

大学英语

710分新题型

听力考试

步步高

主编 许淑清 栗红

三级篇

*Break Through Listening
Comprehension Step by Step*

本书严格按照大学英语“710分四级考试新题型”编写
本书适用于听力水平在二级~三级之间的考生使用



大连理工大学出版社

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主 编：许淑清 栗 红

副主编：张艳敏 许艳秋

编 者：吴卓娅 杨海燕 朱 刚 王冬梅 王 爽 张冬瑜
刘维军 范明智 杜宛宜 贾清艳

大连理工大学出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

大学英语听力考试步步高. 三级篇 / 许淑清, 栗红主编.
—大连: 大连理工大学出版社, 2007.4
ISBN 978-7-5611-3532-7

I. 大… II. ①许… ②栗… III. 英语—听说教学—高等学校—水平考试—自学参考资料 IV. H319.9

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2007)第 039013 号

大连理工大学出版社出版

地址: 大连市软件园路 80 号 邮政编码: 116023

发行: 0411-84708842 邮购: 0411-84703636 传真: 0411-84701466

E-mail: dutp@dutp.cn URL: <http://www.dutp.cn>

大连理工印刷有限公司印刷 大连理工大学出版社发行

幅面尺寸: 140mm × 203mm	印张: 8.75	字数: 298 千字
附件: MP3 光盘 1 张		印数: 1 ~ 6000
2007 年 4 月第 1 版	2007 年 4 月第 1 次印刷	

责任编辑: 李玉霞

责任校对: 张营川

封面设计: 孙宝福

ISBN 978-7-5611-3532-7

定 价: 18.00 元

Preface

前言

▲丛书的构想背景

教育部在 2005 年颁布的《全国大学英语四、六级考试改革方案》中强调指出:大学英语四、六级考试改革的目标就是要更准确地考核我国在校大学生的英语综合应用能力,尤其是听说能力,把四、六级考试中听力理解所占的比例由原来的 20% 提高到 35%,如何尽快提高在校大学生的听力理解能力,已经是燃眉之急。但是在当今林林总总的大学英语应试参考书中,能够在短时间内真正循序渐进地提高应试者的听力水平的书籍却凤毛麟角。《大学英语听力考试步步高》系列丛书的推出满足了不同听力程度应试者的需求,一定程度上填补了大学英语听力应试系列丛书的空白。

▲丛书的写作宗旨

丛书作者都是多年从事大学英语教学,一直潜心于大学英语考试研究,并编撰了多本大学英语参考书的一线教师。他们具有十分丰富的教学经验,深知听力理解是大学生在大学英语考试中的薄弱环节。大学生入学后,英语听力水平参差不齐,迫切需要不同层次的英语教学及应试材料,而大多数教材和一些课外听力材料都不适合不同程度学生的学习需要,因此我们组织编写了这套系列听力应试丛书。旨在帮助具有不同听力水平的学生在短时间内迅速提高英语听力水平,并顺利通过四级考试。

▲丛书的编写结构

本套系列丛书共分三册。各册既相互独立又相互联系,提供循序渐

进的听力应试训练。各册书都严格按照大学英语《教学要求》和《考试改革方案》的要求编写,并包含大学英语 710 分四级考试新题型听力部分的试题题型介绍。根据新题型听力测试的特点及内容,每一册都分为“单项训练及综合模拟测试”两大部分,每一部分又都包括答案速查、答案解析、语言注释及听力原文四大板块。

▲丛书对读者要求

《大学英语听力考试步步高》系列丛书是为具有不同等级水平的考生而设计,希望考生根据自身的英语水平选择不同级别的书(即, Band 1-2、Band 3 和 Band 4),尤其是听力基础较差的考生一定要循序渐进地进行训练,切忌跳跃式的学习,否则欲速则不达。

该套系列丛书翔实地诠释了改革后的大学英语四级考试听力部分的考试特点。无论是材料的选择、试题的设计、语言点的注释还是答案的解析都完全符合新题型四级听力考试的标准(只是 Band 1-2 和 Band 3 两册书在难易程度上与四级有所不同)。

