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Dianjin Xunlian

点金训练

适用于新课标人教版

高中英语

必修 5

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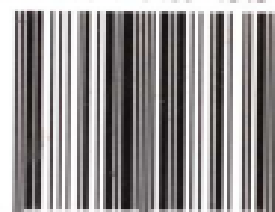
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着课改的不断深入,为了充分阐释课程标准的要求,鼓励、引导学生在共同发展中富有个性、自主地学习,我们特约北京、山东、江苏、广东等课改省份及教育发达地区百余位特、高级教师精心打造、倾力编写了这套《点金训练》丛书。它将优化训练与答案详解融为一体,针对课堂作业、课后自测、阶段评估的学习过程设置梯级习题,能让你练得巧妙、学得扎实!本丛书具有如下特色:

☆梯度、分级 丛书特有的“梯级集训”模式,极大地优化了思维的发散性和学习的层次感。丛书课节训练按AB卷编写。A卷为课堂针对训练,按“双基再现”“变式活学”和“实践演练”分类优化;B卷为课外提升训练,按“理解整合”“拓展创新”“综合探究”和“高考模拟”梯度编排。着重体现了课堂作业和课后练习的功能。在题目编排难度上由易到难,用“★”(1~5个)标识;在课堂同步性上设置课节训练、单元训练、模块训练三部分,让学生在学习的每个阶段都可获得能力提升。这些匠心独运的设计让你仿佛置身于一个广阔而奇妙的演练场。这里处处充满乐趣和挑战,让你大展拳脚,练就一身绝世“武功”。

☆科学、质优 丛书集训练过程的“学、练、测”于一体,化方法、能力、创新于一炉,融山东、江苏、广东等地优质教育资源于一书,汇百余名特、高级教师智慧于一身,将会带给你全程的学习指导,点亮你学海航行的明灯。

☆轻负、稳健 丛书题量适中,题型丰富,题目经典,各梯度间循序渐进,层次性和难易度适当,使你能有选择地做题,练得充分、精当。同时,丛书大力引入原创题、变式题、探究题,增强题目的独创性、新颖性和时代感,使你训练得心应手、扎实有效。答案中点拨到位,警示思维误区,点击解题关键,令人有茅塞顿开之感。

☆高能、高分 在同步训练中链接高考,引入最新高考真题和模拟题,引导你走进高考、感受高考,帮助你适应高考、决胜高考。

《点金训练》是一艘带领师生畅游蔚蓝学海的旗舰。通过亲切的指导、耐心的训练、愉快的测试、精当的评价,相信《点金训练》会让每一位“航海员”都获得属于自己闪光耀眼的奖牌!那么还等什么呢,现在就和《点金训练》一起开始你激动人心,充满意趣和挑战的“点金”之旅吧!



滕纯

中央教科所前副所长 研究员

目 录

Unit 1 Great scientists

Period 1 Vocabulary, Warming Up, Pre-reading, Reading & Comprehending

..... 1

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 1

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 3

Period 2 Learning about Language & Using Language 6

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 6

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 9

Unit 2 The United Kingdom

Period 1 Vocabulary, Warming Up, Pre-reading, Reading & Comprehending

..... 13

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 13

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 15

Period 2 Learning about Language & Using Language 19

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 19

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 21

Unit 3 Life in the future

Period 1 Vocabulary, Warming Up, Pre-reading, Reading & Comprehending

..... 26

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 26

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 28

Period 2 Learning about Language & Using Language 31

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 31

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 33

Unit 4 Making the news

Period 1 Vocabulary, Warming Up, Pre-reading, Reading & Comprehending

..... 38

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 38

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 40

Period 2 Learning about Language & Using Language 44

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 44

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 46

Unit 5 First aid

Period 1 Vocabulary, Warming Up, Pre-reading, Reading & Comprehending

..... 51

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 51

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 53

Period 2 Learning about Language & Using Language 57

A 卷 (课堂针对训练) 57

B 卷 (课外提升训练) 59



Unit 1 Great scientists



Period 1 Vocabulary, Warming Up, Pre-reading, Reading & Comprehending



A 卷(课堂针对训练)



