# Current Developments in Yeast Research

Edited by
GRAHAM G. STEWART and INGE RUSSELL

ADVANCES IN BIOTECHNOLOGY

PERGAMON PRESS

## **Current Developments** in Yeast Research

Edited by
GRAHAM G. STEWART and INGE RUSSELL
Labatt Brewing Company Limited
London, Canada

### **ADVANCES IN BIOTECHNOLOGY**

### **PERGAMON PRESS**

Toronto • Oxford • New York • Sydney • Paris • Frankfurt

#### **Pergamon Press Offices**

Canada Pergamon Press Canada Ltd., Suite 104, 150 Consumers Road,

Willowdale, Ontario, Canada M2J 1P9

U.K. Pergamon Press Ltd., Headington Hill Hall, Oxford OX3 0BW,

**England** 

U.S.A. Pergamon Press Inc., Maxwell House, Fairview Park, Elmsford,

New York, 10523, U.S.A.

Australia Pergamon Press (Aust.) Pty. Ltd., P.O. Box 544, Potts Point,

N.S.W. 2011, Australia

France Pergamon Press SARL, 24 rue des Ecoles, 75240 Paris, Cedex 05,

France

Federal Republic Pergamon Press GmbH, Hammerweg 6, 6242 Kronberg-Taunus,

of Germany Federal Republic of Germany

Copyright © 1981 Pergamon Press Canada Ltd.

#### Canadian Cataloguing in Publication Data

Main entry under title:

Current developments in yeast research

Proceedings of the Fifth International Symposium on Yeasts, London, Canada, July 20 - 25, 1980. Includes bibliographical references and indexes.

ISBN 0-08-025382-2

1. Yeast-Congresses. 2. Yeast fungi - Congresses.

I. Stewart, Graham G. II. Russell, Inge.

III. International Symposium on Yeasts (5th: 1980:

London, Ont.).

QR151.C87

589.2'33

C81-094694-7

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means: electronic, electrostatic, magnetic tape, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without permission in writing from the copyright holders.

In order to make this volume available as economically and as rapidly as possible the authors' typescripts have been reproduced in their original forms. This method unfortunately has its typographical limitations but it is hoped that they in no way distract the reader.

Printed in Canada.

## **Current Developments** in Yeast Research

## **ADVANCES IN BIOTECHNOLOGY**

Proceedings of the Fifth International Yeast Symposium held in London, Canada, July 20-25, 1980

#### **Titles of Related Interest**

#### Books

Ananchenko Frontiers in Bioorganic Chemistry and Molecular Biology

Barton et al. Comprehensive Organic Chemistry (6 volumes)

Chou & Harmon, Jr. Critical Food Issues of the Eighties

Coombs & Hall Techniques in Bioproductivity and Photosynthesis

Coulson & Chemical Engineering, Volume 3, 2/e: Chemical Reactor Design,

Richardson Biochemical Reaction Engineering

Goodman Biomass Energy Products

Mildner et al. Trends in Enzymology (2 volumes)

Moo-Young Comprehensive Biotechnology (3 volumes)

Morgan & Whelan Recombinant DNA and Genetic Experimentation

Rhodes & Fletcher Principles of Industrial Microbiology Rigaudy & Klesney Nomenclature of Organic Chemistry

St-Pierre & Brown Future Sources of Organic Raw Materials (CHEMRAWN-I)

Vogt Energy Conservation and Use of Renewable Energies

in the Bio-Industries

Zadrazil & Sponar DNA: Recombination, Interactions and Repair

#### **Journals**

**Biochemical Education** 

Biotechnology Advances: An International Review Journal Canadian Institute of Food Science and Technology Journal

Chemical Engineering Science Computers & Chemical Engineering Food and Cosmetics Toxicology

**Nutrition Research** 

Progress in Food & Nutrition Science

Progress in Lipid Research Pure and Applied Chemistry

#### Editorial Board

B. Johnson M.-A. Lachance I. Russell G.G. Stewart E.R. Tustanoff

#### **Preface**

The association between yeast and fermentation is an inseparable one. Consequently, it was logical to consolidate the Vth International Symposium on Yeasts (ISY) and the VIth International Fermentation Symposium (IFS) into a joint symposium. It was also most appropriate that the International Symposium on Yeasts should have been held in 1980, because it was exactly 300 years ago in 1680 that the Dutch draper Antonie van Leeuwenhoek reported the microscopic examination of yeast cells.

