



To our sons, Zachary and Max and David and John.
Their view of the world helps us to keep life in perspective.

To our husbands, David Knecht and Peter Ambrose, who have given their support, patience, and understanding over the years as well as their expertise as computer and literary consultants.

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### **About the Authors**

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superhighway.



ife is full of choices. Whether you choose plain vanilla ice cream, orange sorbet, or a fresh orange depends on many factors, including nutrition. How this choice affects your nutritional health depends on the other choices you make. This text conveys to students that each dietary choice makes up only one part of the total diet. So, no one choice is a bad one as long as the sum of food choices over a period of days or weeks makes up a healthy overall diet. Knowing how to make wise choices is the key to applying nutritional principles. The Fourth Edition of *Nutrition: Science and Applications* continues with and expands upon the theme of choice that was used in the previous editions.

The goal of the authors is to provide a text that teaches students both the basic principles of nutrition science and how to apply them to choices about the foods they eat and the nutrition information they encounter. Students frequently ask: Is this food good for me or bad for me? Should I be eating a lowfat diet? Should I take a protein supplement to improve my athletic performance? Are herbal supplements safe? How can I lose 10 pounds? The answers to all these questions involve choices. And it is these personal concerns that trigger student interest in nutrition. When introductory nutrition classes and textbooks present the basics—What is carbohydrate? Protein? Fat?—but fail to prepare students to make choices about foods and popular nutrition issues, it is difficult for students to apply what they have learned to their daily lives. Nutrition: Science and Applications presents a complete introduction to the science of nutrition while at the same time teaching students how to use a scientific approach in making decisions about the nutrition-related choices they face every day.

### **Approach**

A scientific approach is employed throughout the text. The goal is to teach students how to apply the logic of science to their own nutrition concerns. We present the process of scientific inquiry and demonstrate how it is used to evaluate the role of nutrition in health. The text contains all of the information students need to analyze and modify their own diets to promote health and to reduce the risk of deficiencies and chronic diseases related to nutrition.

Several themes are used throughout the book to provide a broad view of both the science of nutrition and its applications. These include

(1) An emphasis on the importance of the total diet, not just individual nutrients or food choices

- (2) Attention to health promotion and disease prevention
- (3) A focus on the methods of science to provide students with the tools needed to make healthy food and nutrition decisions
- (4) An emphasis on critical thinking, which guides students through the thought processes necessary to make nutrition decisions
- (5) A broad cultural view of our ethnically diverse population and food supply.

The Fourth Edition continues the integrated approach that was so successful in previous editions. Health and disease, metabolism, cultural diversity, and life-stage topics are incorporated into each chapter. For example, the relationship of dietary fat intake, lipid metabolism and transport, and heart disease is discussed in the lipids chapter. How this information applies to young children, pregnant women, and older adults is also presented. This integration engages students early on because it presents the topics of greatest interest to them, such as the role of nutrition in health and disease, along with basic nutrition principles. Students are then more motivated to learn the basics and are prepared to apply them to their personal health and nutrition.

### Continuing and New Features of the Fourth Edition

The Fourth Edition continues with, enhances, and adds to the features of earlier editions. These features help to emphasize the importance of the total dietary pattern as well as individual nutrients in health and disease. They also support the scientific approach used throughout the text, encourage the students to learn and use critical thinking skills, and enhance the educational effectiveness and visual appeal of the book.

The Total Diet The more science discovers about nutrition, the more clear it becomes that it is not a single food or nutrient that determines our nutritional health. Rather it is the total diet, including the overall combination of nutrients, foods, and other health-promoting substances, that determines nutritional status. This concept is highlighted by chapter sections that address the role of a nutrient as one part of the total diet. These sections stress the importance of a diet based on whole grains, fruits, and vegetables and the importance of meeting nutrient needs with a variety of foods. This type of diet provides a variety of nonnutrient

substances such as phytochemicals that are also important to health and are lacking when people rely on vitamin and mineral supplements, rather then foods, to meet their nutrient needs. Several of the Critical Thinking exercises help illustrate that each dietary choice we make affects more than one nutrient in the diet. This focus on the importance of the diet as a whole rather than on single foods or nutrients helps students understand that one choice does not make or break a diet.

