



FUNDAMENTALS of ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION

KNOWLEDGE, SENSITIVITY, SKILLS, VALUES

THIRD EDITION

PAMELA SHOCKLEY-ZALABAK

University of Colorado



Fundamentals of Organizational Communication: Knowledge, Sensitivity, Skills, Values, Third Edition

Copyright © 1995, 1991, 1988 by Longman Publishers USA. All rights reserved.

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior permission of the publisher.

Longman, 10 Bank Street, White Plains, N.Y. 10606

Associated companies: Longman Group Ltd., London Longman Cheshire Pty., Melbourne Longman Paul Pty., Auckland Copp Clark Longman Ltd., Toronto

Executive editor: Pamela Gordon Assistant editor: Hillary B. Henderson Production editor: Ann P. Kearns Text design: Betty Sokol Cover design: Kevin C. Kall Cover photo: The Image Bank Production supervisor: Richard C. Bretan

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Shockley-Zalabak, Pamela.

Fundamentals of organizational communication: knowledge, sensitivity, skills, values / Pamela Shockley-Zalabak. — 3rd ed.

p. cm

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0-8013-1540-9

1. Communication in organizations. I. Title.

HD30.3.S55 1995 658.4'5—dc20

94-37987

Preface

Effective communication in organizations is widely considered to be necessary both for the attainment of organizational goals and for individual productivity and satisfaction. How can we respond to this emphasis on organizational communication? Is it possible to prepare for jobs in the corporations of the 1990s and 2000s, and if so, how? What communication competencies is the corporate world seeking? Even more basic, how do we begin to define what organizational communication competency is?

This text explores the development of key communication competencies for the 1990s and beyond. It is organized for an interaction of theory, practice, and analysis through an emphasis on *knowledge*, *sensitivity*, *skills*, and *values*.

Among the issues of central importance are: What constitutes communication competency? Why in this text do we broadly develop communication competencies rather than merely survey key disciplinary concepts? And what happens to key disciplinary concepts in this process?

The question of what constitutes communication competency has been a major topic in recent research. The framework I prefer is comprehensive, with four basic components—process understanding, interpersonal sensitivity, communication skills, and ethical responsibility. When applied to organizational communication, competency develops from increased understanding of the communication process; ability to sense accurately the meanings and feelings of oneself and others in the organization; improved skills in interacting, conflict management, and decision making; and finally, a well-defined sense of organizational as well as interpersonal ethics.

Why a competency-based approach? The answer is simple: Organizing material by competency components is academically relevant and important to contemporary organizations. Surveys of key concepts and issues for organizational communication develop knowledge but are not sufficient to meet the challenges of applying knowledge to participation in organizational life. Studies of corporate America have described intense informal communication as the key to excellence in the 1990s and beyond. Further, a recent major employer's survey found that accurately processing information within organizations, though necessary, was not sufficient for excellence; the surveyed employers want individuals who take personal respon-

sibility for building relationships that contribute to quality communication. The *sensitivity* and *values* components in our competency framework specifically address this need. The competency-based approach is more comprehensive than most other approaches and has as its goal the development of knowledge which, in turn, supports the development of sensitivity, skills, and values.

THE COMPETENCY FRAMEWORK

Knowledge

Knowledge is developed through presentation of theoretical concepts important to the study of organizational communication. Knowledge competencies are what we come to know about a particular field of study—in this case organizational communication. Knowledge is the learning of theory and principles. Knowledge competencies are fundamental to support our sensitivity to organizational life, to guide our skill development, and to assist us in understanding the application of ethical standards and our personal values in organizational settings. To this end, we will examine various frameworks for understanding organizational communication, communication implications of major organizational theories, and communication processes in organizations.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity competency refers to our ability to sense or become aware of a variety of organizational meanings and feelings. It is related to our ability and willingness to understand what others are feeling and doing. To develop the sensitivity component, we will study and analyze various roles and relationships within organizations. Individual sensitivity can be developed by analyzing the impact of personal behaviors in organizational settings. We will examine such situations as individuals in organizations, dyadic relationships (specifically supervisor-subordinate relationships), group processes, conflict, and leadership and management communication. Additionally, we will emphasize the importance of the sensitivity component for our increasingly diverse, multicultural, and international organizational world.

