆中新添的有价值的书刊
- additional [əˈdiʃənl] a. 附加的,额外的,另外的:
  An additional charge is made for heavy bags.
- address [ə'dres] n. ①通讯处,地址: He wrote wrong address on the envelope. ②致词,讲话:The headmaster gave a short address to the boys. vt. ①向…致词(说话):address to the meeting 向大会演讲②(在信封或包裹等上)写姓名地址: The letter was wrongly addressed to our old home.
- adequate ['ædikwit] a. ① 充足的,足够的: What you have given us is not adequate, you must find more. ②适当的,胜任的: take adequate precautions 采取适当的预防措施
- adhere [əd'hiə] vi. ①(to)粘着,附着: We use paste to make one surface adhere to another.

- ②(to)忠于,拥护:adhere to a political party 拥护一个政党 ③(to)坚持,坚信:We should always adhere to the truth.
- adjective [ˈædʒiktiv] n. 〈语法〉形容词
- adjust [ə'dʒʌst] vt. ①(to)调整,调节: The boy adjusted the TV set to get a clearer picture. ②整理,使合适: She carefully adjusted her clothes before going out.
- administer [əd'ministə] vt. ①管理,照料: The personnel director administers the attendance policy. ②给予,实施: administer medicine to the patient 给病人服药
- administration [ədˌminis'treiʃən] n. ①管理,经营,支配:under his administration 在他的管理下②管理部门,行政机关,政府:the college administration 大学行政部门③实行,执行:the administration of the law 执行法律
- admiration [ˌædməˈreiʃən] n. 赞美,羡慕,钦佩:
  The Nanjing Yangtse River Bridge is the admiration of us all.
- admire [əd'maiə] vt. ①钦佩,赞赏,羡慕: I admire him for his success in business. ②称赞,夸奖: I have always admired my mother's charm.
- [惯用法] admire 可用在讥讽的语句中作反语。该词后面可接名词、代词或动名词, 但不能接that 引导的从句。
- admission [əd'miʃən] n. ①准许进入,准许加入:
  No admission after 5 p. m. ②承认,供认: She
  made an admission that she had lied. ③人场费,
  人场券: Admission \$10.
- admit [əd'mit] vt. /vi. ①准许…进来,准许…加人: He was admitted into the school. ②(to)承认,供认: The club was sued for refusing to admit minorities. ③(of)容许有: The matter admits of no delay.
- adolescence [ˌædəu'lesns] n. 青春期,青春 adolescent [ˌædəu'lesnt] a. 青少年的,青春期的:

- adolescent boys 青春期的男孩子 n. 青少年
- adopt [ə'dɔpt] vt./vi. ①采用,采纳,采取; adopt an idea 采纳意见 ②正式通过,批准; The committee adopted the report. ③收养(子女); an adopted son 养子
- adore [ə'dɔ:] wt. ①崇拜, 敬慕, 爰慕: Grandpa adored Grandma from the day they first met. ②非 常喜爱: adore icecream 喜欢冰淇淋
- **adult** ['ædʌlt] **a.** 已成熟的,成年人的: adult vote 成人票 **n.** 成年人(动物): The movie is suitable for adults only.
- adulteration [əˌdʌltəˈreiʃən] n. ①掺假 ②劣等 货,假货,次品
- advance [əd'vɑːns] vi. ①前进 ②取得进展: Has civilization advanced during this century? ③(价格等)上涨: Prices have advanced 5 percent during the past year. ④促进,推进,助长: advance the growth of wheat 促进小麦生长 vi. ①预先发放,预先支付: He asked his employer to advance him a month's salary. ②提前,使提前发生 ③提出(建议等): Tom advanced his idea at the beginning of the meeting. n. ①前进,进展,发展: make an advance in science 科学上取得进步 ②预付;提前: He asked for an advance on his salary.
- advanced [əd'vɑ:nst] a. ①超前的,先进的: advanced experience 先进经验 ②高等的,高级的 ③ 年 迈 的,后 阶 段 的: She died at an advanced age.
- advantage [əd'vɑ:ntidʒ] n. ①优点,有利条件,有利因素: The advantages of a good education are great. ②利益,好处: What are the advantages of air travel?
- advent ['ædvənt] n. 出现,到来: People are much better informed since the advent of TV.
- adventure [əd'vent ʃə] n. ①奇遇,异乎寻常的经历:I had a singular adventure. ②冒险,冒险活动:a story of adventure 历险故事
- adverb [ˈædvəːb] n. 副词