New: Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs) for Energy, Carbohydrates, Fiber, Fat, Protein, and Amino Acids This text incorporates the new DRI recommendations for energy and the macronutrients, which were released in September 2002. These new DRIs emphasize that carbohydrate, fat, and protein all serve as energy sources in the diet and must therefore be considered together. Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Ranges (AMDR) of 45 to 65% of energy from carbohydrate, 20 to 35% from fat, and 10 to 35% from protein have been recommended. Adequate Intakes have been established for fiber and essential fatty acids; RDAs have been set for dietary carbohydrate and protein; Estimated Energy Requirements have been developed for four different activity levels; and new physical activity recommendations have been presented. The DRIs for nutrients involved in bone formation (calcium, phosphorus, magnesium, vitamin D, and flouride), for B vitamins and choline, for antioxidants (vitamin C, vitamin E, selenium, and carotenoids), and for vitamins A and K and the trace elements are also included in this text and updates will be provided throughout the life of this edition for DRI sets that have not yet been completed.

New: A Separate Chapter on Meeting Nutrient Needs with Food, Fortified Foods, and Dietary Supplements The modern food supply offers a variety of ways to meet nutrient needs. For many people, a well-planned diet made up of minimally processed foods can provide all their nutrient needs. For others, supplemental sources (that is, fortified foods and dietary supplements) may be desired or required to meet needs. For the first time, government recommendations on nutrient needs, the Dietary Reference Intakes, have recognized that these products may be the best way for certain life-stage groups to meet their needs. However, the increase in the availability of these products has also opened the door for toxicity. Even those who do not take supplements may consume more than the recommended amounts of certain nutrients in fortified products such as breakfast cereals and beverages. To address these issues, this edition has included a new chapter (12) that discusses the benefits and drawbacks of meeting needs with foods, fortified foods, and supplements as well as the role of many supplements that are not nutrients, including herbal supplements. A text that does not address this topic invites students to seek information from less reliable sources. Discussions of many popular dietary supplements are also integrated throughout the text with information

about individual nutrients and topics such as weight loss, exercise, and aging.

Staying Abreast of New Information The Fourth Edition continues to provide up-to-date coverage of the most recent advances in nutrition science, such as the relationship between genetics and body weight regulation, the ecological impact of genetically modified foods and organic food production, and the nutritional and health impact of phytochemicals and dietary supplements. The text is well referenced with the majority of references from the last five years. The authors would be happy to provide sources for information that is not referenced in the text. Recent public health messages are also included. For example, the Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2000 are covered thoroughly in Chapter 2 and highlighted throughout the text. When one or more of the recommendations of the Dietary Guidelines applies to the topic being addressed, a graphic depicting these guidelines appears.

Easy-to-Understand Metabolism Information Metabolism is one of the most challenging topics for nutrition students. To prevent students from being overwhelmed, this text integrates coverage of metabolism with discussions of each of the macronutrients rather then concentrating it into one long chapter. This approach allows information on metabolism to build on and reinforce what was learned in the previous chapter. For example, the information on fat metabolism in Chapter 5 builds on the presentation of carbohydrates in Chapter 4. Chapter 7 integrates all of the information on energy production. Chapters 8 through 11 discuss the role of micronutrients in metabolism, and Chapter 13 provides an overview and review by applying this knowledge to a discussion of fitness and the exercising body.

Environmental Issues Discussions of environmental issues are included because they can have an impact on the nutrient composition of foods as well as on food choices. For example, the amounts of certain nutrients in a food, such as iodine and selenium, depend on the environmental conditions where that food is produced. In addition, the foods we choose are often affected by our concern for the environment. This is discussed in depth in Chapters 17 and 18 where the impact of food production on the environment and the benefits and risks of organic food production and genetically modified foods are discussed.

