& PRACTICA PROCESS

# WITH READINGS

PHILIP EGGERS

# PROCESS AND PRACTICE WITH READINGS

Philip Eggers

Borough of Manhattan Community College The City University of New York



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# PROCESS AND PRACTICE WITH READINGS, FIRST EDITION

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Argentine writer LUISA VALENZUELA is the author of several novels and collections of short stories, most of them translated into English. STRANGE THINGS HAPPEN HERE, Short stories and a novel, Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, 1979. THE LIZARD'S TALE, novel, Farrar Straus, 1987. OTHER WEAPONS, 3 novellas, North Point Press, 1986. HE WHO SEARCHES, novel, The Darlkey Archives, 1986. OPEN DOOR, short stories, North Point Press, 1988. THE CENSORS, short stories, North Point Press, 1992. BLACK NOVEL (with Argentines), novel, Simon and Schuster, 1992. Recently published in Spanish, SIMETRIAS, a collection of short stories, Editorial Sudamericana, Buenos Aires, 1994.

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## **PREFACE**

## TO THE INSTRUCTOR

Process and Practice with Readings retains the purpose of the original Process and Practice but with a wider range and slightly altered format. The success of the original text indicates that its focus and intention matched the approaches of many writing teachers by concentrating on the two areas where students most need instruction: mastering the stages of the writing cycle and controlling the elements of grammar, particularly verb forms and sentence divisions. This edition continues to emphasize these elements of writing while including a variety of multicultural readings for teachers who want to enrich their writing courses with lively reading assignments as springboards for writing and discussion. No elements of the original text have been left out, though all of the first five units have been shortened somewhat to allow for the inclusion of readings without producing a ponderous volume. The book is built around the easily recognizable stages of the writing process, placing each activity or drill in its proper context as part of an organic whole. With this larger framework of the writing process made visible to them, students can practice separate skills with the knowledge that they are aiming at a larger goal, not doing isolated drills. The readings will enhance students' mastery of the writing process by illustrating some of the skills they are learning and by showing them the range of themes and techniques good writing encompasses.

Most writing teachers prefer to use samples of their own students' work as the primary basis for instruction, partly to demonstrate how to correct errors and improve style and usage and partly to instill a spirit of pride. Professional readings will not substitute for samples of our students' own work; they are not intended for that purpose. Instead, they provide a larger sampling of the wide range of strategies, topics, and stylistic techniques than any collection of student essays will do. Many writing teachers find some use of professional examples indispensable. The difficulty usually is, however, that assigning two books, a rhetoric and a reader, proves expensive and excessive; time seldom permits us to use both as extensively as we intend. To solve that problem, *Process and Practice with Readings* is designed to offer enough readings that the teacher has considerable choice and enough coverage of the writing process and grammar that nothing important has to be omitted.

Some teachers will, of course, continue to use the original *Process and Practice* without resorting to reading assignments. Writing courses vary considerably from one college to another. Increasingly, however, there has been a trend toward whole language instruction, of combining skills of listening, speaking, reading, and writing which too often have been taught in isolation. More and

more teachers are discovering ways in which these learning processes reinforce one another. It is no accident that nearly all great writers have been voluminous readers—though, of course, not all voluminous readers turn out to be Nobel Prize-winning authors. Practicing reading aloud, both their own writing and passages from assigned readings, generally improves students' writing fluency along with their overall confidence in their ability to use language effectively. Certainly the inclusion of lively multicultural readings in a writing course will enrich the students' experience. One cannot tease out all of the ways in which students' writing gains from the discussion of prose models. Certainly we don't expect them to copy what they read in any simple sense. Probably the best explanation is to say that the readings draw them into a large world of discourse beyond the classroom—a world of voices even more varied than those in their classroom, and yet one in which they can find themselves very much at home. That process of reaching out, of joining, of inclusion, is probably what many pedagogical theorists mean when they use that familiar and possibly overused term, empowerment.

Like the original version of *Process and Practice*, this edition is designed to be useful, convenient, and modest in size and price. It continues to steer a middle course between the demands of an encyclopedic but intimidating and costly textbook and the constraints of a scaled-down, only-what-you-need-toknow workbook. Without being exhaustive or exhausting, the book omits nothing important in the stages of the writing process or the features of grammar that cause serious problems for developing writers. The readings are numerous enough and sufficiently varied in mode, topic, and writers' backgrounds to offer plenty of material for either a thematic or a modal approach. The readings also appeal to students of many age groups, since today's nontraditional students, especially in two-year colleges and large public four-year institutions, range from late adolescence to middle age and even older. The readings also are of moderate difficulty—on a college level of maturity in content but within the range of a first-year student's vocabulary and reading ability. Furthermore, the readings, like the content of the exercises in the earlier units, remain close to the interests of today's students, who come from many ethnic backgrounds. Like the writing activities in the other units, the readings contain educationally valuable material as well as insights into controversial issues.