advertise ['ædvətaiz] vt. ①为…做广告,宣传: advertise a job 登一则招聘广告 ②(在报刊、电 视、广播等中)公告,公布:The time and place of the meeting will be advertised later.

advice [əd'vais] n. ①忠告, 劝告, 意见: I want your advice on this work. ②(医生等)的建议: You won't get well unless you follow your doctor's advice.

advisable [əd'vaizəbl] a. 适当的,明智的,可取的: It is advisable to save part of your paycheck each month.

[惯用法] 在"It is advisable that..."结构中, that 从句中的谓语动词要用虚拟语气。

advise [əd'vaiz] vt. ①劝告,建议,向…提供意见: We advise that steps be taken at once. ②通知,告知:I have advised her that we are coming.

[惯用法] advise 可接动名词作宾语或"名词 (代词)+不定式"作复合宾语,不能接不定式 作宾语。该词表示"劝告"、"建议"时,可用 that 从句作宾语,从句中的谓语动词要用虚拟语气。

adviser [əd'vaizə] n. 导师,顾问

advocate ['ædvəkit] n. ①倡导者,拥护者: an advocate of world peace 世界和平的倡导者 ②辩护人 vt. ['ædvəkeit]拥护,提倡,主张: He does not advocate building large factories.

aeroplane [ˈsərəplein] n. 飞机

**aerospace** ['eərəuspeis] **n.** 宇宙空间,太空,宇宙空间学

aesthetic, esthetic [iːsˈθetik] a. ①美学的,美感的,美的; I added an aesthetic touch to the living room with silk flowers. ②审美的,有审美能力的; aesthetic standards 审美观

affair [əˈfɛə] n. ①事情,事件: a public affair — 件公事 ②(用复数)业务,事务: The minister deals with important affairs of state.

affect [əˈfekt] vt. 影响: Smoking affects health.

**affection** [əˈfekʃən] **n.** 喜爱,慈爱,感情,爰慕之情: have an affection for sb. 喜欢某人

affiliate [ə'filieit] vt. /vi. ①(使…)加入,联合: an affiliated middle school 附属中学②(to, with) 使隶属(附属)于: We chose not to affiliate with our competitors. n. 附属机构,分公司

affirm [ə'fəːm] vt. ①坚持声称, 断言: She affirmed her innocence. ②(在法庭上)证实,确认: He was affirmed as a candidate.

affix ['æfiks] n. 附件,附录 vt. 附贴,盖章,签署 affluent ['æfluənt] a. 富裕的,富足的:Tom is not from an affluent family, but he has traveled a lot anyway.

afford [ə'fɔːd] vt. ①(与 can, could, be able to 连用)买得起,担负得起: We can't afford the waste of a single minute. ②提供,给予: History affords us lessons that merit attention.

afraid [əˈfreid] a. ①恐惧的,害怕的: A postman is not afraid of dogs. ② 恐怕: I'm afraid I am late.

[惯用法] afraid 后可接不定式、介词 of 引起的 短语或以 that (lest) 引起的从句。 afraid to do sth. 表示"因害怕而不敢做某事"; afraid of sth. (doing sth.)表示"害怕某事或害怕做某事"; afraid that (lest)表示"担心…"、"恐怕会…"。

Africa [ˈæfrikə] n. 非洲

African [ˈæfrikən] a. 非洲(人)的 n. 非洲人

after ['a:ftə] *prep.* (表示时间)在…以后,(表示位置顺序)在…后面:We shall leave after breakfast. *ad.* ①后来,以后:He left on Monday and returned two days after. ②后面: look before and after 向前看再向后看 *conj.* 在…后: After the work was done, we sat down to sum up experience.