Ethnic Diversity This text uses statistics and examples to reflect the broad cultural base of a diverse student population. Incorporating ethnic foods in text examples and in Critical Thinking exercises throughout make the book more relevant for this audience. In addition, these examples expose students to the foods and eating patterns of other cultures. Differences in the disease risks of various ethnic groups in relation to their genetic makeup and their native diets are also addressed.

Concise, Easy-to-Read Style As the field of nutrition progresses, more and more information becomes available and textbooks get longer and longer. To help instructors and students cover the important and interesting aspects of macronutrients and micronutrients, the length of the Fourth Edition has been kept in check. The writing style is concise, consistent, engaging, and easy to read. The organization from chapter to chapter is uniform, each chapter starting with a "friendly" or familiar topic to capture students' interest. Throughout the book, similar illustration designs—such as those depicting the metabolism of carbohydrate, fat, and protein; the nutrient content of foods; and the recommendations of the Dietary Guidelines—help students identify analogous information and reinforce and build upon knowledge acquired in previous sections. Colors are also used consistently to represent carbohydrate, fat, and protein and to identify certain steps in metabolism.

Critical Thinking Exercises These unique exercises appear in each chapter. They use case histories to introduce a nutritional problem and then guide students through the logical thought processes involved in solving the problem. Some questions are answered to provide a model for students, and others require students to critically think through the answers themselves (solutions are included in the Appendices). The Critical Thinking exercises also provide a guide for students to use when answering Applications questions at the end of the chapter. In the Fourth Edition many Critical Thinking exercises have been revised to improve clarity and reflect changes in the field.

Off the Shelf These boxed features discuss issues that relate to items that can be obtained off the shelves of stores, such as foods, books, and supplements. They focus on consumer issues and choices and on evaluating nutrition information. Off the Shelf discussions are a unique aspect of this text, briefly highlighting topics of special interest that deserve more explanation. They can be read separately or in conjunction with the body of the text. In the Fourth Edition, new boxes have been added and old ones updated to reflect new information relating to the topic being discussed.

Off the Label These features present in-depth information on food labels as they apply to specific nutrients or issues. The most up-to-date information is included. For example, in Chapter 3 the box "Antacids: Getting the Drug Facts" points out that taking medications can add nutrients to the diet and explains how the drug facts label can be used to assess the nutrient contribution made by a medication. Other new Off the Label boxes show how to use labels to get enough calcium in your diet and how to understand the information about micronutrients that is given on the label.

Life Stage Icons In each chapter, life stage icons highlight issues and recommendations that apply to specific stages and circumstances of life. This information helps students understand how nutrient requirements are affected by one's

life stage as well as offering information relevant to students in all phases of life. These topics are also covered in depth in separate chapters (14, 15, 16).

#### The Fourth Edition, Chapter-by-Chapter

The text includes five parts. The first part, "Nutrition: Sorting Fact from Fantasy," introduces the reader to the basic concepts of nutrition, the scientific method, and the principles of digestion and absorption necessary to understand issues presented throughout the book. The second part, "Energy-Yielding Nutrients," includes chapters on carbohydrates, lipids, and proteins, as well as a chapter that covers energy balance, weight control, and eating disorders. The third part, "Water and the Micronutrients," examines the non-energy-yielding nutrients: water, vitamins, and minerals as well as supplemental sources of nutrients. The fourth part, "Applying Nutrition to Life," applies the basics of nutrition to different lifestyle issues and stages of development. The final part, "Nutrition in Today's World," addresses food safety and discusses issues related to malnutrition in North America and the world. The material is presented in a consistent and logical order, but the chapters and sections can be taught in any order.

Chapter 1, "Nutrition: Everyday Choices," provides an overview of the nutrients and their roles in the body, and introduces the scientific method. Chapter 1 also teaches students how to sort accurate from inaccurate nutrition information. A mock ad featuring a protein supplement for athletes is used to help students learn how to interpret nutrition information from many sources.