双基再现

I. ★英汉词语互译

1. steam engine _____
2. apart from _____
3. in addition _____
4. lead to _____
5. link... to... _____
6. 得出结论 _____
7. 对……严格 _____
8. 提出 _____
9. 有意义 _____
10. 态度;观点;看法 _____

II. ★★单词拼写

根据所给单词首字母或汉语意思,并结合句意写出下列各句中所缺单词的正确形式。

11. It was Madame Curie who discovered r _____.
12. The doctor e _____ the patient very carefully.
13. Please r _____ the question so that I can write it down.
14. The soldiers were warned to remain hidden and not to e _____ themselves.
15. Nobody was to b _____ for it. Such things happen unexpectedly.
16. His _____ (理论) proved to be true.
17. Can the students _____ (吸收) this lesson in an hour?
18. His advice is very _____ (有价值的) to us, and we should try to follow it.
19. When you turn on the TV set, clear pictures will _____ (立刻) appear on the screen.

20. It is _____ (宣布) that the sports meet will be put off until next week.

III. ★用方框中所给的词组的适当形式完成句子

a cloud of, expose to, draw a conclusion, put forward, in addition to, be strict with, lead to, link to, be against, make sense

21. We all thought highly of his suggestion. Only Xiao Wang _____ it.
22. First they saw something strange in the sky. Soon they found that it was _____ locusts.
23. Mr Smith _____ very _____ his students and is kind to them as well.
24. The new plan that was _____ at the meeting was quite worth considering.
25. He is good at learning languages. _____ English, he also speaks French and Russian.
26. The two rivers are _____ each other by a new canal.
27. This path will _____ you _____ the railway station.
28. Don't _____ your skin _____ direct sunlight. It's bad for your health.
29. In my opinion, what he said at the meeting doesn't _____ any _____.
30. You must consider it carefully. Don't _____ so soon.



对比闯关

IV. ★★完成句子

用第一句中黑体单词的适当形式完成第二个句子。

31. A. He is a success as a **leader** but **he** hasn't





much experience in teaching.

B. Hitler's policies _____ to disaster in Europe.

32. A. During the **examination** we are supposed to stay in our seats, keep our eyes on our papers, and not speak to anyone.

B. The detective _____ the window frame carefully, expecting to find some fingerprints.

33. A. Parts of the cave have been badly affected by rain and **exposure** to the air.

B. The poor baby was left _____ to the wind and rain.

34. A. The **engineers** made two big changes to the plan.

B. The search _____ just gave me some brief introductions rather than the whole content of the book to read.

35. A. What do you **conclude** from the facts?

B. They came to the _____ that it was a thief who had stolen their diamond necklaces.

36. A. With the development of **science** and technology, people's life has improved in the past few years.

B. During _____ experiments, she explains exactly what is happening and as a result my work is improving.

37. A. She is in careful **attendance** of the sick man.

B. So many people _____ the meeting that the hall could hardly hold them all.

38. A. What he has been doing these years is of great **value** to the society.

B. I'm afraid we've taken too much of your _____ time.

39. A. The prime minister is making an important **announcement** at the moment.

B. The headmaster _____ to the students that the winter vacation would begin on January 5th.

40. A. Please **add** some more details to your writing.

B. There is, in _____, one further point to make.

V. ★★★句型转换

根据 A 句句意,用适当的单词完成 B 句,使两句话的意思基本一致。每空一词。

41. A. But he became inspired when he thought about helping ordinary people exposed to **cholera**.

B. However, at the _____ of helping the common people who were in danger of _____ cholera, he was filled with inspiration.

42. A. Neither its cause, nor its cure was understood.

B. Nobody had any idea _____ caused it or _____ to cure it.

43. A. So many thousands of terrified people died every time there was an outbreak.

B. Whenever cholera _____ out, so many thousands of frightened people died _____ this disease.

44. A. In addition, he found two other deaths in another part of London that were linked to the Broad Street outbreak.

B. What's _____, he discovered two extra deaths in another part of London connected _____ the outbreak on the Broad Street.

45. A. To prevent this from happening again, John Snow suggested that the source of all water supplies be examined and new methods of dealing with polluted water be found.