#### [惯用法]表示位置时,常用 behind。

aftermarket ['a:ftə'ma:kit] n. ①后继市场 ②零

件市场

aftermath [ˈɑːftəmæθ] n. 后果,余波: the aftermath of the war 战后余殃

afternoon ['aːftəˈnuːn] n. 下午,午后

[惯用法] this afternoon 等短语作状语时,前面不用 in 或 on。

afterward(s)['d:ftəwəd(z)] ad. 其后,以后,后来:She stayed for a while afterwards.

again [ə'gen, ə'gein] ad. ①再(次),又,重新: Let me try once again. ②此外,还有: Then again, we must consider the other aspects of the problem. again and again 再三地,反复不止地

against [ə'genst, ə'geinst] *prep*. ①对(着),相反, 逆: No one is against this proposal. ②和…比: Red flags stand out brightly against the blue sky. ③靠着,倚着:Place the ladder against the wall.

age [cid3] n. ①年龄,年纪: They two are of an age. ②时代,时期 vi./vt. ①变老,老化: An unusual amount of wear aged the door hinges prematurely. ②成熟,变陈旧

aged ['eidʒid] a. 年老的, 陈年的: ~wine 陈酒agency ['eidʒənsi] n. ①代理行, 代办处, 经销店: an employment agency 职业介绍所 ②(政府等的)专业行政部门: the Central Intelligence Agency 中央情报局

agenda [əˈdʒendə] n. 议事日程: Now let's come to the next item on the agenda.

agent ['eidʒənt] n. ①代理人,代理商,经纪人: a shipping agent 运货代理商 ②政府特工人员,政府代表 ③(发生作用或影响的)动因,力量: a natural agent 自然力(如风、水等) ④剂: drying agent 干燥剂

aggravate ['ægrəveit] vt. ①加剧,加重,使恶化:
Tom aggravated his financial difficulties by spending more money than he made. ②激怒,使恼火:
She was aggravated by his stupid questions.

aggregate ['ægrigit] n. ①总数,合计: Society is

not just an aggregate of individuals. ②集结,集合 vt. ['ægrigeit]①合计达,总计: The TV audience aggregated 50 million. ②使聚集,使积累: ~GNP 国民生产总值

aggression [əˈgreʃən] n. 侵略,进攻

aggressive [ə'gresiv] a. ①进攻的,侵略的,侵犯的: an aggressive policy 侵略政策②敢作敢为的,有进取心的:The young man is rather aggressive.

**ago**[ə'gəu] *ad.* (常和一般过去时的动词连用) 以前,以往,…前

agony [ˈægəni] n. 创痛,(极度的)痛苦: He lay in agony until the doctor arrived.

agree [ə'gri:] vi./vt. ①(to)同意,(on)赞同:I agree with what you say. ② 相符,一致: The two don't agree at all, we have to do more ideological work with them. ③应允: He agreed to help us.

[惯用法] 1. agree 后的 that 从句可用或不用虚拟语气。2. agree with 表示同意某人(的意见、想法、解释等); agree on (about)表示在某件事上取得一致意见; agree to 表示同意某事或某项建议,有时表示不但同意而且愿意协力合作。

agreeable [ə'griəbl] a. ①令人愉快的,惬意的: agreeable weather 舒适的天气 ②易相处的 ③(to)(欣然)同意的,乐意的:I am agreeable to do what you suggest.

agreement [əˈɡriːmənt] n. ①同意, 达成协议: We are in agreement on that point. ②协定,协议, 契约:sign an agreement 签订协议

agricultural [ˌægriˈkʌltʃərəl] a. 农业的: agricultural economy 农业经济

agriculture [ˈægrikʌltʃə] n. 农业,农学: the modernization of agriculture 农业现代化

ahead [ə'hed] ad. 向前,在前,提前,前头:He will get ahead of others in English.

aid [eid] vt. 帮助,援助,救援: aid him in his work 在工作中助他一臂之力 n. ①帮助,救护:

He went to the aid of the hurt man. ② 助手,辅助物,辅助手段: A dictionary is an important aid in language learning.

aim [eim] vt./vi.①(at)(以枪等)瞄准,把…对准: The archer aimed the arrow at the target.②(for)旨在,目的在于:What are you aiming at?
n.①瞄准,对准②目的,目标,意图:What is your aim in life?