Chapter 2, "Applying the Science of Nutrition," shows how the results of scientific studies are used to develop dietary standards and guidelines. The Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs) are introduced here, and tools for diet planning, including the Food Guide Pyramid, Exchange Lists, and food labels, are presented so that students can begin applying them to their own diets. The Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2000 are discussed and help tie together other recommendations and guidelines. The final section of this chapter discusses how these and other tools can be used to assess the nutritional health of populations and individuals. Information from the most up-to-date surveys (NHANES IV) and programs (Healthy People 2010) is provided here and throughout the text. The Critical Thinking exercises in this chapter demonstrate how to plan diets using the Food Guide Pyramid and how nutritional assessment can be used to identify nutrition-related health problems.

Chapter 3, "The Human Body: From Meals to Molecules," presents digestion and absorption by showing how a particular meal is digested, its nutrients absorbed into the body and transported to the cells where metabolism occurs, and finally how wastes are removed. A new Off the Label box discusses the potential nutritional impact of over the counter medications.

Chapters 4, 5, and 6 discuss carbohydrates, lipids, and proteins, respectively. Each begins with information about

the types of foods that contain these nutrients, followed by a discussion of their basic structures. Key points about the digestion and absorption of these nutrients are followed by a section addressing their role in the body. In each chapter, energy production is summarized using a figure that illustrates how the metabolism of each nutrient interfaces with that of others. A separate section on health and disease is followed by a section that discusses the role of each individual nutrient as one part of the total diet. Nutrient requirements and how they vary through life, as well as how to make dietary choices to meet recommendations, are presented. To teach students how to select a healthy diet, the recommendations of the DRIs and Dietary Guidelines are integrated with the information provided by food labels and the Food Guide Pyramid.

In Chapter 4 information on diabetes has been updated and expanded to provide students with a better understanding of the long-term consequences of this growing public health problem. The DRI recommendations, including the RDA and Acceptable Macronutrient Distribution Range (AMDR) for carbohydrate intake and the AI fiber, are presented and discussed. Chapter 5 has been updated to reflect the new DRI recommendations and the most recent recommendations regarding blood cholesterol levels. Improvements and additions to the art program help students to better understand lipid structure, digestion, absorption, and metabolism. In Chapter 6, the discussion of protein synthesis and gene expression has been strengthened, and intake recommendations have been updated to reflect the new DRIs. A new vegetarian Food Guide Pyramid has been added, and information on the potential health benefits of soy protein has been updated.

Chapter 7, "Energy Balance and Weight Management," presents the concept of energy balance and applies it to weight management. This chapter includes the new DRI Estimated Energy Requirements (EERs), which are based on physical activity levels. The presentation of obesity reflects the newer view that it is a disease that should be treated using an individualized plan that includes diet, exercise, behavior modification, and, when appropriate, medication. Information on assessing body weight using body mass index (BMI) has been updated to include the recommendations of the Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 2000. Updated information is also included on how body weight is regulated and the role of genetic versus environmental factors in determining body fatness. A new Off the Shelf feature discusses the risks of using weight-loss supplements called fat burners. The health risks of too much or too little body fat as well as of eating disorders are addressed.

Chapter 8, "The Water-Soluble Vitamins," begins with a general overview of vitamins—where they are found in the diet, factors affecting bioavailability, and how they function. Each of the B vitamins and vitamin C are discussed individually, but the B vitamins are grouped according to common roles as coenzymes in energy production, amino acid metabolism, and cell division. Discussions of each of the water-soluble vitamins include sources in the diet, func-

tions in the body, impact on health, recommended intakes, supplement use, and potential for toxicity. This chapter also discusses choline, a substance that is not currently classified as a vitamin but one for which DRIs have been established. Improved line art helps identify Food Guide Pyramid Groups that are good sources of these vitamins and point out functional relationships among the B vitamins. The section on vitamin C includes an expanded discussion of the role of antioxidants in protecting the body from damage.

Chapter 9, "The Fat-Soluble Vitamins," presents each of the fat-soluble vitamins and discusses sources in the diet, functions in the body, impact on health, recommended intakes, supplement use, and potential for toxicity. A discussion (with line art) of how vitamins A and D act by affecting gene expression is presented in this chapter.