The group of microorganisms known as the "yeasts" is by traditional agreement limited to the fungi in which the unicellular form is predominant. Vegetative reproduction is usually but not always by budding. This group does not constitute a taxonomic entity, although it comprises subdivisions of narrowly related species. Compared to other major groups of microorganisms - algae, bacteria and protozoa - the yeasts are represented by comparatively few genera or species. It is thought that there are only about 350 species of yeast grouped into 39 genera.

Yeasts are, without doubt, both quantitatively and economically the most important group of microorganisms commercially exploited by man. The total amount of yeast produced annually, including that formed during brewing and in distilling practice, is in excess of a million tons and ethanol made for all purposes by fermentation processes involving yeast totals many millions of liters. The benefit to national exchequers is counted in billions of dollars.

No other group of microorganisms has been more intimately associated with the progress and well-being of the human race than the yeasts. Their contribution to man's progress has been based very largely on the capacity of certain yeasts to effect a rapid and efficient conversion of sugars into alcohol and carbon dioxide, and so conduct an alcoholic fermentation of sugary liquids such as grain extracts, grape juice and milk. It has often been said that yeasts are the oldest of cultivated plants.

Another major contribution which yeasts have made to man's progress has been the elucidation of the basic biochemical, metabolic and genetic processes of living cells. Saccharomyces cerevisiae and related species are currently much in favor, because they are eucaryotes that can be grown and analyzed genetically with

xiv Preface

similar ease to bacteria. Many investigators emphasize that, although yeasts can be manipulated like procaryotes (bacteria and viruses), they are essentially similar to higher eucaryotes (plants and animals) in cellular structure and behavior. There are features of yeast structure and behavior however that are rather different from those of higher eucaryotes. Nevertheless, studies on yeasts have provided and will continue to provide valuable information that is pertinent to all eucaryotes.

This publication contains many of the papers that were presented at the Vth ISY. The papers are grouped into the following sections: Industrial and Agricultural Uses, Genetics, Sporulation and Conjugation, Biochemistry, Taxonomy and Ecology, Cell Cycle and a special symposium held by the former and present associates of Herman Phaff to honor their colleague. Each of these papers has been subjected to independent review. In addition three of the Plenary Lectures that opened the symposium are included.

A companion series to this publication entitled "Advances in Biotechnology" is comprised of three volumes based on the proceedings of the VI International Fermentation Symposium. The Tables of Contents of these three volumes are included at the end of this book as a service to our readers.

In the preparation of this book , invaluable assistance has been received from the panel of referees:

A. C. Blackwood

A. Day

J. De Angelo

L. J. Douglas

J. Ernst

M. Finkelman

R. Freeman

F.S.M. Grylls

M. Ingledew

A. Jackson

H. Klaushofer

R. E. Kunkee

H. Lawford

M. J. Lewis

G. R. Lawford

E. Oura

C. Panchal

J. L. Schmidt

M. Silberstein

M. Sobolov

R. S. Tubb

A. Vardanis

B.J.B. Wood

Special gratitude is due to Margot and Udo Dargatz and Vivian Silberstein for proof-reading and re-writing many of the manuscripts, to Cathy Hanas and Barbara Kennedy for arranging and indexing the volume, and finally, but by no means least, to Joyce Wood for patiently re-typing and correcting many of the papers.

March, 1981 London and Ottawa Canada G. G. Stewart

I. Russell

E. R. Tustanoff

M.-A. Lachance

B. Johnson

## Contents

PRE	FACE	xiii
SEC	TION I INDUSTRIAL AND ACRICH THRAI MORG	
1.	IMPOUNDED INCOMMENT AND BREAD MAKING	1
2.	H. Suomalainen	3
3.	C. J. Panchal and G. G. Stewart	9
4.	G. G. Stewart, I. Russell and C. Panchal	17
5.	J. Meyrath and R. Braun	25
	J.F.T. Spencer, R. Miller, D. M. Spencer and D. Wilkie	33
6.	DEVELOPMENT OF A SEQUENCING BATCH YEAST REACTOR SYSTEM FOR ASSIMILATION OF LOW pH WASTES	
7.	Y. D. Hang	41
8.	THE INFLUENCE OF TEMPERATURE AND AVAILABILITY OF OXYGEN ON THE CARBOHYDRATES OF STORED BAKER'S YEAST	47
9.	K. Edelmann, P. Stelwagen and E. Oura	51
10.	D. C. Watson	57
11.	C. Ramsay and D. R. Berry	63
L2.	M. Osumi, M. Sato and M. Nagano	69
	R. S. Tubb, A.J.P. Brown, B. A. Searle and A. R. Goodey	75