Unit 6 has been designed to provide teaching aids along with the readings. The vocabulary exercises will help students concentrate on learning and remembering new words. The comprehension questions will help focus their attention on the meaning of the reading assignments and provide a basis for class discussions or collaborative learning. The writing assignments will allow for the use of readings as springboards for writing assignments, either as rhetorical models in various modes or as discussions of topics on which students may write.

Like the original *Process and Practice*, this edition assumes that much of the effort and inspiration must come from the students, but that you, the

instructor, will provide the human link, the emotional stimulus, and the guidance that enable students to make writing an important part of their lives. This book is a teaching tool, not a self-help manual. Only by receiving attentive and authentic responses from you and from one another will your writing students experience their writing and reading as true communication. How you achieve this is up to you; this book is flexible enough to allow for a variety of pedagogical methods. The instructor's manual may further help expand your knowledge of teaching methods and research on writing pedagogy.

I want to thank the reviewers of this text for their critical remarks and helpful recommendations. They include Martha French, Fairmont State College; Lois Friesen, Butler County Community College; Marsha Groff, Texas A&M, Corpus Christi; Rosemary Hunkeler, University of Wisconsin-Parkside; and Michael Kimball, College of San Mateo. I appreciate also the editorial guidance of Ellen Schatz at HarperCollins and the careful scrutiny of the proofs by Carol Gardenier of Ruttle Graphics, Inc.

My colleagues and the students at Borough of Manhattan Community College continue to be the main source of what I know about writing, reading, and learning. Finally, to Jane, Tori, David, Wendy, and Michael I am boundlessly grateful for giving special meaning to the process and practice of living.

## TO THE STUDENT

Perhaps you are one of the lucky students who can devour whole books in a few hours or who love to write poems, diaries, and term papers. Or you may be one of those who "hate English," or believe they do, and who would rather endure root canal therapy without anesthesia than write another 500-word theme. More likely, you are somewhere in the middle. Most people enjoy reading and writing at least once in a while, but even the best writers report a certain amount of struggle in their attempts to make the words come out right. Every writer is different, but whatever your writing and reading habits are, you will benefit from using this book.

Process and Practice with Readings is intended to draw you into the process of mental discovery that writing produces and to involve you in the discourse of many writers with many voices. By experiencing the varied opinions, styles, and viewpoints expressed in the readings, you will be prompted to develop your own style and opinions. As you improve your mastery of the writing process through units one through four, you will also be developing your individuality. Nothing is more individualistic than writing, but writing flourishes best as a social activity; reading and writing involve a continuous give and take. By writing as part of a group and a class, you will discover your powers as well as your weaknesses, your similarity to others as well as your uniqueness. As you share your writing with others, you will develop a

distinctive voice and style. As you read the work of others, both classmates and professional writers, you will enlarge your vocabulary, range of knowledge, and grasp of writing techniques. The activities in Unit 1 will help you concentrate on developing fluency. In Units 2 and 3 you will explore paragraph and essay composition. Unit 4 will help you improve the word choice, sentence patterns, and style of your compositions.

Unit 5 is a workbook designed to help you with any catch-up work you need on grammar, usage, spelling, or punctuation. Although the *process* of discovery and expression is the goal, frequent *practice* is also necessary. Mastering the basics will not turn you into a conformist or make your writing dull, even though the same rules of grammar and spelling apply to everybody. In fact, a secure command of these basics will allow you greater freedom to develop your own voice and style. Use Unit 5 as you need it. Find out through the diagnostic test and your teacher's advice how much intensive work you need and in what areas.

The readings in Unit 6 will be assigned as your teacher decides. You may of course go ahead and read anything you want and work on the vocabulary and comprehension questions. Good writing will always repay several readings, so concentrate on the assigned readings with special care. If you find a writer who particularly appeals to you, look up other works she or he has written—novels, books of poems, or collections of short stories or essays. Read a biography of that writer and make his or her works a part of your life. Reading and writing go together; the more you enjoy good reading, the more thoughtful, fluent, and interesting your own writing will become.

Philip Eggers

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