Chapter 10, "The Internal Sea: Water and the Major Minerals," presents information on where these nutrients are found and discusses their function in the body, their relationship to health and disease, and recommended intakes. Water is discussed first, followed by the electrolytes sodium, potassium, and chloride, which interact closely with water. Some general information about minerals is followed by a discussion of the minerals involved in bone formation—calcium, phosphorus, and magnesium. The impact of diet and lifestyle on hypertension and osteoporosis is also addressed here. Advances in our understanding of the impact of total dietary patterns on hypertension is stressed by an expanded discussion of the DASH diet, a dietary pattern that has been shown to lower blood pressure.

Chapter 11, "The Trace Minerals: Our Elemental Needs," discusses the trace elements in a format similar to that used for other micronutrients. An emphasis is placed on the unique roles of some minerals and on the similarities in function and the interactions that exist among them. Discussions of the health issues related to these nutrients help create interest, as do discussions of the pros and cons of trace element supplements. For example, the discussion of iron has been expanded to place emphasis on the problems of iron overload as well as iron deficiency, and an Off the Shelf feature on the effectiveness of zinc lozenges for treating cold symptoms has been updated.

The new Chapter 12, "Meeting Our Needs: Food, Fortified Food, and Supplements," addresses the fact that Americans today get their nutrients from fortified food and dietary supplements as well as food. This new chapter has been added to address the role that fortified foods and supplements have in the diet and the advantages and disadvantages of using these products. We emphasize the fact that food sources of nutrients also provide other substances, such as phytochemicals, which, although they are not nutrients, may have health benefits. An expanded section on dietary supplements uses a risk-benefit approach to help students evaluate all products defined as dietary supplements. We have added an Off the Shelf feature that discusses foods that have been highly fortified with micronutrients and herbs. A new Critical Thinking exercise helps students learn how to evaluate the safety and efficacy of dietary supplements.

Discussions of dietary supplements are also integrated throughout the book, with applicable topics.

Chapter 13, "Fueling Fitness: Nutrition and Exercise," is designed to emphasize the importance of fitness to nutritional health as well as to provide information on nutrition and athletic performance. This chapter includes the new DRI exercise recommendations and serves as a review of metabolism and energy production. By this point in the text, students have studied all the essential nutrients, so a complete discussion of the macronutrient and micronutrient needs for energy production can be included. An expanded discussion of ergogenic aids for more competitive athletes directs students to use a risk-benefit analysis of these products before deciding whether or not to use them. A new Off the Shelf feature discusses anabolic steroids, androstenedione, and other ergogenic hormones.

Chapter 14, "In the Beginning: Nutrition for Mothers and Infants," addresses the role of nutrition in development by discussing the nutritional needs of the mother during pregnancy and lactation as well as the nutritional needs of the infant. Current recommendations and practical information about breast and formula feeding of infants are given. The DRI recommendations for pregnancy and lactation are included.

Chapter 15, "The Growing Years: Infancy to Adolescence," begins by discussing the importance of learning healthy eating habits early in life. The chapter discusses nutrient needs from the first solid foods offered to infants to the independent choices of adolescents. Exercise recommendations and an activity pyramid for children are included. A discussion of nutrition and alcohol consumption is included in this chapter because adolescents are often faced with the important choice of whether or not to use alcohol.

Chapter 16, "Nutrition and Aging: The Adult Years," addresses how nutrition affects aging and how aging affects nutrition. It includes updated information on the interrelationships between aging and nutritional status. It discusses nutrient-drug interactions, including an expanded discussion of the risks and benefits of alcohol consumption. Also presented are nutrition programs such as the Older Americans Act and the Nutrition Screening Initiative. The chapter includes a new Critical Thinking exercise that shows how the DETERMINE checklist can be used to identify and prevent malnutrition in the elderly.