B. John Snow suggested _____ the source of all water supplies and finding new ways to dispose of polluted water so _____ to make sure such a thing would not happen again.



实践演练

VI. ★★★根据汉语意思完成句子

46. The government _____ had been controlled.

政府宣布这种疾病已经得到了控制。



47. It's very difficult for us to _____

没有证据 (proof) 我们很难得出结论。

48. _____ about the cause of the disease.

这张地图为这个疾病的起因提供了有价值的线索。

49. He put forward a new method of _____

他就污水处理提出了新的办法。

50. These facts _____

on the Mars.

这些事实表明在火星上没有生命。

51. This news soon _____

这个消息很快在全城传播开来。

52. He promised to _____

他答应调查此事。

53. _____, they

examined all the milk supplies in the city.

为了防止这种事情再度发生,他们对全市的奶源进行了检查。

VII. ★★★★★ 用所给的单词或短语翻译下列句子

54. 他为改进这个计划提出了一些建议。

(proposal, put forward)

55. 她的死与不健康饮食有密切的关系。

(link... with...)

56. 过多的工作和过少的休息经常导致疾病。

(lead to)

57. 让孩子玩火是不明智的。(make sense)

58. 汤姆和我都没打算去参加那个会议。

(neither... nor...)

59. 丢失的自行车在汽车站那儿被找到了。

(discover)

60. 在部队里他养成了许多良好习惯。

(develop)

61. 他们的工作条件得到了很大的改善。

(improve)

62. 战斗持续了几个小时,最终敌人被击败了。

(defeat)

63. 医生给了他一些止痛药,以减轻他的疼痛。

(painkillers, ease)

B 卷(课外提升训练)



基础巩固

I. ★★ 单项选择

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. —Do you want to take the black one or the white one?

—I'll take _____ the black one _____ the white one. I have already had one.

A. both; and

B. neither; nor

C. only; but

D. not only; but also

2. No one has _____ anything better than the plan under construction.

A. put toward

B. come up

C. put forward

D. come up to

3. The wolf spoke in a _____ voice and the scholar felt _____.

A. frightening; frightened

B. frightened; frightened

C. frightened; frightening

D. frightening; frightening

4. Dr Bake is a professor in physics. _____, he is a famous writer.

A. In all

B. In brief

C. In fact

D. In addition

5. When I went into her room, she was _____ in her book.

A. absorbed

B. controlled

C. exposed

D. devoted



6. A working party has been set up to _____ the problem.
A. look through B. look up
C. look into D. look out
7. I didn't realize she wasn't English _____ she spoke.
A. unless B. when
C. since D. until
8. I can _____ what he said, but I cannot _____ him.
A. believe in; believe
B. believe; believe
C. believe; believe in
D. believe in; believe in
9. My sister met him at the Grand Theatre yesterday afternoon, so he _____ your lecture.
A. couldn't have attended
B. needn't have attended
C. mustn't have attended
D. shouldn't have attended
10. The plane was out of _____, but now we are completely in _____ the situation.
A. control; control of B. control; control
C. control; of control D. controlling; control



综合应用

II. ★★★★★ 完形填空

阅读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从各题所给的四个选项 A、B、C 和 D 中,选出最佳选项。

When I was twelve, I suddenly developed (滋生) a strong feeling for writing poetry.

I gave up all my other hobbies, such as 11 stamps, and spent all my 12 time reading poetry and writing it. This 13 of writing poetry on every possible occasion (机会) soon 14 me into trouble at school. If a lesson did not 15 me, I would take out my notebook and started writing poems in class. Of course I did this very 16, but it was not long before I got 17. One day while I was busy writing a poem during a (n) 18 lesson, I looked up to find the teacher standing

