

# <del>/一万</del> "十一五" 高职高专公共基础课规划教材

# 高等学校 英语应用能力考试 模拟试题集(B级)

■ 禹海玲 主编







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# 高等学校英语应用能力考试 模拟试题集(B级)

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本书是严格按照《高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲》及其样题编写的。具有内容新、题材广、语言知识和应用文体覆盖面宽、难易程度适中等特点。本书共有试题 12 套,试题后附有录音原文(附光盘)及试题详解。本书有助于参加英语应用能力 B 级考试的学生熟悉考试题型、巩固所学语言知识和技能并顺利通过考试。同时,也可供同等水平的英语爱好者自学参考。

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# 前言

随着高职高专教育的发展和社会就业机制的变化,对高职高专学生综合应用能力的要求也越来越高。"高等学校英语应用能力考试"是为检测高职高专学生是否达到国家教育部颁发的《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求》而设置的考试。它极大地推动了高职高专英语教学内容和课程的改革,对高职高专英语教学的发展起到了引导和推动作用。

"高等学校英语应用能力考试"以《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求》为依据,分为 A 级考试和 B 级考试。为了帮助学生巩固 B 级所要求的语言知识和技能,熟悉"高等学校英语应用能力考试"题型并顺利通过考试,我们编写了此书。本书除适用学生备考外,还可供同等水平的英语爱好者自学使用。

本书是严格按照《高等学校英语应用能力考试大纲》及其样题编写的。它 具有内容新、题材广、语言知识和应用文体覆盖面宽、题的难易程度适中等特点。本书共有试题 12 套,试题后附有录音原文及试题详解,并配有光盘。

本书由沈阳航空职业技术学院外语系编写:第1~3 套试题及详解由禹海玲编写,第4~6 套试题及详解由王昕编写,第7~8 套试题及详解由韩怡编写,第9~10 套试题及详解由赵沁编写,第11~12 套试题及详解由朱蕾编写,全书由禹海玲审核定稿。

由于时间仓促,加之编者水平有限,书中的错误和疏漏在所难免,恳请广大师生谅解和批评指正。

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### Test 1

# Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

**Directions**: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear: Mr. Smith is not in, could you please give him a message?

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

- B) You're right.
- C) Yes, certainly.
- D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet.

[A] [B] [C] [D]

Now the test will begin.

- 1. A) At the station.
  - C) To the city.
- 2. A) Very interesting.
  - C) 3 dollars.
- 3. A) She's here this term.
  - C) She teaches English.
- 4. A) Yes, especially pop music.
  - C) No, I don't understand you.

- B) Yes, it is going to.
- D) Immediately.
- B) Yes, 1 do.
- D) Last year.
- B) She's tired of teaching.
- D) She likes teaching.
- B) Yes, I see.
- D) No, I don't like him.



- 5. A) At the end of this month.
  - C) Some time last month.
- B) Yes, quite often.
- D) Once a month.

#### Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

- 6. A) Return some books.
  - C) Read Tom's book.
- 7. A) 8 hours.
  - C) 24 hours.
- 8. A) At the restaurant.
  - C) In a shop.
- 9. A) 10 yuan.
  - C) 5 yuan.
- 10. A) Boss and secretary.
  - C) Teacher and student.

- B) Go home.
- D) Leave class early.
- B) 12 hours.
- D) 9 hours.
- B) In a hotel.
- D) In the street.
- B) 2 yuan.
- D) 20 yuan.
- B) Doctor and patient.
- D) Shop assistant and customer.

#### Section C

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

A woman in Guangzhou was bitten by her pet after a taxi struck the dog at a
crossing. The 11 happened when the 30-year-old woman and her son were walking
the dog and a taxi hit the animal. The 12 pet bit the fingers of its owner after she
tried to comfort the animal. In an attempt to save the mother from being 13, her