Chapter 17, "How Safe Is Our Food Supply?" discusses the risks and benefits associated with the U.S. food supply and includes information on the impact of microbial hazards, chemical toxins, food additives, irradiation, and genetically modified foods. The directives of the Food Safety Initiative are addressed, including the use of HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point) to ensure safe food and advances in technology that help identify the sources of food-borne illness. Information on genetically modified food production and the debate surrounding its benefits and risks has been expanded. A new Off the Shelf box has been added discussing Mad Cow disease and the potential risk associated with consuming meat from affected animals.

Chapter 18, "The Global View: Feeding the World," deals with the problems of hunger and malnutrition both at home and globally. It discusses the issue of providing enough of the right kinds of food and distributing it equitably. It examines the causes of world hunger, along with potential solutions. Updated information on the status of world hunger and micronutrient deficiencies is presented. The health impact of the "Westernization" of the diet in many developing countries is discussed.

#### **Ancillaries**

This Fourth Edition of *Nutrition: Science and Applications* is accompanied by a complete set of supplementary teaching and learning materials. The materials available for *students* are as follows:

Diet Analysis Software The diet analysis software package includes values for energy and 25 nutrients for about 4000 foods. It includes a feature that allows users to add 30 foods to the database to keep pace with the ever-growing market of available products. The database has been designed to incorporate the foods mentioned throughout the text, including foods from a variety of cultures. The database includes updated folate values for all non-brand-name foods and for many brand-name items. The software includes an analysis of the diet based on the number of servings recommended by the Food Guide Pyramid.

Study Guide This guide, written by Melanie Burns of Eastern Illinois University, includes chapter outlines, multiple-choice questions, matching exercises, short-answer review questions, and a variety of learning activities designed for use by individual students and by groups in the classroom.

The teaching materials available to *instructors* include the following:

Instructor's Manual The Instructor's Manual, available online from the text Web site, is written by the authors and includes key concepts, complete chapter outlines, new Critical Thinking exercises, diet assessment forms, key terms, student self-assessment forms, and sources of other materials, including useful Web sites.

Test Bank The Test Bank, written by Kathy Beerman and Lois Jensen, both of Washington State University, includes multiple-choice and short-answer questions as well as short case studies with attendant questions that encourage students to apply what they have learned.

Overhead Transparencies This set of 100 full-color overheads helps instructors illustrate the book's more complicated concepts in the classroom.

Instructor's Resource CD-ROM for Nutrition This dual-platform presentation CD-ROM (for Macintosh and

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Windows) features all of the illustrations and tables from the text in both jpeg and PowerPoint formats.

Both students and instructors will find additional resources on the text's companion Web site: www.wiley.com/college/smolin.

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### To the Student

Ice cream on the cover of a nutrition text, what were they thinking? Most nutrition texts choose to put a photo of fruits, vegetables, or grain products on the cover. These foods make up the basis of a healthy diet. We choose to put ice cream on our cover to emphasize the concept of choice—any food can be part of a healthy diet. Your diet is made up of all the food choices you make throughout the course of a day. And no one food makes or breaks a diet. If you choose ice cream, the nutrients you get are different than if you choose to eat an orange. Even the choice of fruit sorbet instead of mocha almond fudge makes a different nutrient contribution. Fresh fruit may provide more nutrients with fewer kcalories than ice cream, but ice cream can be part of a healthy diet as long as all of your choices put together provide an overall diet that promotes health, protects you from disease, and provides enjoyment. Each food and lifestyle choice you make must be balanced with other choices you have made or intend to make. Good nutrition does not mean giving up all the foods you like; it means making wise choices. To help you with nutrition choices, we have provided a text that bridges the gap between popular nutrition and nutrition science. Our goal is not to tell you, for instance, that you should or should not eat ice cream or potato chips. Instead, we have provided you with the information you need to make your own informed decisions. This text takes nutrition science out of the classroom and allows you to apply it to the choices you make about foods, dietary supplements, and other lifestyle factors important to your health.

## How to Use This Book to Make Informed Choices

In order to help you understand and apply the principles of nutrition, we have designed and incorporated some very useful learning aids. From the menu of features below, you can choose which will be most helpful to you in learning, retaining, and applying the information presented in this text.