我们相信读者会从该套丛书中获得最大的裨益。我们衷心地希望使用该系列丛书的教师和考生对我们书中的一些缺点、谬误和疏漏之处提出宝贵的批评和建议,以便我们在对此系列丛书修订时加以改正,并将表示由衷的感谢。

编者

2007 年 4 月

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第一部分 单项训练

Part I Short Conversations (共 65 题)

Directions: *In this section, you will hear some short conversations. At the end of each conversation, one or more questions will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the questions will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer.*

1. A) He is considering to give up smoking.
B) He has decided to give up smoking.
C) He doesn't see why he should give up smoking.
D) He will not give up smoking.
2. A) 8:50. B) 7:30. C) 8:00. D) 8:15.
3. A) Tickets will probably be difficult to buy.
B) The tickets will not go on sale until tomorrow.
C) All the available tickets were sold last week.
D) There are probably many tickets still on sale.
4. A) The woman didn't like what the man had said.
B) The woman was very happy to accept the man's offer.
C) The woman asked the man to carry the box for her.
D) The woman said that she could carry it herself.
5. A) He's a teacher. B) He's a worker.
C) He's a novelist. D) He's a businessman.
6. A) To call on a friend. B) To stay at home.

- C) To see a doctor. D) To go to a cinema.
7. A) Monday. B) Thursday. C) Friday. D) Saturday.
8. A) She can use his car.
B) She can borrow someone else's car.
C) She must get her car fixed.
D) She can't borrow his car.
9. A) This weekend. B) In two days' time.
C) The day before yesterday. D) Today.
10. A) To her brother's office. B) Home.
C) To her friend's house. D) To the market.
11. A) Los Angeles. B) New York.
C) San Francisco. D) Las Vegas.
12. A) In a court room. B) At a department store.
C) At the customs. D) At an insurance company.
13. A) The store isn't a good place for a meeting.
B) No one will look at the bulletin board.
C) The man has never noticed a bulletin board there.
D) A notice for the meeting should be put there.
14. A) She couldn't go. B) She hurt herself.
C) She had a delay. D) The rain delayed Nancy.
15. A) Take her to the airport. B) Repair the typewriter.
C) Type for a few minutes. D) Take the report to a typist.
16. A) To order some medicine for their aunt.
B) To get some exercise.
C) To buy some items.
D) To see their aunt.
17. A) The weatherman is usually accurate.
B) It will be sunny all day.
C) The weatherman is usually inaccurate.
D) It will be raining all day.

18. A) He doesn't like to dance.
B) He will go to a film with the woman.
C) There is a good film play.
D) He will accompany his friend to a film.
19. A) A bicycle. B) A shirt.
C) A game. D) Baseball shoes.
20. A) Go to the beach. B) Go to the mountains.
C) Relax at home. D) Choose another vacation spot.
21. A) A teacher. B) A student. C) A doctor. D) An engineer.
22. A) Read. B) Finish with green paint.
C) Travel. D) Move in here.
23. A) Borrow some money. B) Buy a heater.
C) Get some information. D) Pay the rent.
24. A) Six thirty. B) Seven o'clock.
C) Seven thirty. D) Eight o'clock.
25. A) Five and a half hours. B) Four and a half hours.
C) Six and a half hours. D) Five hours.
26. A) 90 miles. B) 180 miles. C) 270 miles. D) 360 miles.
27. A) Taking a bus. B) Riding a bike. C) Taking a taxi. D) On foot.
28. A) Continue to read. B) Meet the woman at the library.
C) Make some coffee. D) Go out with some friends.
29. A) It would be better to say nothing to Julia.
B) The man should tell Julia himself.
C) The man should buy a new tape for Julia.
D) Julia will come to ask them.
30. A) They don't like taxis. B) There are no taxis.
C) Taxis are more expensive. D) Buses are more convenient.
31. A) Exchange the ticket for a better seat.
B) Go along with her to enjoy the film.
C) To get another ticket at the door.