the do	og. The wo	oman 14 red animal v	_ for her do	g bit the boy's wrist. Passe og back despite her wound covered by something like cannot reason when they a	ls. One should never a blanket. Animals,
Part	t II	V	ocabula	ry & Structure	(15 minutes)
Direc	cor			ability to use words and grammatically correct sente	
Section	on A				
Direc	sta B)	itement by ch	oosing the a	ntements here. You are requippropriate answer from the buld mark the corresponding tough the center.	4 choices marked A),
16. I	was delig	hted to hear	you	that.	
A	(A) to say	B)	said	C) to have said	D) say
17. T	They are tr	ying to work	out a	to the problem.	
A	A) satisfac	etion B)	solution	C) concentration	D) attention
18.	j	in my pres <i>e</i> r	ıt work, I w	ould be quite willing to do	what you ask me to.
		not engaged		B) Engaged I were not	
		not engaged		D) Were not I engaged	
				ohone number,	
	A) shall w			C) will you	D) ought we
20.	,			sure to past the exam.	
	A) As soon		•	C) As well as	D) As much as
21. I	Hardly had		-	hey asked him to leave aga	•
	A) when	B)		C) than	D) after
22. I	Ouring the	examination	you are su	pposed to stay in your sea	ts, to keep your eyes
	-	pers,			
	-	uld not talk	-	B) not talk	
		t to speak		D) rather than	
		le watch TV	only to	time.	
I	A) waste	B)	spend	C) kill	D) take

24. He offered to \_\_\_\_\_ her a hand, as the suitcase was too heavy for her to carry.



*****			
A) help	B) show	C) lend	D) load
25. Late last	t night, a fire in	a hotel near where	I live.
A) brok	e off B) broke forth	C) broke in	D) broke out
Section B			
	There are also 10 incomple	te statements here. Y	ou should fill in each blank
•			ets. Write the word or words
	in the corresponding space		
26. We get	(clever) as we	get older.	
27. She spo	ke of his (achieve)	in glowing term	s.
28. John's p	parents insisted that he (stu	udy) art.	
29. The old	woman is looking forward	to (visit)	Shenyang.
30. Are you	satisfied with the (serve)	in that h	otel?
31. What de	ecided him (give up)	his job?	
32. He told	me that he (see)	the film the day	before.
33. The cor	nposition (write)	_ with great care by	Mary yesterday.
34. Study h	ard and you will make som	ne (improve)	·
35. They ar	e having their house (pain	it)	
Part III	Reading (	Comprehensi	on (40 minutes)
Directions:	This part is to test your re	ading ability. There	are 5 tasks for you to fulfill.
·			y and do the tasks as you are
	instructed.	•	
Task 1	•		
Directions:	After reading the following	g passage, you will j	find 5 questions or unfinished
	statements, numbered 36	through 40. For each	ch question or statement there
	are 4 choices marked A),	(B), $(C)$ and $(D)$ .	You should make the correct
	choice and mark the corre	esponding letter on th	ne Answer Sheet with a single
	line through the center.		

The computer network is a creation of the electronic age. In a computer system, a hacker is worse than a thief entering your house. He could go through anyone's electronic mail or add to, change, distort or delete anything in the information stored in the computer's memory. He could even take control of the entire system by inputting his



own instructions in the software. He could shut the computer down whenever he wished, and no one could stop him. Then he could program the computer to erase any sign of his ever having been there.

Hacking, our electronic-age term for computer break-in, is more and more in the news: A dissatisfied former insurance-company employee wipes out information from payroll files. A student sends out a "virus", a secret and destructive command, over a national network. The virus copies itself at lighting speed, jamming the entire network—thousands of commercial and government computer systems. Now exists the possibility of terrorism by computer. Destroying a system responsible for air-traffic control at a busy airport or the telephones of a major city is a relatively easy way to spread alarm.

Yet neither business nor government has done enough to strengthen its defenses against attack. For one thing, such defenses are expensive; for another, they may interrupt communication—the main reason for using computers in the first place.

- 36. Why does the writer mention "a thief" in the first paragraph?
  - A) To show that a hacker is more dangerous than a thief.
  - B) To tell people that thieves like to steal computers nowadays.
  - C) To demand that a computer network should be set up against thieves.
  - D) To look into the case where hackers and thieves are the same people.
- 37. Find the same meaning as "erase" in the last sentence of the first paragraph.
- A) Add. B) Change. C) Remove. D) Store. 38. According to the passage, all the damage listed below could be done by a hacker EXCEPT .
  - A) entering into computers illegally
  - B) creating many electronic-age terms
  - C) removing computer systems
  - D) going through computer systems
- 39. By saying "Now exists the possibility of terrorism by computer", the writer means
  - A) some employees may erase information from payroll files
  - B) students who send out a "virus" may do damages to thousands of computers
  - C) some people may spread fear in public by destroying computer systems
  - D) some terrorists are trying to contact each other using electronic mails
- 40. The main reason why business or government has not taken tough measures to stop