13.	PENTOSE FERMENTATION BY YEASTS		
14.	H. Schneider, P. Y. Wang, B. F. Johnson and C. Shopsis APPLICATIONS DE L'ELECTROPHORESE DES FRACTIONS EXOCELLULAIRES DE		8
	LEVURES AU CONTROLE DE L'EFFICACITE D'UN LEVURAGE EN VINIFICATION M. Bouix, J. Y. Leveau et C. Cuinier		0
15.	Canacaa curvata: UNE LEVURE INTERESSANTE POUR LA PRODUCTION DE PROTEINES A PARTIR DE LACTOSERUM		8
16.	S. Poncet et F. H. Jacob		9
17.	YEAST ON A LABORATORY SCALE  H. Klaushofer		9
18.	W. Hartmeier		10.
19.	D. Kusewicz and H. Oberman	•	11:
	M. J. Bekers, B. E. Damberga, I. J. Krauze, E. J. Ventina,		
20.	and J. G. Kontakevich	•	11:
21.	I. Russell and G. G. Stewart		123
22.	P. Tepper, I. Marc, J. M. Engasser, M. Moll and B. Duteurtre FACTORS AFFECTING AMINE FORMATION DURING BEER FERMENTATION AND PROCESSING	•	129
	J. A. Zee, R. E. Simard and M. Lacroix	•	135
SECT	CION II. GENETICS		141
23.	POLYPEPTIDES OF GHOSTS AND PH FRACTIONATED VESICLES OF THE PLASMA		
	MEMBRANE FROM BAKER'S YEAST A. J. Robertson, G. H. Rank and G. W. Saunders		
24.	GENETICS OF Hansenula wingei  M. Crandall and D. M. Iovannisci		143
25.	ORGANIZATION AND STRUCTURE OF GENES IN YEAST MITOCHONDRIAL DNA G. Coruzzi, S. G. Bonitz and B. E. Thalenfeld		149
26.	CHROMATIN STRUCTURE AND INTRACELLULAR LOCATION OF THE YEAST PLASMID SCP OR $2\mu m$ DNA		157
27.	V. L. Seligy, B. L. Miki, D. Y. Thomas and N. H. Poon INTERGENERIC FUSION OF YEAST PROTOPLASTS		165
28.	M. R. de van Broock, M. Sierra and L. de Figueroa GENETIC AND BIOCHEMICAL STUDIES ON GLUCOAMYLASE FROM Saccharomyces diastaticus	•	171
29.	J. A. Erratt and G. G. Stewart	•	177
	MITOCHONDRIAL BIOENERGETICS AND ON SURVIVAL OF YEAST WITH ALTERED STEROL MEMBRANES		
30.	D. J. Fantin and E. R. Tustanoff	•	185
31.	B.L.A. Miki, N. H. Poon, A. P. James, and V. L. Seligy REGULATION OF LEUCINE BIOSYNTHESIS IN Saccharomyces cerevisiae		193
	G. B. Kohlhaw		199