- D) Try to sell the ticket before it starts.
32. A) Find a larger room. B) Sell the old table.
C) Buy two bookshelves. D) Rearrange some furniture.
33. A) Ask Mary to help her.
B) Type the data quickly.
C) Hand in the data to the computer center.
D) Ask Mary to extend the due date.
34. A) It was too dark. B) His eyesight is not so good.
C) The man doesn't want to. D) He can't find the switch.
35. A) She finds it's difficult to understand George.
B) She could not say anything bad about George.
C) She has no idea about what has happened to George.
D) She doesn't like to tell the truth.
36. A) His car was hit by another car.
B) He was hurt while involved in sports.
C) He fell down some stairs.
D) While crossing a street, he was hit by a car.
37. A) To criticize the man's waste of oil.
B) To stress that oil is becoming more important.
C) To demonstrate the importance of the sun.
D) To make the woman feel better.
38. A) She hasn't been well lately.
B) She feels unhappy without the TV.
C) She wants an expert to repair the TV.
D) She wants him to fix the TV at once.
39. A) He has already gone on his trip.
B) He must pack one more suitcase.
C) He is all prepared for his trip.
D) He needs to buy one more suitcase.
40. A) Go on a trip. B) Buy some food.

- C) Wait for a taxi. D) Go to the restaurant.
41. A) He relaxes. B) He goes fishing.
- C) He goes to work. D) He works at home.
42. A) She has not bought him a gift yet.
- B) She bought him a book.
- C) She bought him a case for his coin collection.
- D) She bought him a watch.
43. A) One baby. B) None.
- C) Three women. D) Three women and one baby.
44. A) The woman was late.
- B) The man overslept.
- C) The woman forgot to set the clock.
- D) The man forgot to set the clock.
45. A) To write his term paper. B) To see his advisor.
- C) To see the football team off. D) To watch a football game.
46. A) Ask her mother. B) Buy the ingredients.
- C) Read the recipe. D) Cook the soup.
47. A) It is bigger. B) It has a bigger yard.
- C) It has a prettier color. D) It has a prettier yard.
48. A) He will borrow some typing paper from the woman.
- B) He will lend the woman some typing paper.
- C) He will type the woman's paper.
- D) He will buy some typing paper for the woman.
49. A) Go and see the film. B) Stay at home.
- C) Go out for a walk. D) Go shopping.
50. A) She likes jazz music. B) She needs 100 records.
- C) She bought a new house. D) She prefers clothing store.
51. A) Nowhere is particular. B) She was walking her dog.
- C) She was lost. D) To a hotel.
52. A) Thirty minutes. B) Twenty minutes.

- C) Fifteen minutes. D) Ten minutes.
53. A) 6:45. B) 7:15. C) 7:45. D) 6:15.
54. A) Because the policeman stopped him.
B) Because the driver charged too much.
C) For no good reason.
D) Because he had been robbed.
55. A) The man is leaving for New York.
B) Jim is leaving for New York.
C) Diana is leaving for New York.
D) The man wants to meet Jim in New York.
56. A) The doctor can see him briefly.
B) She wants the man to bring another chair.
C) There will be a short wait.
D) His appointment is for another time.
57. A) By car. B) By taxi. C) On foot. D) By bus.
58. A) Write a check. B) Join the service.
C) Call a friend. D) Do the impossible.
59. A) That the man will not be able to sleep.
B) That someone will enter the house.
C) That the lock on the door will break.
D) That the man will not be able to come back.
60. A) He is sick. B) He is worried.
C) He is confident. D) He is angry.
61. A) She should buy a dictionary for the teacher.
B) She should buy a novel for the teacher.
C) She should buy a record for the teacher.
D) Any gift will do.
62. A) It's more direct. B) There's a traffic jam.
C) It's faster. D) It's less expensive.
63. A) They are very good people.

B) They are a happy couple.

C) They are bad-tempered.

D) They are tiresome.

64. A) 2 men were killed.

B) 3 women were killed.

C) 1 child was killed.

D) None.

65. A) A book about cows.

B) A book about furniture.

C) A book about automobiles.

D) A book about the tables.