[惯用法] 1. aim 通常与 at 连用。如果着重指 达到最终目的,而不强调所做的努力,可用 for。 2. aim at 可用被动语态, aim for 不能。 3. aim to do sth. 表示"打算做某事",常用于美国英语中。

air [ɛə] n. ①空气,大气: fresh air 新鲜空气 ②天空,空中: the open air 露天,户外 vt. ①晾(干): Grain must be aired in the sun. ②使(房间等)通风: Let's open the windows and air this smoky room.

aircraft ['eəkrɑ:ft] n. (单复数同形)飞机,航空器

**airhostess** ['səhəstis] **n.** 客机上的女服务员,空中小姐

airline ['səlain] n. ①(用复数)航空公司: United Airlines 联合航空公司 ②(飞机的)航线

airliner [ˈɛəˌlainə] n. 客机,班机

airmail ['səmeil] n. 航空邮件, 航空邮政: I sent the letter by airmail.

airplane[ˈsəplein] n. 飞机

airport['ɛəpɔːt] n. 航空站, 航空港: Beijing International Airport 北京国际机场

aisle [ail] n. 过道,通道: the aisle seats 靠走廊 的座位

alarm [ə'lɑːm] n. ①警报,警报器,警铃:air alarm 空袭警报 ②惊慌,忧虑: This news fills me with alarm. vt. ①向…报警 ②使惊恐,使不安,惊吓: There's nothing to get alarmed about.

**album** [ˈælbəm] **n.** 粘贴簿,相片簿,集邮簿,签 名纪念册: a photo album 相片簿 alcohol [ˈælkəhəl] n. 酒精,含酒精的饮料: He does not touch alcohol.

alcoholic [ˈælkəˈhɔlik] a. ①酒精的,含酒精的: an alcoholic drink 含酒精的饮料 ②由酒精引起的

alert [ə'ləːt] a. ①注意的,警惕的,留神的; be alert to possible dangers 对可能发生的危险有警觉②机灵的,活跃的; She's old but still very alert. n. ①警戒(状态),警戒(期间)②警报 vt. 使警觉,使…处于待命状态; The troops were alerted.

alien ['eiljən] a. ①外国的,陌生的: Rabbits are really alien creatures in Australia. ②(to)与…不同的,相异的③性质不同的,不相容的 n. ①外国人,外侨②外星人

alienate ['eiljəneit] vt. ①使疏远,使不友好,离间: The comedian alienated his audience by making mean jokes that weren't funny. ②转让(财产): alienate lands to another 把土地转让给别人

alienation [ˌeiljəˈneiʃən] n. 转让,让渡

alienator [ˈeiljəneitə] n. 转让人,让渡人

alienee ['eiljə'niː] n. 受让人

alike [əˈlaik] a. (常作表语)相似的,相像的,相 同的:The two sisters are very much alike.

alive [ə'laiv] a. (常作表语)①活着的,在世的: She is still alive. ②(继续)存在的,在起作用的: Ancient traditions are still very much alive in rural areas.

all [ɔ:l] a. 所有的,整个的,全部的: all the year 全年 pron. 每个人,全体,全部,一切 ad. (加强语气)①全体,全部,完全: I am all for adopting the new technique. ②更加,越发,很:Well I know that there's danger ahead, but I am all the more set on driving forward.

allege [ə'ledʒ] vt. 断言,宣称,声称:The report alleged that the prominent lawyer was caught shoplifting.