Skills

The skills component focuses on developing important analytical capabilities as well as the ability to communicate effectively in a variety of settings.

It is designed to help students develop both initiating and consuming communication skills. We will identify key organizational communication skills (e.g., decision making, problem solving, fact-finding, interviewing, and making presentations) and provide analysis and practice opportunities appropriate for each. Also, analysis opportunities provided in case studies, in-baskets (decision-making exercises based on a series of written messages), and simulations will contribute to skill development.

Values

The values component is key to the integration of knowledge, sensitivity, and skills. To understand the realities of organizational life, we must first examine how individual and organizational values or ethics can shape organizational communication behavior. We will have an opportunity to develop values and ethics through case studies that present ethical dilemmas and value issues in organizational settings. We will adopt different value positions and ethical perspectives to analyze cases, recommend courses of action, and predict outcomes.

Each chapter of this text attempts to contribute to competency development through the constant interaction of theory, practice, and analysis. Chapters are preceded by a statement of objectives and a short case study illustrating the concepts to be studied. Key terms and concepts are identified in margins, and chapters end with a concept summary and a workshop posing questions and issues in each of the competency areas—knowledge, sensitivity, skills, and values. The appendix provides additional practice and analysis opportunities.

Part I of this book is designed to develop *knowledge* through an understanding of what contributes to comprehensive communication competency and how we can understand this phenomenon called organizational communication. The chapters in Part I emphasize major organizational theories and their communication implications.

Part II is designed to develop the *sensitivity* component of communication competency. Chapters in Part II describe individuals in organizations and their intrapersonal, interpersonal, and small-group experiences. Particular emphases will be placed on the increasing diversity and multiculturalism of organizations as well as the study of conflict and leadership. Research indicates that conflict and leadership may well be the focal processes for effective communication in organizations. Texts in organizational communication frequently treat these topics mechanically, without emphasizing underlying subtleties such as organizational climate or the complex interactions of individual predispositions, strategies, and tactics. We will support our understanding of individual preferences in these crucial areas of organizational behavior by using self-assessment instruments.

Competency in the *skill* component is developed in Part III, where the various chapters identify key applications and career options for orga-

nizational communication skills and make specific suggestions for skill development.

The interaction of personal, organizational, and professional ethics and values is the subject of Part IV. The *values* component of communication competency is presented in this closing section. We place particular emphasis on how organizational values contribute to organizational culture and effectiveness.

Finally, the appendix contributes to the comprehensive development of all four competency components through an interaction of theory, practice, and analysis. Materials in the appendix are to be used as supplements to the other chapters to foster an application of learning through practical and realistic examples.

I wrote this book for four primary reasons: my research interests in organizational communication; my experiences with students who appreciate the importance of the study of organizational communication; my twenty-plus years of business experience in both the private and public sectors; and my fundamental belief that organizations and the discipline of organizational communication must undergo significant change as we approach the twenty-first century. These experiences and beliefs, when taken together, have been invaluable to me in relating theory to practice and in projecting competency needs for the future.

I am grateful for the help and support of many individuals in the development of this manuscript. My colleagues in the Communication Department at the University of Colorado at Colorado Springs and throughout the country have provided support, ideas, feedback, and contributions important to this book. Special thanks go to the individuals who have used earlier editions and whose insights guided this effort. I also want to thank the many special students at the University of Colorado at Colorado Springs who reviewed and critiqued most of the exercises, in-baskets, and cases contained in the text, and Sarah Porter, who designed the new illustrations.

On a personal note, I wrote this book with the guidance, love, and support of my family. My father and mother, Jim and Leatha Shockley, have influenced more than they will ever know a special pursuit of learning. To my husband, Charles, whose love, support, work, and encouragement have been continuous, I shall always be grateful.