Keys to Part I Short Conversations

答案速查

1—5 BCADC

6—10 DDDBD

11—15 CCBCC

16—20 CCDAC

21—25 BCCCA

26—30 CBABC

31—35 DDADC

36—40 ADCBA

41—45 DDBBB

46—50 CBDAB

51—55 BCCBC

56—60 CDCBC

61—65 CCADC

语言注释

1. give up 意为“放弃”，句中指“戒烟”。

2. (1) He's supposed to be. 根据上下文，应意为“他应该在8点钟到这里”。

(2) at the latest 意为“最迟”。

3. They may be gone by now. 根据女士所说：“They've been on sale for a week and the singer is very popular.”那么该句的句意应为“到现在为止，票可能已经全部售完了”。

5. ever since 意为“从那以后”。

7. 根据男士所说：“今天是星期四”，那么“the day after tomorrow”就肯定是“Saturday”，因此D为答案。

8. break down 意为“毁掉，制服”，句中指“汽车抛锚”。

12. declare 意为“申报”。根据信息词 abroad, gate 可分析出，只有在飞机场的海关才有可能“申报”自己所带的东西，因此答案为C。

13. bulletin board 意为“公告牌”，句中指“将通知贴在公告牌上”。

15. take over 意为“替换”。

16. drugstore 意为“杂货店”，一般来说在 drugstore 里既可以买到药品也可以买一些日常用品。
17. 根据 as accurate as 和 sunny 可断定，天气预报是不准的，因此答案为 C。
18. accompany 意为“陪伴”，go with him 与 accompany 同义。
21. sit up late 意为“熬夜，睡得很晚”。
22. around south China 意为“到中国的南方去转转”。
23. including heat 根据上下文，可译为“包括取暖费”。
24. on this list 意为“所列的购物单”。
26. liar 意为“说谎的人”，根据上下文，句中指“旅途时间有点太长了”，其主要是针对“have a good time”。
27. during rush hours 意为“高峰期”；got a flat tyre 意为“车带没气了”。
28. so far behind 意为“落在后面很远了”，句中指“阅读落下了很多没有读”。
30. the terminal 意为“终点站”。
32. How about doing sth. 为口语中的习惯表达，意为“做……怎么样？”。
33. (1) put into 根据上下文，句中指“将数据存到计算机里”。
- (2) give sb. a hand 意为“帮忙”。
34. eyesight 意为“视力”。
35. hard to say 意为“很难说”。
36. turn over 意为“撞翻，打翻”。
37. run out of 意为“用光，用尽”。
38. (1) a day off 根据上下文，句中指“有一天的空余时间”。
- (2) left it alone 意为“不管，别碰；让……独自呆着”，句中指“不要检修电视机”。
39. with the exception of 意为“除了……之外”。
40. the meal served on the train 根据上下文，句中指“火车上提供的食品”。
41. working around the house 根据上下文，句中指“做户外的活”。
43. crash 意为“碰撞”，句意为“非常可怕的汽车碰撞事故”。
44. go off 根据上下文，句中指“闹表响过之后他又睡着了”。
45. (1) see sb. off 意为“为某人送行”；
- (2) as a matter of fact 意为“事实上”。
46. ingredients 意为“配料”，句中指“做肉汤的配料”。
51. as far as I know 意为“就我所知”。
52. schedule 意为“安排，预定”，句中指“计划开始的时间是……”。
53. (be) supposed to do sth. 意为“应该……”，句中指“应该是在 6:45 开始”。

54. overcharge 意为“多收钱”，句中指“多收了车费”。
55. (be) anxious to to do sth. 意为“急于，渴望做……”。
58. in service 意为“(在)服务”，句中指“不在服务区内”。
59. break in 意为“闯入”。
60. couldn't feel better 意为“我的感觉没有比这更好的了”，因此，言外之意就是很有信心，因此答案为 C。
62. as direct as 根据上下文，句中指“所走的路线不是近路”。
65. lay (laid) down 意为“放在……”，句中指“放在桌子上了”，与对话中的 put 同义。

Tape Scripts of Part I Short Conversations

(听力原文中的黑斜体词语见“语言注释”版块)