- 19 me in 20 because I was not 21 attention. He tore the poem up, with a 22 not to waste time in his lesson. 23 I was convinced (确信) that I had written a good poem, 24 that evening I wrote it out from my memory again. Not long after, I 25 about a poetry contest (竞赛) and I decided to send in my poem. Weeks later, long 26 I had given up hope, I got a letter informing (通知) me that I had won the first 27. Everyone at school 28 for it except the geography teacher, who 29 me more carefully than ever. He was quite 30 that I was not going to write poetry in his lesson!
11. A. keeping B. collecting
C. gathering D. getting
12. A. other B. extra
C. spare D. more
13. A. habit B. kind
C. means D. type
14. A. came B. entered
C. arrived D. got
15. A. interest B. surprise
C. puzzle D. frighten
16. A. silently B. secret
C. carefully D. anxiously
17. A. met B. caught
C. noticing D. seeing
18. A. math B. history
C. English D. geography
19. A. over B. on
C. below D. behind
20. A. pride B. anger
C. care D. satisfaction
21. A. calling B. making
C. devoting D. paying
22. A. warning B. demanding
C. word D. look
23. A. As usual B. In other words
C. By the way D. All the time
24. A. however B. so
C. thus D. even
25. A. read B. got
C. noticed D. looked
26. A. before B. after
C. ago D. until

27. A. position

B. reward

C. victory

D. prize
28. A. praised

B. surprised

C. astonished

D. congratulated
29. A. inspected

B. watched

C. observed

D. required
30. A. afraid

B. angry

C. sure

D. sorry

III. ★★★★★信息匹配

下面是一篇应用文及其应用场合的信息,请阅读下列应用文和相关信息,并按照要求匹配信息。

请阅读以下个人信息,然后匹配到合适的地方。

- ◆ Salad is studying Chinese in Zhongshan University. She likes acrobatics' very much. This summer holiday she wants to read something about it. It is better to have something to watch.
- ◆ Susan is an art student in Peking University. She will take part in a new course about Chinese culture given by Mr Chen next term. She wants to read something about it in the summer holidays to make a preparation for it.
- ◆ Sam likes Chinese culture especially Chinese Opera. He is eager to know some famous players of Peking Opera such as Mei Lanfang.
- ◆ Ken is crazy about pop music but this summer holidays he wants to do something special. He wants to listen to Chinese folk music ,especially music played by Erhu. ,
- ◆ Denny is interested in any festivals of China. He knows October 1st is a very special and important festival to all the Chinese. He really wants to watch how Chinese celebrate it.

购买者	产品内容
31. Salad	A. New China's Culture and Art in 50 Years
32. Susan	B. Celebration for the 50th Anniversary of the Founding of New China
33. Sam	C. Melodies of China
34. Ken	D. Peking Opera
35. Denny	E. Melodies from the Western Region
	F. A Primer of Chinese Acrobatics



开放探究

IV. ★★★★★阅读表达

阅读下面的文章,根据要求完成后面五个问题。

Many young people tell me they want to be writers. I always encourage such people, but I also explain that there is a big difference between “being a writer” and writing. In most cases these people are dreaming of wealth and fame, not the long hours alone at a typewriter. “You’ve got to want to write,” I say to them, “_____.”

The reality is that writing is a lonely, private and poor-paying affair. For every writer kissed by fortune there are thousands more whose longing is never rewarded. When I left a twenty-year job in the US Coast Guard to become a writer, I had no hopes at all. What I did have was a friend who found me my room in a New York apartment building. It didn’t even matter that it was cold and had no bathroom. I immediately bought a used typewriter and felt like a real writer.

After a year or so, however, I still hadn’t got a break and began to doubt myself. It was so hard to sell a story that I barely made enough to eat. But I knew I wanted to write. I had dreamed about it for years. I wasn’t going to be one of those people who die wondering, what if? I would keep putting my dream to the test—even though it meant living with uncertainty and fear of failure. This is the shadow land of hope, and anyone with a dream must learn to live there.

36. What is the best title of the passage?
(Please answer within 10 words.)
37. Please fill in the blank in the first paragraph with proper words or phrases to complete the sentence. (Please answer within 10 words.)
38. What is the difference between “being a writer” and writing? (Please answer within 20 words.)



39. Which sentence in the passage can be replaced by the following one?

The chances for a writer to become successful are small.

40. Translate the underlined sentence in the last paragraph into Chinese.



高考模拟

V. ★★★ 单项选择

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

41. (2006 · 江苏) Although medical science _____ control over several dangerous diseases, what worries us is that some of them are returning.