This book was written for students who want to change and improve organizations, who are willing to take risks in striving for excellence, and who love and appreciate human communication. Therefore, to students (past, present, and future) and to my family (most particularly Charles and Mom and Dad), I dedicate this book.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The author would like to thank the following reviewers for their helpful comments on the manuscript for this third edition:

Mary Helen Brown, Auburn University
Kenneth L. Hacker, New Mexico State University
Sandra L. Herndon, Ithaca College
Robert Rosenthal, Suffolk University
Lorel Scott, St. Louis University
Dudley Turner, University of Akron
Donald Yoder, University of Dayton

Contents

Preface xiii

PART I ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION: THEORIES/ASSUMPTIONS/PROCESSES

1

CHAPTER 1 ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION: A COMPETENCY-BASED APPROACH 3

The Communications Era 4
Communication—The Key to Organizational Excellence 6
Excellence in Communication—Communication Competency 7
Organizational Communication—A Competency-Based
Approach 9
Self-Assessment of Personal Development Needs 10
Summary 15
Workshop 15
Summary of Competency Components 16
References and Suggested Readings 16

CHAPTER 2 FRAMEWORKS FOR UNDERSTANDING ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION 21

The "What Business Is This of Ours?" Case 22
Introduction 23
Basics of Human Communication 23
Elements in the Communication Process 25
The Construction of Shared Realities 29
Concepts of Organizations 29
Definitions of Organizational Communication 31

Summary 36
Workshop 36
Summary of Competency Components 38
References and Suggested Readings 39

CHAPTER 3 THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES FOR ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION 41

The Coronado Company's Quality Defects Case 42 Introduction 42 The Functional Approach 44 The United Concepts Advertising Agency Dilemma Case 60 The Meaning-Centered Approach The "Newcomers Aren't Welcome Here" Case 74 **Emerging Perspectives** 75 Summary 80 Workshop 81 Summary of Competency Components 85 References and Suggested Readings

CHAPTER 4 COMMUNICATION IMPLICATIONS OF MAJOR ORGANIZATIONAL THEORIES 91

The Davis Instrument Company's Manufacturing Crisis 92
Introduction 93
The Scientific Management School 94
The Human Behavior School 103
The Integrated Perspectives School 112
Postmodern and Critical Perspectives 123
Summary 126
Workshop 128

One or Two Aspects of Communication in the Scientific Environment *Charles Zalabak* 129

Summary of Competency Components 135 References and Suggested Readings 135

PART II ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION: ROLES/RELATIONSHIPS/RESPONSIBILITIES 139

CHAPTER 5 INDIVIDUALS IN ORGANIZATIONS 141

Dave Green's First Real Job 142 Introduction 142 Individuals in Organizations 143 The Intrapersonal Experience 145 Dave Green—The Intrapersonal Experience 146 Interpersonal Experiences Dave Green—Interpersonal Experiences 155 Increasing Interpersonal Effectiveness 164 Summary 174 175 Workshop

Colorblindness and the Organizational Mystique *Anita Foeman* 177

The Marketing Department Has a Diversity Issue Amy Martz and Anita Foeman 179

Are We So Different We Can't Work Together? Adelina M. Gomez 181

Summary of Competency Components 183 References and Suggested Readings 184

CHAPTER 6 GROUPS IN ORGANIZATIONS 189

Dave Green's Small-Group Experiences 190
Introduction 190
Small-Group Experiences 191
Types of Groups 203
Increasing Group Participation Effectiveness 209
Summary 215
Workshop 216

Creating a Diversity Program Anita Foeman 219

Summary of Competency Components 222 References and Suggested Readings 223

CHAPTER 7 ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICT: COMMUNICATING FOR EFFECTIVENESS 225

The Middlesex Insurance Company Case 226 Introduction 226 227 Defining and Describing Conflict Processes The Individual in Organizational Conflict 233 Groups in Organizational Conflict 245 Productively Engaging in Conflict 249 Guidelines for Productive Conflict 253 Summary 256 257 Workshop Summary of Competency Components 263 References and Suggested Readings 264

CHAPTER 8 LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT COMMUNICATION 267

The Case of the Invisible Manager 268 Introduction 268 The Importance of Leadership and Management Communication 269 Theories of Leadership and Management 271 Transformational Approaches Distinctions between Leadership and Management 285 Leadership and Management Challenges 286 Determinants of Leadership Effectiveness 289 Increasing Leadership Effectiveness Summary 303 Workshop 303

Leadership That Transforms Michael Z. Hackman and Craig Johnson 306

Summary of Competency Components 310 References and Suggested Readings 310

PART III ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION: SKILLS AND APPLICATIONS

313

CHAPTER 9 DECISION MAKING AND PROBLEM
SOLVING: DEVELOPING CRITICAL
ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION
COMPETENCIES 315