hacking is that	
A) they will cost too much money	B) communication may be interrupted
C) hacking has not caused much damage	D) tough measures are illegal
Task 2	
Directions: This task is the same as Task 1. T numbered 41 through 45.	he 5 questions or unfinished statements are
Walt Whitman is often called the poet of	f American democracy (民主). He lived
during the American Civil War, and he ad	dmired president Abraham Lincoln very
W/hitman was the first American post who	a compte about times amountities amount all other
<del>-</del>	wrote about true equality among all other
people. In a poem called Song of Myself he c	compared nimsen to an other people, and
he found no difference. He wrote,	planes to you."
" every atom belonging to me be	
In the same poem Whitman spoke up for	
"The Female equally with the Male I sin	·8·
He also wrote,	204.7
"In the faces of men and women I see G	
And "A great city is that which has the	
	of war. He worked in a hospital, taking
care of wounded men. In a description of	
prisons in the south he wrote, "The sight is w	
collection of the wounded, even the bloodiest	i. In whitman's words, The real war
will never get in the books."	
	in poet to write about ordinary people with
ordinary language.	
41. Through Whitman's lines, we can see	·
A) he wanted to sing a song for himself	
B) he was very proud of himself	uality among all poople
C) his strong feeling towards the true eq	uanty among an people
D) it is God that created man	
42. The war and the sufferings that it caused	•

B) changed his writing

D) prevented his writing

A) affected him greatly

C) made him very brave



- 43. The suggested reason why Whitman admired Abraham Lincoln was that \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) Abraham Lincoln longed for freedom and equality and made a law to liberate the American slaves
  - B) Abraham Lincoln reunited his nation
  - C) Abraham Lincoln was also a poet
  - D) Abraham Lincoln was the leader of the American Civil War
- 44. Which of the following about Walt Whitman is true?
  - A) He used ordinary language to write about ordinary people.
  - B) He worked as a poet all his life.
  - C) He was the first poet who took part in the American Civil War.
  - D) "In the faces of men and women I see God." was from "American Democracy".
- 45. The best title of this passage is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) An American Poet
  - B) Song of Myself
  - C) Walt Whitman
  - D) Walt Whitman-Poet of American Democracy

#### Task 3

**Directions:** The following is an advertisement. After reading it, you should complete the information by filling in the blanks marked 46 through 50 in the table below.

#### Huiyuan Service Apartment

Located in the Asian Games Village, with a 10,000m<sup>2</sup> central garden and a children's playground. Eight different styles of buildings with 1,000 apartments ranging from one-bedroom-one-sitting room to four-bedroom-two-sitting room, also duplexes (越层的), free broadband internet access.

Special promotion: Hotel-style apartments in Building B, newly renovated and furnished, both luxurious and economic styles available, ideal for residence and business.

Rates: ¥5,500 ~ 10,000/month/suite

Tel: 010 - 12345678, 87654321

Fax: 010 - 13579000

E-mail: yayuncunhotel@ yayuncun. com. cn



Please	visit: WWW. huiyuan	gongyu. co	m. cn
Huiyuan Se	ervice Apartment is lo	cated in th	ne 46 .
Broadband	Internet access is4	7 in s	some buildings.
48 apa	artments are being pro	moted spe	cially.
The apartm	ents in Building B are	e ideal for	49
The Web si	ite of selling is <u>50</u>	_•	
Task 4			
	The following is a lis	t of the ex	ercise title of course book. After reading it,
<b>211 00110115</b> ,			rs equivalent to those given in Chinese in the
			ut the corresponding letters in the brackets on
	the Answer Sheet, nu		
	,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	www.g.vor.
A—Snapsho	t		
B—Word Po	ower		
C-Conversa	ation		
D—Gramma	r Focus		
E-Pair Wor	rk		
F—Role Pla	y		
G—Group W	Vork		
H—Class A	etivity		
I—Pronuncia	ation		
J—Listening	;		
K-Writing			
L—Reading			
M—Intercha	nge Activities		
N—Addition	al Optional Activities		
O—Achieve	ment tests		
Example: (	A)文化点滴	(J)	听力练习
51. (	)交流活动	(	)语法重点
52. (	)词汇扩展	(	)小组活动
53. (	)语音练习	(	) 角色扮演
54. (	)会话练习	(	)辅助活动扩展
55. (	)成果测试	(	)两人对话



#### Task 5

Directions: There are some simple home remedies (治疗法). After reading them, you are required to complete the statements that follow the questions (No. 56 through No. 60). You should write your answers in no more than 3 words on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

#### Bee Stings and Insect Bites

Wash the sting or bite. Put some meat tenderizer (软膏) on a handkerchief and then put the handkerchief on the bite for half an hour. To avoid insect bites, it is helpful to eat some garlic.