- A. achieved
- B. has achieved
- C. will achieve
- D. had achieved

42. (2006 · 安徽) Mr Green stood up in defense of the 16-year-old boy, saying that he was not the one _____.

- A. blamed
- B. blaming
- C. to blame
- D. to be blamed

43. (2006 · 辽宁) All these gifts must be mailed immediately _____ in time for Christmas.

- A. in order to have received
- B. in order to receive
- C. so as to be received
- D. so as to be receiving

44. (2006 · 陕西) The construction of the two new railway lines _____ by now.

- A. has completed
- B. have completed
- C. have been completed
- D. has been completed

45. (2007 · 大连一模) As soon as the waiter came to the table, the foreigner _____ next to me asked him _____ to call that big dish in Chinese.

- A. seating; what
- B. seated; how
- C. sitting; how
- D. seated; what

Period 2 Learning about Language & Using Language



A 卷(课堂针对训练)



双基再现

I. ★★ 用所给动词的正确形式填空

1. Only by scientific training can Liu Xiang _____ such rapid progress in the 110-meter hurdles. (make)
2. The doctor _____ her patient carefully before drawing a conclusion. (examine)
3. She _____ her talk with a funny story. (conclude)
4. He doesn't know much of the subject, but he _____ always very enthusiastic. (be)

5. As soon as she _____ my letter, she wrote back immediately. (receive)
6. Einstein _____ forward his Theory of Relativity in 1905, which has had great influence on the world science. (put)
7. They had a quiet wedding with only a few friends _____ it. (attend)
8. The discovery _____ by Madame Curie was of great importance to the world. (make)
9. Have they _____ when the race will begin? (announce)
10. Copernicus didn't publish his theory until he died because he was afraid of being _____ by the Christian Church. (attack)

II. ★★★下列各句中都有一处错误,请找出并改正

11. Hard work lead to success and failure often lies in laziness.

12. Every time when I met him, I thought of the things happened between us.

13. Neither Tom nor I are going to attend the meeting.

14. I told Sally how to get there, but perhaps I should write it out for her.

15. Only in this way you can improve your spoken English.

16. The doctor sending for won't be here until lunch time.

17. The boy was frightening at the sound of the thunder and began to cry.

18. She must have failed in the exam, because she looked rather disappointing.

19. A new teaching building is been built in our school.

20. Some of the guests were invited to the party can't come.



对比闯关

III. ★★★句型转换

根据 A 句句意,在 B 句的空白处填上合适的词,使两句话的意思基本一致。每空一词。

21. A. This is the problem which was discussed at the meeting.
B. This is the problem which was _____ at the meeting.
22. A. Police are reported to be looking for the clue (线索) to the murder.
B. Police are reported to be _____ the murder.

23. A. What do you intend to do with the problem?
B. How do you intend to _____ the problem?

24. A. I want to have my own car.
B. I want to have a car _____.
25. A. Besides some injuries to his face and hands, he broke both legs.
B. _____ some injuries to his face and hands, he broke both legs.

IV. ★★从括号中选出适当的词语填入短文中

Before Einstein, scientists believed that light (26) _____ (travelled / travels) through space in a straight line. But Einstein was able to prove with (27) _____ (certain / certainty) that light coming from the earth was bent as it passed the sun. As a result, it appeared to scientists on earth that the stars had moved. He (28) _____ (worked at / worked out) just how much the light would be bent; he could also tell how far the stars would appear to have moved.

His (29) _____ (discovery / discover) was (30) _____ (completely / complete) new, and it was said that only three people in the world could understand it at that time. The (31) _____ (difficulty / difficult) was how he could prove his ideas to other scientists. Many of them did not accept his (32) _____ (science / scientific) ideas. But Einstein stuck to his opinion and went on with his research. By 1919, scientists who had been watching the stars (33) _____ (proved / improved) his theory and he quickly became world-famous. From that time on, Einstein was greatly (34) _____ (respect / respected) as the (35) _____ (leading / leader) scientist of the century.