1. W: Why don't you *give up* smoking? It is not good for others nor for you.
M: It's my last cigarette, you know?
Q: What do you conclude from the man's answer?
2. W: I wonder if John will be here by 8:00. *He's supposed to be.*
M: His wife said he left at 7:30, so he should be here by 8:15 *at the latest.*
Q: What time is John supposed to arrive?
3. M: I still have to buy those tickets for tomorrow's concert.
W: *They may be gone by now.* They've been on sale for a week and the singer is very popular.
Q: What do we learn from this conversation?
4. M: Here, let me help you with the box.
W: Thank you. It's not so heavy really. I can manage it. Thank you anyway.
Q: Did the woman accept the man's offer?
5. M: Tom worked as a secretary for two years. Then he became a teacher, after that he started writing novels.
W: I know. And he's been doing that *ever since.*
Q: What is Tom's occupation now?
6. M: Hi, Linda, we are going to see a movie. Would you like to come?
W: No, thanks. I think I'm staying at home tonight. I've got a bit of headache.
Q: What is the man going to do?

7. W: Dr. Smith, when can I go home?

M: Well, you came in on Monday, and today is Thursday. I'd say that you could leave the day after tomorrow.

Q: When might the woman leave the hospital?

8. W: I need a car this weekend. But mine has *broken down*.

M: I'm sorry to hear it. But you can always rent one if you have a licence.

Q: What does the man mean?

9. W: Do you know when Jim comes back home?

M: He was supposed to arrive this weekend, but actually he's coming the day after tomorrow.

Q: What time will Jim come back?

10. M: Can you stay for supper?

W: I'd like to, but I have to go and buy some meat and vegetables before my brother comes home from his office.

Q: Where is the woman going now?

11. M: Can you give me some information about the trip to San Francisco?

W: I'm sorry, sir. But we have much information about the trip to Los Angeles, New York and New Orleans.

Q: Where does the man want to go?

12. M: Good morning, have you anything to *declare*?

W: No, I've only been abroad for a few days. That's why I came through this gate.

Q: Where did the conversation most probably take place?

13. W: The store manager said I could put a notice for our meeting on this *bulletin board*.

M: I don't think it'll ever be seen here!

Q: What does the man mean?

14. W: If it hadn't been raining so hard, I might have been at home by nine o'clock.

M: It's too bad you didn't make it. Nancy was here and she wanted to see you.

Q: What happened to the woman?

15. W: I'm such a terrible typist that I may never finish this report.

M: Would you like me to *take over* for a while?

Q: What does the man offer to do?

16. W: I'm going to the *drugstore* to buy a birthday card for Ann's mother.

M: If you'll wait a moment I'll be with you. I need some aspirin.

Q: Why are they going to the drugstore?

17. M: I heard on the radio that the storm is getting nearer.

W: If the weatherman is *as accurate as* usual it will probably be *sunny* all day.

Q: What do we learn from this conversation?

18. W: Are you going to the dance tonight?

M: No, my friend Jim doesn't like to dance, so I'll *go with him* to a film, if there is a good play.

Q: Why won't the man go to the dance?

19. M: Have you bought Jerry's birthday gifts yet?

W: I've found the baseball shoes, a shirt, and a game, but not the bicycle.

Q: Which of the following items has the woman not bought?

20. W: What shall we do this weekend, go to the beach, go to the mountains, or stay home?

M: I don't think I can handle the crowds and the driving. Let's stay here and relax.

Q: What will they probably do?

21. M: Sally, it's time to go to bed. You shouldn't *sit up late* at night. It won't do you any good.

W: But I have to finish my term paper which must be handed in tomorrow.

Q: Who is Sally?

22. M: I hear that you are planning a trip for this winter vacation, Rose?

W: I hope to travel *around south China* if I can have one month off and save enough money.

Q: What is Rose planning to do?

23. W: Could you tell me something about the apartment you are renting?

M: Well, it's two hundred and eighty-five dollars a month *including heat*.

Q: What does the woman want to do?

24. M: The man says the store closes at eight tonight.

W: Oh, dear! A half hour doesn't give us much time to get all the things *on this list*!

Q: At what time did this conversation take place?

25. W: Why do you look unhappy?

M: I'm just too tired. I went to bed at 11 p.m. last night, and I got up at 4:30 this morning.