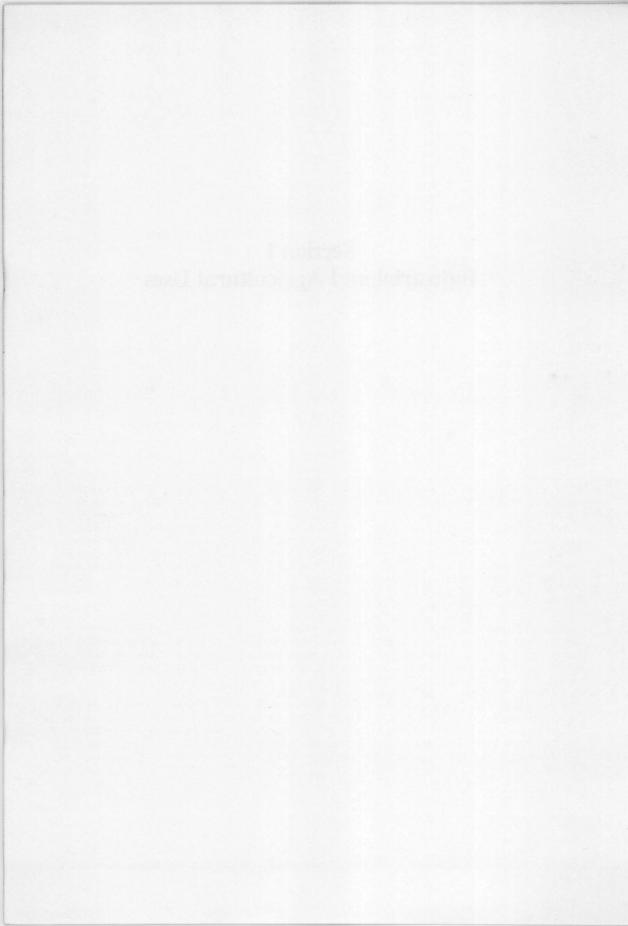
32.	STUDY OF MUTAGENESIS IN YEASTS OF Candida GENUS	
33.	N. B. Gradova and Z. N. Robysheva	205
34.	H. Weber and L. Spata	213
35.	H. Weber, W. Förster, HE. Jacob, H. Berg,	219
33.	RECHERCHE DE MUTANTS SENSIBLES A LA PATULINE CHEZ LA LEVURE P. Thonart et J. Bechet	225
SECT	TION III. SPORULATION AND CONJUGATION	231
36.	PROTEINS ASSOCIATED WITH SEXUAL DEVELOPMENT IN FISSION YEAST	
37.	G. B. Calleja, T. Walker and B. F. Johnson	233
38.	J. J. Miller	239
	N. Yanagishima	245
39.	INTERACTION OF LIPOPEPTIDYL MATING HORMONE PRODUCED BY A MATING-TYPE CELLS WITH a MATING-TYPE CELLS OF Rhodosporidium toruloides	245
40.	M. Nishihara, T. Miyakawa, E. Tsuchiya, and S. Fukui	251
	SEXUAL DIFFERENTIATION OF Tremella mesenterica	
41.	E. Tsuchiya, T. Miyakawa, K. Suzuki, K. Hayakawa and S. Fukui . PARAMETERS AFFECTING AGGLUTINATION ABILITY IN OPPOSITE MATING TYPES OF YEAST Saccharomyces kluyveri	257
42.	V. Johanides and T. Ivanković	265
	N. Ajam, J. F. Wright and I. W. Dawes	271
SECT	ION IV. BIOCHEMISTRY	
43.	THE EXTRACYTOPLASMIC ENZYMES OF YEAST	277
44.	W. Arnold	279
	Oestreicher, M. S. Operti and J. R. Mattoon	285
45.	GENETICS OF GLUCOSE PHOSPHORYLATION IN YEAST P. K. Maitra and Z. Lobo	
46.	UNRESOLVED QUESTIONS ON THE MECHANISM OF GLUCOSE TRANSPORT IN BAKER'S YEAST	293
	V. P. Cirillo	299
47.	THE TRANSPORT OF CATIONS IN YEAST, CHARACTERISTICS AND POSTULATED MECHANISMS	299
48.	A. Peña	305
	S. A. Henry, M. L. Greenberg, V. A. Letts, B. Shicker, L. Klig and K. D. Atkinson	
49.	THE ROLE OF PHOSPHOLIPIDS IN THE BIOGENESIS OF MITOCHONDRIA AND YEAST G. S. Getz, B. Tung, S. Cottrell, E. R. Unger, B. Levin,	311
	L. King, S. Banerjee, S. Jakovcic, and M. Rabinowitz	317
50.	ENZYMATIC ACTIVITIES  ENZYMATIC ACTIVITIES	317
	L. W. Parks, C. A. McLean-Bowen, and M. T. McCammon	325