实践演练

V. ★★用动词的适当形式填空

In earliest times, men (36) _____ (consider) lightning to be one of the great mysteries (神秘的事物) of nature. Some ancient people (37) _____ (believe) that lightning and thunder were the weapons (武器) of the gods.
In reality, lightning (38) _____ (be) a



B 卷(课外提升训练)



基础巩固

I. ★★ 单项选择

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

- With all the magazines he needed _____, he left the library.
A. borrowing B. borrowed
C. borrow D. to borrow
- With a lot of problems _____, the US troops are having a hard time in Iraq.
A. settled B. being settled
C. settling D. to settle
- _____ Sunday, rather than _____ at home, I preferred _____.
A. It being; stay; to travel
B. Being; to stay; to travel
C. It being; stay; travel
D. It was; to stay; traveling
- The party was successful, but we thought it a pity not _____ you.
A. invite B. to invite
C. inviting D. to have invited
- Which do you enjoy _____ your spare time, playing cards at home or taking a walk in the park?
A. spending B. to spend
C. having spent D. to have spent
- _____ for the terrible accident, as the public thought, the mayor felt nervous and at a loss what to do.
A. Having blamed B. To blame
C. Being to be blamed D. Being to blame
- When _____, the museum will be open to the public next year.
A. completed B. completing
C. being completed D. to be completed
- Shall we go swimming?
—OK, I'll just go and get _____.
A. changed B. to change
C. to be changed D. changing

9. Linda worked for the Minnesota Manufacturing and Mining Company, _____ as 3M.

- A. knowing B. known
C. being known D. to be known

10. You'll find the word "psychology" _____ under "P" in your dictionary.

- A. being list B. list
C. listed D. listing



综合应用

II. ★★★★★ 完形填空

阅读下面的短文,掌握其大意,然后从各题所给的四个选项 A、B、C 和 D 中,选出最佳选项。

I do a lot of management training each year for the Circle K Company. Among the 11 we discuss in our classes is the 12 of quality employees(雇员).

"What has caused you to stay 13 enough to become a manager?" I asked. After a while a new manager took the 14 and said slowly, "It was a baseball glove."

Cynthia said she used to 15 a Circle K clerk job as an interim(临时的) one while she looked for something 16. On her second day behind the counter, she received a (an) 17 from her nine-year-old son, Jessie. He 18 a baseball glove for the little League. She 19 that as a single mother, money was 20, and her first check would have to go for paying 21.

When Cynthia arrived for work the next morning, Patricia, the store manager asked her to come to her small office and handed her a box. "I overheard you 22 to your son yesterday," she said, "and I know that it is 23 to explain things to kids. This is a baseball glove for Jessie. I know you have to pay bills 24 you can buy gloves. You know we can't 25 good people like you as 26 as we would like to; but we do 27 and I want



you to know how 28 you are to us."

The thoughtfulness, empathy (同情) and love of the store manager show vividly that people 29 more how much a (an) 30 cares than how much he pays.

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 11. A. topics | B. problems |
| C. difficulties | D. lessons |
| 12. A. employing | B. praising |
| C. keeping | D. improving |
| 13. A. soon | B. long |
| C. strong | D. calm |
| 14. A. position | B. decision |
| C. question | D. advice |
| 15. A. take | B. change |
| C. lose | D. consider |
| 16. A. lighter | B. easier |
| C. better | D. higher |
| 17. A. letter | B. call |
| C. answer | D. e-mail |
| 18. A. bought | B. kept |
| C. needed | D. offered |
| 19. A. complained | B. explained |
| C. understood | D. admitted |
| 20. A. short | B. enough |
| C. spare | D. tight |
| 21. A. food | B. education |
| C. clothes | D. bills |
| 22. A. talking | B. crying |
| C. arguing | D. scolding |
| 23. A. easy | B. hard |
| C. simple | D. nice |
| 24. A. after | B. until |
| C. when | D. before |
| 25. A. value | B. remain |
| C. pay | D. fire |
| 26. A. much | B. many |
| C. pleasant | D. possible |
| 27. A. regret | B. agree |
| C. worry | D. care |
| 28. A. excellent | B. important |
| C. thankful | D. thoughtful |
| 29. A. remember | B. refuse |
| C. thank | D. realize |
| 30. A. mother | B. clerk |
| C. official | D. manager |

III. ★★★★★ 阅读理解

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项 A、B、C 和 D 中,选出最佳选项。

Career Builder. com now offers the most functional and easy-to-use online job search for Science and Biotech jobs. In fact, there are so many ways to search for Science and Biotech jobs on Career Builder. com that you'll be able to get the results you want quickly and easily!