The Decisions, Problems, More Decisions Case 316 Introduction 317 Defining Decision Making and Problem Solving 317 Influences for Decision Making and Problem Solving 319 Methods for Decision Making and Problem Solving 322 Barriers to Effective Decision Making and Problem Solving 324 Problem-Solving Processes 326 Increasing Decision-Making and Problem-Solving Effectiveness 334 Summary 343 Workshop 344 Summary of Competency Components 351 References and Suggested Readings 352

CHAPTER 10 PARTICIPATING IN ORGANIZATIONS: DEVELOPING IMPORTANT COMMUNICATION COMPETENCIES 355

The Spending More to Save More Presentation Case 356 Introduction 356 Interviews in Organizations Increasing Interview Effectiveness 361 Presentations in Organizations Types of Organizational Presentations 365 Increasing Presentation Effectiveness Communications Technology in Organizations 373 375 Summary Workshop 376 Summary of Competency Components 377 References and Suggested Readings

CHAPTER 11 APPLICATIONS OF ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION 381

The "Where Do We Go from Here?" Case 382
Introduction 383
Choosing a Communication Career 383
Career Choices in Organizational Communication 387
Educational Preparation for Organizational Communication Careers 393
Professional Applications of Organizational Communication:
Helping Organizations Develop and Change 394
Summary 403
Workshop 403

So What Are You Doing after Graduation? Some Reflections of a Former Xerox Salesperson *Donald D. Morley* 412

Communication as a Management Tool Susan Bowick 416

Summary of Competency Components 419 References and Suggested Readings 420

PART IV ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION: VALUES/ETHICS/DILEMMAS

421

CHAPTER 12 ORGANIZATIONAL COMMUNICATION: VALUES AND ETHICAL COMMUNICATION BEHAVIORS 423

The Presidential Fact-Finding (Witch-Hunt?) Case 424 Introduction 425 Values in Organizational Communication 426 Appraising Your Individual Value System 435 435 Ethics in Organizational Communication Ethical Dilemmas in Organizational Communication 441 Developing Ethical Standards in Organizational Communication 445 Summary 449 Workshop 450 Summary of Competency Components 454 References and Suggested Readings 455

APPENDIX PUTTING IT ALL TOGETHER 459

Cases 464

A Conflict of Interest Summer Kircher 465

Can Newspeople Challenge My Company? Kim Walker 466

What Gets Cut? Sherwyn P. Morreale 467

A Guide to Writing Effective Business Messages Carol M. Orr 472

The Barquette Cleaning Company Case David Gehring and R. Jeffrey Ringer 481

Two Men—Two Issues—Two Japanese Workers *Rieko McAdams* 484

Nonverbal Communication Work Sheet R. Jeffrey Ringer and Tonia Arnold 485

Competent Presentational Speaking in the Contemporary Organization: How You Can Be Effective . . . and Ethical! *Sherwyn P. Morreale* 486

References 497

Author Index 499

Subject Index 505

Organizational Communication: Theories/Assumptions/Processes

In Part I we will discuss the changing communication requirements brought about by an information-rich age. We will describe the need for communication competency in an information society, defining competency as a combination of our personal *knowledge*, *sensitivity*, *skills*, and *values*. We will explore the process nature of human communication and describe how communication can be understood in organizational settings. We will identify three major frameworks for understanding organizational communication—the functional, meaning-centered, and emerging approaches—and use these approaches to analyze communication implications from leading organizational theories.

Part I is designed to develop *knowledge* competencies in order to understand the process of communication and how that process can be observed in organizations. *Sensitivity* competencies will be developed through self-analysis and through exploring a variety of assumptions about human behavior in organizations. *Skills* will be developed and practiced through self-assessment and case studies. *Values* development will be encouraged by emphasizing the importance of communication for organizational excellence.

Part II will change our focus from the organization as a whole to individuals and how they relate to organizations. We will also identify individual competencies needed for organizational excellence. In Part III we will develop competencies for decision making and problem solving and will identify professional applications of organizational communication. Part IV will illustrate the importance of individual and organizational values and ethics for organizational communication. Finally, the Appendix contains case studies and a self-assessment instrument designed to develop communication competency by applying theory to practice and analysis opportunities.



试读结束, 需要全本PDF请购买 www.ertongbook.com