21.	EFFECTS OF FATTY ACID STRUCTURE ON YEAST CELL PHYSIOLOGY	
52.	W.E.M. Lands and G. Graff	331
32.	Saccharomyces cerevisiae	
	D. Wilkie and R. C. Nudd	345
53.	PROPERTIES OF A PARTIALLY PURIFIED FRACTION CONTAINING CYTOSOLIC PROTEIN(S) NECESSARY FOR YEAST MITOCHONDRIAL PROTEIN SYNTHESIS	
54.	D. S. Beattie and E. Finzi USE OF AN OPTIMIZED MITOCHONDRIAL PROTEIN SYNTHETIC SYSTEM TO CHARACTERIZE A PRECURSOR TO SUBUNIT II OF CYTOCHROME C OXIDASE	351
	E. E. McKee, K. A. Sevarino, G. Bellus and R. O. Poyton	357
55.	CONTROL INTERACTIONS AND FLUX RATES IN YEAST GLYCOLYSIS, REVEALED BY METABOLITE OSCILLATIONS	
	A. Betz, JU. Becker, KH. Kreuzberg and S. Jonnalagadda	363
56.	THE RESPIRATORY CAPACITY OF Saccharomyces cerevisiae  M. Rieger, O. Kappeli and A. Fiechter.	Day BE
57.	CHANGES IN CELL-SURFACE COMPOSITION	
58.	L. J. Douglas and J. McCourtie	375
	W. Hampel and E. John	381
59.	DIFFERENCIATION FINE DES LEVURES PAR ELECTROPHORESE ET IMMUNOELECTROPHORESE DES PROTEINES CYTOPLASMIOUES	
60.	J. Y. Leveau, M. Bouix et C. Cuinier	387
61.	D. R. Berry, C. Franco and J. E. Smith	393
62.	EVALUATION OF THE CRABTREE EFFECT IN DIFFERENT YEASTS GROWN IN BATCH AND CONTINUOUS CULTURE	399
63.	W. Wöhrer, L. Forstenlehner and M. Röhr	405
64.	K. Watson and C.A.J. Thorne	411
65.	M. Takagi, H. Kawamura, K. Moriya and K. Yano	417
66.	A. Tanaka and S. Fukui  DEGRADATION OF PHOSPHOLIPIDS IN CELL MEMBRANE DURING STORAGE OF  PRESSED BAKER'S YEAST	423
67.	M. Takakuwa and Y. Watanabe	429
68.	H. Aoki, H. Uchiyama, T. Nakahara and T. Tabuchi KYNURENINE AMINOTRANSFERASE WITH LOW SUBSTRATE SPECIFICITY OF Hansenula schneggii	435
69.	K. Soda, Y. Sawa and K. Tanizawa	441
70.	P. V. Venkov and L. I. Stateva	447
	H. Iino and M. Kozaki	453

71.	DIMORPHISM IN Candida tropicalis PK 233; INOSITOL PREVENTS THE MORPHOLOGICAL CHANGE CAUSED BY ETHANOL Y. Tani, Y. Yamada and T. Kamihara	459
72.	DEGRADATION OF PEROXISOMES IN THE METHANOL UTILIZING YEAST Candida boidinii	
73.	C. Bormann and H. Sahm	465
74.	J. M. Beckerich, H. Blanc, M. Lambert and L. Louvel MORPHOLOGICAL AND BIOCHEMICAL EFFECTS OF SELECTED ANTICANCER DRUGS ON YEAST	471
75.	J. M. Boyer	479
	A. Peña, M. Borbolla, S. Uribe, N. Carrasco and M. Clemente	485
SECT	ION V. TAXONOMY AND ECOLOGY	491
76.	THE EVOLUTIONARY ECOLOGY OF YEASTS FOUND IN THE DECAYING STEMS OF CACTI	
77.	W. T. Starmer	493
78.	K. Watson, H. Arthur and M. Blakey	499
79.	C. Cuinier, M. Bouix et J. Y. Leveau	505
80.	G. Deml and F. Oberwinkler	509
81.	D. M. Spencer, V. Hickling and J.F.T. Spencer ECOLOGY OF TWO DEUTEROMYCETOUS YEASTS ON THE LEAF SURFACE OF Corchorus olitorius &. PLANTS	515
82.	K. G. Mukerji and R. Gupta	521
83.	V. A. Gagarina, L. P. Mozhilevskaya and Y. R. Malashenko ECOLOGY OF YEASTS ASSOCIATED WITH POLLINATING BEES, NECTARY GLANDS OF FLOWERS AND FERMENTED FOODS	529
84.	D. K. Sandhu and M. K. Waraich	535
	M. I. Novozhilova, L. E. Popova and G. V. Semenchenko	541
SECT	ION VI. CELL CYCLE	547
85.	THE TIMING OF EVENTS IN THE Saccharomyces cerevisiae CELL CYCLE A. E. Wheals	549
86.	A MODEL FOR CELL CYCLE REGULATION IN THE YEAST Saccharomyces cerevisiae	
	G. C. Johnston and R. A. Singer	555