#### **Burns**

Put the burn under cold water or put a cold handkerchief on it. Then apply aloe (芦荟) juice to the burn. It is important not to put ice on the burn.

#### Colds

Lots of people eat hot chicken soup, they find it clears the head and the nose.

#### Headaches

Apply an ice pack or cold cloth to your head, or put your hands into hot water and leave them there for several minutes.

#### Insomnia

Drink a large glass of warm milk. It's also a good idea to soak in a warm bath.

56.	What is the purpose to eat some garlic according to the passage?
	It can
57.	What is the important thing to remember if you are burned?
	You must not on the burn.
58.	What can help clear the head and the nose?
	Eat
59.	How long should you put your hands into hot water to relief your headache?
	For
60.	What is also a good method to help you sleep besides a glass of warm milk?
	To have

## Part IV Translation—English to Chinese (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to translate English into Chinese. Each of the four sentences (No. 61 to No. 64) is followed by four choices of



suggested translation marked A), B), C) and D). Make the best choice and write the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet. Write your translation of the paragraph (No. 65) in the corresponding space on the Translation/Composition Sheet.

- 61. He wishes to write an article that will attract public attention to the matter.
  - A) 他想写一篇文章, 以便能引起公众对这件事的注意。
  - B) 他希望写一篇让公众对这件事注意的文章。
  - C) 他由于写了一篇文章,给公众带来了麻烦。
  - D) 他希望写一篇文章, 以便能引起公众对麻烦的注意。
- 62. It is not the present but the words on the card that really count.
  - A) 收到多少礼物不重要, 重要的是收到多少卡片。
  - B) 真正重要的不在于礼物,而在于卡片上的话。
  - C) 不是礼物但是卡片上的话真正重要。
  - D) 礼物不是重要的, 而在于计算卡片上的话。
- 63. The shop promised its customers that it would never sell fake goods, and sure enough it did so.
  - A) 这家商店向顾客发誓,决不出售假货,并且足够的证据确信它是这样做的。
  - B) 这家商店的顾客发誓,它没卖过假货,并且有足够的证据表明是这样。
  - C) 这家商店向顾客允诺不卖假货,而且它确实这样做了。
  - D) 这家商店向顾客允诺决不卖假货,而且它确实做到了。
- 64. Any misuse of such terms will sometimes result in a complete misunderstanding of the whole article.
  - A) 错用任何一个术语有时会导致完全误解整篇文章。
  - B) 误用某一个术语有时会造成误解整篇文章。
  - C) 误用任何一条术语,有时会导致完全误解的项目。
  - D) 错用任何一个词汇, 有时会造成完全理解文章方面的错误。
- 65. Thank you for your letter of April 10, 2005, which has received our great attention. Since we have been doing business for a long time and especially you intend to place such a big order, we agree to offer you a 5% discount of the price for the washing machine in response to your request. We hope you will accept the offer and will be looking forward to hearing from you soon.



Part V Writing (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write a notice according to the following instructions given in Chinese.

Remember to do your writing on the Translation/Composition Sheet.

以学生会的名义于 2005 年 6 月 2 日发一份通知。具体内容如下:要求全体学生明天下午 1:30 听报告。地点:报告厅。报告的内容:关于现代美国教育。主讲人:美国教授史密斯。

#### Test 2

#### Part I

# Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

**Directions**: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

Section A

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear: Mr. Smith is not in, could you please give him a message?

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

- B) You're right.
- C) Yes, certainly.
- D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet.

[A] [B] <del>[C]</del> [D]

Now the test will begin.

- 1. A) He is waiting for the bus.
  - C) He is at the bus stop.
- 2. A) I don't want to go.
  - C) It is beside the library.
- 3. A) Your bike is old.
  - C) At the street corner.
- 4. A) Very interesting.
  - C) The professor is from Shanghai.

- B) Jerry's brother is.
- D) He is on the bus.
- B) I don't like English.
- D) It teaches English.
- B) In the shop.
- D) Mother bought it for me.
- B) In the classroom.
- D) Half an hour.