On Career Builder. com we combine the power of new search technology with top-notch products and services to give you full control over the Science and Biotech job search process. We offer many ways to get the job searching done.

Search Science and Biotech Jobs by Location: Target your search for Science and Biotech jobs by city or state. Start broad by selecting a desired state, or narrow your search quickly by targeting a top city. With nationwide job opportunities, here are unlimited possibilities.

Search Science and Biotech Jobs by Job Type: Refine your search by selecting a specific job type. If you are certain about your expertise or specialty, narrow your search quickly and search only the jobs that are fit for you.

Search Science and Biotech Jobs by Company: Who are the top companies hiring in Science and Biotech? Search, explore and find out more about our preferred Science and Biotech employers. From cutting-edge corporate firms to thriving small businesses, Career Builder. com partners with the nation's top companies to bring you better Science and Biotech jobs faster.

31. This passage probably comes from _____.
 A. a magazine B. a newspaper
 C. the Internet D. a book
32. Career Builder. com offers the following except _____.
 A. the most functional and easy-to-use online job search for Science and Biotech jobs
 B. many ways to get the job searching done
 C. names of the top companies hiring in Science and Biotech
 D. Science and Biotech jobs

33. What is the probable purpose of writing this passage?

- A. To introduce a website.
- B. To help you find a job.
- C. To introduce some ways of finding a job.
- D. To make you click their website more often.



开放探究

IV. ★★★根据短文内容回答问题

飞速发展的科学技术使人类克隆成为可能,但这也为我们带来了诸多伦理方面的困惑,科学家是否有权扮演上帝的角色?对此问题我们必须慎之又慎。

Science and technology have advanced at such a rate that cloning has now become a reality. The possibility of cloning humans is a serious issue and raises ethical (伦理的) questions. In my opinion, cloning is useful for research into cures for disease. However, I think that it needs to be approached with caution and carefully monitored by governments.

Research into cloning and stem cell production is primarily aimed at finding new treatments for currently incurable illnesses. While this would improve the quality of life for many, not enough is understood about what effects cloning would have on the world in the future. This is primarily because we do not understand enough about the effects of cloning and both the physical and psychological effects that are likely to have on cloned humans and on the rest of the world. Furthermore, it is thought that a cloned human would be unlikely to survive birth and would suffer from diseases resulting from malformed (畸形的) organs.

There are also quite serious ethical issues in danger. In general, those who are against cloning would argue that scientists have no right to play God and to interfere (干涉) with natural processes. Producing embryos (胚胎) for the purpose of harvesting stem cells for research presents important questions about the nature and status of the embryo being produced. It may also make us question whether throwing it away

after use reduces the value we place on human life.

In conclusion I do not agree that research into cloning using human embryos should continue. This is not only because it may reduce the value we place on human life, but also because not enough is known about the effects. However, I do think that if there is a way to produce stem cells using cloning which does not put human life at risk, then governments should continue to support it.

34. What is the writer's general opinion on cloning?

35. What is the writer's main reason against cloning humans?

36. What is the meaning of "play God" in Paragraph Three?

37. In the opinion of the writer, what should the governments continue to support?



高考模拟

V. ★★★单项选择

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

38. (2006 · 浙江)

—What should I do first?

—The instructions _____ that you should mix flour with water carefully first.

A. go B. tell

C. write D. say

39. (2006 · 福建) The workers will go on strike if the demands _____ they put forward are turned down.

A. could B. would

C. / D. had

40. (2006 · 福建) _____ for the breakdown of the school computer network, Alice was in low spirits.

A. Blaming B. Blamed

C. To blame D. To be blamed