87.	THE REGULATION OF CELL DIVISION IN YEAST BY MAGNESIUM G. M. Walker and J. H. Duffus	561
88.	MITOCHONDRIOGENESIS: A DISTINCT PROGRESS IN THE CELL CYCLE OF YEAST	
	J. Jayaraman and T. Somasundaram	569
SECT	TION VII. PHAFF SYMPOSIUM	577
89.	INTRODUCTION: PHAFF SYMPOSIUM S. A. Meyer and A. L. Demain	579
90.	PECTIC ENZYMES, THEIR BIOSYNTHESIS AND ROLES IN FERMENTATION AND SPOILAGE	313
	F. M. Rombouts	585
91.	CONCERTED INDUCTION OF CELL WALL LYTIC ENZYMES IN Bacillus circulans WL 12	
92.	H. Tanaka, Y. Kobayashi, K. Itakura and S. Kamimiya YEASTS FROM HONEY BEES (Apis mellifera l.)	593
	P. Grilione, F. Federici, and M. W. Miller	599
93.	YEASTS ASSOCIATED WITH BLACK KNOT DISEASE OF TREES MA. Lachance	607
94.	YEAST SYSTEMATICS: PAST, PRESENT, AND FUTURE	007
	L. C. Mendonca-Hagler	615
PLEN	NARY LECTURES	621
95.	THE VIEW THROUGH THE MICROSCOPE	
96.	C. F. Robinow	623
97.	H. J. Phaff	635
,,,	A. H. Rose	645
CONT	TENTS OF "ADVANCES IN BIOTECHNOLOGY"(IFS-6) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	653
	VOLUME I. SCIENTIFIC AND ENGINEERING PRINCIPLES	655
	VOLUME II. FUELS, CHEMICALS, FOODS AND WASTE TREATMENT VOLUME III. FERMENTATION PRODUCTS	669
AUT	HOR INDEX	675
SUB	JECT INDEX	679

## Section I Industrial and Agricultural Uses



#### 1. YEAST - ALCOHOL PRODUCTION AND BREAD MAKING

#### Heikki Suomalainen

Research Laboratories of the State Alcohol Monopoly (Alko), Box 350, SF-00101 Helsinki 10, Finland

#### ABSTRACT

Aspects of fuel alcohol production, aroma of alcoholic beverages and leavening of bread, in all of which yeast plays a decisive role, are described.

#### KEYWORDS

Yeast, fuel alcohol, aroma, esterases, baking, baker's yeast production

#### FUEL ALCOHOL

The energy crisis has made the terms exploitation of renewable natural resources, liquefaction of biomass, fuel alcohol and gasohol known to the public at large, and in many parts of the world unprecedented efforts are being concentrated on the problems associated with the liquefaction of biomass. One link in the long and complicated process chain is extremely familiar: the alcoholic fermentation with yeast. The several stages of the processes involved and the whole production philosophy need to be rethought from beginning to end. Three main principles must be kept in mind when modifying the processes:

- efficiency of conversion to ethanol (yield)
- energy consumption (conservation)
- effluent pollution (environmental protection)

It is so, however, that plants continue to be built using conventional technology and ignoring these three principles: a prime example being Brazil. The alcohol industry there is based mainly on sugar cane, and waste bagasse from the cane, when burnt, provides so much energy that it is not thought necessary to include energy-saving designs in the process.

Calculations show that cultivating 2 % of the land area of Brazil with sugar cane would provide raw material for enough alcohol to replace all imported oil, which is currently 80 % of the total consumption. Of course, on the European scale this 2 % of Brazil's land area would be substantial, e.g. more than 30 % of the German Federal Republic. This gives some idea of the magnitude and the possibilities in Brazil.