**Just a Taste** What do you know, or think you know? Find out by answering these questions at the beginning of each chapter. They offer a simple self-test that targets common nutrition misconceptions.

**Chapter Outline** What's in store? This outline of the chapter's content provides you with an overview of all the material presented in this chapter.

Chapter Concepts Need a concept check? Each chapter opens with a checklist of the concepts to be explored. These help you preview how the material will be covered. You can go back and review them once you have completed the chapter to see how well you have digested the material in the chapter.

Boldfaced Terms and Margin Definitions See an unfamiliar term? Important terms are shown in boldfaced type throughout the text. These help point out words that may be new to you. Each boldfaced term is defined in the margin for easy reference. These terms and many others are also included in the main glossary at the back of the book.

Off the Shelf Intrigued by an idea in the chapter? We have chosen some of the most common consumer choices related to products available off the shelves of stores and presented the pros and cons of selecting them. These Off the Shelf discussions will help you think more logically and scientifically about nutrition decisions in your life. They can be read separately or in conjunction with the body of the text.

Off the Label Trying to figure out which breakfast cereal is better for you? Try reading the Nutrition Facts label. Food labels provide a wealth of information on dietary recommendations and the nutritional contributions made by specific foods. Off the Label features will teach you how to choose low-kcalorie items, how to figure out how much vitamin C is in a food, and how to tell if a food is low in fat. This practical knowledge about food labels will help you choose foods wisely and know what you are choosing.

Critical Thinking You think you understand the concept? Now, try applying it. Use the Critical Thinking exercises in each chapter to see if you can apply the concepts covered. Following the thought processes outlined in these exercises can help you to better address your own nutrition concerns.

Applications Try again. These exercises at the end of each chapter give you an opportunity to apply the critical thinking skills developed in Critical Thinking exercises and the knowledge gained throughout the chapter to your own diet and lifestyle.

Art and Photography Are you a visual learner? The art was carefully developed and the photography chosen to enhance your understanding of and interest in the material

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discussed in the text. Use these to complement and enhance the information in the text.

On the Web Need more information? The On the Web feature offers the names and web addresses of sites where you can find additional information about topics discussed in the chapter.

Chapter Summary Have you remembered the most important concepts? A summary at the end of each chapter parallels but provides more detail about the concepts used to introduce each chapter. Use this summary of important information to review the chapter topics.

Review Questions Check your knowledge. If you can answer the review questions at the end of each chapter, you have grasped the most important concepts covered in the chapter. They are designed to review in a simple manner the key points of each chapter and to serve as a study guide.

Inside the Covers Need a quick reference? Opening the front and back covers will give you instant access to the DRI values. Tables that include the RDAs and AI values for vitamins and minerals as well as those that list the recommendations for carbohydrate, fat, protein, and energy can be found here.

Appendices We tried, but we couldn't fit everything in the text. Additional information has been put in appendices at the end of the text. These include a comprehensive food composition table containing information on energy and 25 nutrients in about 4000 foods, including fast foods and con-

venience foods. Other appendices include standards for nutritional indices, such as height and weight charts for infants through the elderly; normal blood values used in nutrition assessment; reliable sources of nutrition information; dietary recommendations from the United States, Canada, and the World Health Organization; recommendations for risk reduction from various special interest groups, such as the American Heart Association; the Exchange Lists; versions of the Food Guide Pyramid that reflect ethnically diverse food choices; an extensive review of food labeling guidelines; energy expenditure values; and answers to Critical Thinking exercises.

**Glossary** Forgot what the term means? An extensive glossary of terms is included at the end of the text to provide a quick reference for terminology with which you may be unfamiliar or for which you may need review.

**Index** Want to review a specific concept? The text is well indexed to allow easy cross-reference to material of interest.

We have offered plenty of choices on how to absorb and apply this material. We hope that you benefit from the variety of options while learning to apply your knowledge and enjoy a healthy diet chosen from the diversity of flavors, textures, and tastes that are available in today's food supply.

> Lori Smolin Storrs, Connecticut Mary Grosvenor Delta, Colorado October 2002

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